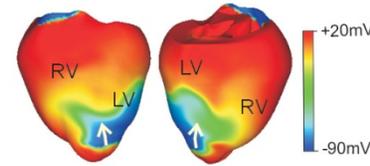


An Approach to Software Preservation

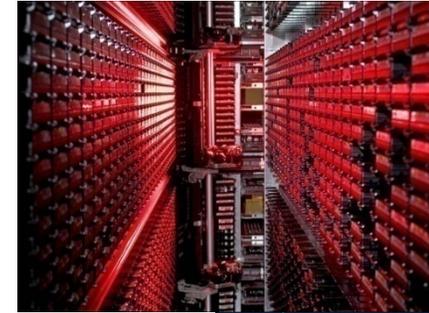
PV 2009, Madrid

Arif Shaon, Brian Matthews, Juan Bicarregui, Catherine Jones (STFC), Jim Woodcock (Univ of York)

Science and Technology Facilities Council



- Provide large-scale scientific facilities for UK Science
 - particularly in physics and astronomy
- E-Science Centre – at RAL and DL
 - Provides advanced IT development and services to the STFC Science Programme
 - Strong interest in Digital Curation of our science data
 - Keep the results alive and available
 - R&D Programme: DCC, CASPAR



Long-term Preservation of Software

- JISC funded work: Tools & Guidelines for the preservation of software as a research output
 - Used the JISC funded: Significant Properties of Software Report
- Software very large topic
 - Diversity in: *application of software* and *software architecture* and *scale of software* and *provenance* and *user interaction*
- Project needed to limit scope
 - Scientific and mathematical software
 - Limited commercial consideration
 - Limit consideration of user interaction
- Finding information
 - Literature, Standards (e.g. the OAIS Reference Model)
 - Case Studies: Talking to developers of products and software repositories
- Developing a framework for software preservation.



Software Preservation

- What is software preservation?
 - Storing a copy of a software product
 - Enabling its retrieval in the future
 - Enabling its reconstruction in the future
 - Enabling its execution in the future

Not what most software developers and maintainers do.



Why Preserve Software ?

- **Preserving the Data**
 - Preserving the software is necessary to preserve other data
 - Keep the data live and reusable
 - Prime motivation for STFC
- **Preserving the work**
 - E.g. research work in Computing Science
 - Reproducible
- **Handling Legacy**
 - Specialised code from the past which still needs to be used
 - Usually seen as a problem!
- **Museums and archives:**
 - Either supporting Hardware
 - E.g. Bletchley Park, Science Museum,
 - Or in its own right
 - Chilton Computing, Multics History Project

