The XMM-Newton Survey Science Centre SSC

Mike Watson & Natalie Webb



Topics

- Introduction to SSC and brief history
- SSC roles in XMM project
 - science analysis software
 - pipeline science processing
 - serendipitous catalogue creation
 - follow-up identification programme
- Current status: restructuring and new catalogues
- Future



Survey Science Centre (SSC)

- SSC Consortium formed in 1995, competitive bid for SSC activities in response to ESA AO
- Selected by ESA in early 1996, activities started in April 1996
- Funded by national agencies

Original rôle of SSC (as defined in *ESA XMM Science Management Plan ESA/SPC(88)20, 01-Jun-88), Section 4.4.1.)*

"The role of the Survey Scientist is to provide both expert support to ESA on the general concept and to provide the software system for analysis of the XMM database. The Survey Scientist will undertake the systematic analysis of all archive data leading to the production of catalogues of all serendipitous sources detected by XMM."



	SSC Proposal	SSID part C	Issue 1 June 1995	Page i
	List of Investigators			
	Survey Scientist			
•	Dr M G Watson	University of Leicester, UK		
	Co-Investigators			
	Dr M Arnaud	Service d'Astrophysique, CEA	/DSM/DAPNIA, Saclay, Fr	rance
	Dr J Ballet	Service d'Astrophysique, CEA	/DSM/DAPNIA, Saclay, Fr	rance
	Dr M Boer	CESR, Toulouse, France		
0	Dr Th Boller	Astrophysikalisches Institut Potsdam, Germany		
0	Dr M S Cropper	MSSL, University College London, UK		
	Prof R S Ellis	Institute of Astronomy, Cambr	idge, UK	
	Prof A C Fabian	Institute of Astronomy, Cambr	idge, UK	
	Dr F Genova	Centre de Données astronomique	ues de Strasbourg, France	
0	Prof G Hasinger	Astrophysikalisches Institut Po	tsdam, Germany	
	Dr R G McMahon	Institute of Astronomy, Cambri	idge, UK	
	Prof K O Mason	MSSL, University College Lor	ndon, UK	
	Dr C Motch	Observatoire de Strasbourg, Fra	ance	
	Dr M Pakull	Observatoire de Strasbourg, Fra	ance	
	Dr W Pietsch	Max-Planck Institut für extrater	restrische Physik, Germany	,
	Dr G C Stewart	University of Leicester, UK		
	Dr W Voges	Max-Planck Institut für extrater	restrische Physik, Germany	,
	Dr R S Warwick	University of Leicester, UK		
	Associate Scientists			
	Dr T Maccacaro	OAB, Italy (Chair of Associate	Scientists)	
0	Dr X Barcons	University of Santander, Spain		
	Dr M S Elvis	Harvard-Smithsonian CfA, USA	A	
	Dr K Sekiguchi	NAO, Tokyo, Japan		
	Dr J-M Vreux	Université de Liège, Belgium		
	Dr D Worrall	University of Bristol, UK		
	Key Personnel			
	Dr J P Pye	University of Leicester, UK (Pre	oject Manager)	
•	Dr J P Osborne	University of Leicester, UK (Sci		r)
0	Dr C Page	University of Leicester, UK (Da		
			,	

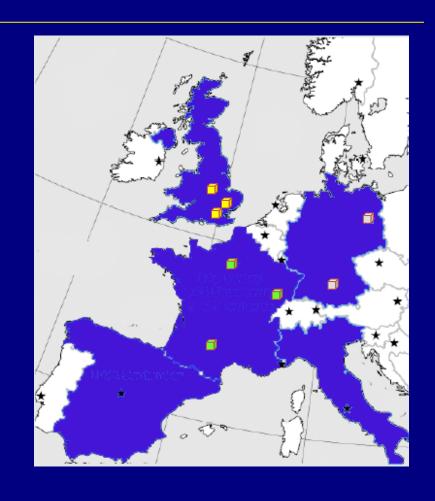
SSC Consortium (1996)

University of Leicester (UK)
MSSL (UK)
IoA Cambridge (UK)

SAp/CEA/Saclay (France) CESR Toulouse (France) OAS Strasbourg (France)

AIP Potsdam (Germany)
MPE Garching (Germany)

+ Associate Scientists



SSC Consortium (2002)

