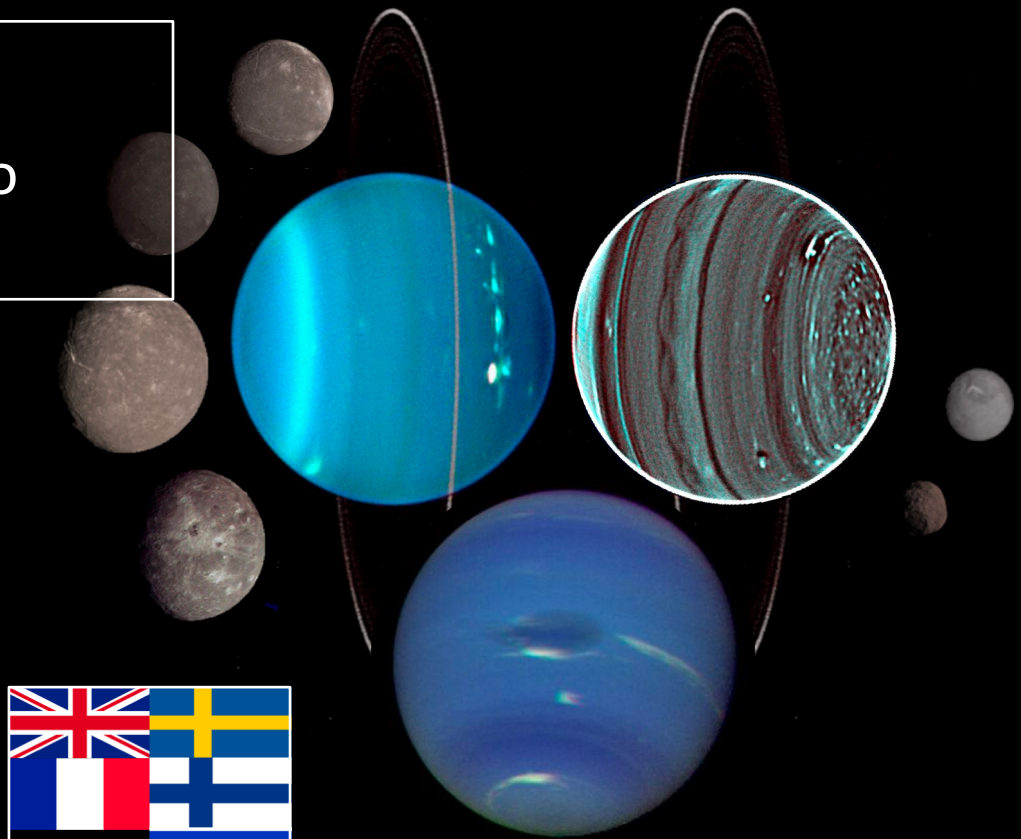
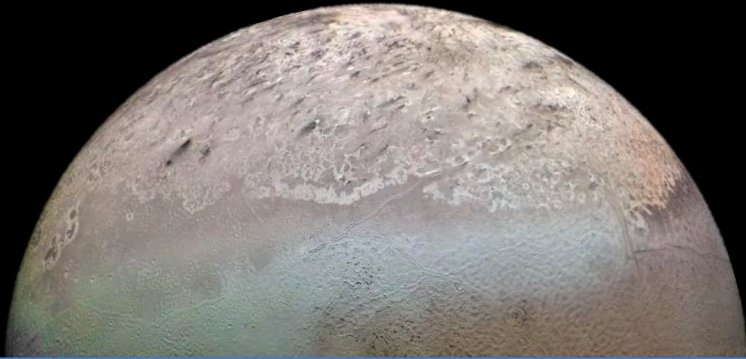


Ice Giant Systems:

Scientific Potential of Missions to Uranus and Neptune



Leigh N. Fletcher (@LeighFletcher)

Nicolas André, David Andrews, Michele Bannister, Emma Bunce, Thibault Cavalié, Sébastien Charnoz, Francesca Ferri, Jonathan Fortney, Davide Grassi, Léa Griton, Paul Hartogh, Ravit Helled, Ricardo Hueso, Geraint Jones, Yohai Kaspi, Laurent Lamy, Adam Masters, Henrik Melin, Julianne Moses, Olivier Mousis, Nadine Nettleman, Christina Plainaki, Elias Roussos, Jürgen Schmidt, Amy Simon, Gabriel Tobie, Paolo Tortora, Federico Tosi, Diego Turrini



