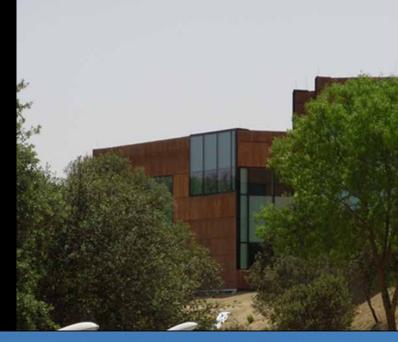






Center for Astrobiology The origin of life and the evolution of the Universe

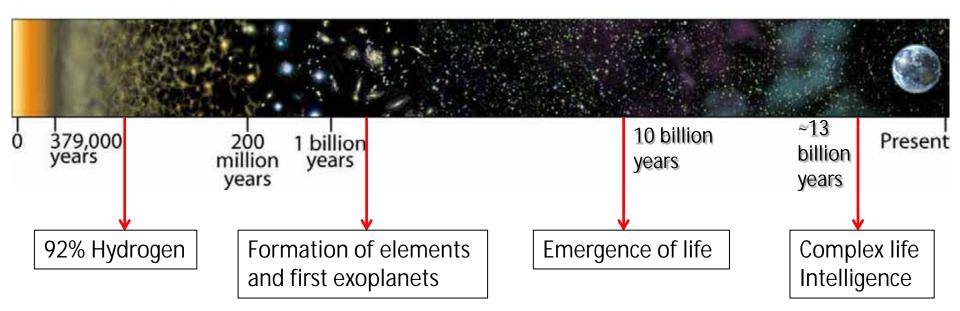






Understanding the origin and evolution of life along the history of the Universe

- How, where and when did life emerge?
- How did it evolve towards intelligence and consciousness?
- What is the future of life on Earth and beyond?





CAB: Center for Astrobiology

Transdisciplinary approach

- Astrophysics
- Geology/Planetology
- Biology/Biochemistry
- Planetary exploration
- Simulation chambers
- Engineering





CAB: Center for Astrobiology

- Founded in 1999 as a joint institute INTA + CSIC
 - Close collaboration with the INTA technical laboratories, specially for the development of space missions.
 - Multidisciplinary scientists formed within CSIC.
- Since 2000 associated to the NASA Astrobiology Institute



Departments and groups

- Astrophysics:
 - Formation and evolution of galaxies
 - Interstellar and circumstellar medium
 - Formation and evolution of stars, brown dwarfs and planets
 - Virtual Observatory and astronomical archives
- Planetology and habitability:
 - Planetary geology and atmospheres
 - Habitability
 - Extremophiles and extreme environments



Departments and groups

- Molecular evolution:
 - Biomolecules in planetary exploration
 - Molecular evolution and genomics
 - Prebiotic chemistry
 - Molecular mechanisms of the biological adaptation
- Instrumentation:
 - Space instrumentation
 - Simulation chambers



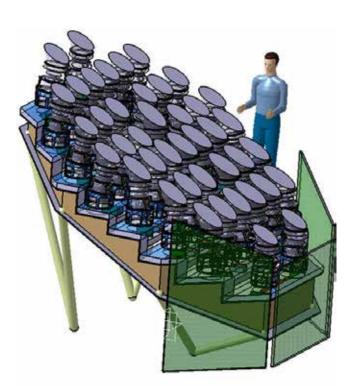
- Mars environment simulation chamber
- High pressure planetary chambers
- Planetary atmosphere and surface chamber
- Interstellar astrochemistry chamber
- Cryogenic vacuum chamber for detector testing
- Projectile impact facility

