The **Compton-thick growth** Of **Supermassive Black Holes** constrained



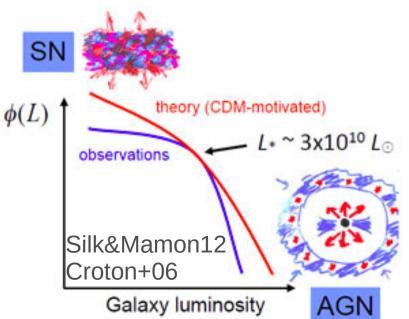
Gobierno de Chile

Johannes Buchner FONDECYT fellow http://astrost.at/istics/

Collaborators: @PUC: Steve Schulze, Franz Bauer @MPE: A. Georgakakis, K. Nandra, M. Brightman, ML. Menzel, Z. Liu, L-T. Hsu, M. Salvato, C. Rangel, J. Aird, A. Merloni

SMBH growth

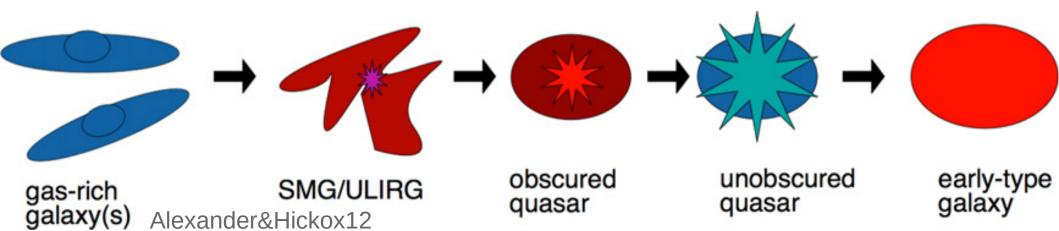
- Local Universe: $10^{6-10}M_*$ black holes
 - How and when did they get there?
 - Interaction with hosts? As gal-form tool
- Growth mode: AGN
 - Inflow, self-heating radiates as AGN, proportional



SMBH growth channels

- How to get 0.5% of bulge mass into <0.0001% of the volume?
 - Angular momentum problem
 - <u>One</u> efficient way: major mergers
 - In any case:

matter feeding can be matter obscuring



Census of SMBH growth

Need census over cosmic time of AGN

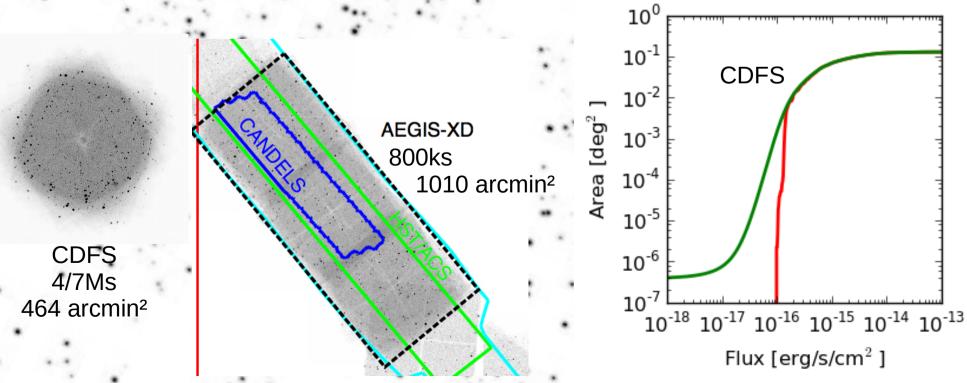
unobscured mildly obscured heavily obscured $N_{H} = 10^{20-22}/cm^{2}$ $N_{H} = 10^{22-24}/cm^{2}$ $N_{H} = 10^{24-26}/cm^{2}$ (CTK)

