X-ray Spectra of Hot CGM around Spiral galaxies

Connecting Simulations to Observations

Aditi Vijayan



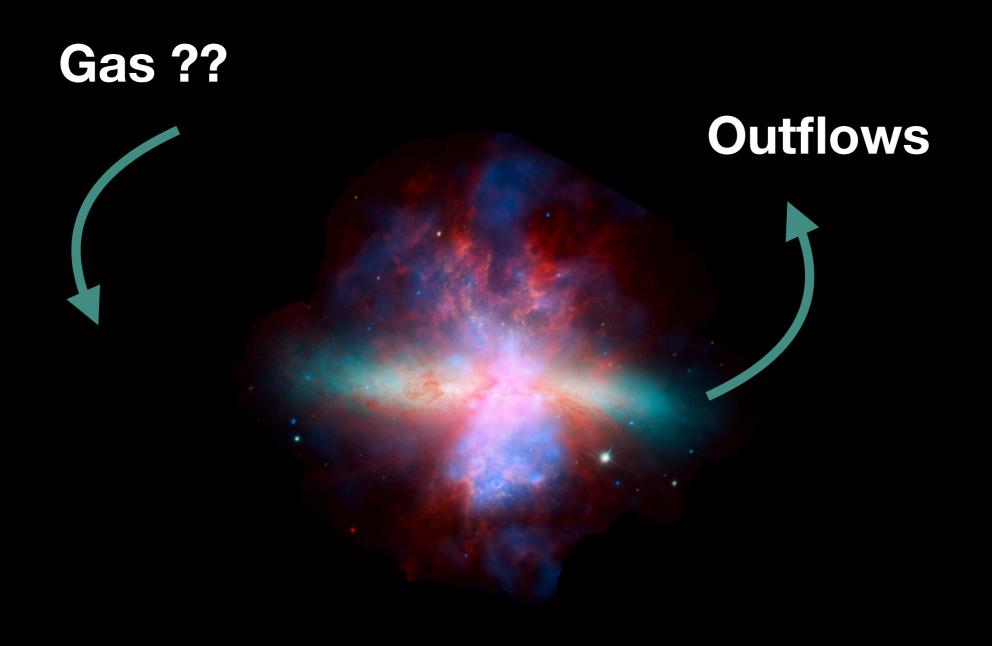


Miao Li

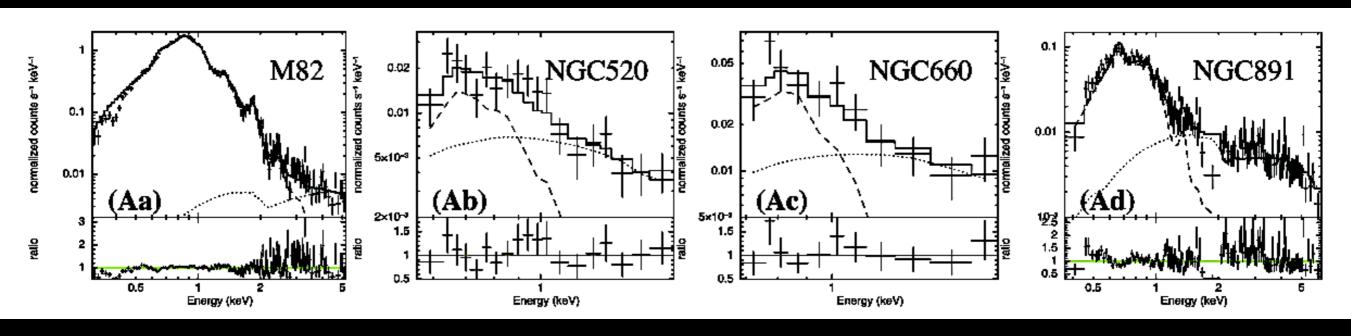


Flatiron Institute

CGM: Repository of Information



Motivation