arXiv:1907.02963



UNIVERSITY OF
LEICESTER

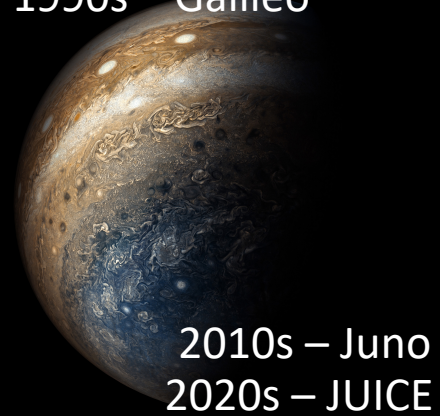
The Next Step in our Exploration

1980s – Voyager

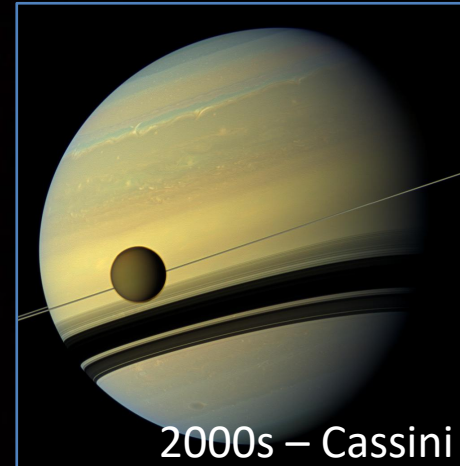
- 14-17x Earth Mass
- 3.8-4.0x Earth radii
- Mostly CH₄, H₂O, NH₃, H₂S + rocks
- CH₄ and H₂S clouds.
- Formed slowly.
- Superionic H₂O ice mantle at great depth.

- 95-318x Earth Mass
- 9.5-11.2 Earth radii
- Mostly H₂ and He.
- NH₃ and NH₄SH clouds.
- Formed quickly.
- Metallic H₂ at great depth.