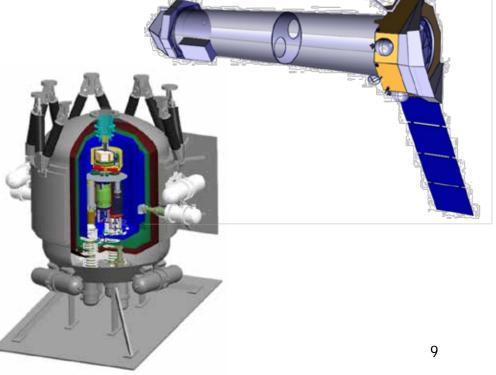






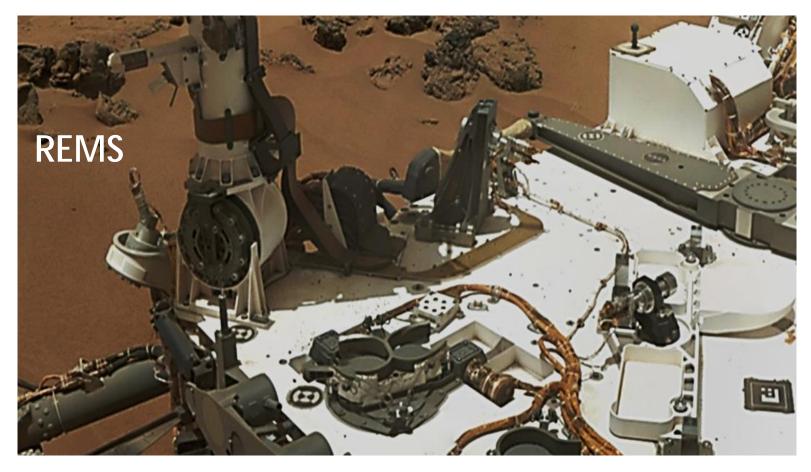
- Astrophysics (in development)
 - PLATO (M3 ESA): exoplanets characterization
 - X-IFU/Athena (L2 ESA): X-rays
 - Safari/SPICA (ESA-JAXA): Far Infrared



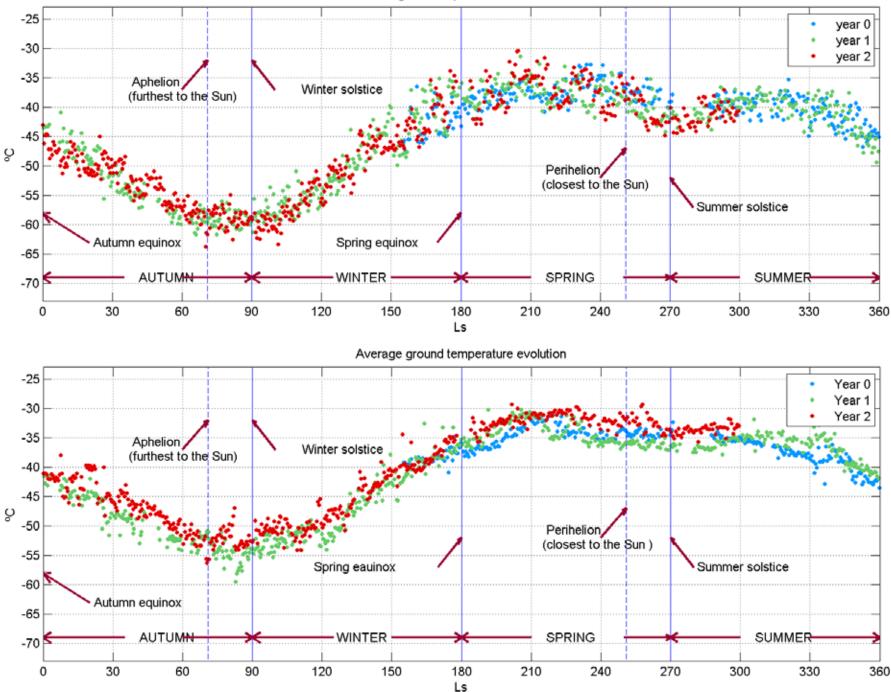




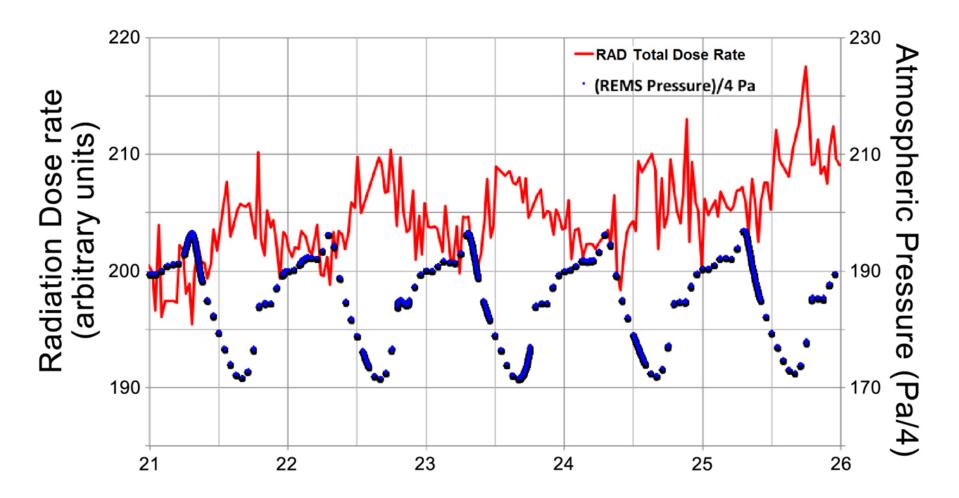
- Planetary exploration
 - REMS (NASA MSL Curiosity): *In operation since August 2012.*