30 FTE at peak

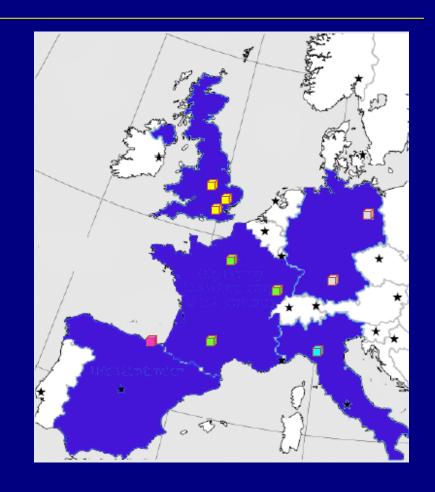
University of Leicester (UK)
MSSL (UK)
IoA Cambridge (UK)

SAp/CEA/Saclay (France) CESR Toulouse (France) OAS Strasbourg (France)

AIP Potsdam (Germany)
MPE Garching (Germany)

IFCA Santander (Spain)
OAB Milano (Italy)

+ Associate Scientists





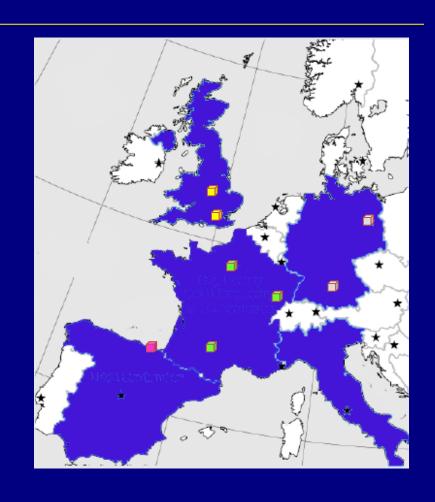
SSC Consortium (2019)

University of Leicester (UK)
MSSL (UK)

DAp/CEA/Saclay (France)
IRAP Toulouse (France)
OAS Strasbourg (France)

AIP Potsdam (Germany)
MPE Garching (Germany)

IFCA Santander (Spain)



Main SSC roles in XMM-Newton

Science Analysis Software (SAS)

- provision and maintenance of science analysis software for all XMM-Newton instruments
- task shared with ESA SOC and instrument teams

Pipeline Processing & Reprocessing

- standardised processing of all XMM-Newton science data
- data products → science archive @SOC (XSA) → observer and archival users
- SSC provided processing infrastructure, all processing operations and quality control

Catalogue creation

- serendipitous X-ray source catalogues from every EPIC observation (+ OM catalogues)
- catalogues based on pipeline processing

XID Program

large-scale follow-up and identification program for selected samples of serendipitous
 X-ray sources



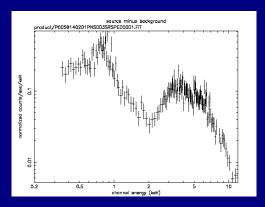
C++ 452K lines

Fortran 627K lines

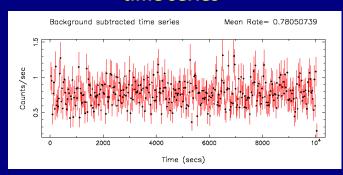
Pipeline processing

- SSC operated the XMM-Newton science pipeline from 2000 – 2012
 - thereafter transferred to ESA SOC
 - 2 new datasets per day, every day
 - 1-2 week turn-around time at SSC
 - substantial operations and system engineering & management task
 - substantial quality control (data screening) activities for each observation
- Produced set of standard products for all 6 instruments
 - distributed to observers and incorporated into archive (XSA)