1990s – Galileo



2010s – Juno
2020s – JUICE

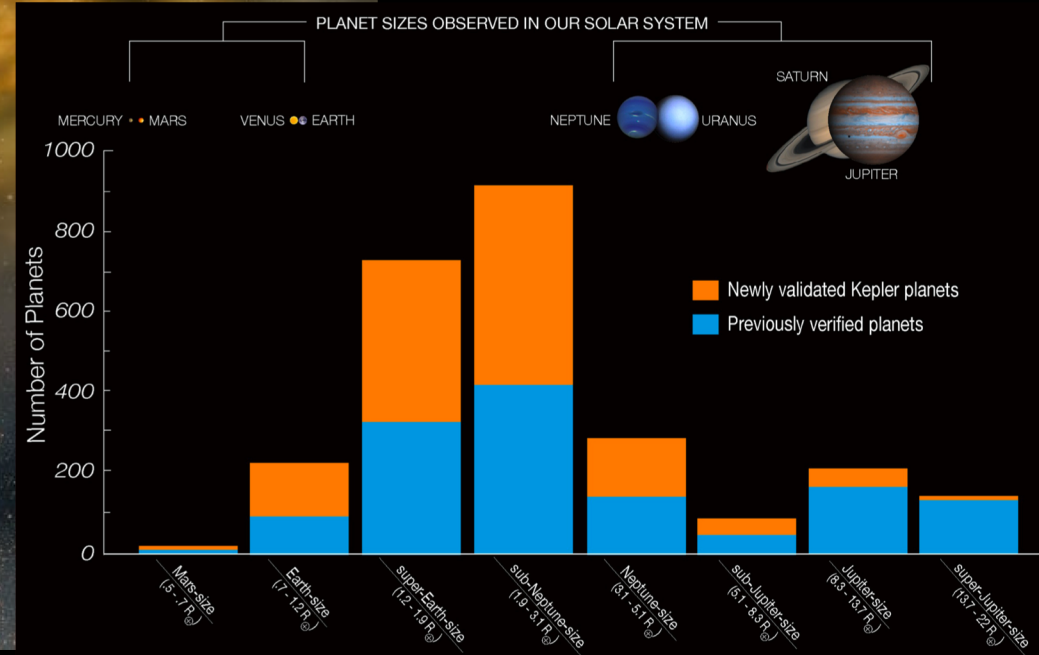


2000s – Cassini

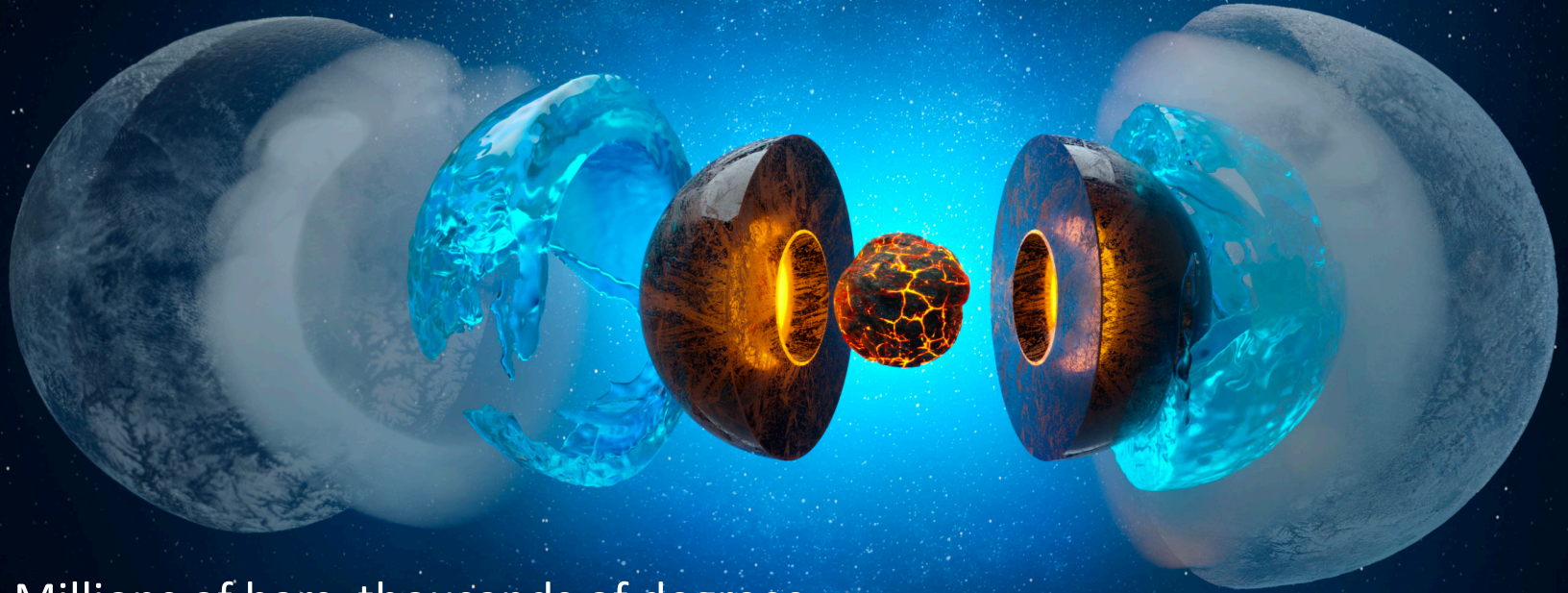
The Missing Link: Exoplanets in Our Back Yard

- Intermediate between the giant H₂-rich gaseous worlds and H₂-poor terrestrial planets.

- Representative of a whole class of astrophysical object.
- Most common outcome of planetary formation process?



Exotic Interiors



- Millions of bars, thousands of degrees.
- Magnetic fields formed in partially ionized conducting layers.
- Superionic ices recently created in laboratories – deep icy mantle?

Example of Divergent Evolution

- Different evolutionary paths despite their shared origins.

URANUS:

- Extreme axial tilt.
- Negligible internal heat.
- Sluggish atmosphere.
- Many small satellites.
- *A unique ice giant?*

NEPTUNE:

- Earth-like axial tilt.
- Enormous internal heat.
- Active atmosphere.
- Large captured satellite.
- *A typical ice giant?*

