

NuSTAR + XMM Observations of NGC 1365: A Constant Inner Disc

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Caltech

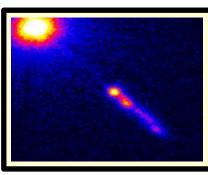
G. Risaliti, F. Harrison, E. Kara, M. Parker, E. Rivers, on behalf of the *NuSTAR* active galaxy working groups

Black Hole Spin





Supernova & gamma-ray bursts (stellar black hole binaries)



Relativistic jets (both stellar black hole binaries and active galaxies)

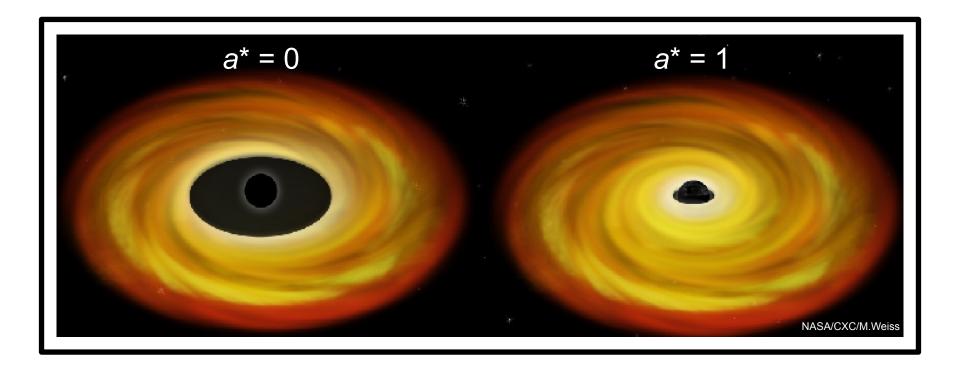


Galaxy evolution and supermassive black hole formation (active galaxies)



Measuring Black Hole Spin



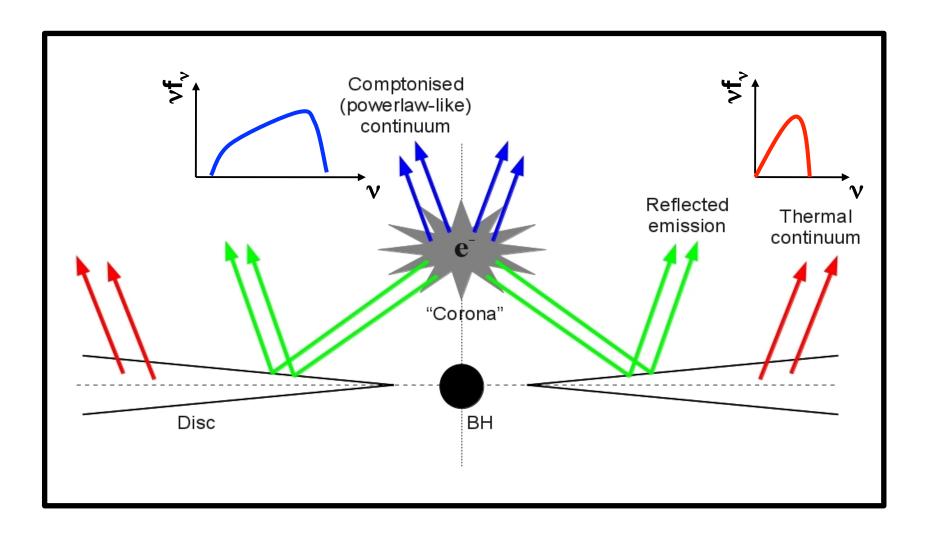


The radius of the innermost stable circular orbit depends on the spin (Bardeen et al. 1972).