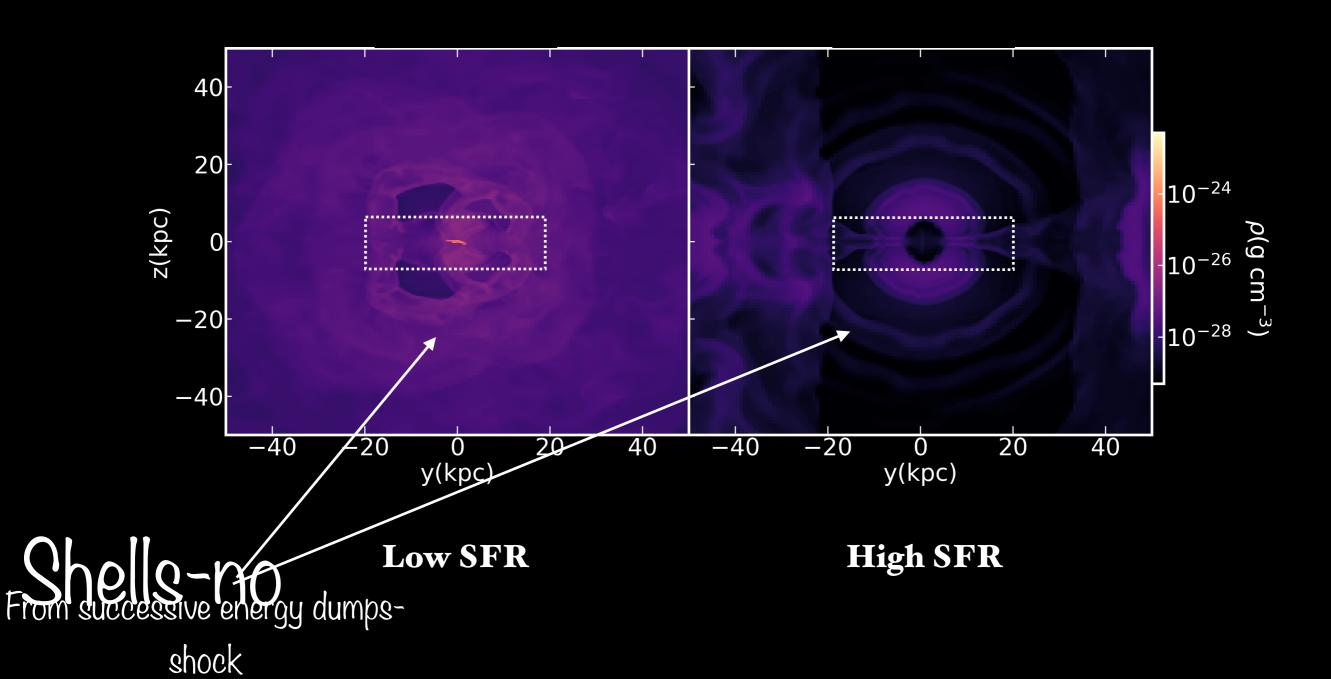
Jiang-Tao Li and Q. Daniel Wang, 2013, MNRAS, 428, 2085

A number of observations of CGM already exists, thanks to Chandra and XMM.

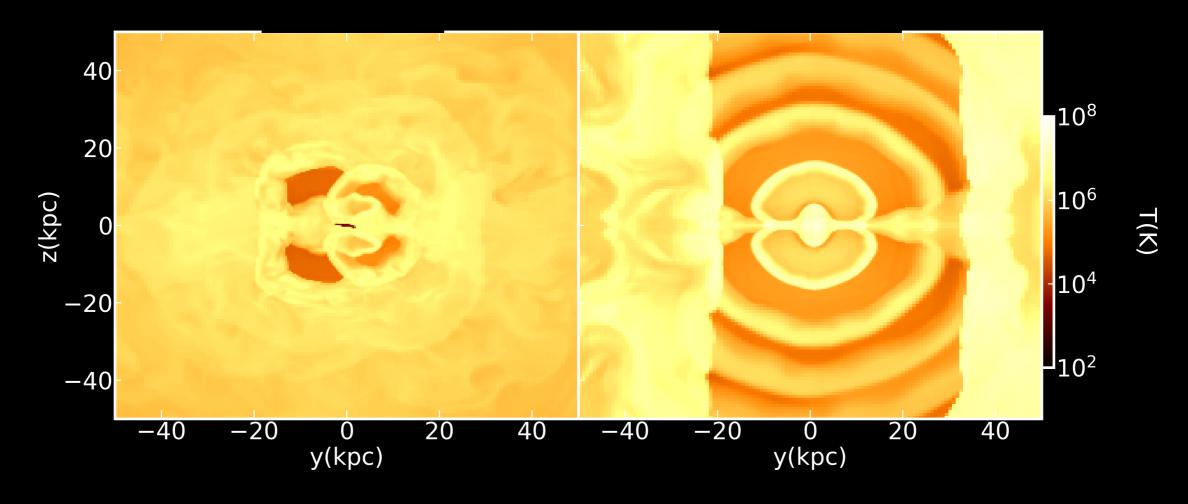
Observers use 1-T and 2-T models to estimate physical properties of the underlying plasma.