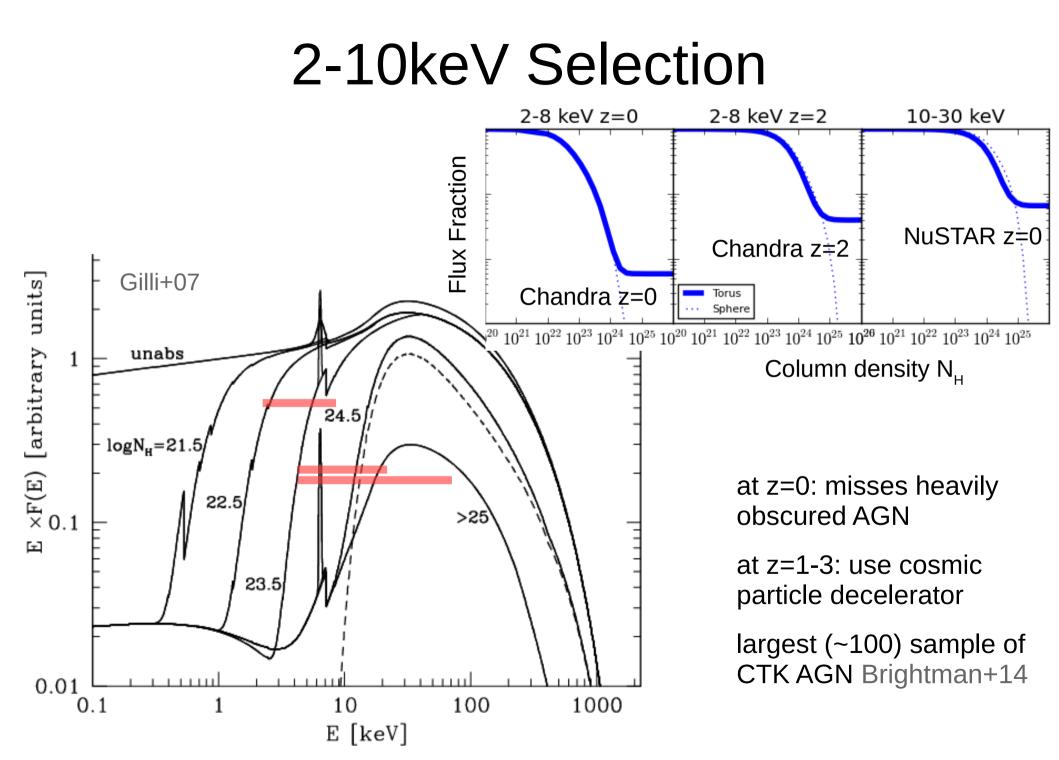
X-ray Selection

• Why?

COSMOS 160ks 0.9deg²

- Fewer objects, longer exposures, but:
- Selection function understood (photo-el. Abs.)
- Little contamination from non-AGN





Characterisation of AGN

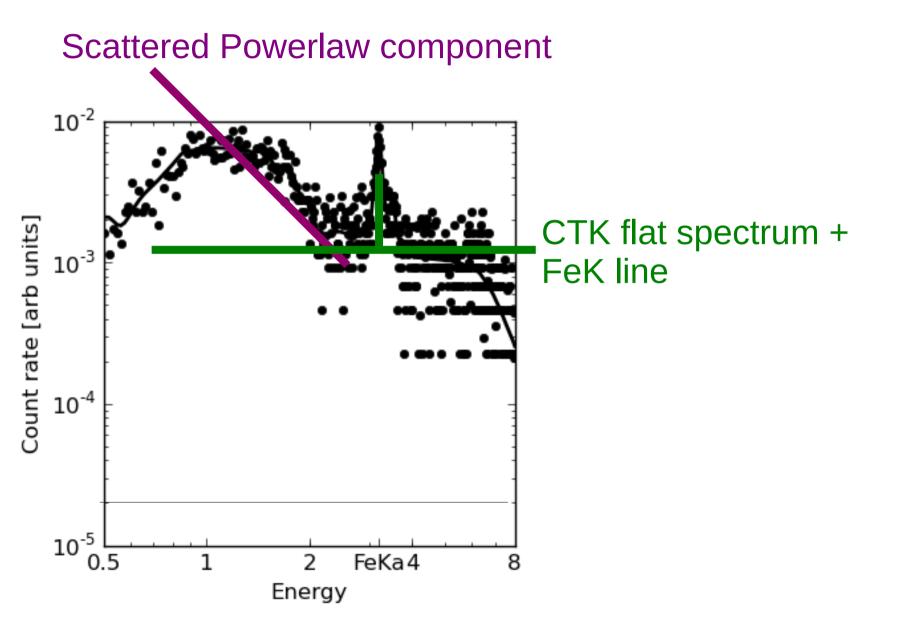
- inflow rate
 Accretion luminosity intrinsic (abs.-corr.)
- inflow obscuration
 LOS column density