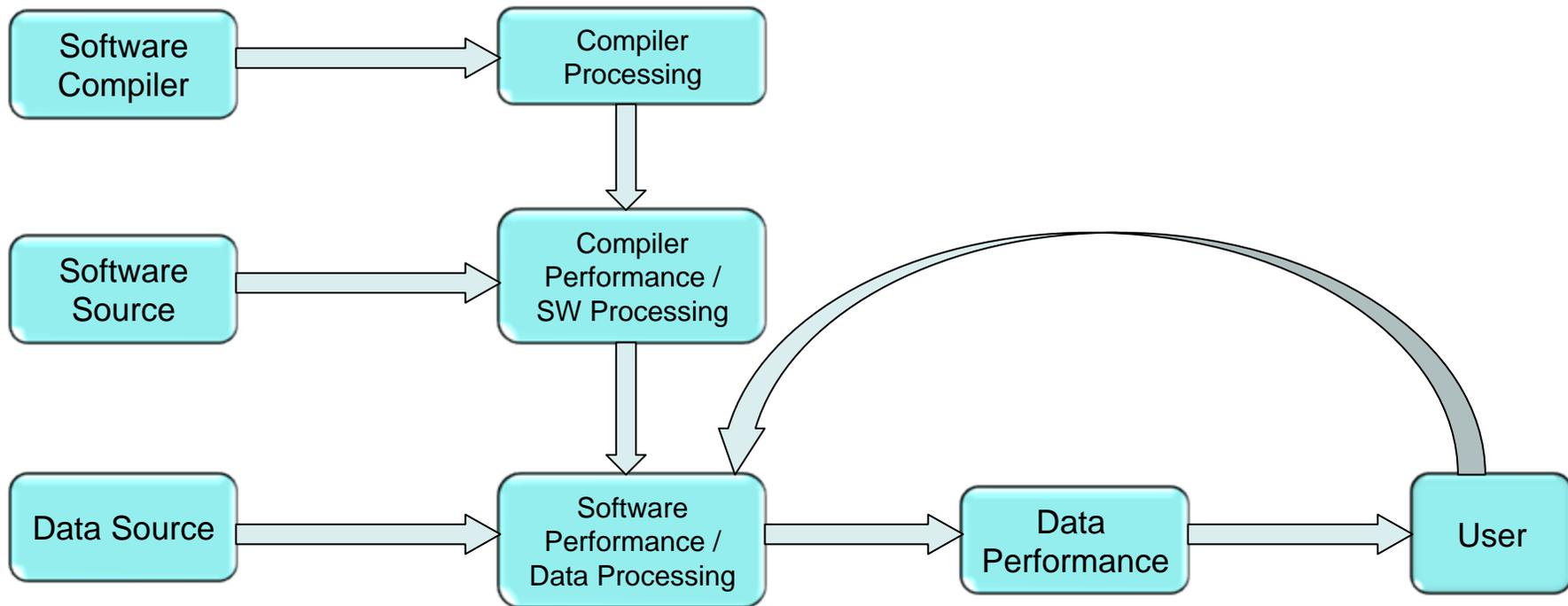
A Conceptual Framework for Long-term Software Preservation

Three aspects to the framework:

- A Performance Model for software
 - Determine what it means to preserve s/w
 - Adequacy of performance of s/w
 - Based on the NAA performance model for digital preservation
- Model for describing s/w artefacts
 - As complex digital objects.
 - Versions and variants
- Properties for preservation
 - For retrieval, reconstruction, replay



Performance Model for Software



- Testing data performance to judge *adequacy* of the software performance.
- Important to maintain software test suite to assess preservation of significant properties of the software.