Relativistic Disk Reflection

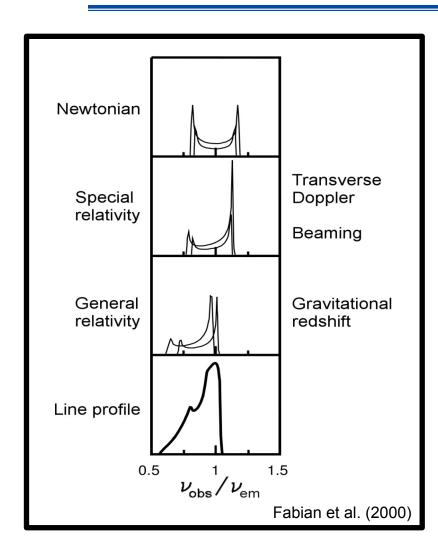




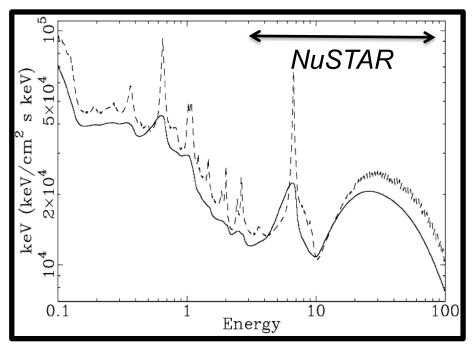


Relativistic Disk Reflection





Characterising the disc reflection component is one way in which we can measure black hole spin *for* both binaries and active galaxies





NuSTAR Spin Program



NuSTAR is performing observations of both Galactic black hole binaries and active galaxies with the purpose of constraining their spin, including (among others):

Active galaxies:

Source	Coordination
NGC 1365	<i>XMM</i> (x4)
MCG-6-30-15	XMM
Mrk 335	Suzaku
Swift J2127	XMM
NGC 4151	Suzaku
3C 120	XMM
Fairall 9	XMM

Galactic binaries:

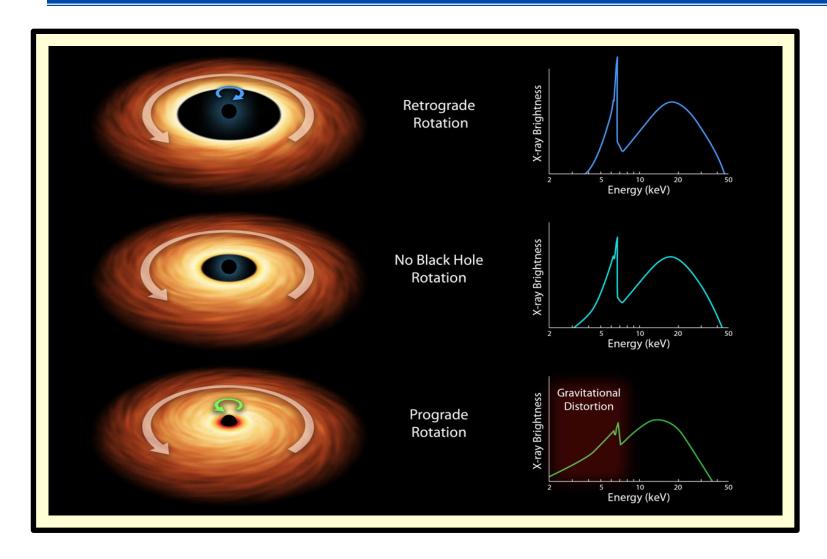
Source	Coordination
Cygnus X-1	Suzaku
GRS 1915+105	-
4U 1630-47	-
4U 1957+11	XMM
IC 10 X-1*	Chandra

(see also talk by G. Matt tomorrow)



