

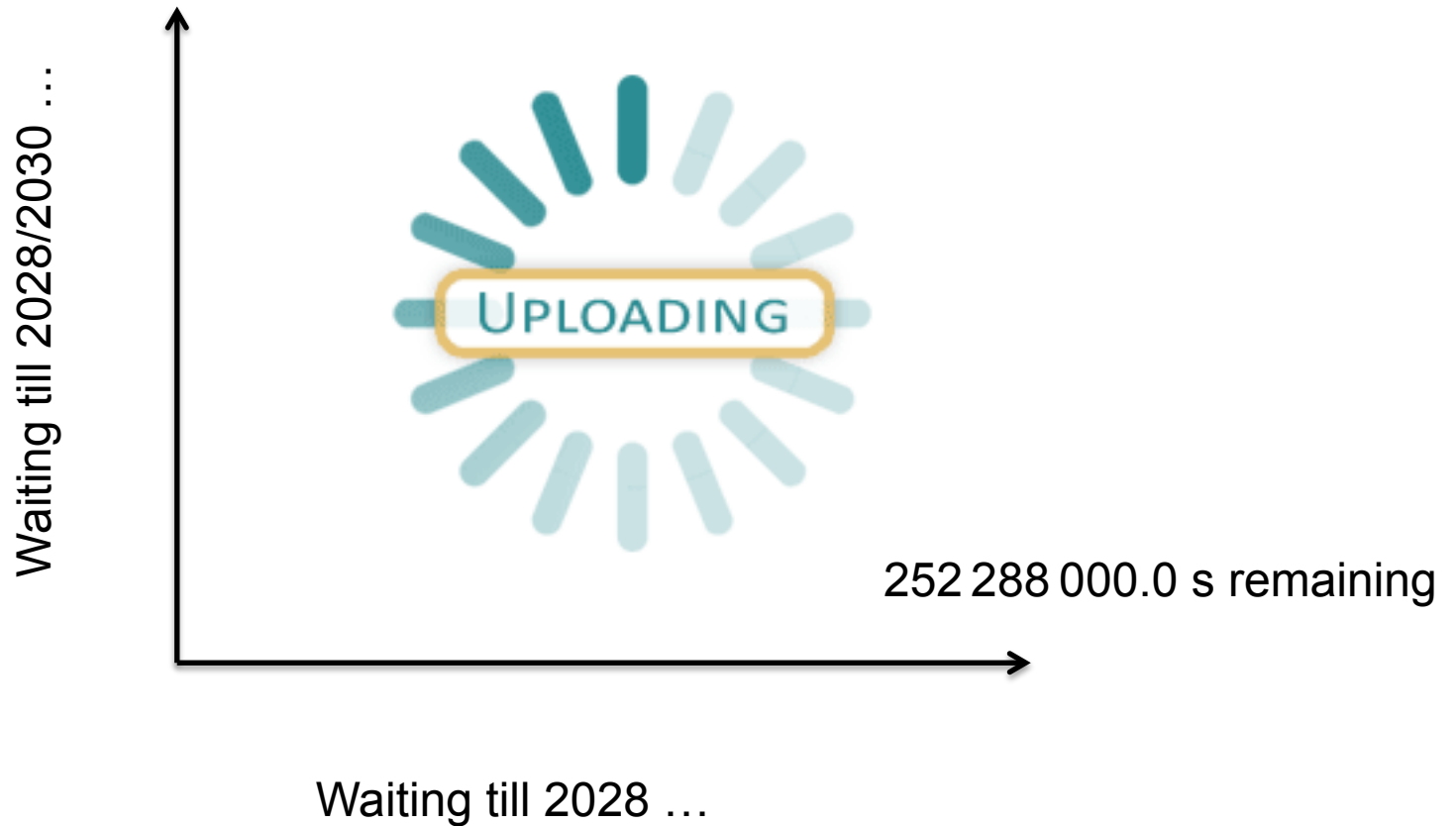


Synergies between ARIEL and the ELTs

Enric Pallé, ARIEL-ELT Synergies WG,
et al.

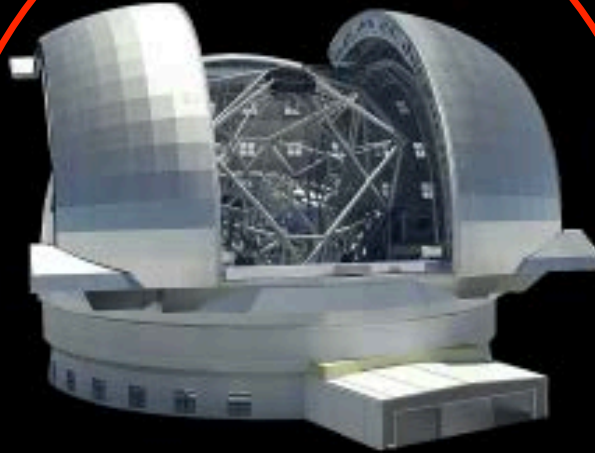
Instituto de Astrofísica de Canarias

A quick review of ARIEL - ELT overlapping observations





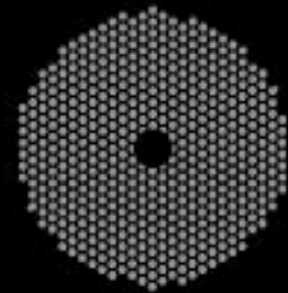
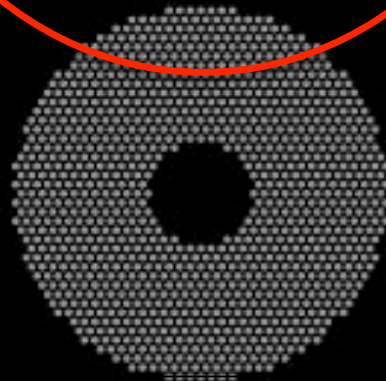
**GIANT
MAGELLAN
TELESCOPE**