inflow time
 Redshift

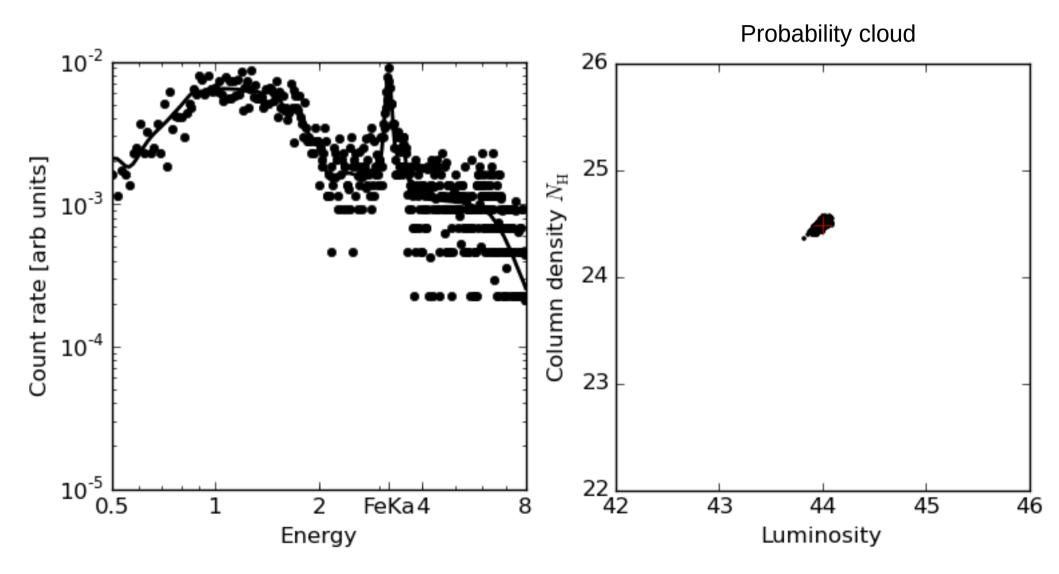
Redshift

- Not possible from X-ray alone see XZ: C. Simmonds
- Association with multi-λ: not trivial see NWAY talk: M. Salvato
- Redshift estimation
 - spec-z: expensive
 - photo-z: hard for AGN -> M. Salvato, LT. Hsu
- How much to trust & when not to trust a z
 - z with uncertainties, propagate
 - include sources w/o redshift Aird+10