Black Hole Spin: Recap



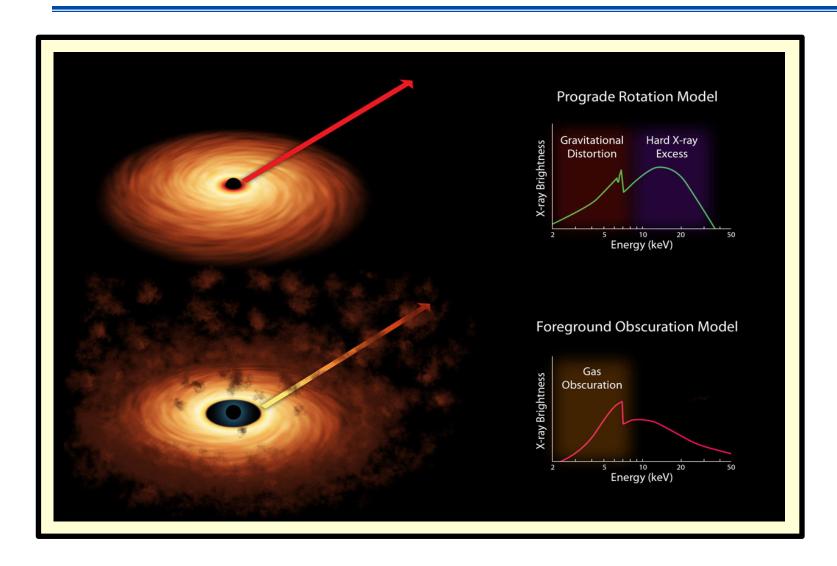


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Complex Absorption

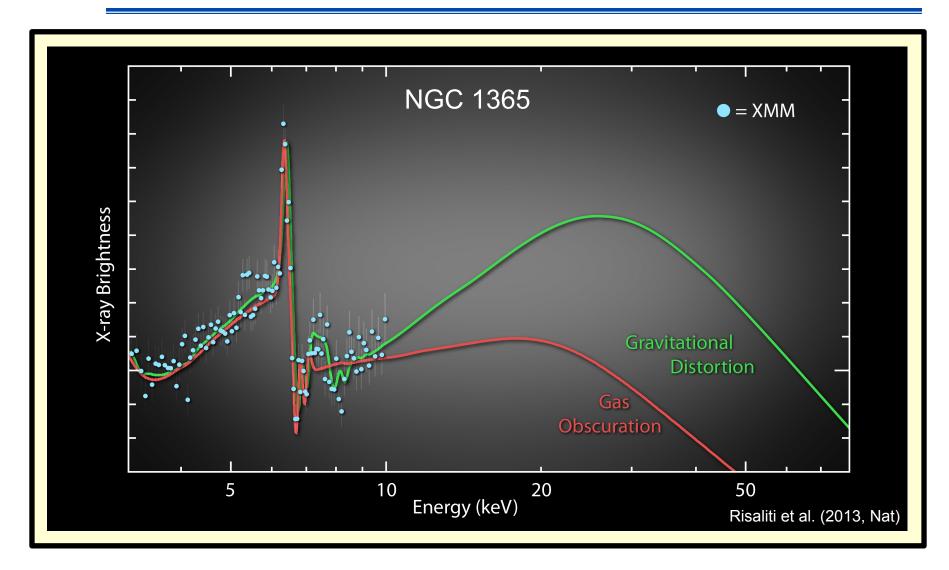




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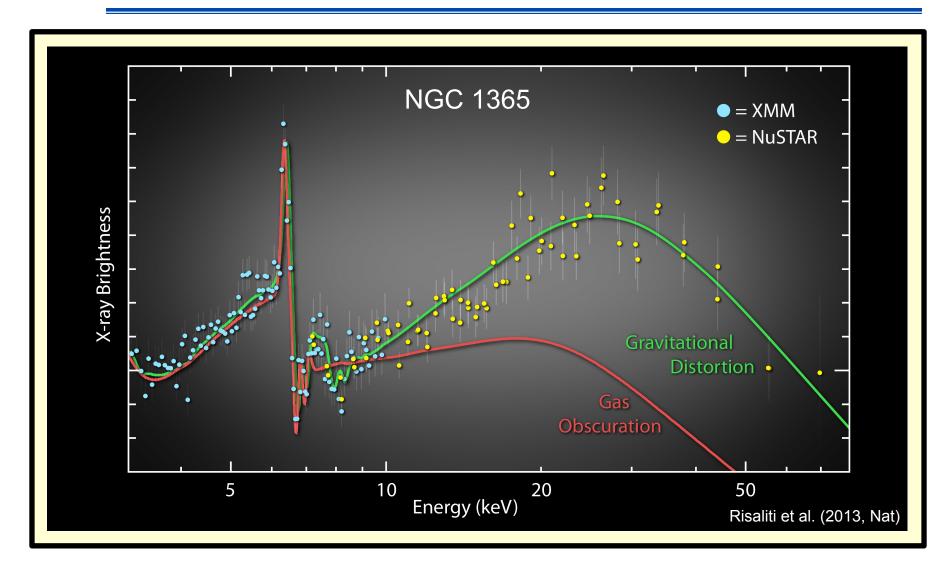
NGC 1365