But gas is multiphase!
-t is diff

Slices- Density Temperature Metallicity



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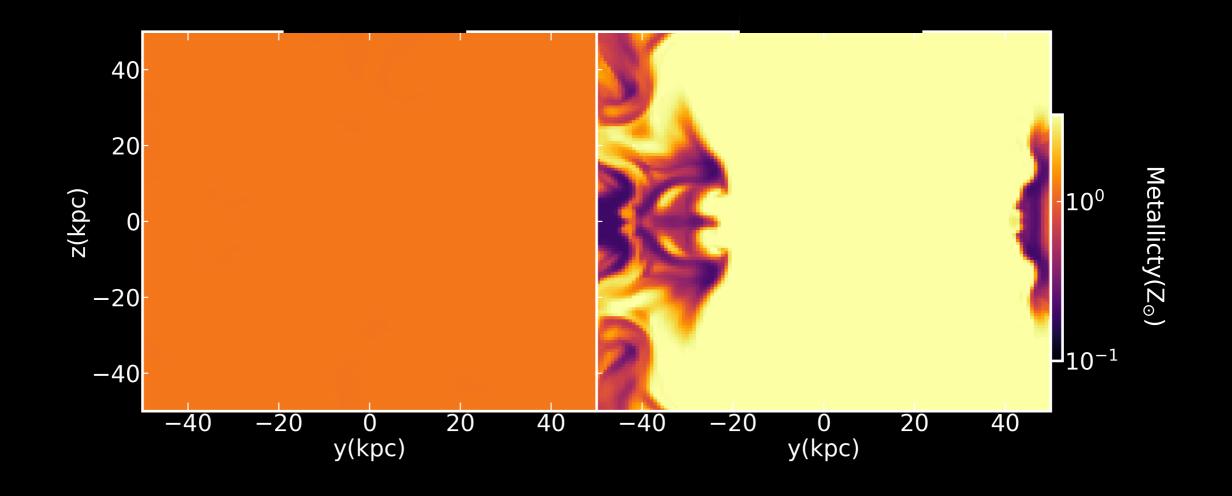
Low SFR