**EUROPEAN
EXTREMELY LARGE
TELESCOPE**



**THIRTY
METER
TELESCOPE**



Exoplanets with ELTs

High contrast imaging: **METIS**



METIS

- ✧ Volume-limited sample vs mag-limited sample
- ✧ Self-luminous young massive vs typically evolved planets
- ✧ Cold planets (100's AU) vs hot planets
- ✧ Same initial composition, different ages/evolution
- ✧ Non-transiting vs transiting

High resolution spectroscopy: **HIRES**



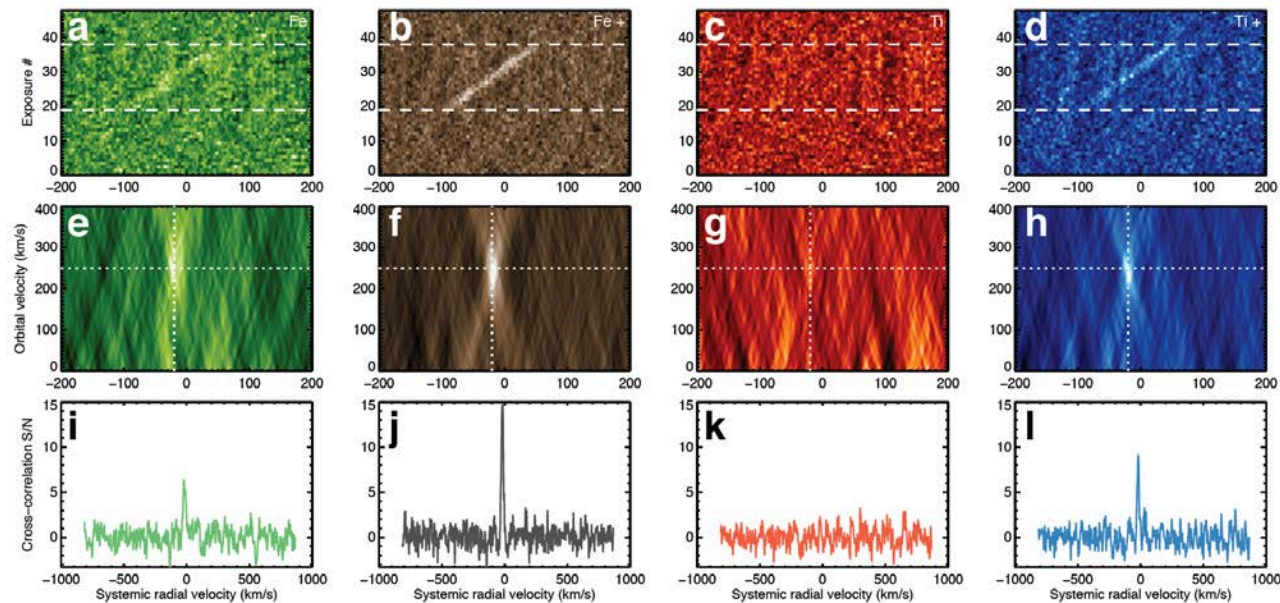
HIRES

- ✧ Science Case: **Exo-planet atmospheres and signatures of life** So, focus in small rocky planets
- ✧ Transit spectroscopy and reflected light
- ✧ Visible and near IR only 0.5-2.4 μm
- ✧ Extremely powerful for Jupiter and Neptune planets

Synergies: Atmospheric chemistry

ELTs will detect atomic and ion species.

Metallicities will tell us about planet formation

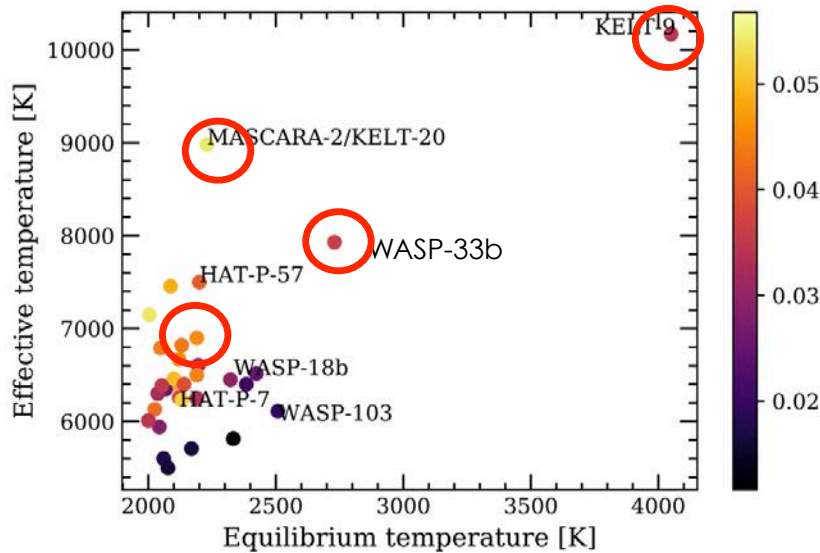


Hoeijmakers et al, 2018

Kelt-9b, $T_{\text{eq}} 400\text{K}$

Synergies: Atmospheric chemistry

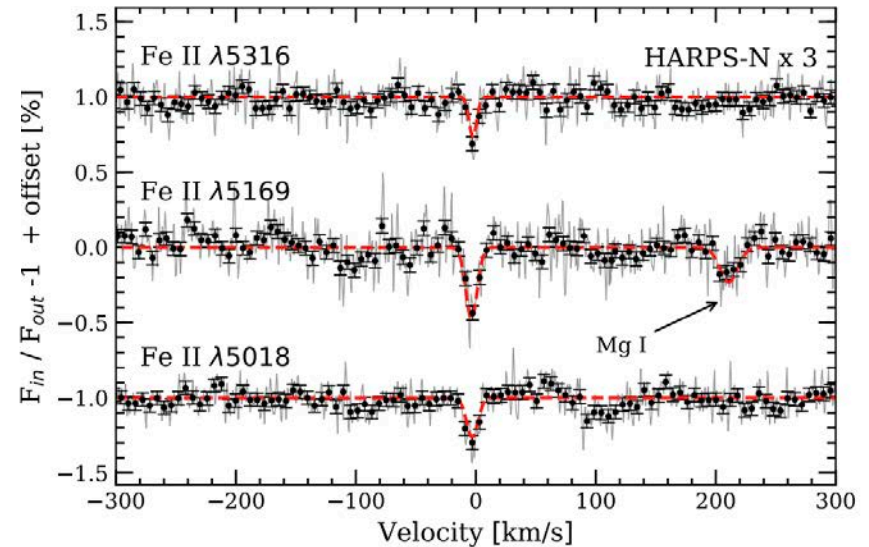
ELTs will detect atomic and ion species.