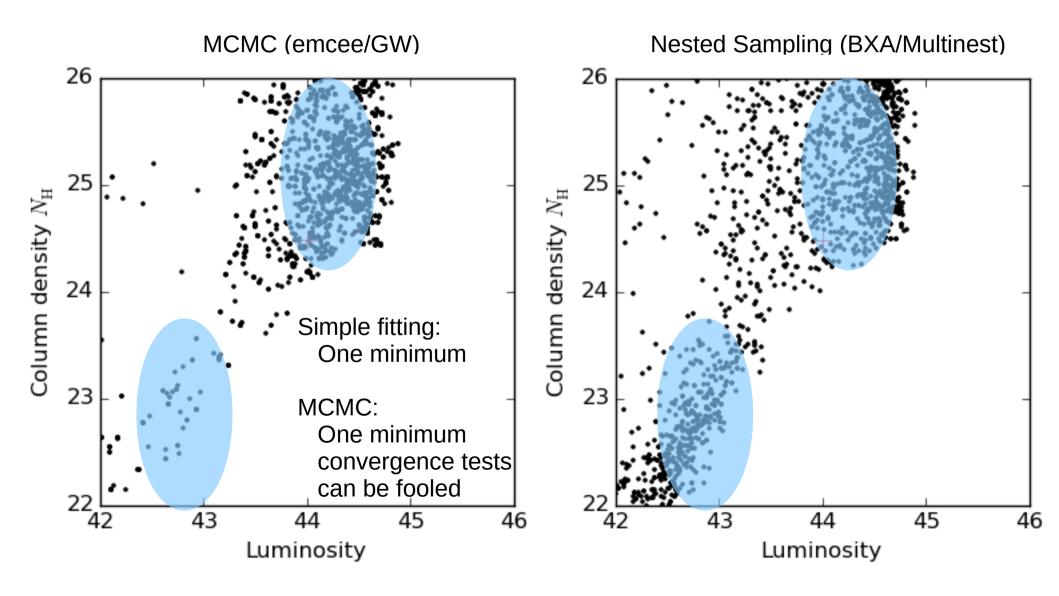
L, N_H from X-ray spectrum

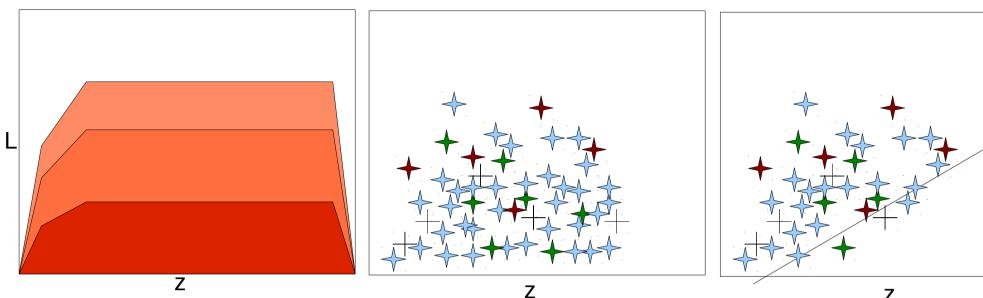


L, N_H from X-ray spectrum

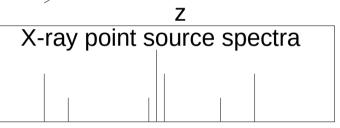


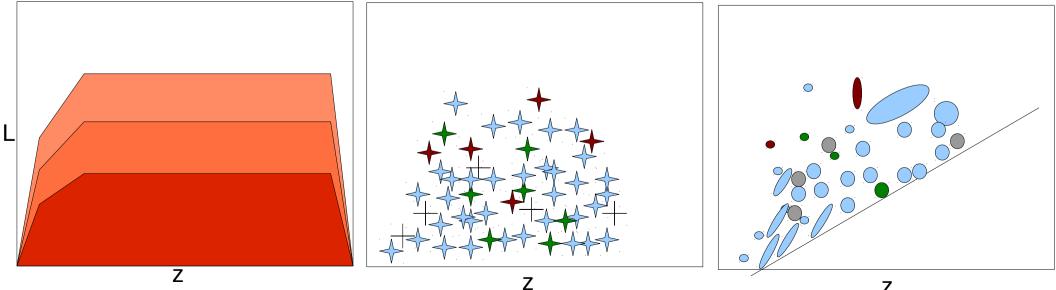
L, N_H from X-ray spectrum





Population inference



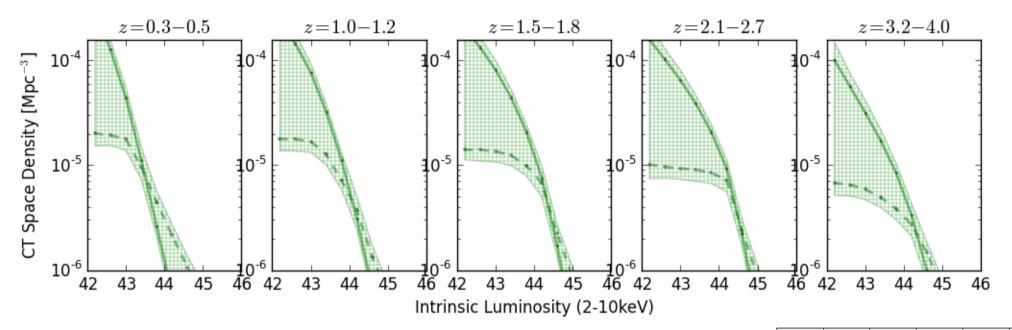


Ζ

Assumptions on LF shape

- Density $\varphi(L_X, z, N_H)$
- Shift in field to verify if
 - assumed double-PL evolution is simple
 - or complex (LDDE)
- Miyaji+15 split sample, check LF in bins
- Aird+10,+15 bending PL of obsc, unobsc evolution via polynomials
- Buchner+15 smooth fields fewest assumptions, large uncertainties