High SFR

Hot Gas-no T>10 MK

Cold Gas-no T<1000K

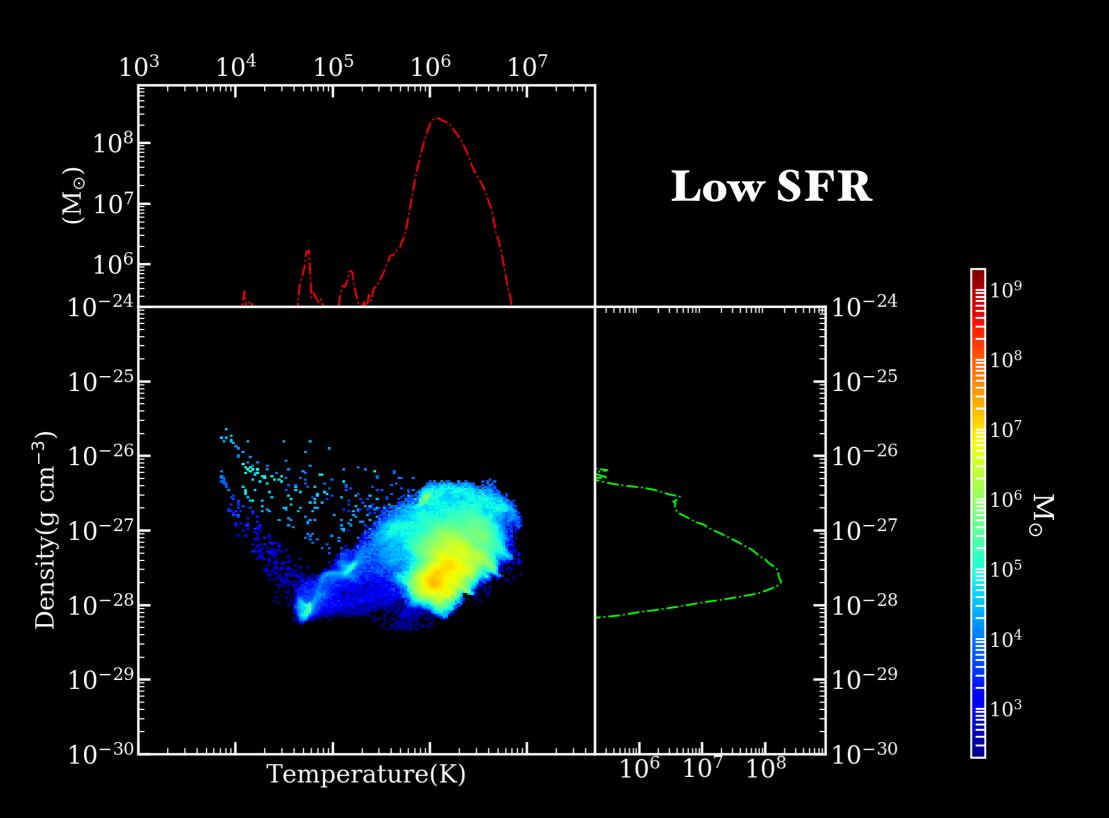
Slices-Density Temperature Metallicity



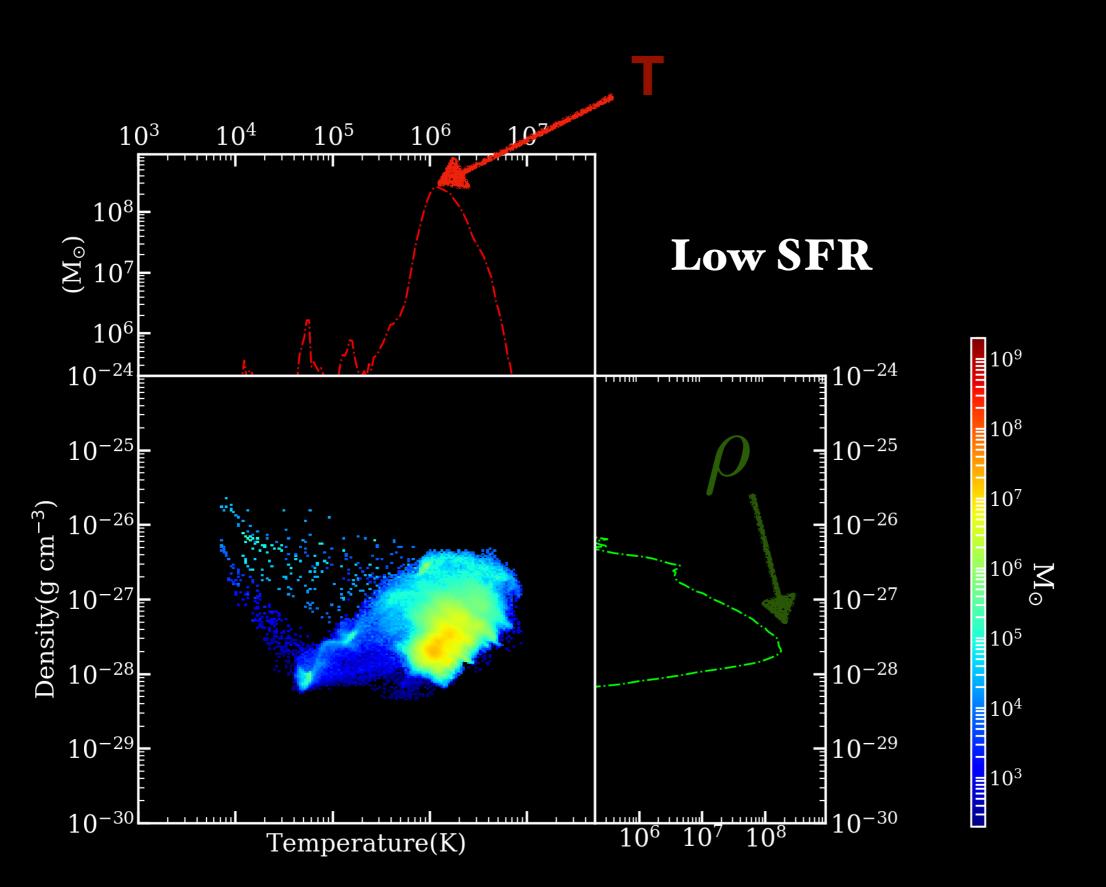
Low SFR