Average air temperature evolution



Daily Variation of Radiation Dose on the Mars Surface



Mars Sol (Martian day since MSL landing)



DEMO	0	
REMS on Mars		
1171 4 Sol Hour	: 30 : 53 Min. Sec.	
Mars V	Veather	
Earth, 201	5-11-18 UTC 👩	
Mars, Mont	th 3 - LS 69° 👩	
«« « Sol	1167 » »»	
AIR TEMPERATURE		
-25 -84 Max Min	°C	
A MARKSMAN APPEND	Samoranan ang sa	
GROUND TEMPERA		
-13 -85 Max. Min.	O°C	
C. HANNER CO. C.	STATUS DE LA COMPANY	

PRESSURE 894 Mean	Pa	
SUNRISE AND SUNSET 06:01 17:45 Sunrise Sunset		
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION	ATMOSPHERIC OPACITY Sunny	
Centro de Astrobiología (CSIC- INTA)		

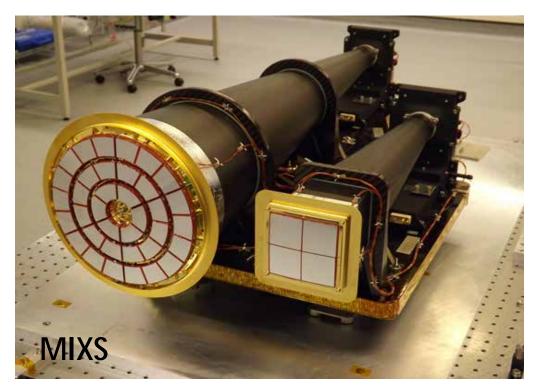


- Planetary exploration
 - REMS (NASA MSL Curiosity): In operation since August 2012.
 - TWINS (NASA InSight): Delivered. 2018.