Fe, Fe⁺, Mg⁺, Ti⁺, Ca⁺, ...

Kelt-9b, T_{eq} 4000K

MASCARA-2, T_{eq} 2200K
Casasayas et al, 2019



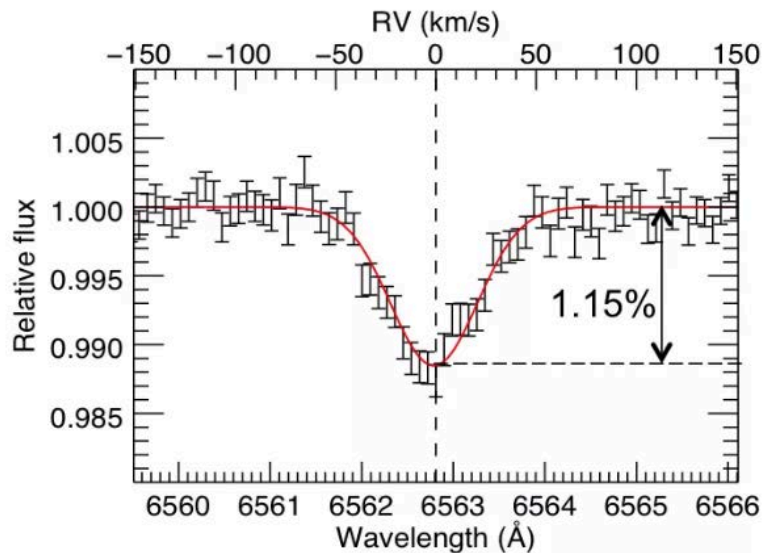
Synergies: Atmospheric evolution

ARIEL is setup to do **taxonomy** of planetary atmosphere types and evolution.

But ARIEL will not measure stellar lines that might be crucial to **understand evaporation and atmospheric evolution processes** and put its own measurements in context