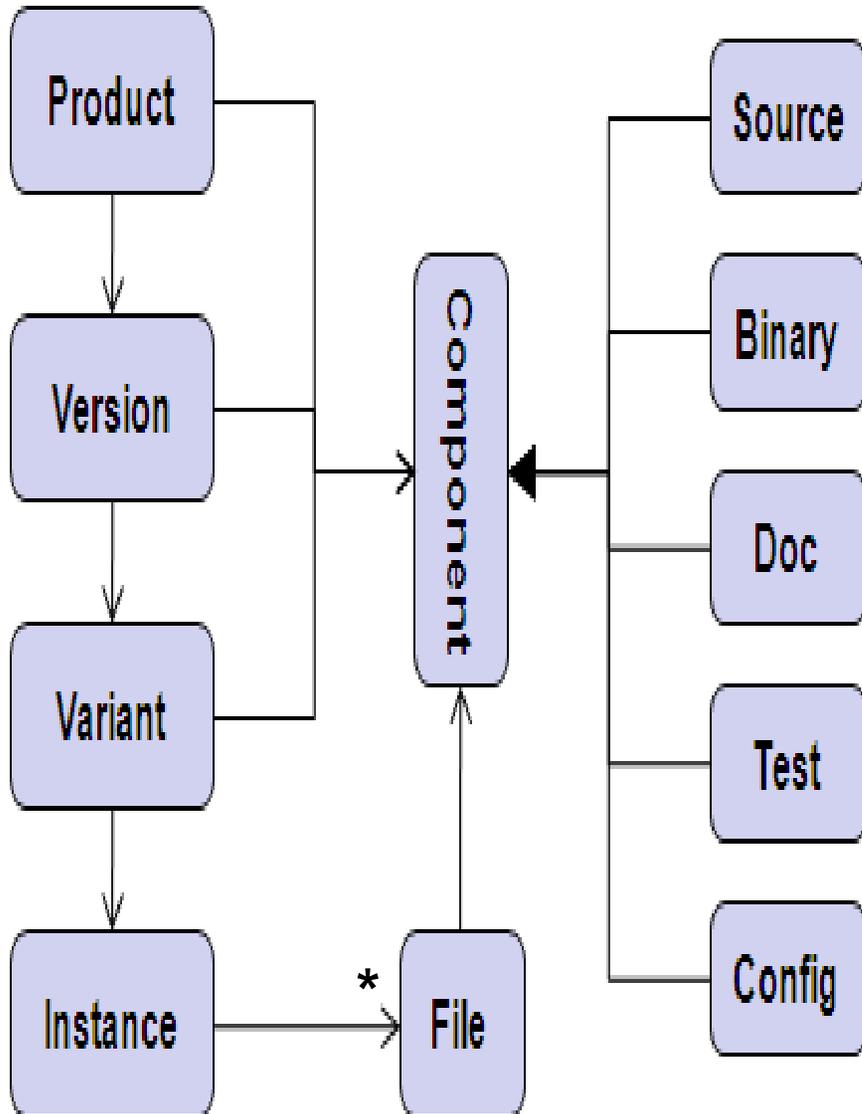
Adequacy of Software Preservation

A software package can be said to perform adequately relative to a particular set of “significant properties”, if in a particular performance it preserves those significant properties to an acceptable tolerance.

- Significant properties are evaluable features of the performance
- After the recall and reconstruction phase
- Assesses the value of the replay
- ***Can be generalised to any digital object***



A Conceptual Model for Software



- **Product**

- The whole software object under consideration
- Could be single library module, or very large system (e.g. Linux)
- Comes under one “authority” (legal control)
- Defines “gross functionality”

- **Version**

- Releases of the system
- Characterised by changes in detailed functionality

- **Variant**

- Versions for a particular platform
- Characterised by operating system and environment