Miranda

Ariel

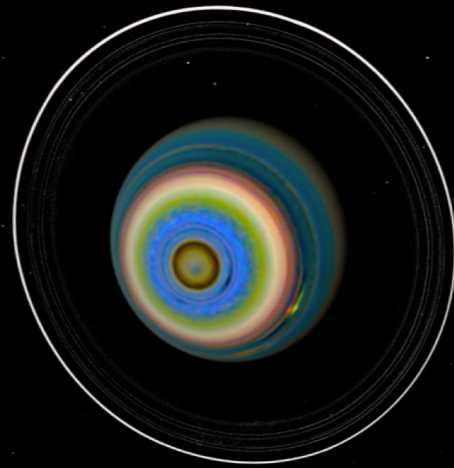
Umbriel

Titania

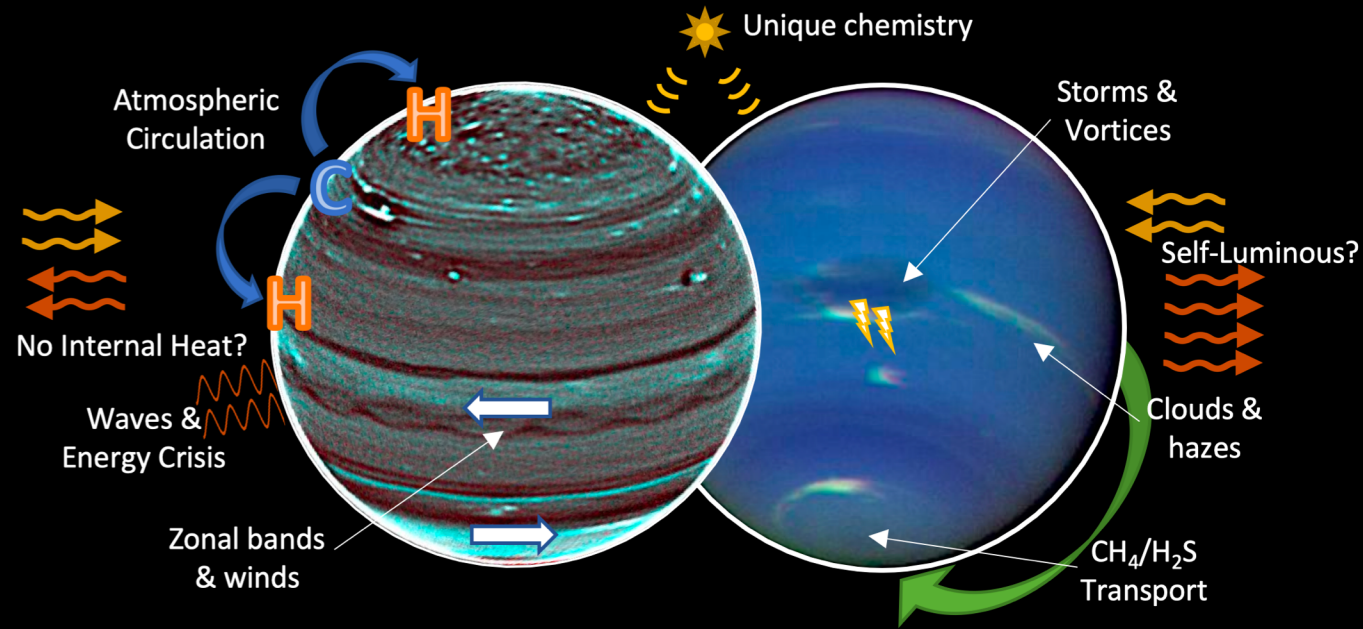
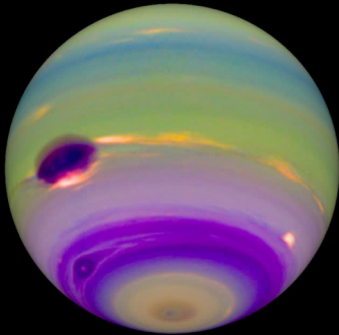
Oberon