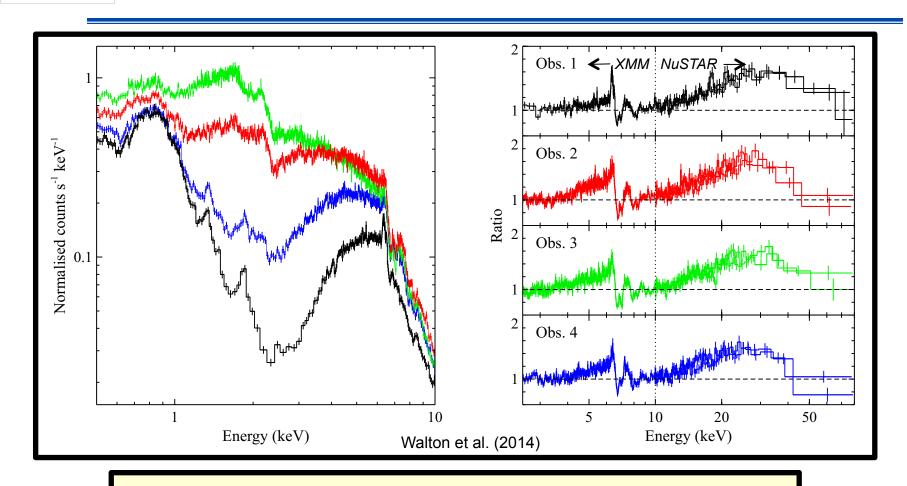
NGC 1365









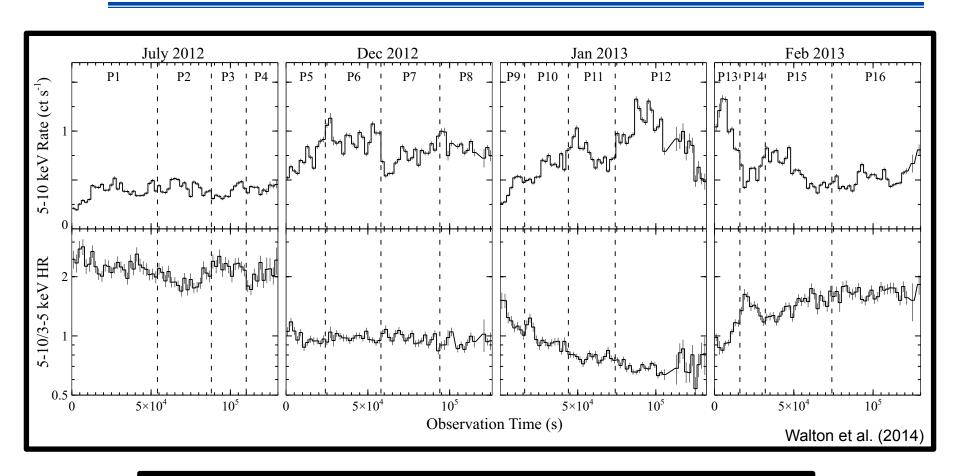


Characteristic signatures of disc reflection present regardless of the level of line-of-sight absorption (see poster F28 by E. Rivers focusing on absorption variability)



NGC 1365: Variability



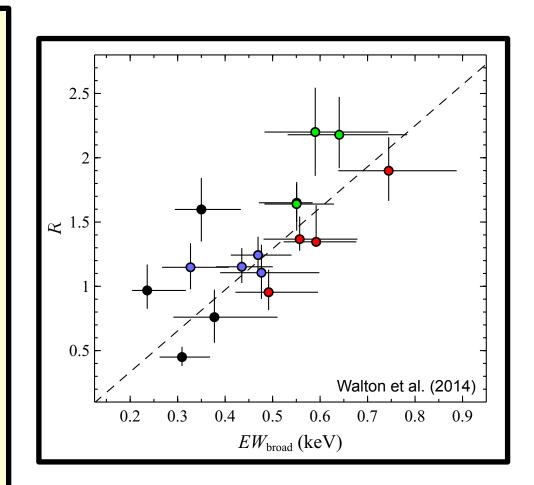


Displays both long and short timescale variability, some intrinsic, some due to variable absorption