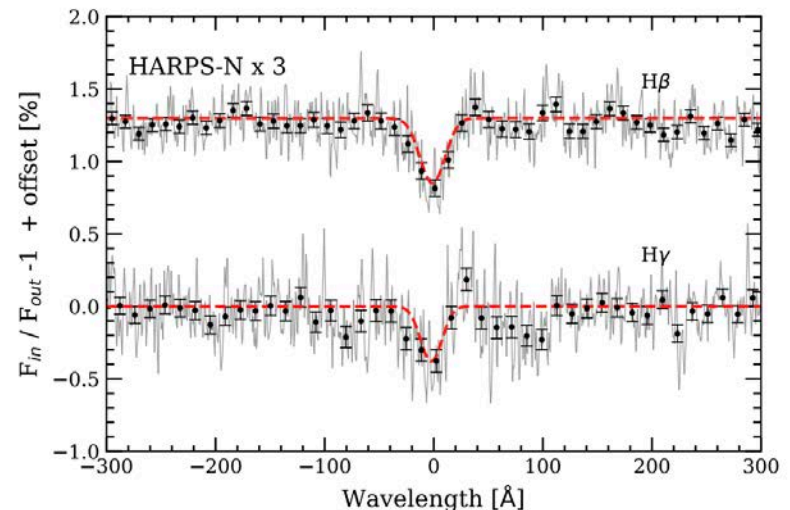
H α line related to planetary escape

Yan et al, 2018



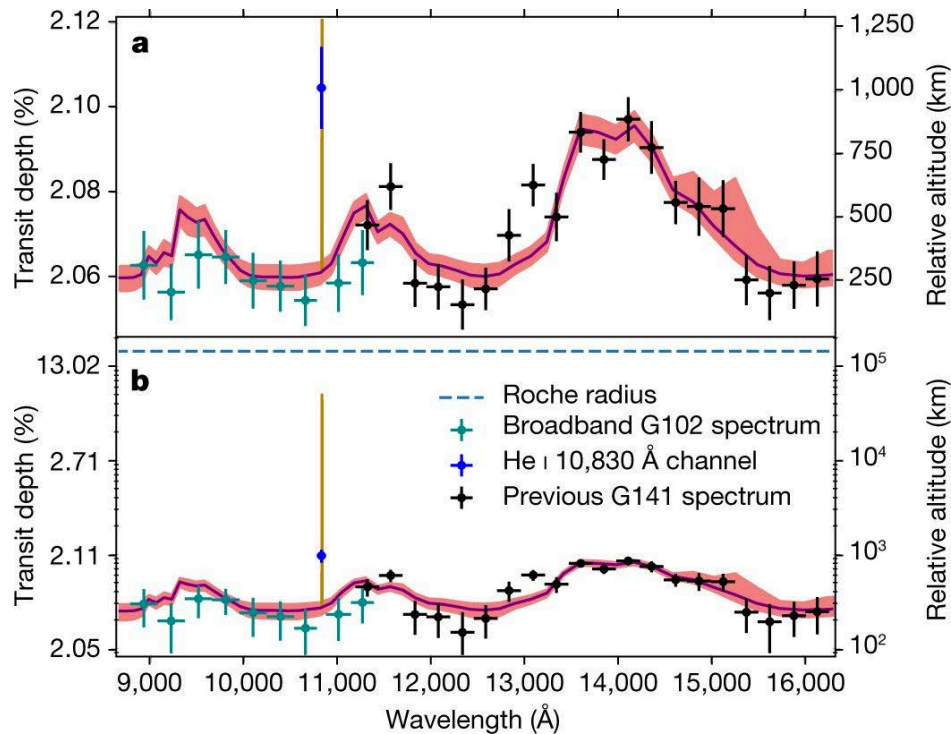
The full Balmer series can be detected

Casasayas et al, 2019



Synergies: Atmospheric evolution

A new tracer is the He I metastable triplet

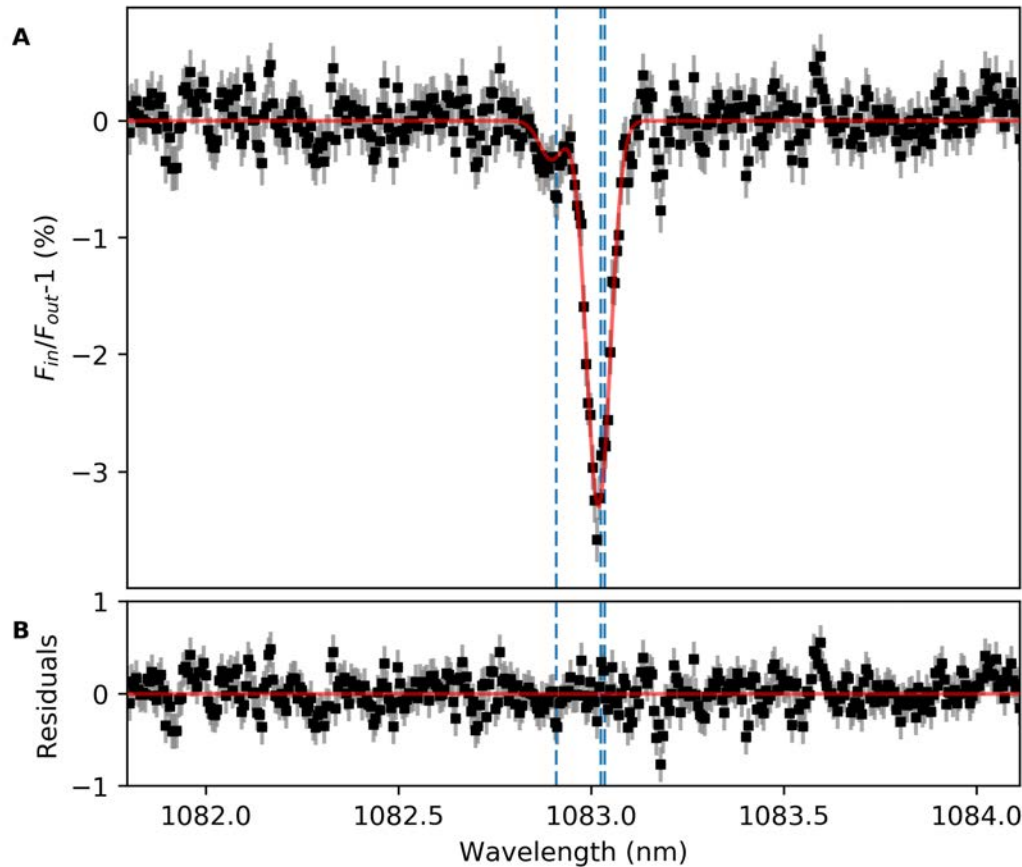


HST detection

Spake et al, 2018

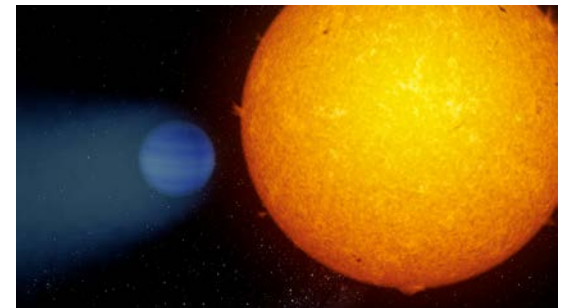
Synergies: Atmospheric evolution

A new tracer is the He I metastable triplet



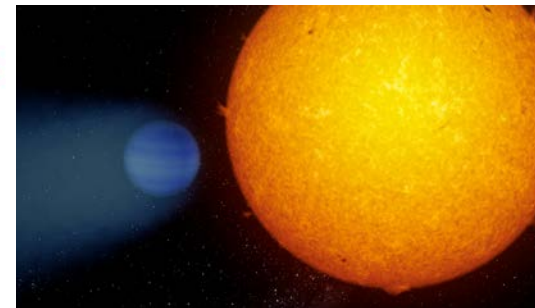
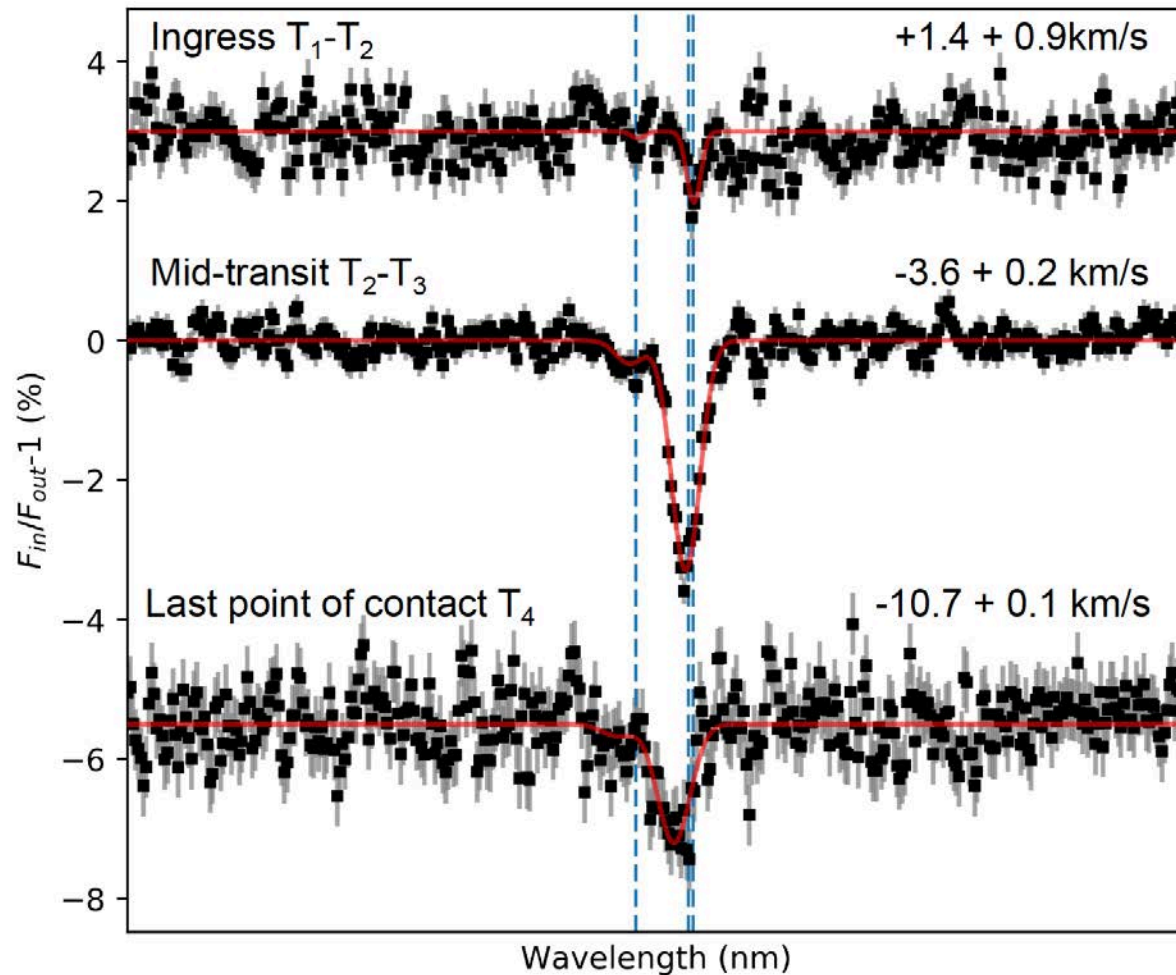
He I absorption
Nortmann et al, 2018

Line profiles