Triton

Dynamic Atmospheres

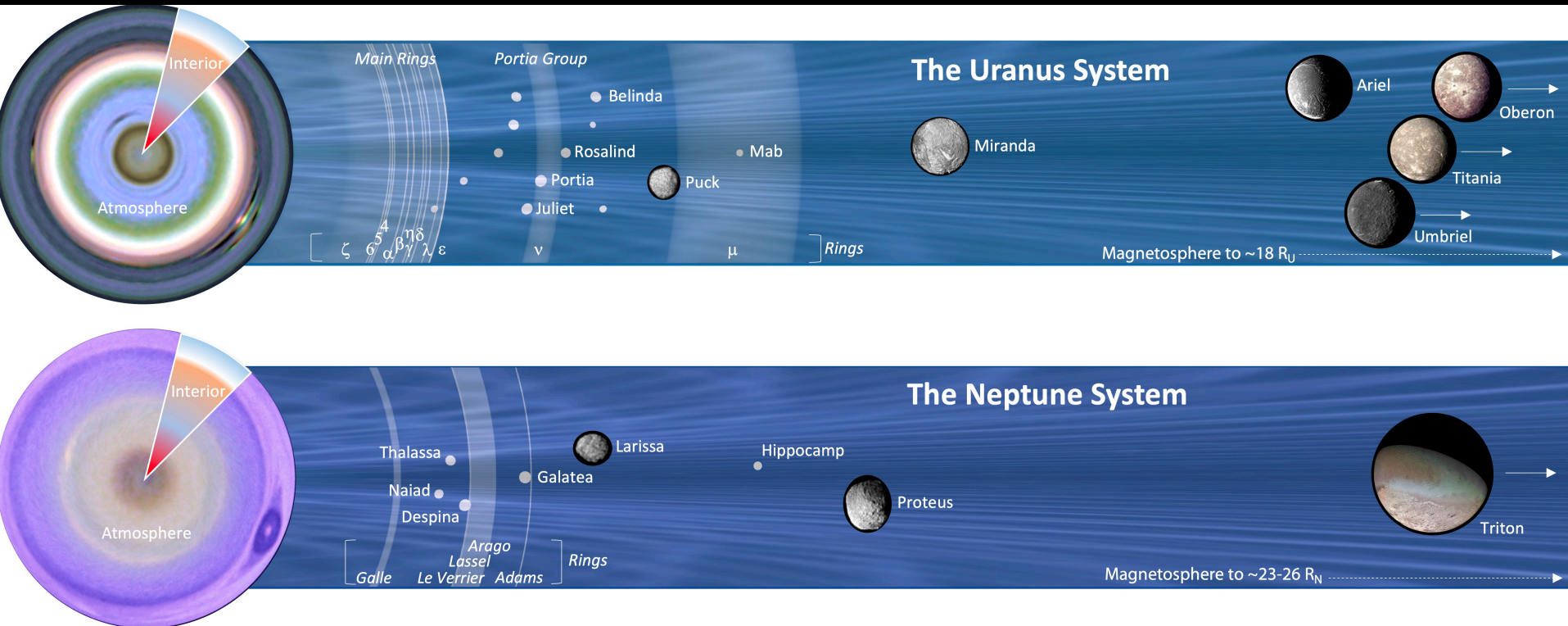


1989 AUG 16
8 UT



- Extreme seasons of Uranus; dramatic storms of Neptune.
- Slower rotation & smaller size = different dynamical regime to Jupiter/Saturn.

Ice Giant Systems – Rings & Satellites



Unique and Active Icy Satellites – Distant Ocean Worlds

Uranus

Ocean worlds

Extreme resurfacing/fractures

Umbriel

Titania

Miranda

Ariel

Proteus

Captured KBO

Neptune

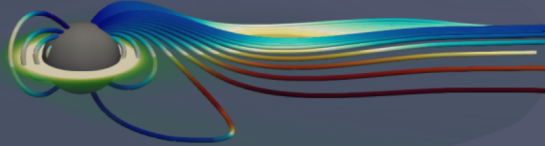
Triton

Active geology

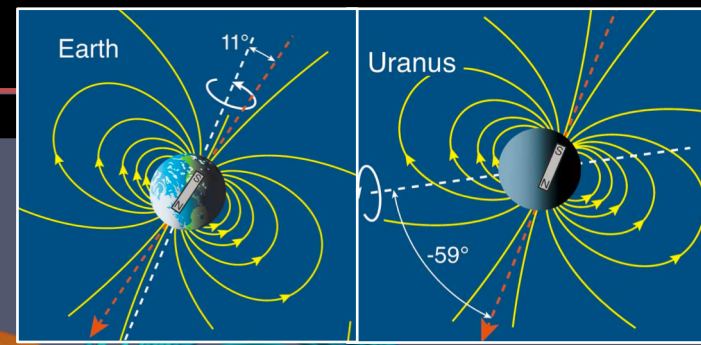
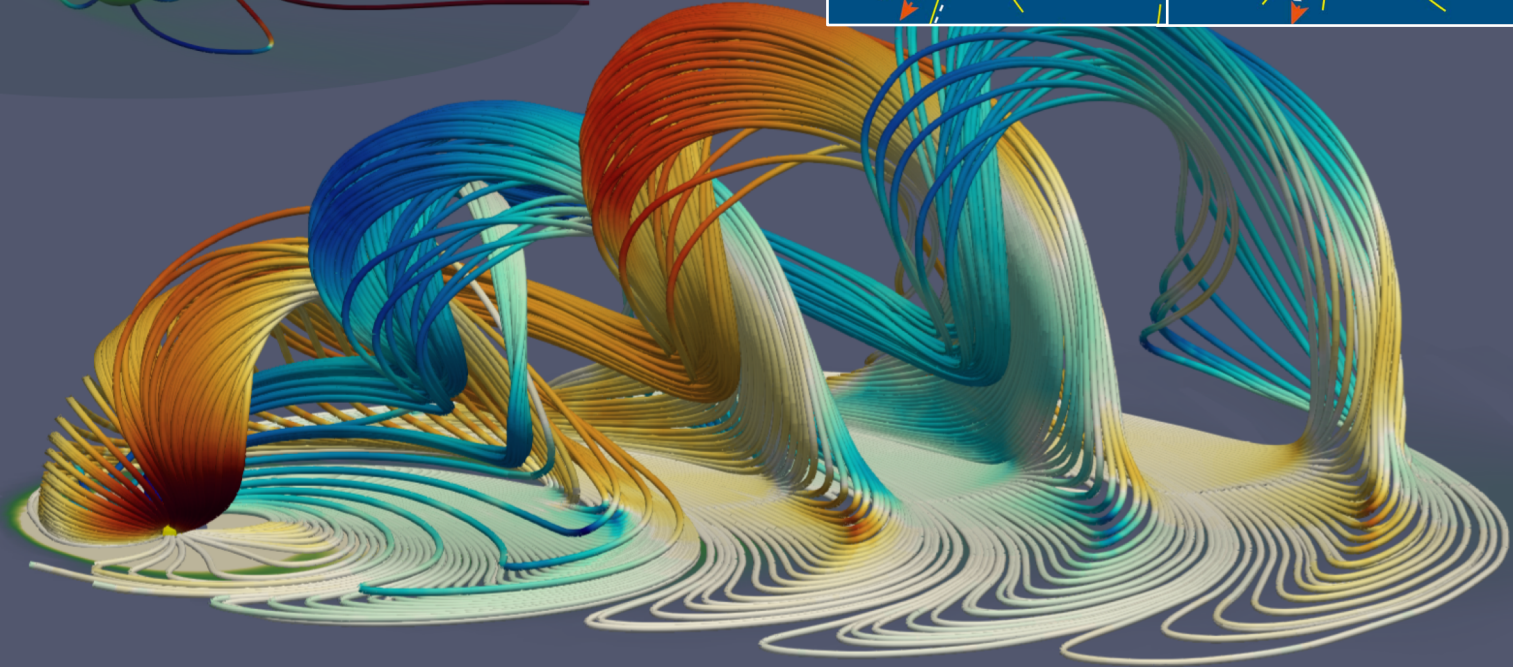
Triton

