

Background

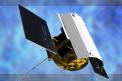
- The MESSENGER Project has agreed to support the production of a global map
 - Original plans for quadrangle maps are not being pursued at this time, due to resource constraints
- It is anticipated that the Mercury global map will be completed before the end of Phase F (April 2016)
- The map will be published online and as part of a peer-reviewed publication
 - Additional funding may be sought post-Phase F to publish the map as a formal USGS publication











Value of a global geological map

- This would be the first ever global map of Mercury
 - Global correlations among units would be enabled
 - The global stratigraphic history can be constructed
- Standards will be set to provide broad context for current and future quadrangle mappers
 - Some regional geologic mapping is underway, however, there is little or no coordination among these mappers
 - Global and regional map units will be defined
 - Existing units will be identified and reviewed, e.g., Mariner 10 maps; Galuzzi et al., submitted; Denevi et al. 2013, etc.
- The map will be useful for BepiColombo planning



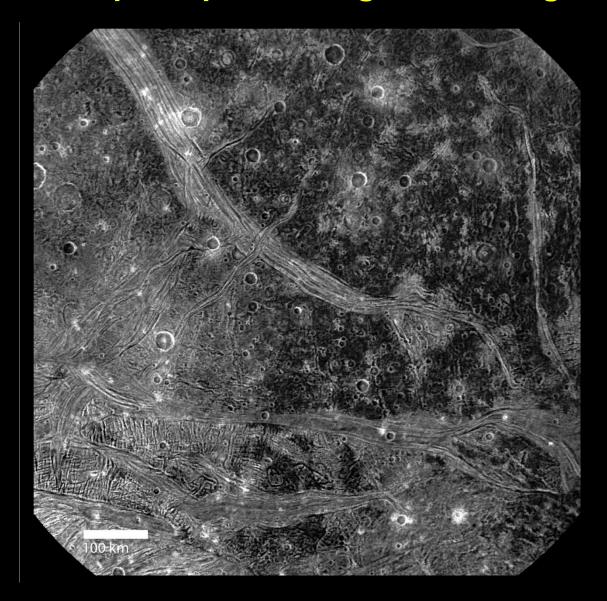




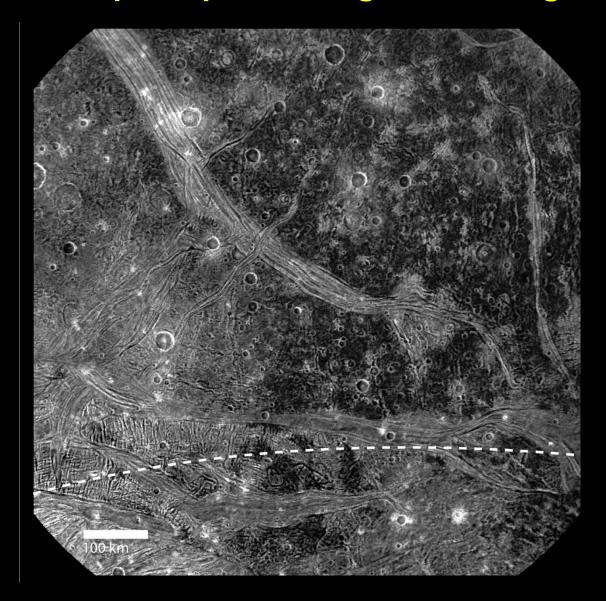




Plains	units and relief-forming materials	Bach	Beethoven	Borealis	Discovery	Kuiper	Michelangelo	Shakespeare	Tolstoj	Victoria
pvs	Very smooth plains material	Χ			X		Χ	X	Χ	
ps	Smooth plains material	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
psi	Intermediate plains material	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
pi	Intercrater plains material	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
рс	Cratered plains material					Χ				X
ptu/pu	Plains and terra material, undivided		Χ			Χ				
d	Dark material					Χ				
ptu	Plains and terra material									
pl	Lineated plains							Χ		
cfp	Caloris floor plains material							Χ	Χ	
h	Hilly plains material							Χ		
hl/thl	Hilly and lineated material				Χ	Χ				
ph	Hummocky plains material				Χ					
tr	Rough terra material	**				Χ				