X-ray spectrum

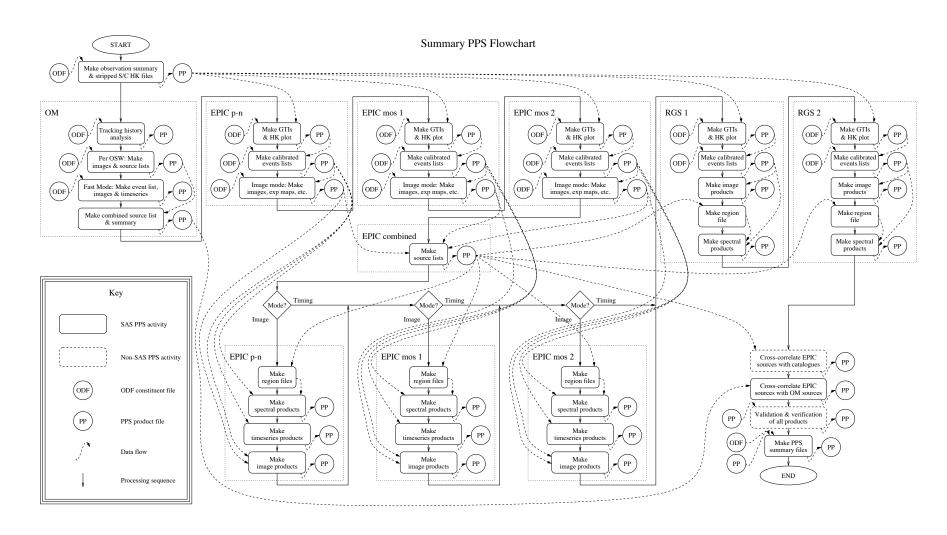


time series





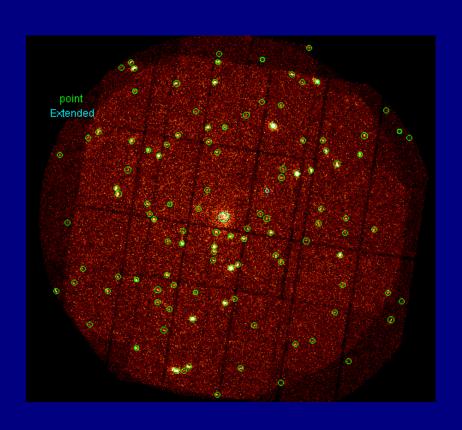
Simplified processing flowchart





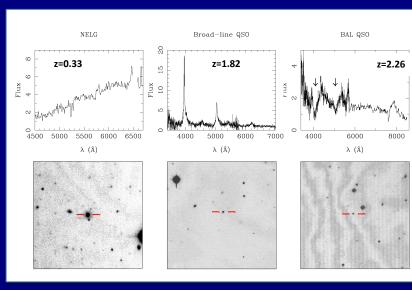
SSC Serendipitous Source Catalogues

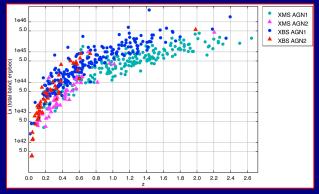
- Each XMM EPIC observation detects 50-200 new* X-ray sources
- Serendipitous source catalogues created from each observation
- Careful quality control and catalogue characterisation
- First catalogue (1XMM) in 2003
- Latest catalogue (3MM-DR9) in 2018 contains ~500K sources



SSC XID Program

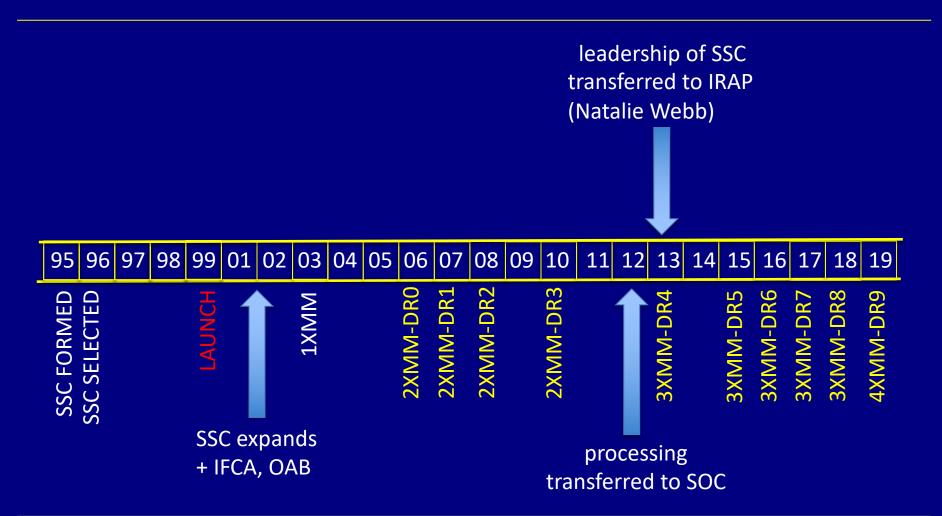
- Extensive X-ray source follow-up and identification program
 - carefully selected samples
 - optimise value of XMM serendipitous survey for community
 - statistical identifications for the whole
 XMM-Newton serendipitous catalogue
 - 5-10 observing runs per year (whole SSC XID) ~1999-2010
 - spectroscopic IDs for >2000 XMM sources
 - deep multi-colour imaging data for ~20000 XMM sources







SSC history: 24 years!