Extreme Magnetospheres

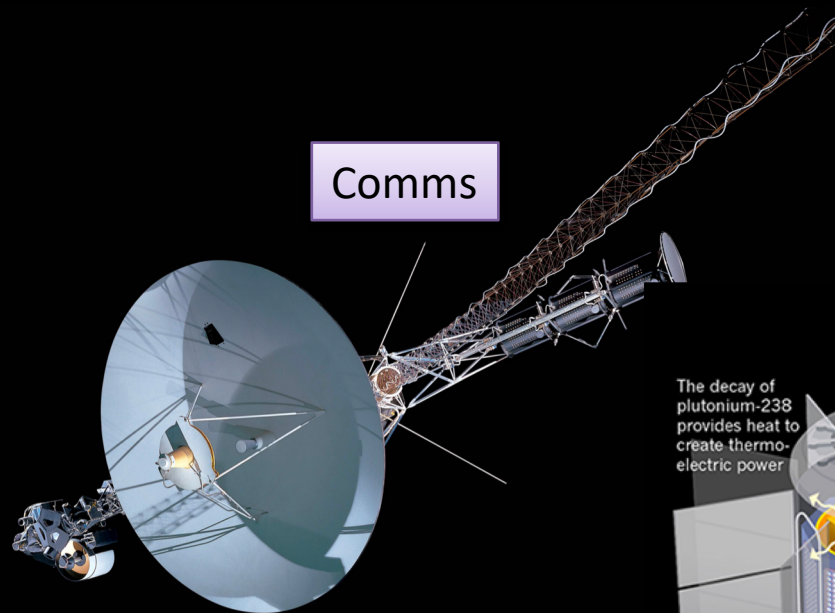
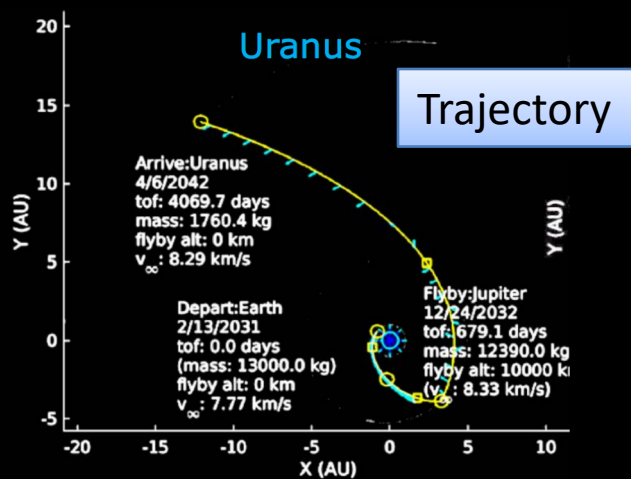
TERRESTRIAL-like