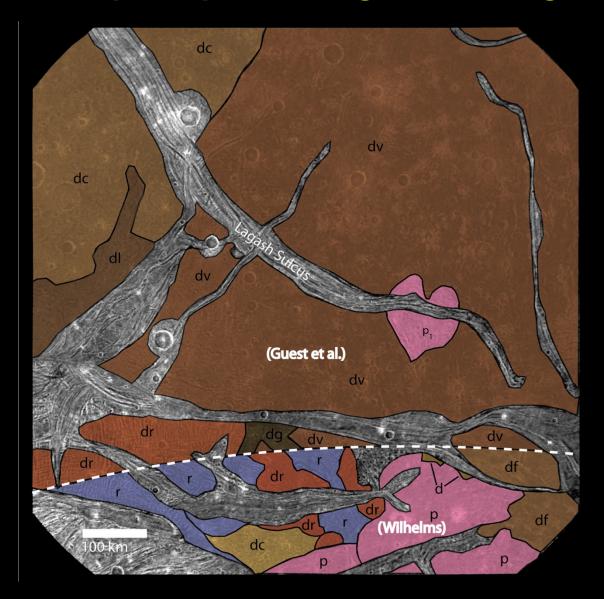
Ganymede example



Ganymede example



Ganymede example



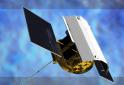
Ganymede example











Current plan

- The final product will be a morphostratigraphic map
 - Chemical information will not be used to discriminate units, although geochemical datasets may be included in the final digital map product
- Mapping will be carried out at the 1:15 million scale, the same as the final printed map
 - Comparable to the second global map of Mars, (Scott and Tanaka, 1986; Greeley and Guest, 1987; Tanaka and Scott, 1987)
 - Viking Orbiter images mostly between 100 and 300 m/pixel resolution were used as the basemap
- Scale was chosen based on previous global maps (e.g., Mars, Ganymede) and on time availability
 - Detailed local mapping will be left to future quadrangle mappers











Existing and available datasets

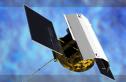
- Global MDIS basemap
- Global MDIS color map
- Topography existing archived database
- Tectonic structure map (P. Byrne)
 - 1:2 million scale
- Plains unit maps (B. Denevi, J. Whitten)
 - 1:25 million scale
- Crater database >20 km diameter (C. Fassett)
- Crater and ejecta units
- Hollows and vents database (R. Thomas)
 - These features are too small to be resolved individually on the map,
 but their extents and locations will be identified











Schedule (1/2)

Summer

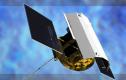
- Define units at mapped scale in progress
 - Mini-workshop held June 1 at APL
 - Intermediate plains unit designation will probably be discarded
- Incorporate existing databases into map in progress
 - Verify existing unit boundaries and reclassify if necessary
 - Review and classify lobate scarps and wrinkle ridges
 - Map additional ghost craters
- Classify craters and basins by age in progress
 - The five traditional age classes will be used as a baseline
 - We will investigate where Rembrandt falls in the stratigraphic column
- Map impact ejecta for large basins and craters











Schedule (2/2)

Fall

- Finish mapping
- Contribute plains unit definitions to Brett Denevi's Mercury book chapter
- Ensure continuity among all Mercury book chapters referencing geological units

Winter/Spring

- Prepare manuscript to accompany map
- Prepare map and manuscript for publication











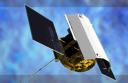
Backup











Digital mapping

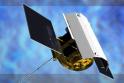
- The map base is a geometrically controlled product that is the fundamental data set upon which map drafting is performed
 - The map base can be generated by the team with permission from the USGS Map Coordinator
- Mapping is generally carried out using Adobe Illustrator or ArcGIS
 - For GIS mapping projects the USGS GIS Project Specialist generates an ArcGIS map template after quality-checking and collating GIS data layers. The template includes map bases and a map-ready geodatabase with pre-populated symbols



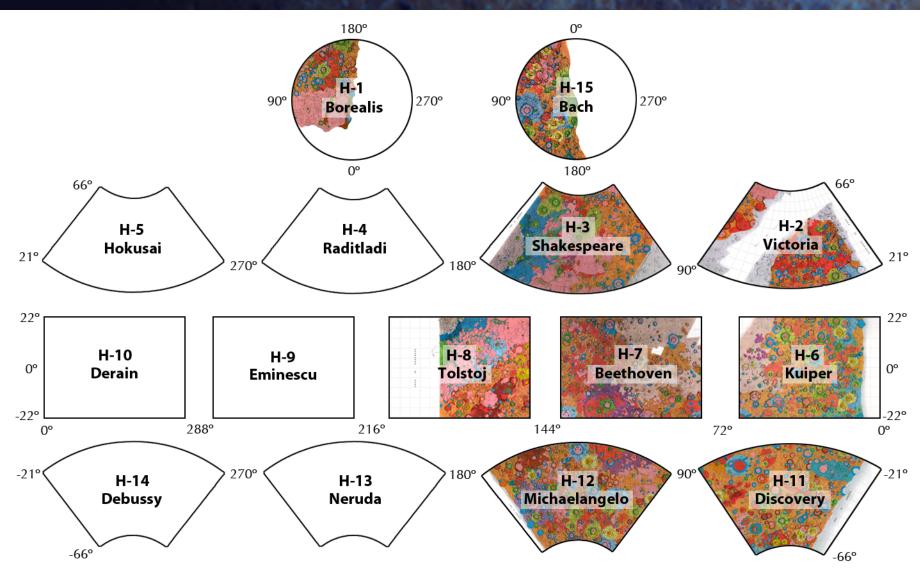




MESSENGER MErcury Surface, Space Environment, GEochemistry, and Ranging



Existing quadrangle maps (Mariner 10)

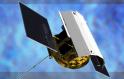












What mapping is underway?

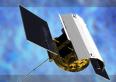
- BepiColombo team mapping
 - Naples team Victoria quad close to publication, they are also considering mapping Shakespeare
 - Padova/Padua team two of these: Borealis, Kuiper, Neruda
 - Open University team one other TBD quad, start Oct '15
- Regional maps
 - Rembrandt (Hynek, Whitten)
 - Caloris Basin (Buczkowski, Byrne, ???)
 - Raditladi, Rachmaninoff, Mozart (Prockter)
 - Others?







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Current and proposed mapping