Escape velocities
Geometry



Synergies: Atmospheric evolution

A new tracer is the He I metastable triplet

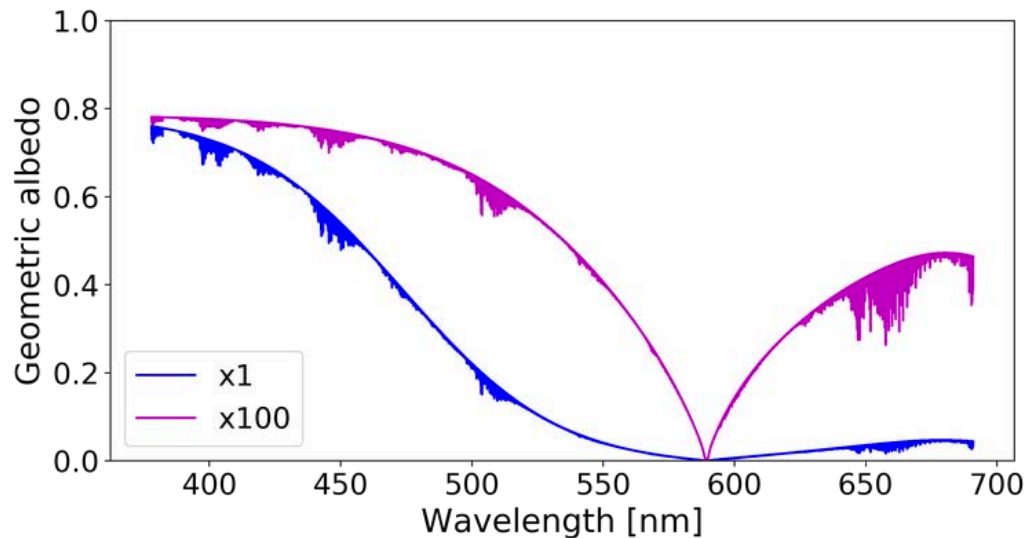


Synergies: Albedos

The ELT will have the capability of detecting reflected light and do spectral albedo measurements for a range of planets

Visible range species (TiO, VO, FeH,..) might be detected this way

ESPRESSO already attempting the low hanging fruits



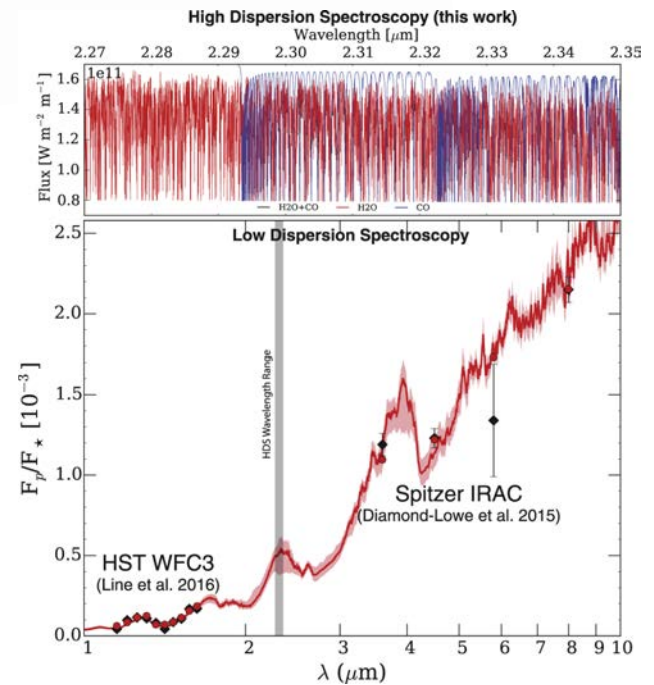
Martins et al, 2018

Synergies: multi-resolution puzzle solving

A Framework to Combine Low- and High-resolution Spectroscopy for the Atmospheres of Transiting Exoplanets