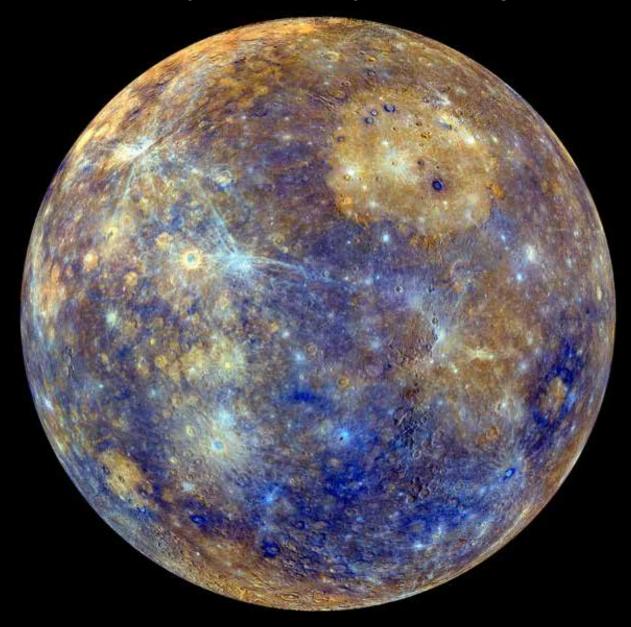




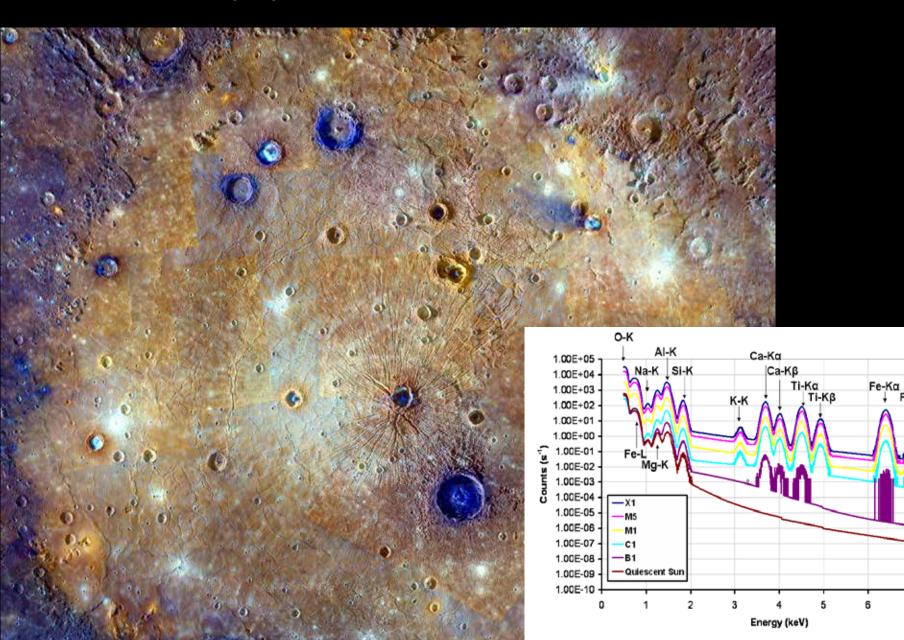
- Planetary exploration
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 - MIXS (ESA Bepi Colombo): Delivered. 2018-2019.



Mercury as seen by Messenger



MIXS will obtain 2D maps of chemical composition of the Surface, disentangling craters from plains.



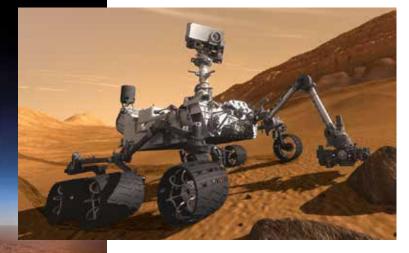
Fe-Kß



- Planetary exploration
 - REMS (NASA MSL Curiosity): In operation since August 2012.
 - TWINS (NASA InSight): Delivered. 2018.
 - MIXS (ESA Bepi Colombo): Delivered. 2018-2019.
 - MEDA at NASA's Mars2020. In development. 2020.

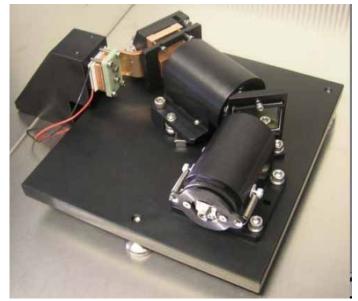








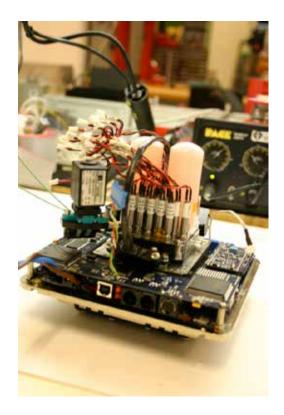
- Planetary exploration
 - REMS (NASA MSL Curiosity): *In operation since August 2012.*
 - TWINS (NASA InSight): *Delivered. 2016.*
 - MIXS (ESA Bepi Colombo): *Delivered. 2017.*
 - MEDA at NASA's Mars2020. In development. 2020.
 - Raman RLS at ESA's EXOMARS. In development. 2020.

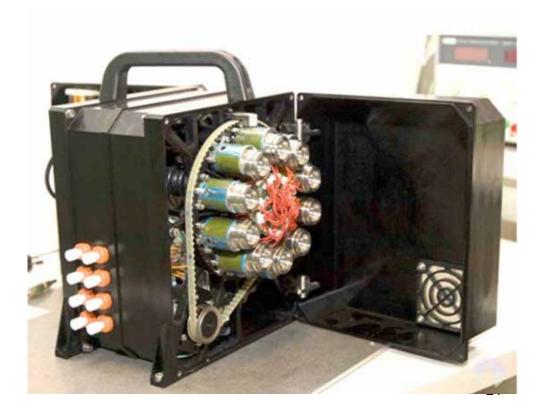






- SOLID: Signs Of LIfe Detector. Based on a biochip microarray sensitive to 300 complex biomolecules.
 - In development for a launch in ~mid 2020's.