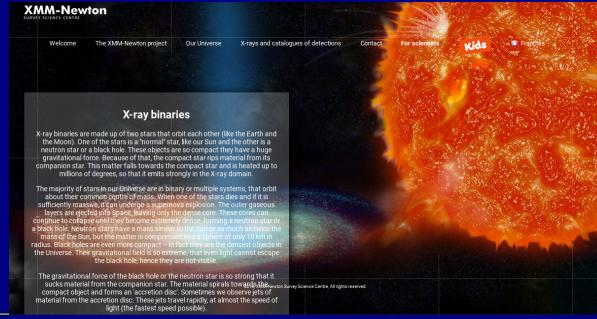




Continuity and enhancements

- Continued SAS task development + support
- Continued data products screening
- Ongoing source identification activities
- Enhancement of catalogue servers
- Continued input into OM catalogue (SUSS)
- Continued input into SAS + pipeline
- development via monthly SAS-CCB & SASWG meetings
- Regular telecons & consortium meetings
- New SSC webpages
 http://xmmssc.irap.omp.eu/
 and outreach pages



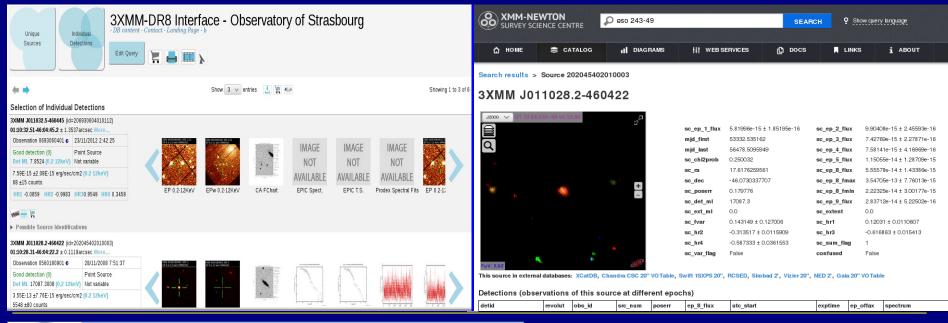




XMM-Nawton 20th anniversary 10 - 11 December 2019, ESAC

Catalogue

- New incremental version of 3X₁MM yearly (Rosen, Webb, Watson et al. 2016)
- Latest version, 3XMM-DR8 (16 May 2018, 775153 detections)
- 3XMM-DR8 accessed at IRAP by 2100 people from 87 countries
- Introduced the stacked catalogue (3XMM-DR7s)
- New catalogue server since 2014 (spectral fitting, lightcurve extraction, ...)
- Successful international workshop on high energy catalogues



New for 4XMM-DR9

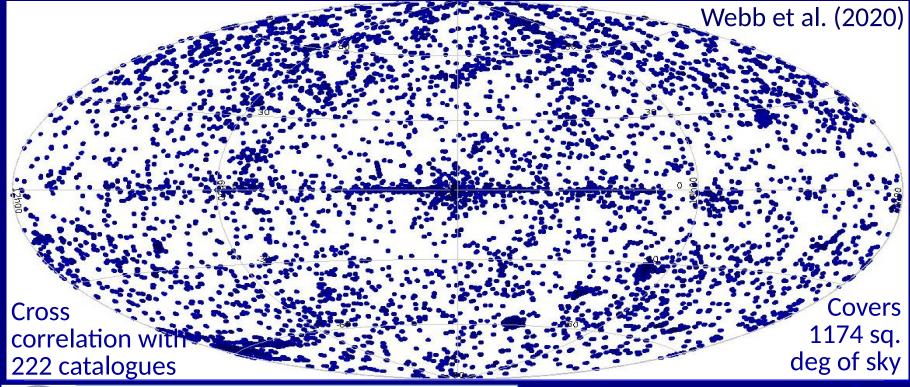
- improved calibration & software
- pn lightcurves binned to seconds resolution
- background now calculated with smoothing method (not spline)
- KS test also used to evaluate variability (on non-binned data)
- systematic position for poscorok=F improved to 1.29" (from 1.5")
- new columns: EP EXTENT ML, SC EXTENT ERR, pileup eval., KS test results
- improved methodology to calculate SC_EXTENT and FVAR
- improved pile-up estimate
- radio to gamma-ray SEDS
- sky exposure to be provided for all catalogue
- update to upper limit server, FLIX



4XMM-DR9



3 February 2000 – 1 March 2019 810795 detections, 550124 unique sources - detected up to 69 times 288282 (36%) sources with spectra and lightcurves 76999 extended sources