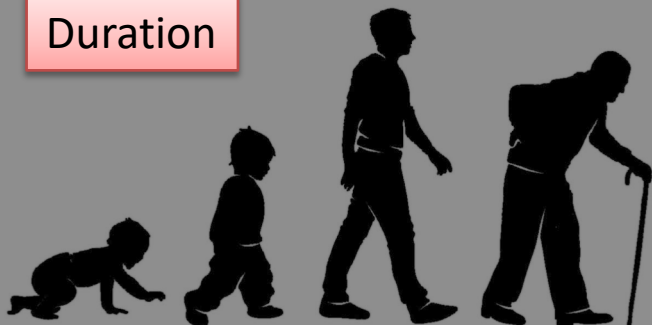
URANUS-like



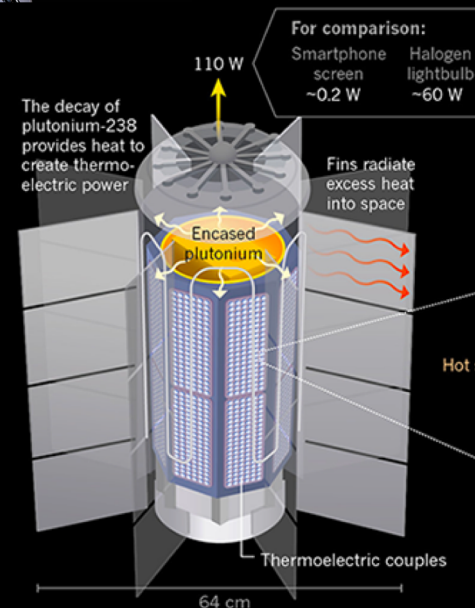
Challenges of Ice Giant Missions



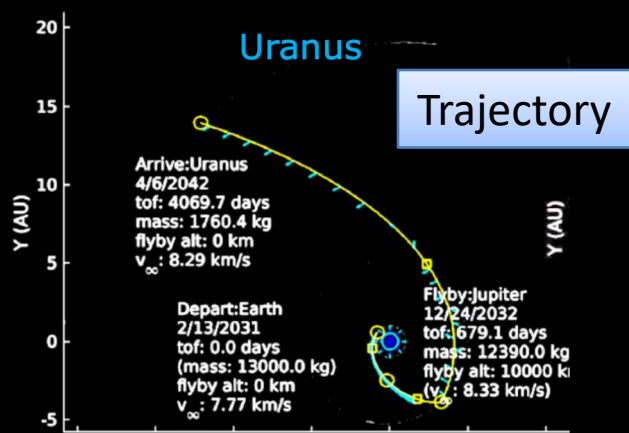
Duration



Power



Challenges of Ice Giant Missions

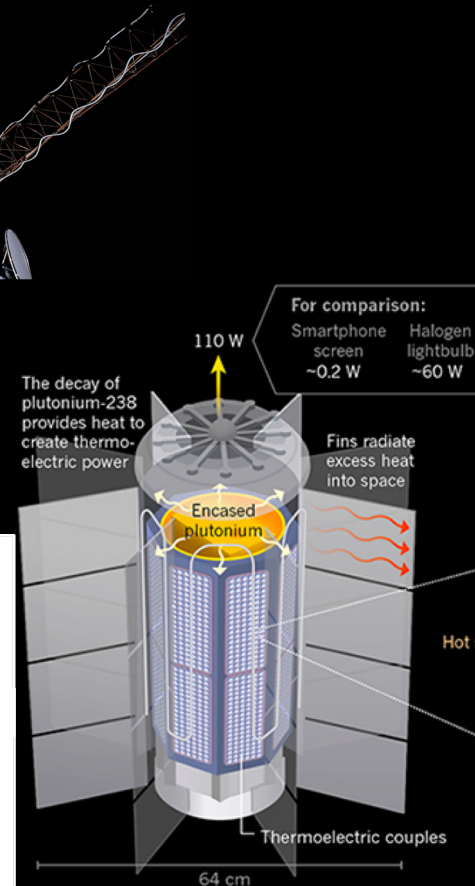


Comms

ESA Senior Survey Committee (2013) recommendation:

"Study of the icy giants to be a theme of very high science quality and perfectly fitting the criteria for an L-class mission"

"...recommends that every effort is made to pursue this theme through other means, such as cooperation on missions led by partner agencies."



Maturation of Concepts through Joint Studies

www.nasa.gov

Ice Giants

Pre-Decadal Survey Mission Study Report





Science Definition Team Chairs | Mark Hofstadter (JPL), Amy Simon (GSFC)

Study Manager | Kim Reh (JPL) Study Lead | John Elliott (JPL)

NASA Point of Contact | Curt Niebur

ESA Point of Contact | Luigi Colangeli

JPL D-100520

				
Case Description	Neptune Orbiter with probe and ~50 kg science payload. Includes SEP stage for inner solar system thrusting.	Uranus Flyby with probe and ~50 kg science payload. Chemical only mission.	Uranus Orbiter with probe and ~50 kg science payload. Chemical only mission.	Uranus Orbiter without a probe, but with ~150 kg science payload. Chemical only mission.