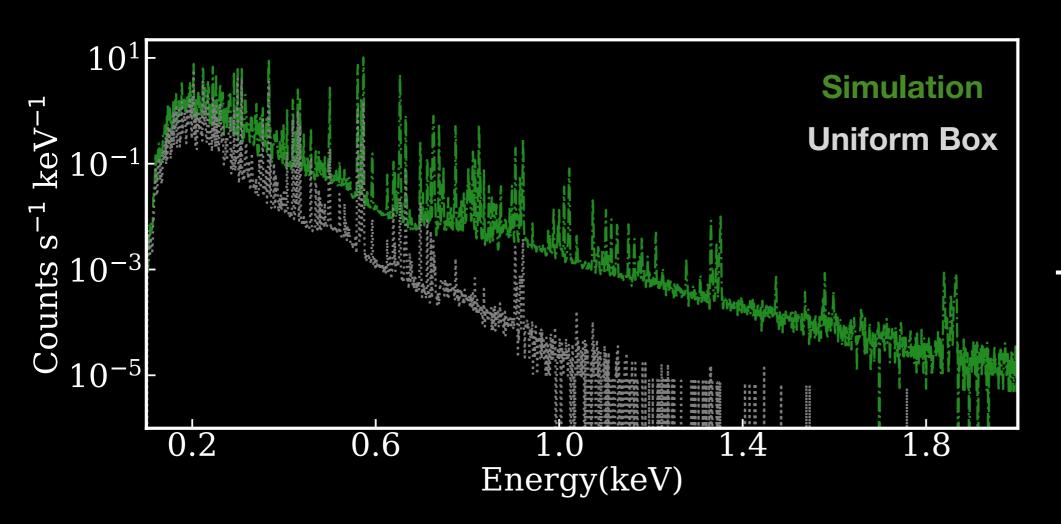
High SFR

Getting Parameters- Reproducing 1T Model



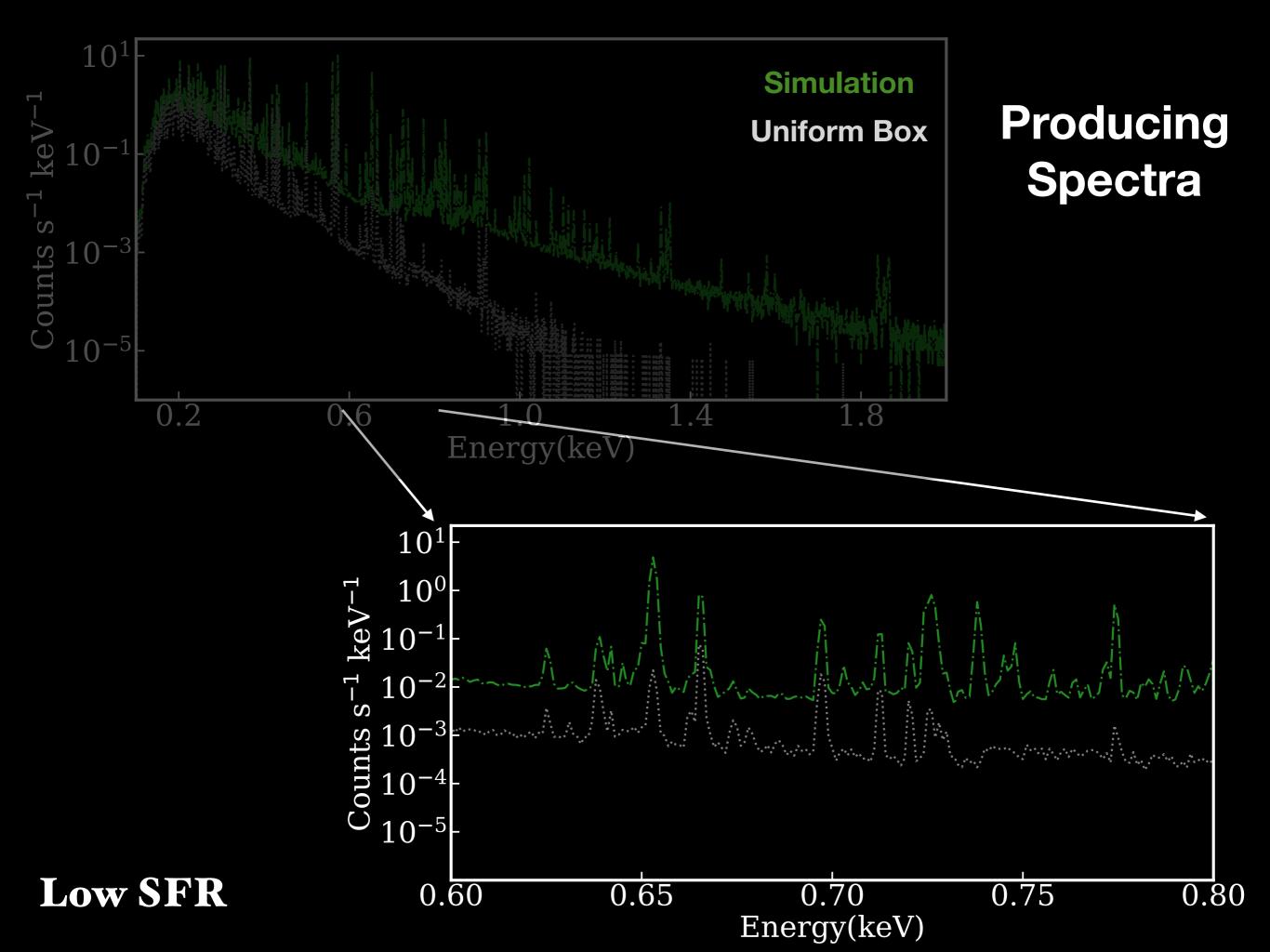
Getting Parameters- Reproducing 1T Model

