Eclipsing the X-ray emitting regions in AGN

Mario Sanfrutos¹

In collaboration with: Giovanni Miniutti¹ and Michal Dovčiak²

¹Centro de Astrobiología, CSIC / INTA, Madrid ²Astronomical Institute, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Prague

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The innermost regions in AGN: general scheme



Motivation

To probe general relativistic effects by studing X-ray eclipses



NGC1365 Risaliti et al. +11 (MNRAS 417, 178–183)

Compton-thin cloud $N_{\rm H} = 3.5 \times 10^{23} {\rm cm}^{-2}$

$$A_{eff} = 2 m^2 @ 6 keV$$

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The KYNCONV model: intro

Set of KY relativistic models in Dovčiak et al. +04 (ApJS 153, 205-221)

relativistic convolution model accretion discs spectra strong gravity regime obscuration with a circular cloud

The KYNCONV model: main parameters



What we could expect

Previous detections of disc-emission anisotropies?



Risaliti et al. +09 (ApJ 696, 160-171)

Sanfrutos et al. +13 (MNRAS 436, 1588–1594)

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The covering fraction profiles (I)



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X-ray wind variability in ESO 323-G77

The covering fraction profiles (I)



The covering fraction profiles (II)



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X-ray wind variability in ESO 323-G77

The covering fraction profiles (III)



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Detectability on spectral features



Conclusions

- Preliminar results are promising
- Tentative detections with current instruments (NGC1365, SWIFT J2127.4+5654)
- Ongoing and future work
 - Fit real covering fraction profiles
 - Fit real spectra
 - Simulate future instruments' spectra
 - (ASTRO-H, ATHENA+)
 - Check degeneracies
 - o ...

... SO MUCH WORK TO DO!