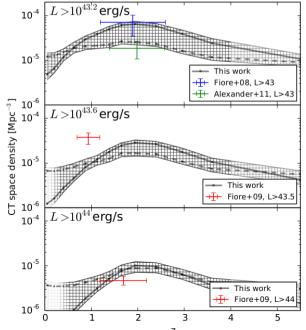
Compton-thick Luminosity Function



- Reconstruction of a smooth field
 - Results insensitive to chosen smoothing length

0.5 mag between bins

• Consistent Cthin total LF with Ueda+14, Aird+10 Buchner+15



Obscured fractions

Total number density

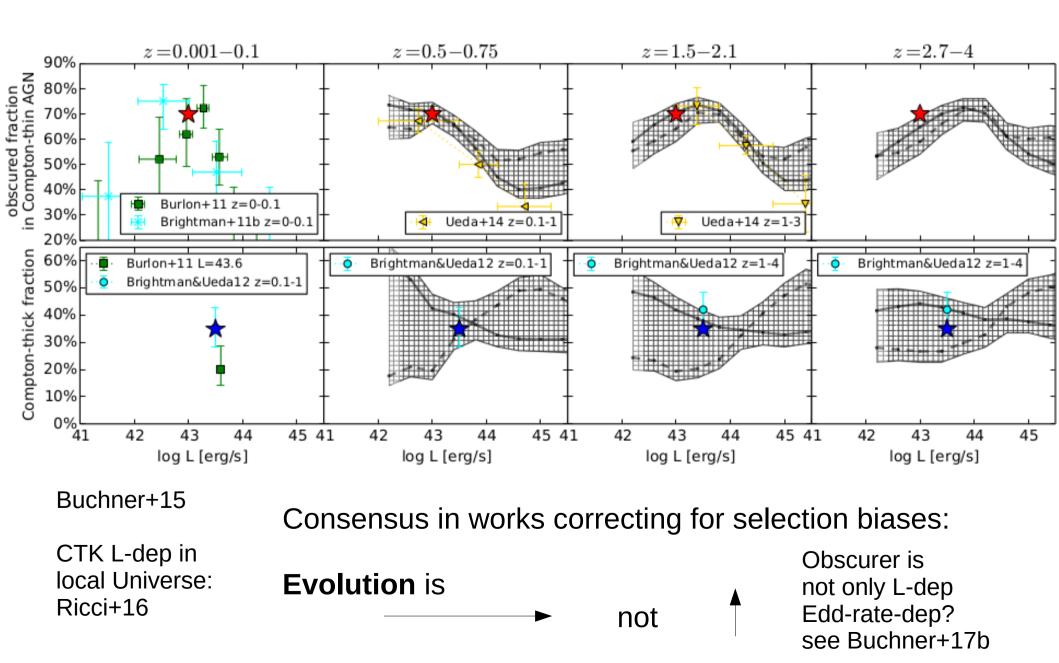
• Obscured fraction:

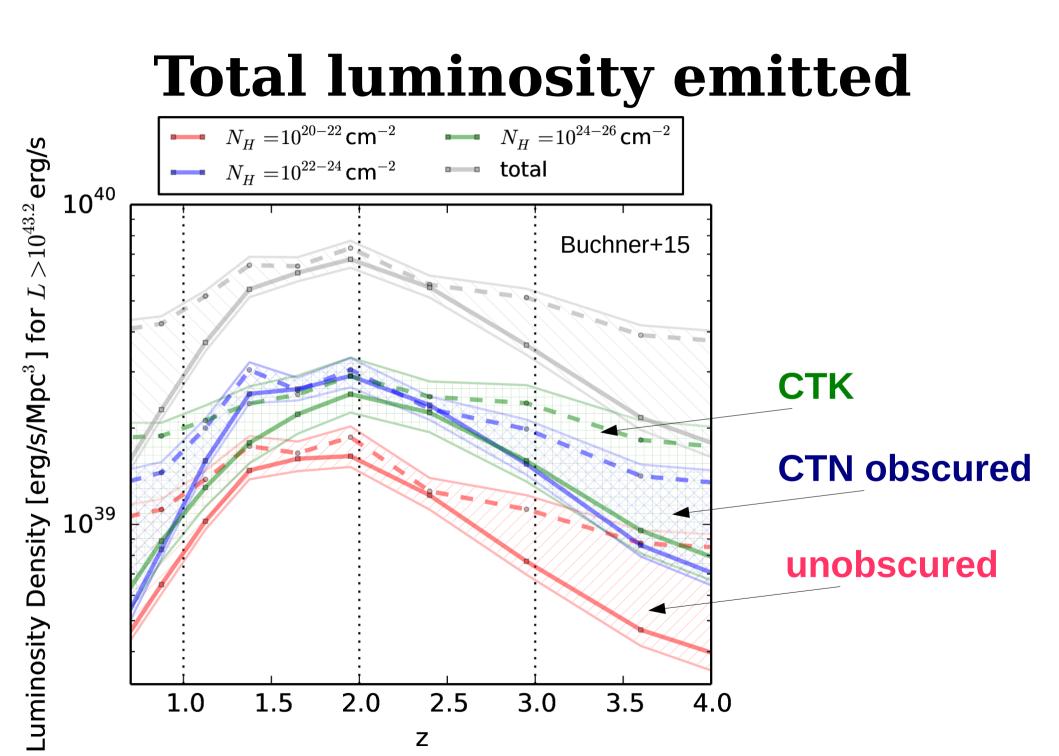
Buchner+15

• Compton-thick fraction:

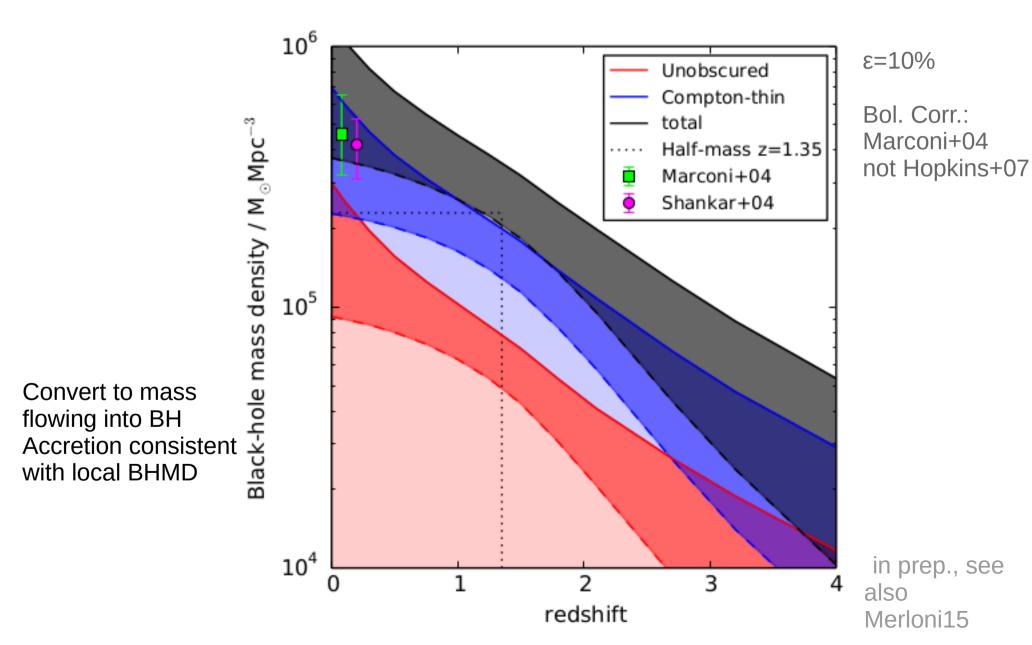
Ricci+16: Swift/BAT Annuar in prep: NuSTAR z=0 Wilkes+13: Radio, z~2 CTK fraction < 40% see talk Mateos+17 for upper limit z<1