- **Instance**

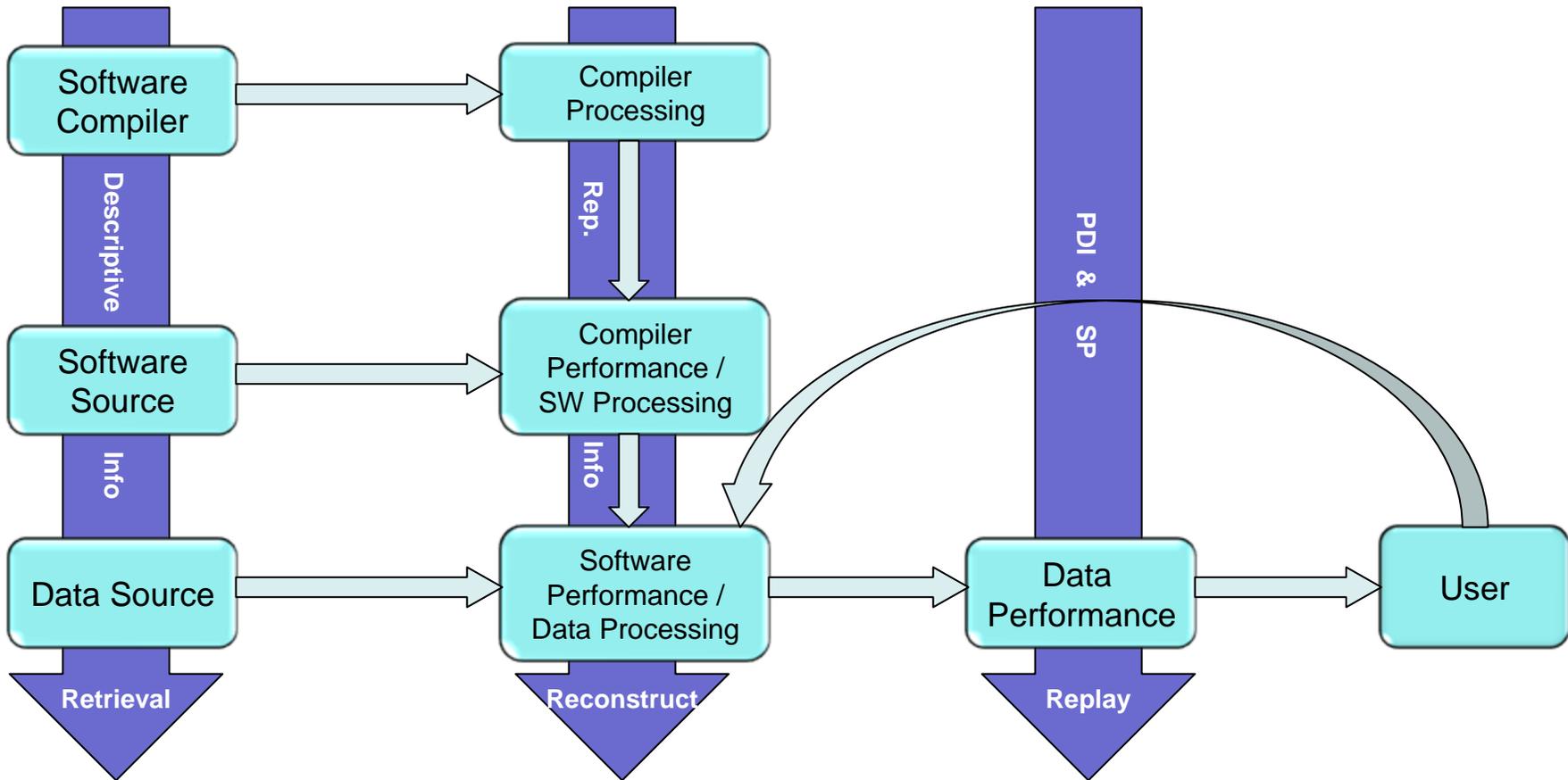
- A particular instance of a particular variant at a particular location
- Ownership
- An individual licence
- Fixed to particular MAC or IP address, URLs etc.

Preservation Properties of Software

- What attributes of software do we need to take into account for long-term preservation?
 - Functionality
 - what it does and what data it depends on
 - Environment
 - platform, operating system, programming language
 - versions
 - Dependencies
 - Compilation dependency graph
 - Standard libraries
 - Other software products
 - Specialised hardware
 - Software is a Composite digital object
 - Collection of modules
 - Specifications, Configuration scripts, test suites, documentation
 - Architecture
 - Client/server, storage system, input / output
 - User interaction
 - Command line, User Interface
 - User model



Relationship to the OAIS model



- Open Archival Information System (OAIS) – ISO standard for the preservation of digital object.
- Software preservation properties are related to concepts in OAIS.

