

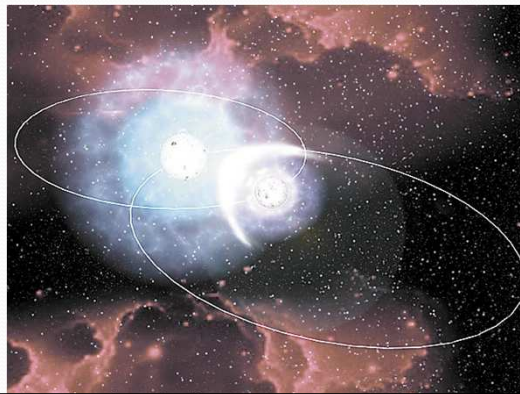
Colliding winds in evolved massive star systems



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Colliding winds

- Two massive stars
= two supersonic winds
⇒ collision
- Shocked plasma seen
from radio to γ -rays
 - X-rays : since first obs.
of massive stars
(Einstein, ROSAT)...



Colliding winds

Phase-locked variability !

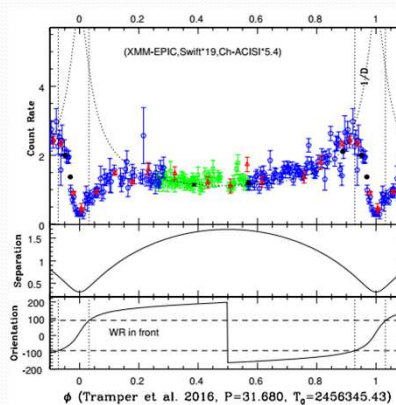
- Absorption (line-of-sight crossing one wind then the other or @periastron), esp. in asymmetric systems
- Emission, because of changing separation in eccentric systems

For a full review, see Rauw & Nazé (2016, ASR, 58, 761, arxiv:1509.06480)

WR21a
HD166734
HD5980

WR21a

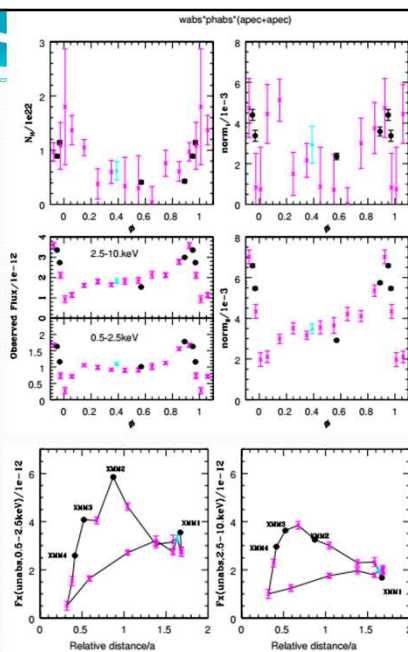
- WN₅+O₃, P=31.7d, e=0.694
- XMM, Swift, Chandra data
- Lightcurve :
 - $\phi=0.2-0.7$: ~cst
 - $\phi=0.7-0.9$: $\sim 1/D \Rightarrow$ adiabatic!
 - Then sharp decrease (minimum @ conjunction for soft X, @ periastron for hard X)
 - Then shallower increase



Gosset & Nazé 2016

WR21a

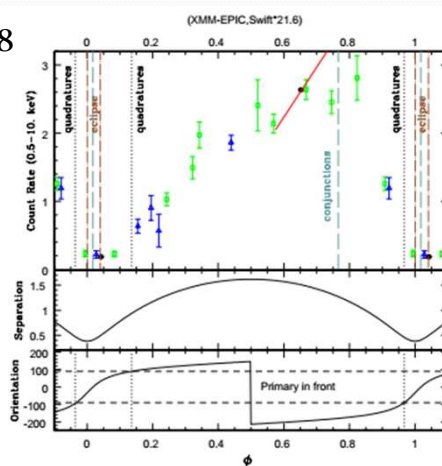
- Spectra :
 - $kT=0.8$ & 3 keV, stable
 - N_h increase towards conj.
 - EMs vary !
- Collision:
 - Should be radiative but as in Zhekov (2012) : adiabatic !
 - Decrease:
 - not an eclipse : none in UV+ event too long + no γ Vel effect @ other conj. + M in optical orbital solution
 - absorption : \dot{M} (WR) revised BUT not sufficient + event too long \Rightarrow shock disruption BUT no softening...



Gosset & Nazé 2016

HD166734

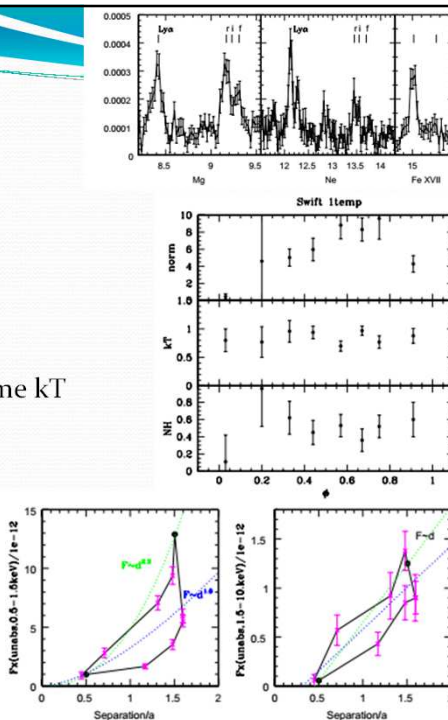
- $O7.5I(f)+O9I(f)$, $P=34.5d$, $e=0.618$ similar to WR21a but with $(\dot{M} v_{inf})$ ratio twice smaller
- XMM & Swift data
- Lightcurve :
 - Deep and long minimum @ periastron (exceptional!), X slightly softer (XMM) NOT an eclipse !
 - Steep decrease before, shallower increase after, quasi flattening for $\phi > 0.5$
 - Steeper increase @ $\phi=0.65$ NOT @ conj. or after !