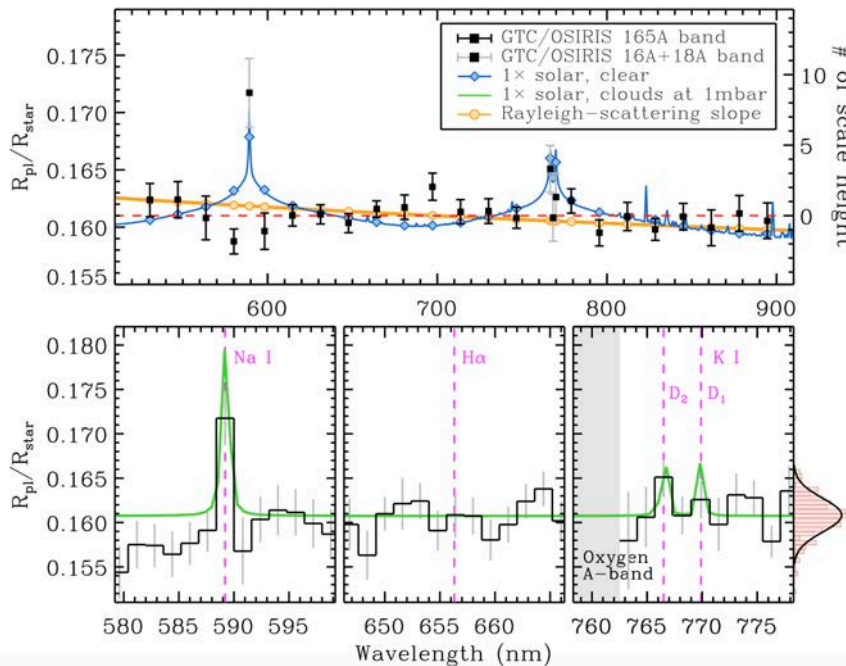
Authors: M. Brogi, M. Line, J. Bean, J.-M. Désert, and H. Schwarz

2017 *The Astrophysical Journal Letters* **839** L2.