- US Decadal Survey 2021-22
- Pre-Decadal Studies – Neptune Odyssey



Ice Giants
CDF Study Report: CDF-187(C)
January 2019
page 1 of 431

CDF Study Report

Ice Giants

A Mission to the Ice Giants – Neptune and Uranus

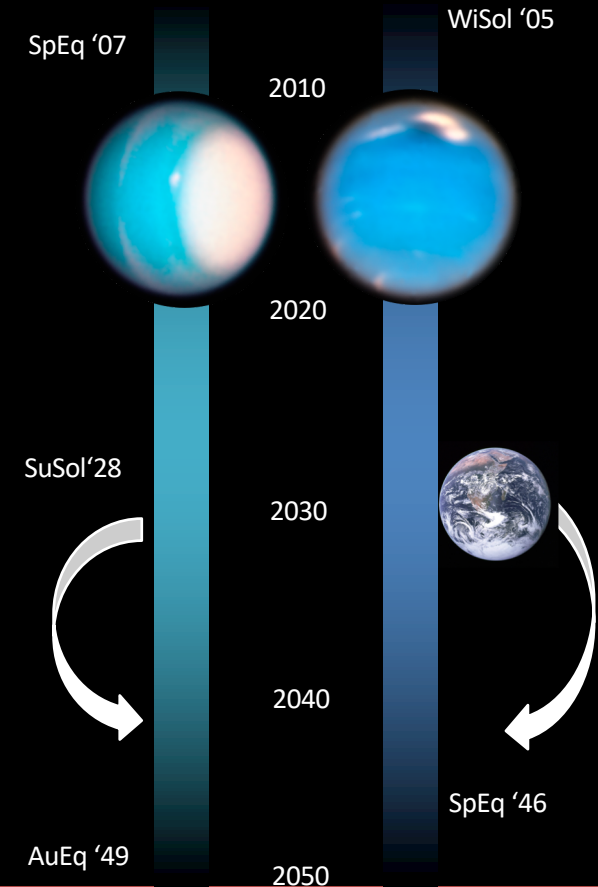
Ice Giants



- Space19+ M* Mission Opportunity
- Voyage 2050 Process

Key Conclusion: Best Opportunities 2029-2034

- **Active science during 2030s and 40s.**
- Mission feasible with chemical propulsion:
 - Jupiter GA windows every 12-13 years.
 - **2030-34 for Uranus** (northern solstice '28; equinox '49) – a 2040s launch would capture the same hemispheres as Voyager 2.
 - **2029-30 for Neptune** (southern solstice '05; equinox '46) – a 2040s launch could miss Triton's high-latitude plumes.
- Characterise a Centaur en route?
- Extend characterization of heliosphere/solar wind propagation out to 20-30AU during cruise.



Onwards to the Ice Giants

Our 20th Century Views of the Ice Giants

Science Themes for the 21st Century

ORIGIN &
INTERIOR

What does the origin, interior, and divergent evolution of the Ice Giants reveal about the formation of planetary systems?

Can we make this a
reality in the 2030s?

Uranus,
February 1, 1986

Neptune & Triton
September 3, 1989

Future exploration of the ice giants

Scientific discussion meeting
20 – 22 January 2020

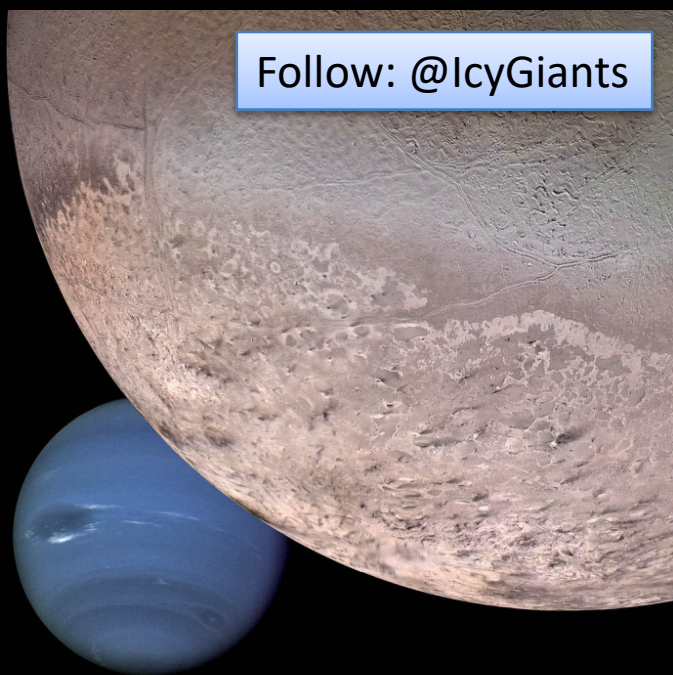
Part of the Royal Society
scientific programme

#IceGiants2020 @IcyGiants

THE
ROYAL
SOCIETY

Image: NASA/JPL/USGS.

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Plenary Talks: Monday-Tuesday 20/21 January 2020 – Royal Society
Poster Session: Monday 20 January 2020
Splinter Sessions: Wednesday January 22 – Burlington House, London.
Full details: <https://ice-giants.github.io/>
Registration and Abstract Deadline: December 10th 2019