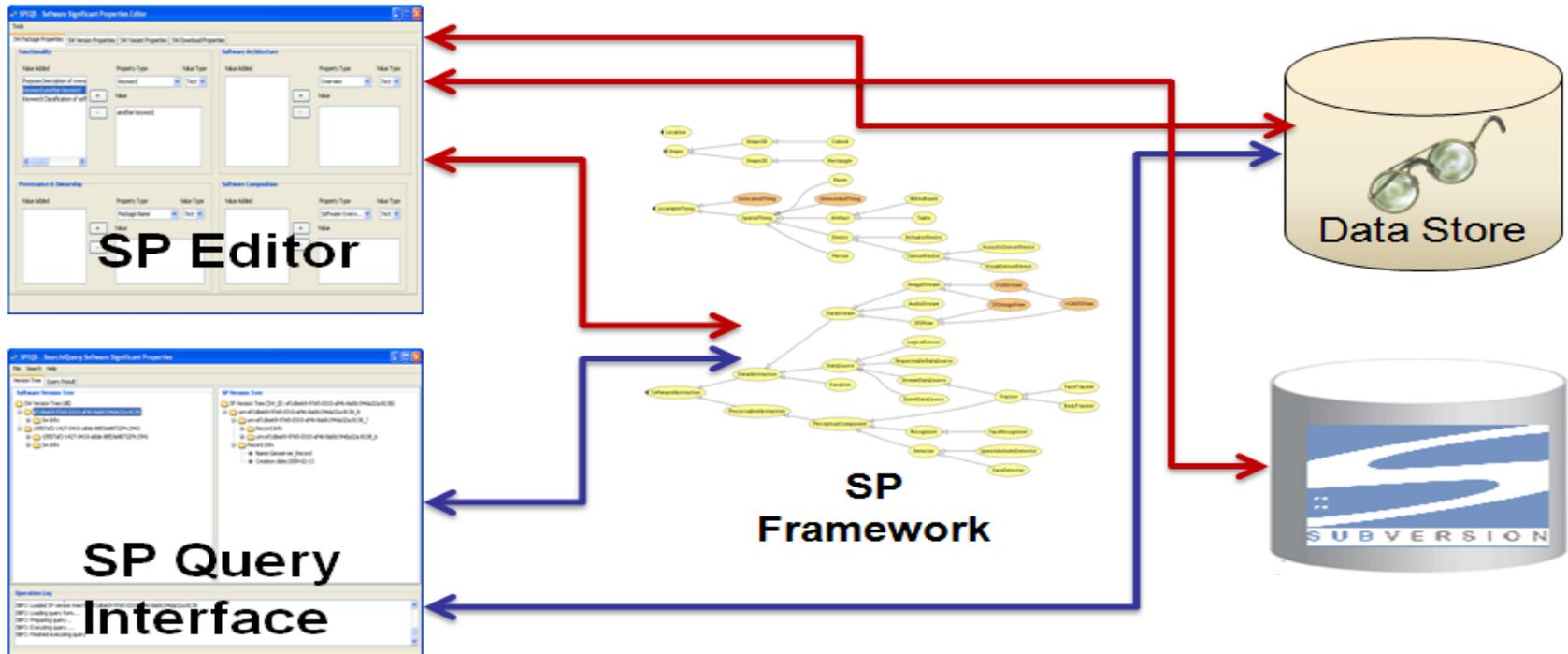
The BADC Case Study (1)

- **The British Atmospheric Data Centre (BADC)**
 - A NERC Designated Data Centre
 - Hosts over 250TB of atmospheric data for UK scientists and researchers
 - Also develops, supports, and provides access to a variety of software to facilitate accessibility and usability of data
 - Examples of BADC software: Trajectory Service, Weather Generator
- **The BADC approach to Software Preservation**
 - Long-term preservation is out of the current operational remit
 - Considers the high recurring costs of preservation as a prohibitive factor
 - Requires preservation solutions that could be integrated into the existing software management infrastructure

The BADC Case Study (2)

- Evaluating the preservation framework against some BADC software artefacts
 - Involved recording values for different preservation properties defined in the framework
 - The final result validates the relevance and adequacy of the framework
 - However, highlights that clear understanding of both the framework and different aspects of the software is also needed
 - Underlines the need for suitable tools with sufficient guidelines

Significant Properties Editing and Querying for Software (SPEQS)



- Java-based Eclipse plug-in; enables capturing software preservation properties during its development
- Demonstrates the concept of preservation tools that could be integrated within existing software development systems
- Used in CASPAR project

Summary

- Exploration of the s/w preservation space
- Defined reasons, audience, some basic concepts
- Defined a framework which enables s/w to be included in OAIS preservation framework
- Fits in a OAIS compatible preservation methodology
- Validated in some practical scenarios





Questions?

<http://sigsoft.dcc.rl.ac.uk/twiki/bin/view>

<http://www.e-science.stfc.ac.uk/projects/software-preservation/softpres8985.html>