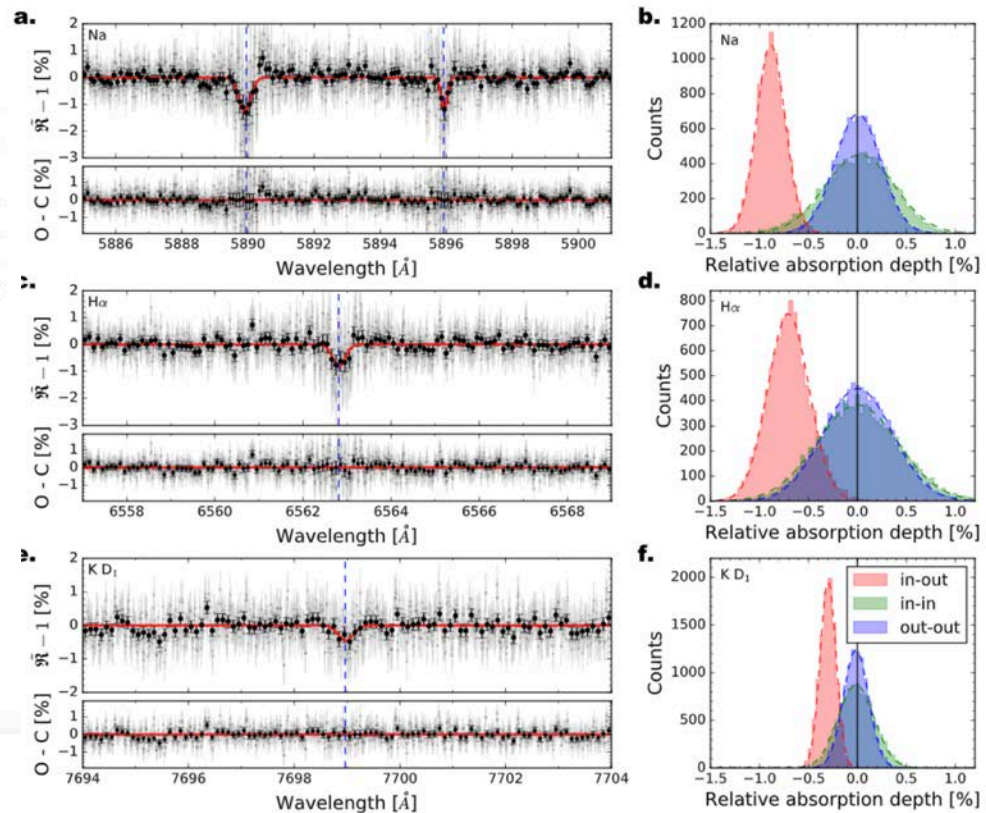


Synergies: multi-resolution puzzle solving

Reconciling High and low resolution observations, the case of WASP-52b



Chen et al, 2017

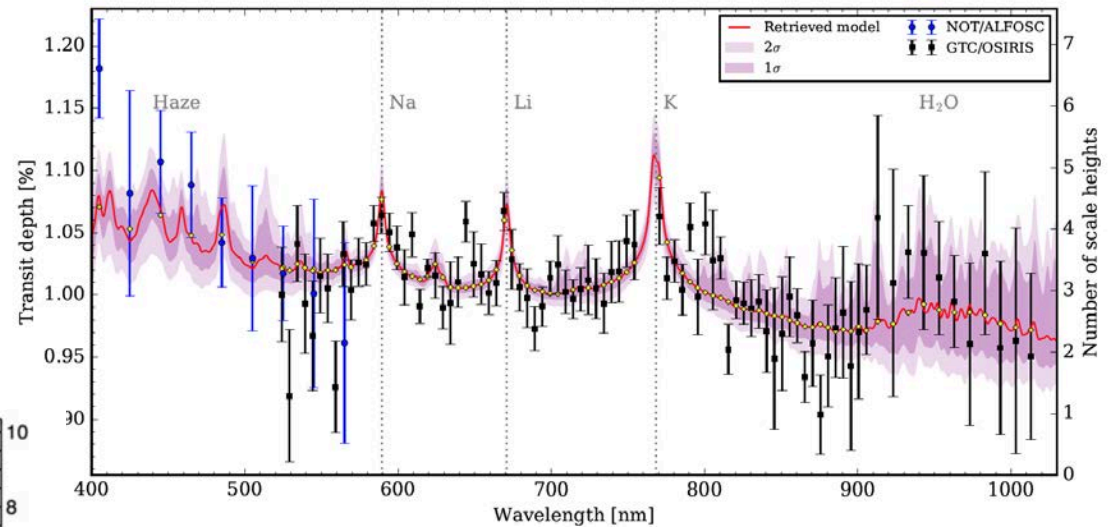
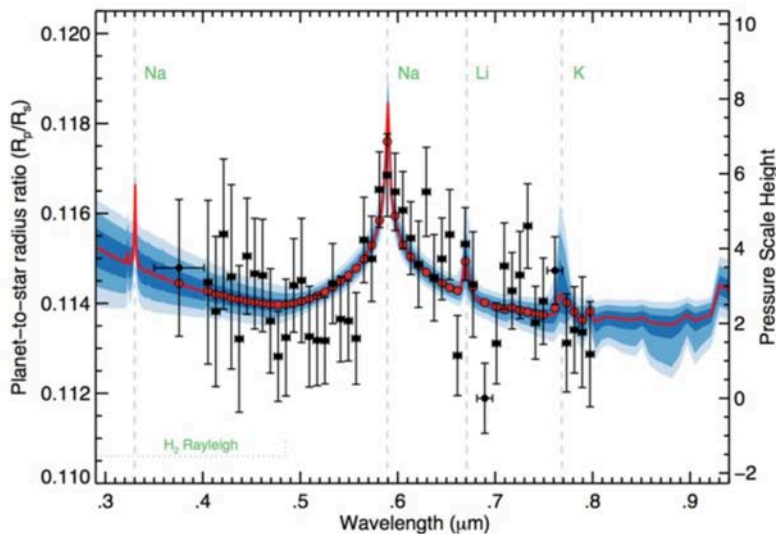


Chen et al, sub., 2020

Synergies: multi-resolution puzzle solving

Reconciling High and low resolution observations, the case of WASP-127b, WASP-21b or HD209456b

Nikolov et al, 2018



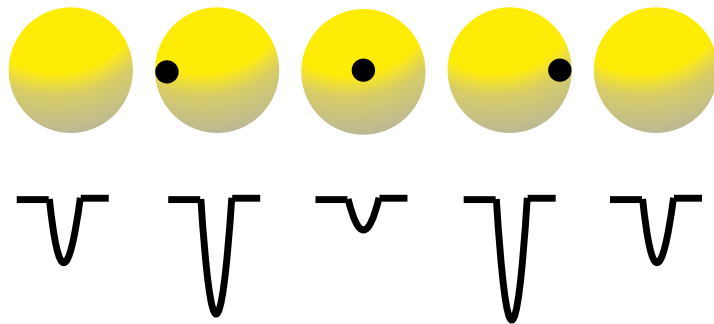
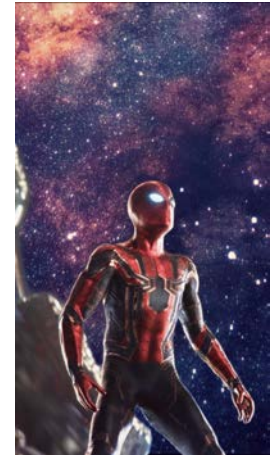
Chen et al, 2018

CARMENES, HARPS and ESPRESSO observations do not detect these species

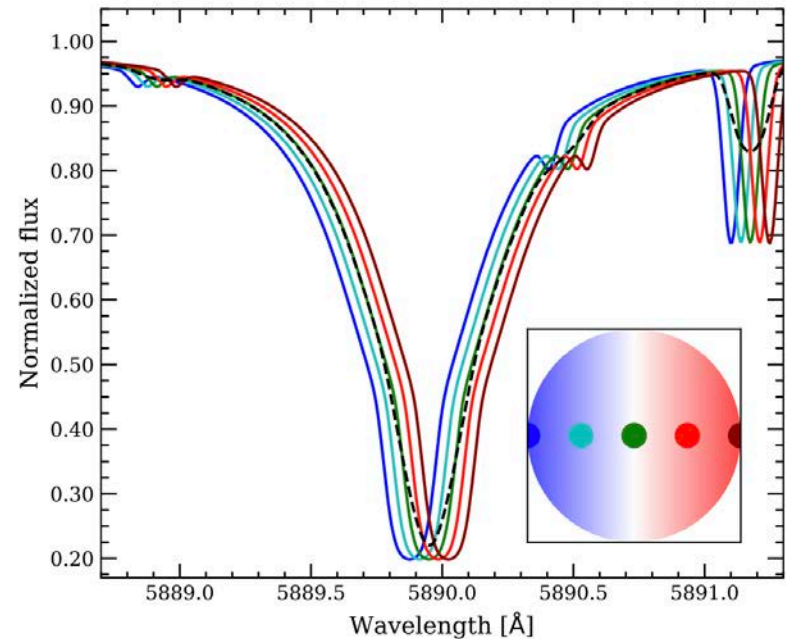
Synergies: Rise to new challenges

With great SNR comes ... greater nasty effects to be accounted for.