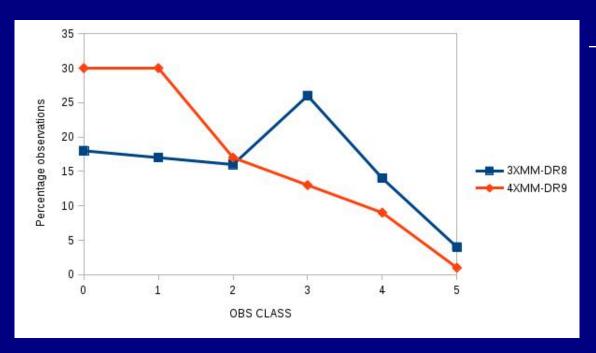




XMM-Newton 20th anniversary 10 - 11 December 2019, ESAC

4MM DR9



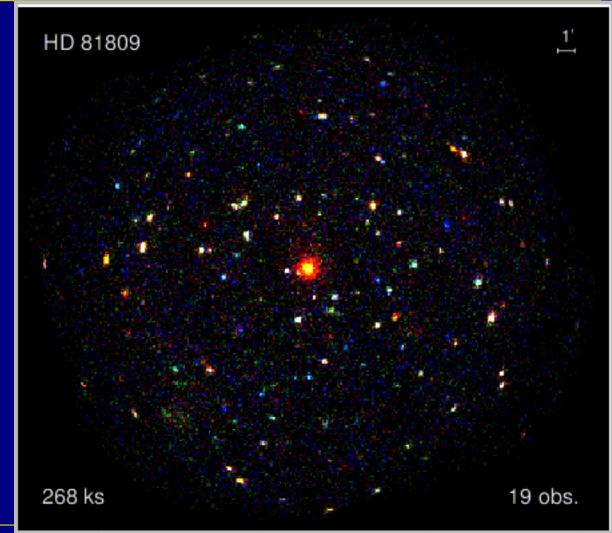


<u>Obsclass</u>	Quality	
0	bad area = 0%	
1	0% < bad area < 0.1%	
2	0.1% < bad area < 1%	
3	1% < bad area < 10%	
4	10% < bad area < 100%	
5	bad area = 100%	

4XMM-DR9s

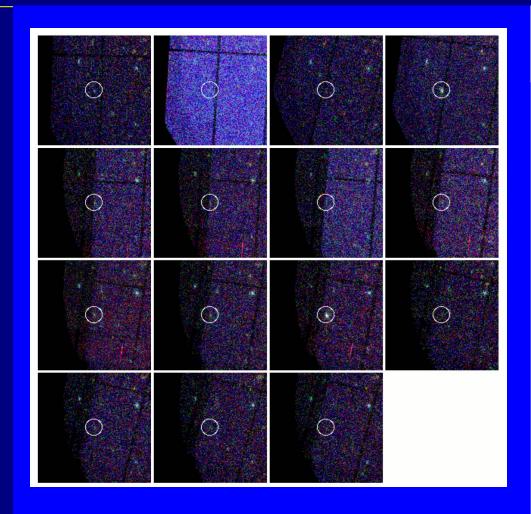


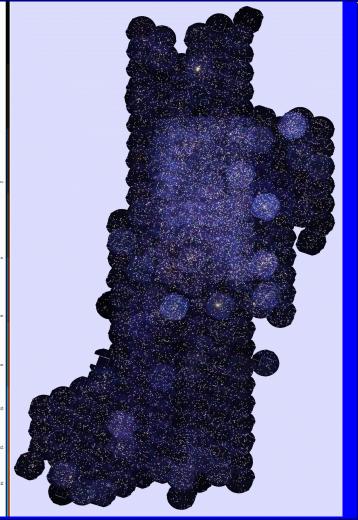
- •1329 stacks
- •6604 observations
- •288191 sources
- •20% new sources with respect to 4XMM-DR9



4XMM-DR9s







Summary and future

- Good quality software to reduce all XMM-Newton data
- Reliable pipeline to reduce XMM-Newton data automatically
- Provided a good quality X-ray catalogues widely used by the community
- Provided a complimentary catalogue of ultra-violet and optical sources
- Provided repositories and databases in which to search and exploit the catalogue data and multi-wavelength follow-up data
- Produced a series of well cited papers
- Continued manpower available in the SSC
- Continued collaboration and synergy with the SOC
- Yearly incremental versions of 4XMM
- 5XMM expected for ~2025
- Exploit the time domain capacity of XMM-Newton
- Continue to provide XMM-Newton legacy products over the lifetime of XMM



Ready for the next decade of XMM-Newton