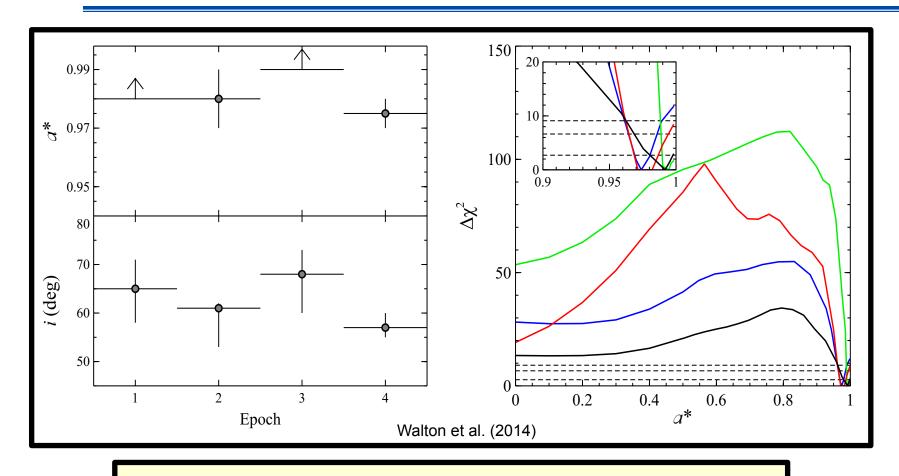


- Extracted spectra from 16 time intervals
- Modelled data above and below 10 keV separately
- Below 10 keV: absorbed powerlaw and broad iron emission line
- Above 10 keV: powerlaw (same as below 10 keV) and a reflected continuum (pexrav)
- Good correlation between
 EW of the broad line and R







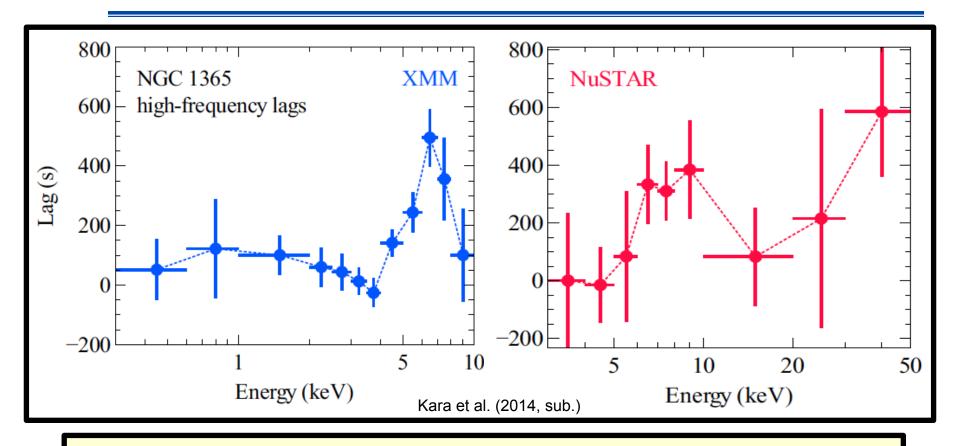


The black hole spin and the disc inclination obtained are consistent for all four observations, even allowing for variable, partially covering absorption



NGC 1365: X-ray Reverberation NuSTAR





Clear reverberation (time delay) from the broad Fe K line, and marginal detection from the Compton hump, implies a compact $(R \le 10 R_G)$ emission region (Uttley, Kara, Zoghbi talks tomorrow)



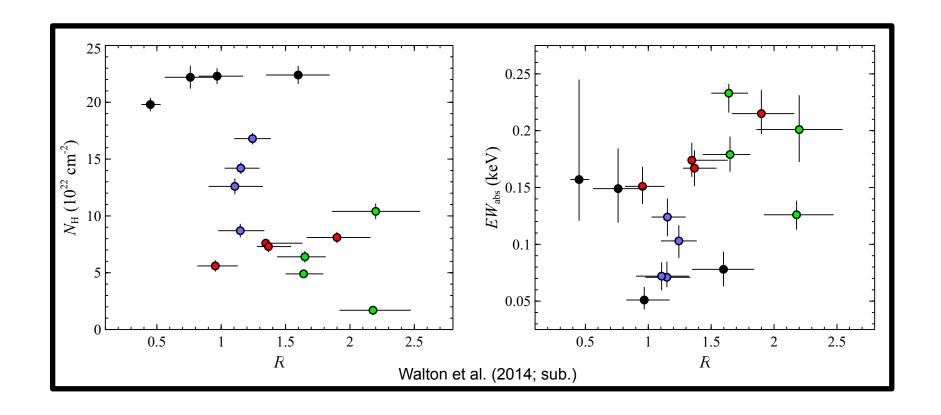
Conclusions



- Our 4 coordinated NuSTAR + XMM observations of NGC 1365 reveal an extreme level of absorption variability, yet show the same characteristic signatures of reflection from the inner accretion disc
- Broad Fe K line and the Compton hump are correlated, each observation independently returns the same BH spin and disc inclination, and X-ray reverberation now detected
- These results confirm NGC 1365 hosts a rapidly rotating BH
- The combination of NuSTAR and XMM allows us to resolve long-standing degeneracies regarding the interpretation of the spectral features observed from AGN







Correlation between EW_{broad} and R is not simply due to parameter degeneracies associated with the simple models used