Obscuration–Luminosity evolves

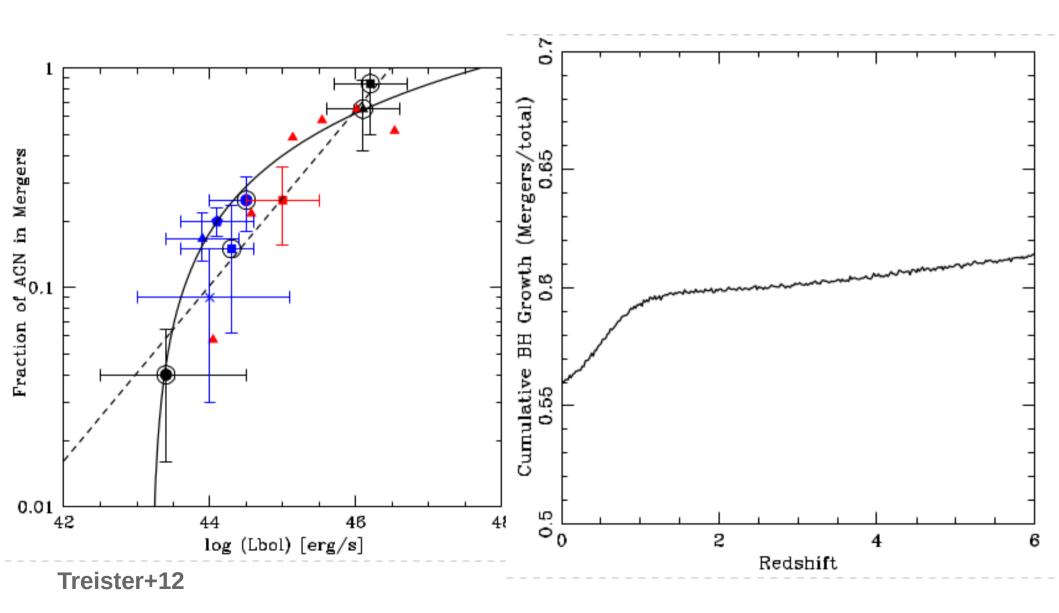




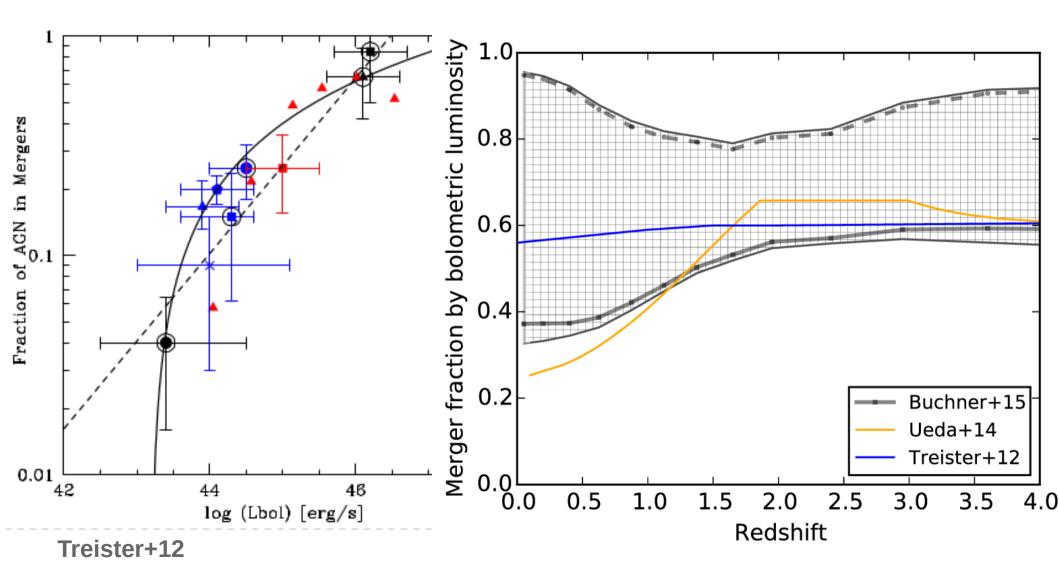
Black Hole Mass Accretion



Mergers



Mergers



Summary

- CTK ~ 1/3 (in number and accretion)
- Obscured ~ 3/4 (in number and accretion)
- Mergers are majority growth mode
- Beware of pitfalls of simple methods

Summary

- CTK ~ 1/3 (in number and accretion)
- Obscured ~ 3/4 (in number and accretion)
- Mergers are majority growth mode

• Beware of pitfalls of simple methods

- Impact of galaxy-scale gas on obscuration?
 - Poster, Buchner+17a,b
- Poster: New CLUMPY X-ray spectral model