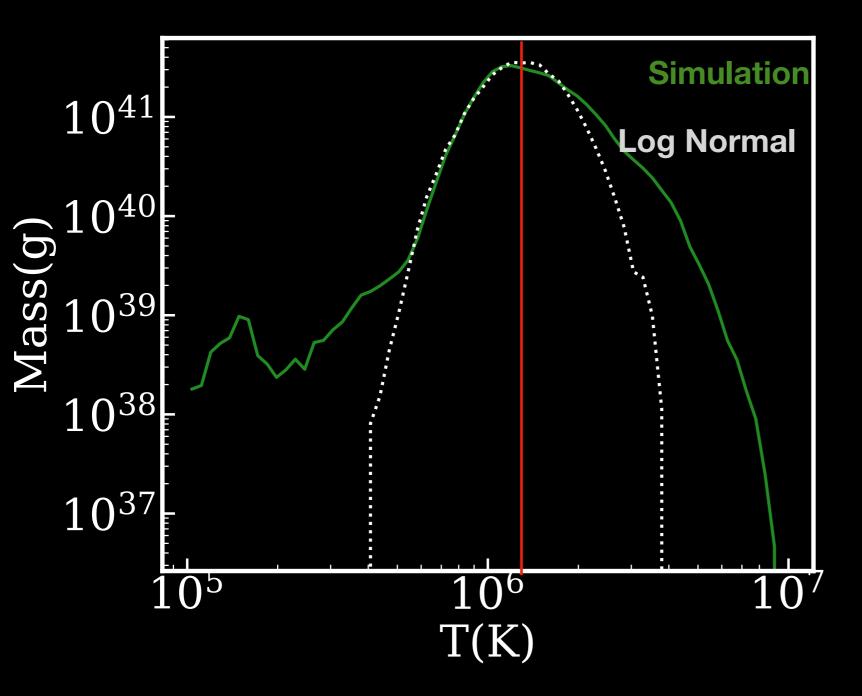




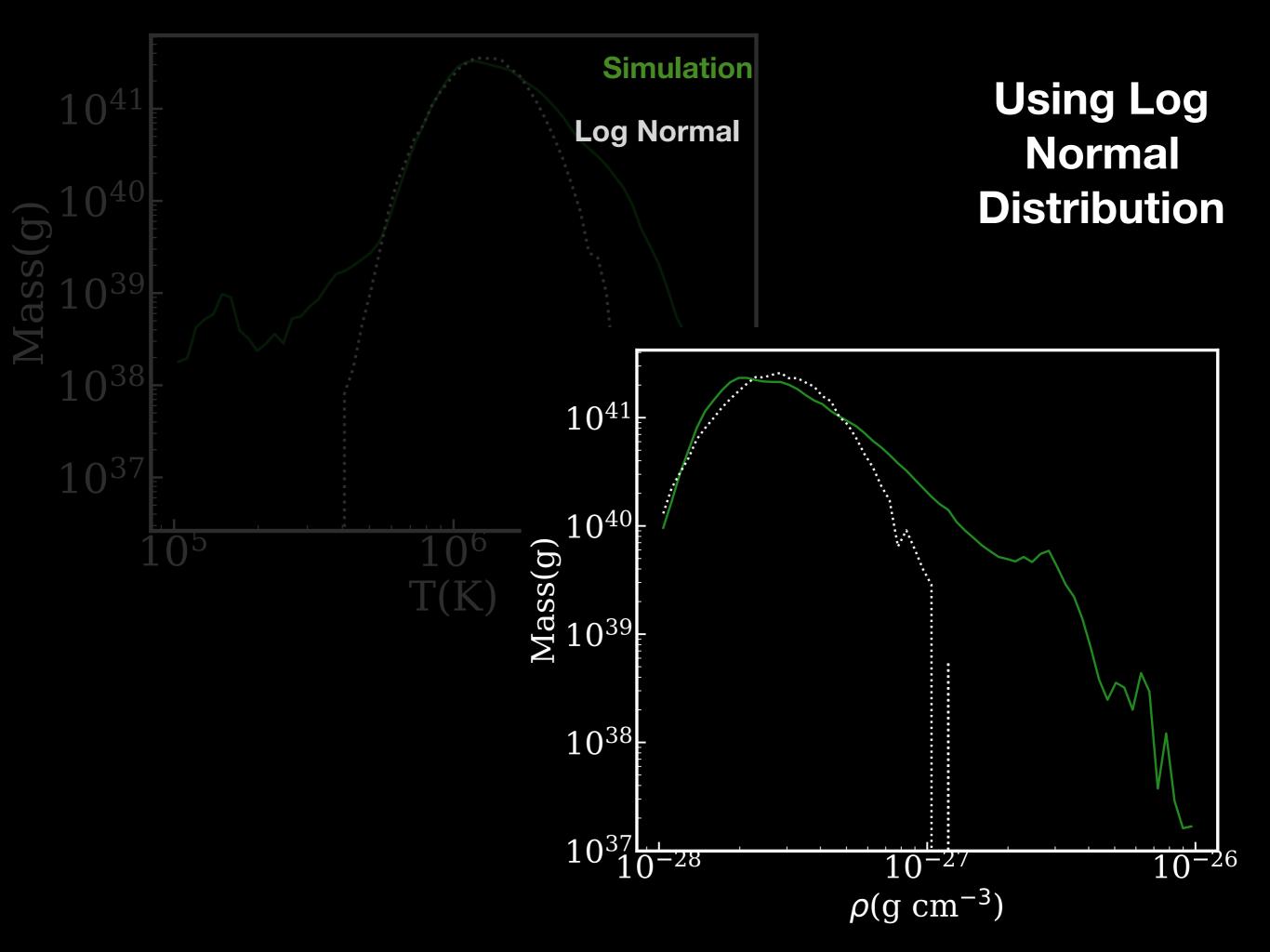
Producing Spectra

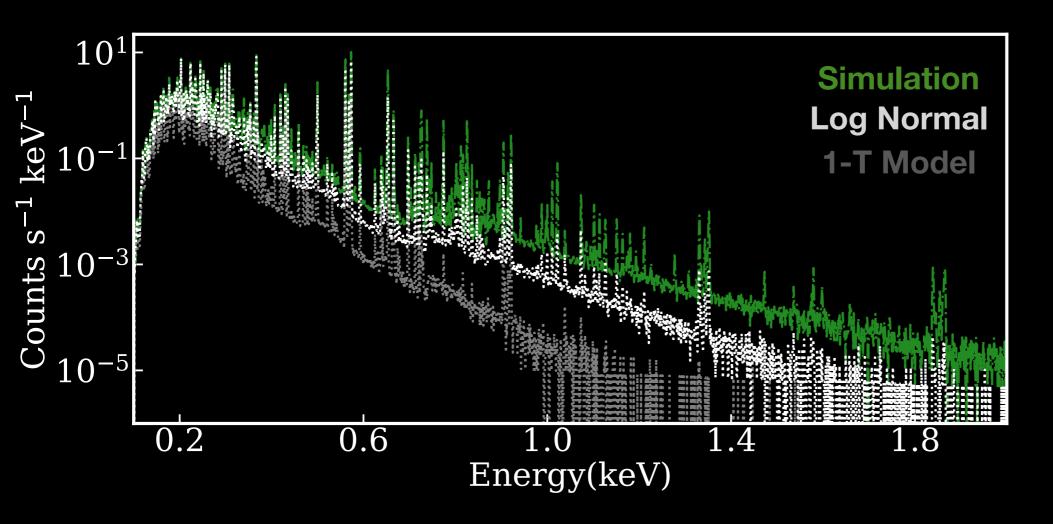
-using pyXSIM



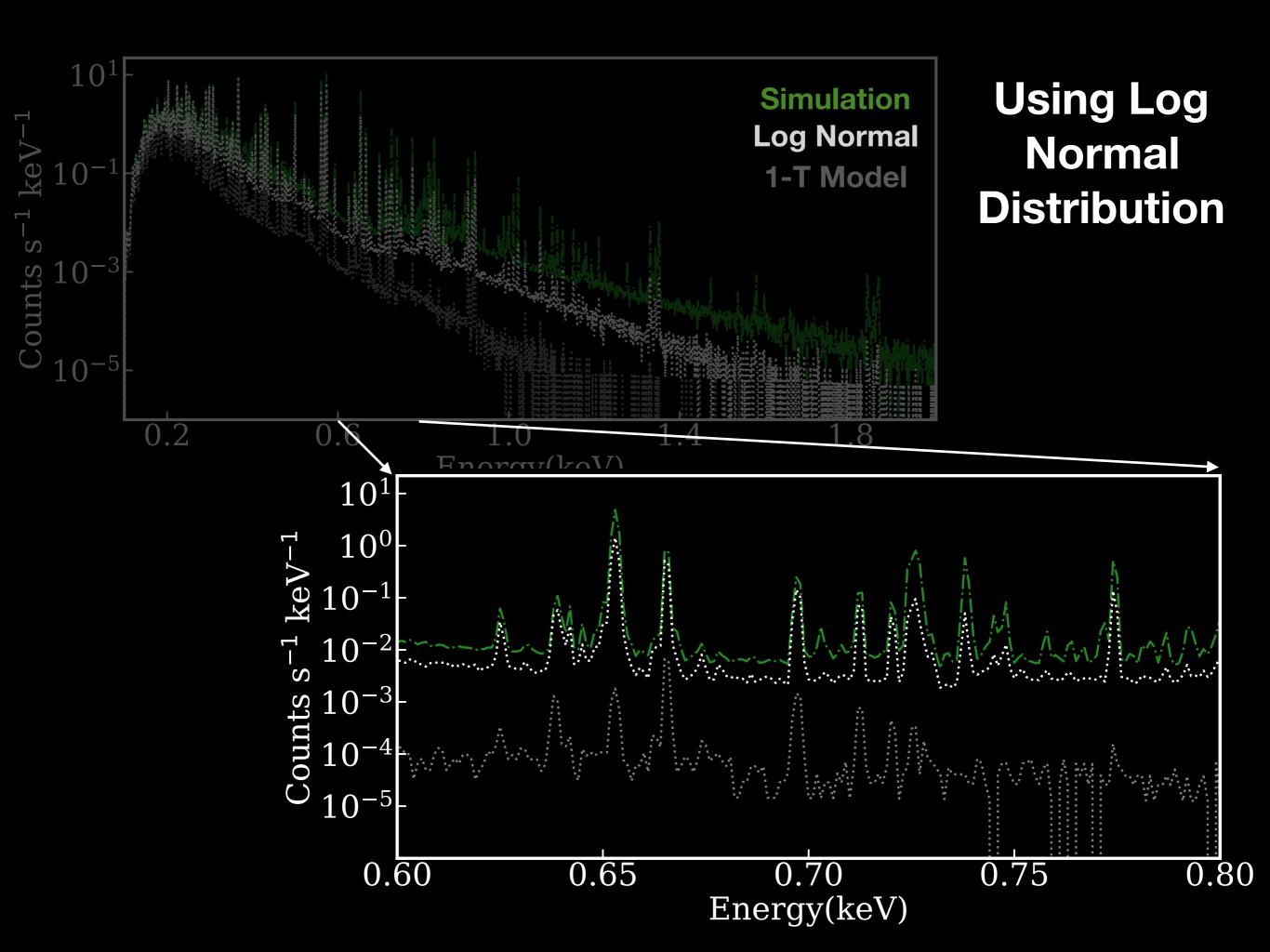