Effects like the CLV and RME become very relevant

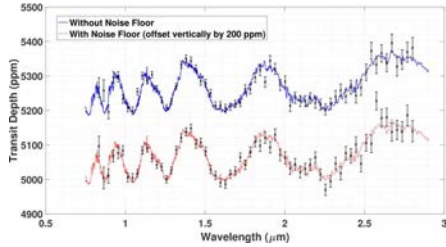
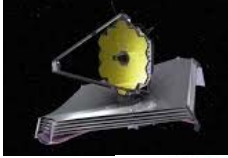


Casasayas et al, 2020



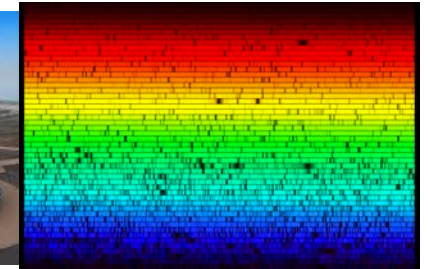
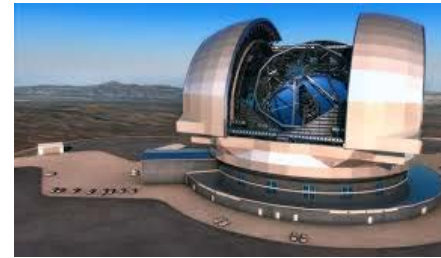
The Landscape in 2025/8

Multi-resolution approach common



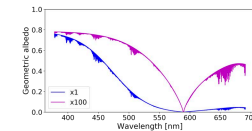
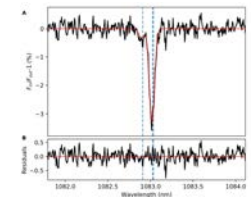
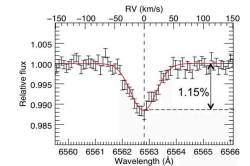
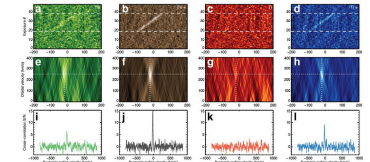
Low-resolution spectra

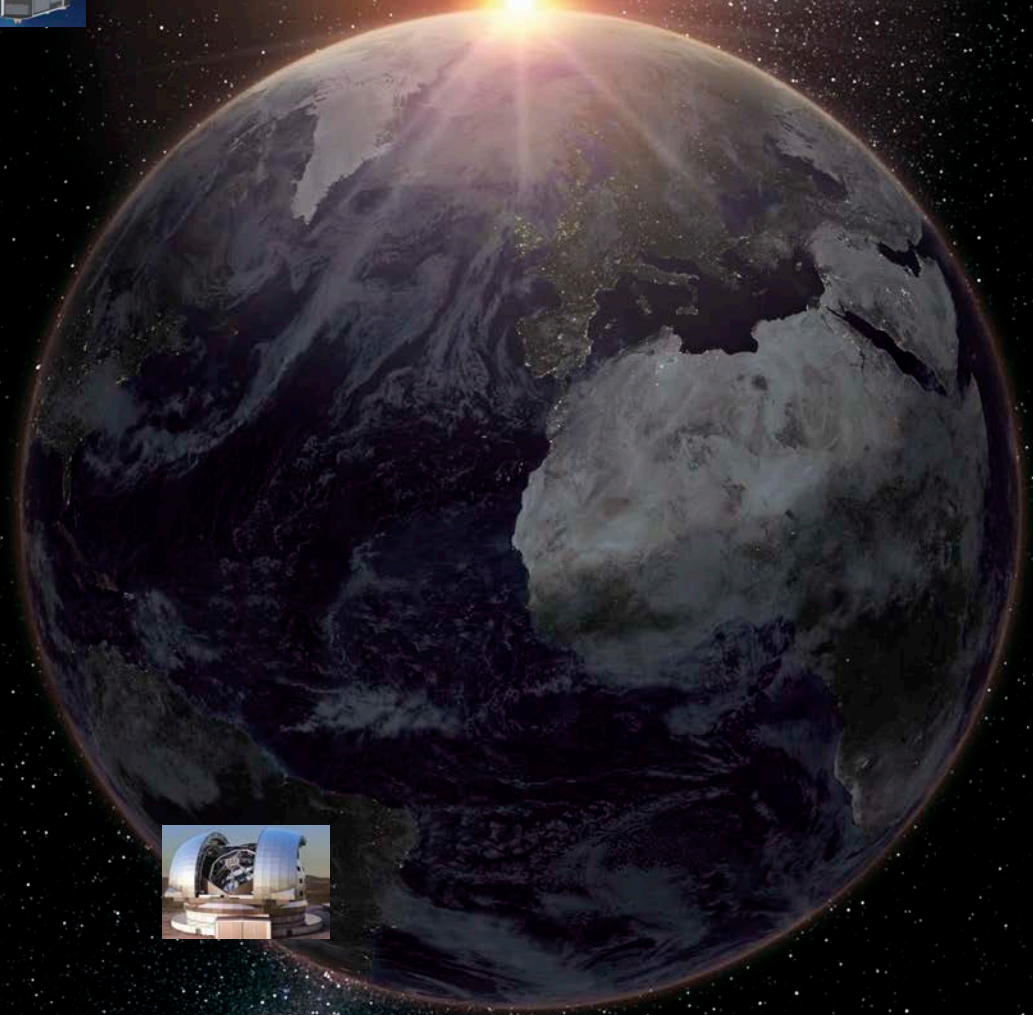
- Composition
- Pressure levels
- Rayleigh slopes
- Clouds/hazes



High-resolution spectra

- Line profiles
- Metallicities,
- Planetary escape
- Albedos





Thanks !!