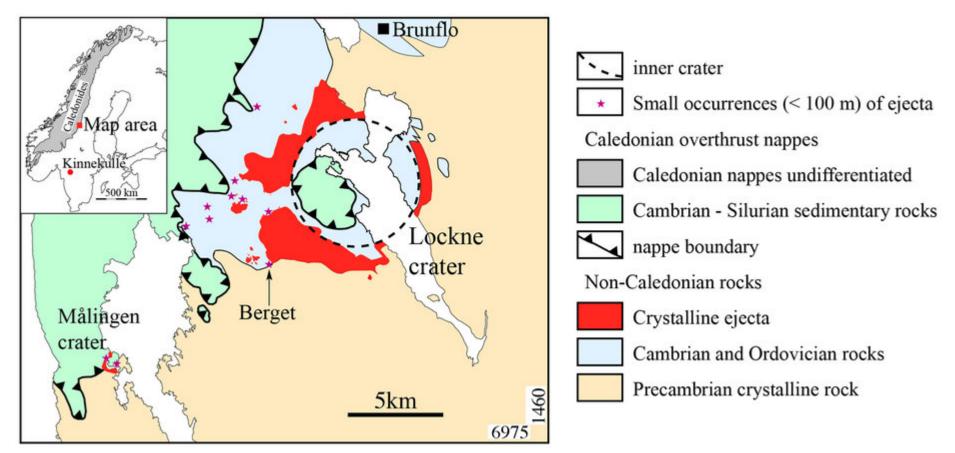
• Some preparatory work on Earth....





Recent results

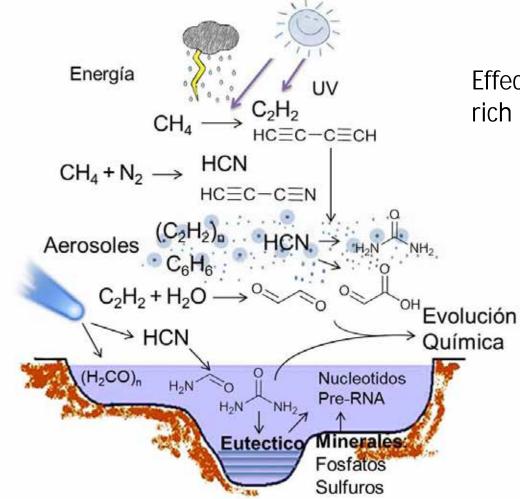
Identification of an impact crater by a binary asteroid (-470 Myr)



First known Terrestrial Impact of a Binary Asteroid from a Main Belt Breakup Event Jens Ormö, Erik Sturkell, Carl Alwmark & Jay Melosh. Scientific Reports. 2014



Recent results



Effects of a primordial atmosphere rich in Methane (-4.500 Myr)

La composición química de la atmósfera primitiva del planeta Tierra. Jorge Pla-García y César Menor-Salván. Anales de Química. 2017

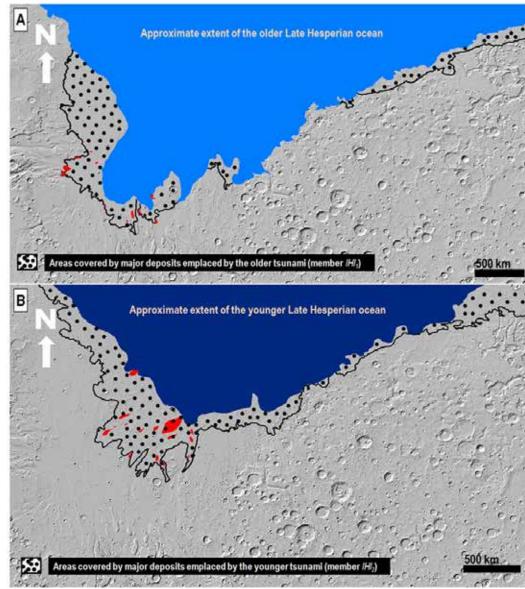


Recent results

First identification of tsunamis in Mars

Tsunami waves extensively resurfaced the shorelines of an early Martian ocean. J. Alexis, P. Rodriguez, Alberto G. Fairén, et al.

Scientific Reports. 2016





Field campaigns

- Identification of extreme terrestrial analogues sites:
 - Danakil (Etiopia)
 - Rio Tinto
 - Atacama









Next steps

NASA Europa Lander Mission

Joint Europa Mission (JEM) A Multi-scale Study of Europa

to Characterize its Habitability and Search for extant Life

> A proposal in response to the call for a medium-size mission opportunity in ESA's Science Programme (M5)

Lead scientist: Michel Blanc Co-Lead scientist: Olya Prieto-Ballesteros Doputy lead : Nicolas André



- Staff: 160 scientists and engineers
- Around 200 refereed publications per year
- R&D grants (EU, Spanish funding agencies): 3-5 M€/yr
- Main building at INTA in Torrejón de Ardoz
- Second building within the European Space Astronomy Centre of ESA (ESAC) in Villafranca.