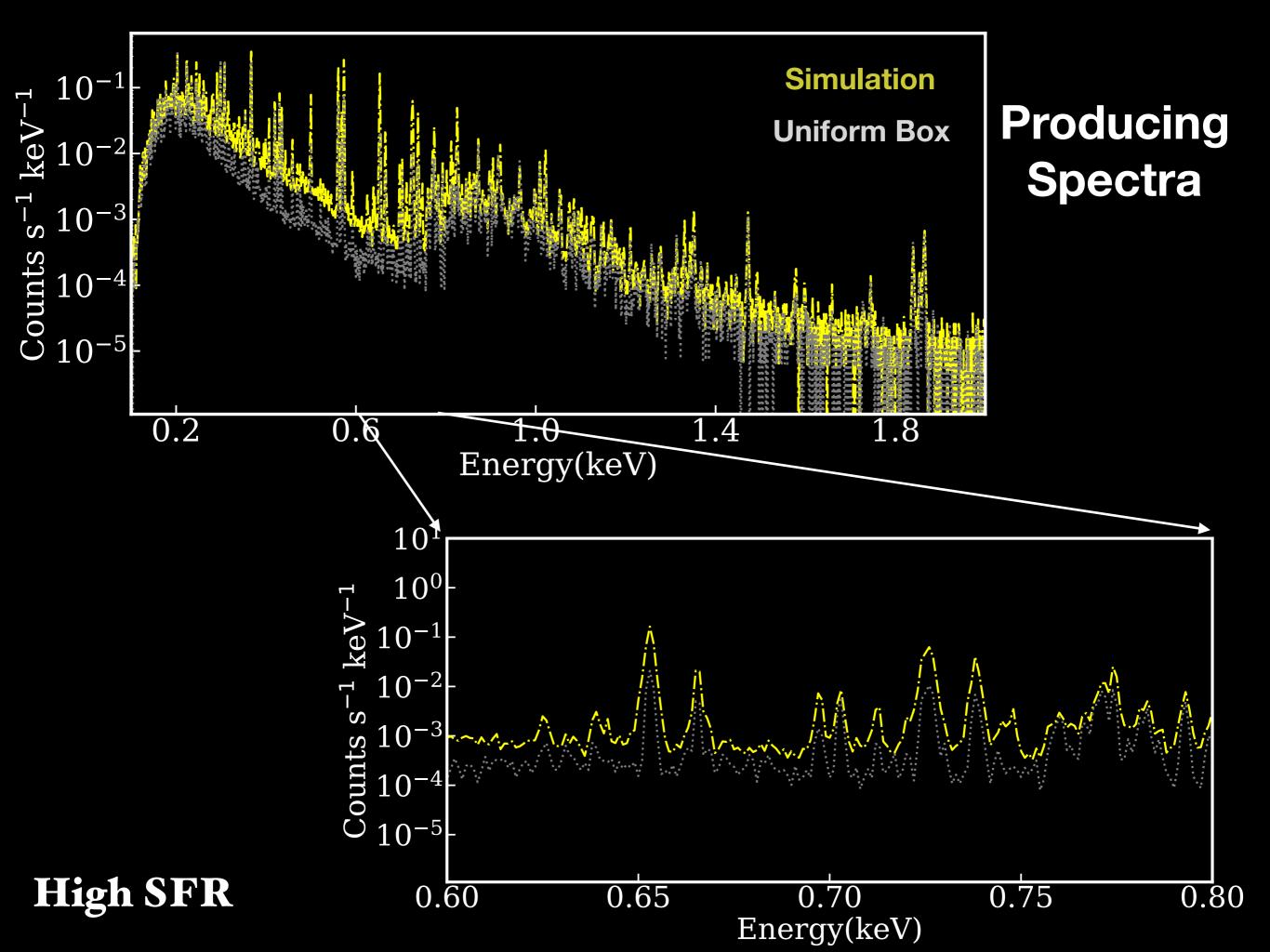
Using Log Normal Distribution





Using Log Normal Distribution





Conclusions

• Star formation creates multiphase distribution of gas in galaxy.

• Using one or two representative temperatures for plasma may not be entirely accurate.

• Log-Normal temperature distribution can give a better fit to the spectra.