Nazé et al., 2017, in press

HD166734

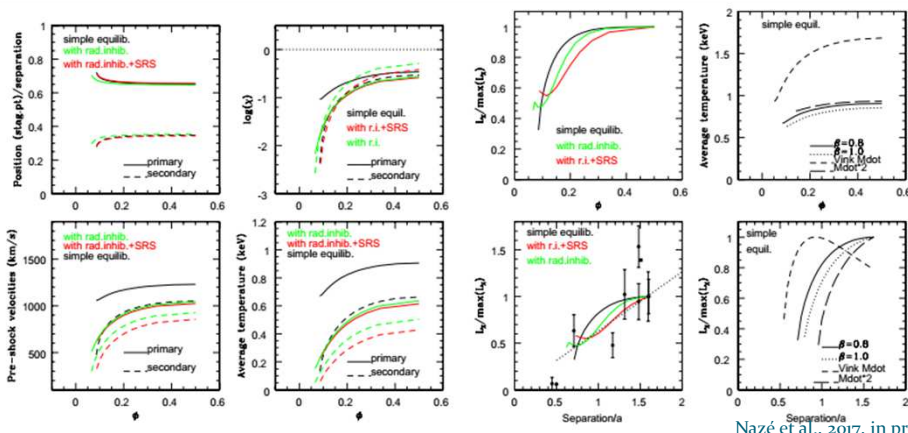
- Spectra :
 - X-ray lines @max flux :
 - No significant shift
 - Width $\sim v_{inf}$
 - $(f+i)/r$ and He-to-H ratio : same kT
 - f strong in He triplets !
 - Global fitting :
 - kT : $\sim cst$
 - Absorption : $\sim cst$
 - EMs vary !
 $\log(Lx/Lbol) \sim -7 @ min !$
 $Fx \propto d^2$ or $d !$



Nazé et al., 2017, in press

HD166734



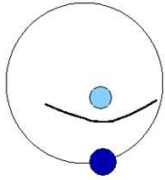
- Stellar param. known \Rightarrow model @ stagnation point :
 - Always radiative, Fx trend OK, but kT too variable



Nazé et al., 2017, in press

HD5980

- Multiple system in SMC
 - Star A= WR/LBV (eruption in 1993-4)
 - Star B=WR, P=19.3d, e=0.27, eclipses !
 - Star C=O, P=96d (around A+B?)
- Colliding winds !

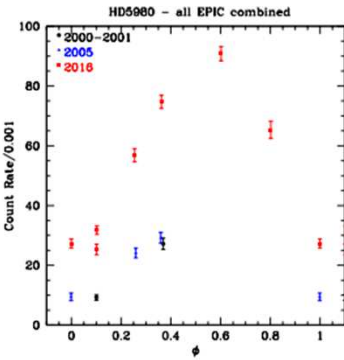
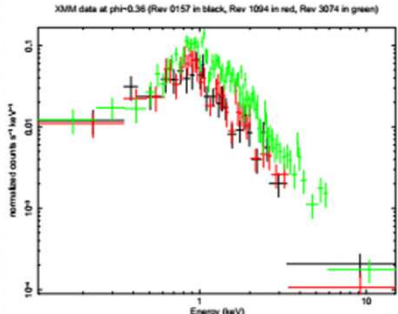




Star A back to normal...

Nazé et al., 2017, in prep

HD5980

- XMM, Chandra data : 2000, 2001, 2005, 2016
- Lightcurve :
 - Same shape
 - Flux * 2.5 + hardening !
- Spectra :
 - kT min and Nh max @apastron
 - Nh larger in 2016

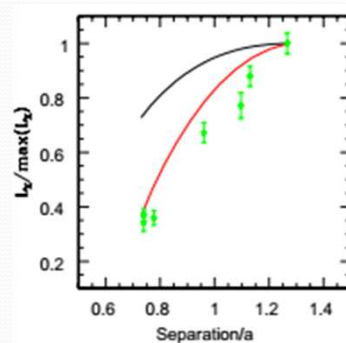
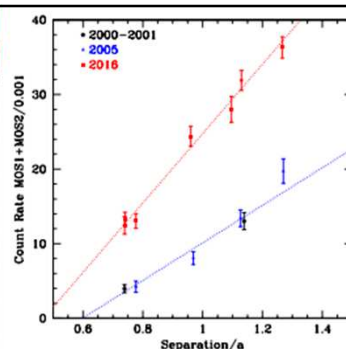



Nazé et al., 2017, in prep

HD5980

- Brightening : not a pedestal so not circumstellar, not coherent with C orbit
- $\dot{M}(A) \times 2$ and $v_{\text{inf}}(A) \downarrow$ by 50%
 $\Rightarrow \dot{M} v_{\text{inf}}^2 \downarrow$ by 50%,
 $\dot{M} v_{\text{inf}}$ ratio /2, $\dot{M}/v_{\text{inf}} / 3.6 !$
- Model of collision in A+B
 - No collapse/disruption
 - Always radiative
 - 2000-2005 similar, hardening in recent years (kT!)
 - Larger kT @ apastron
 - Emitting region not much larger

Nazé et al., 2017, in prep



The way forward

- Improving surveys:
filling the parameter space
- Study of extragalactic sources
as winds = $f(Z)$
- Monitoring of line profiles

