

XMM-Newton's view of the multiple fluorescence lines of GX 301–2

Felix Fürst

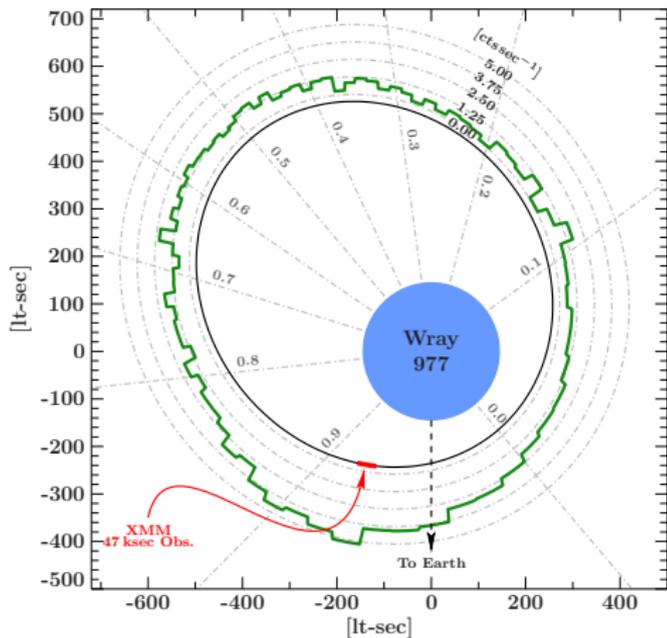
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Slawo Suchy, Ingo Kreykenbohm, Laura Barragán, Jörn Wilms, Katja Pottschmidt, Isabel Caballero, Peter Kretschmar, José Miguel Torrejón, Sebastian Müller, Matthias Kühnel, Carlo Ferrigno, Richard E. Rothschild

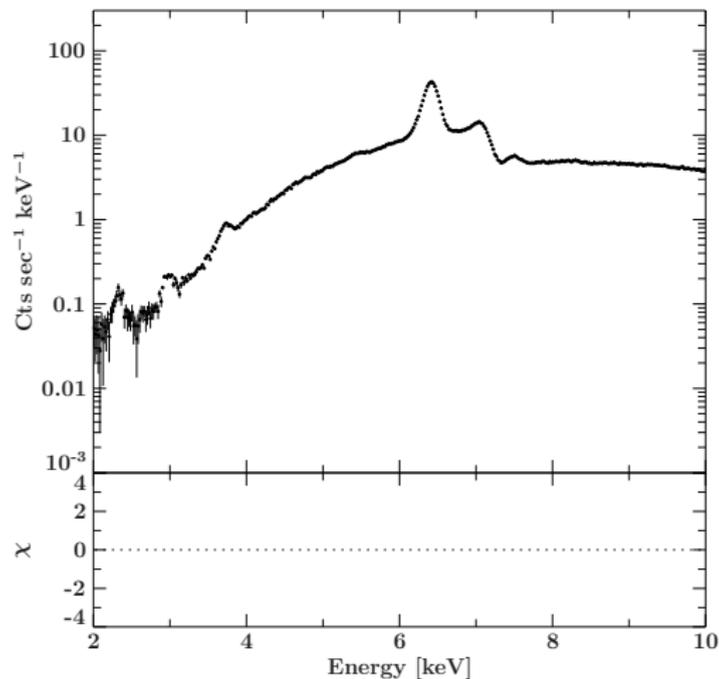
June 28th 2011
The X-ray Universe 2011

The system

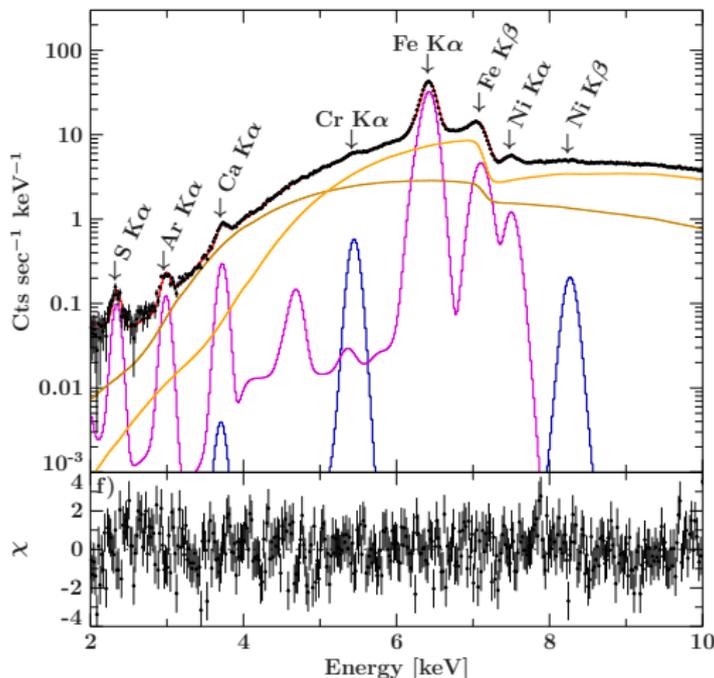
- HMXB with $\gtrsim 40 M_{\odot}$, B1 Ia+ companion (Kaper et al., 2006)
- very bright pre-periastron flare
- accretion stream (Leahy & Kostka, 2008)
- highly structured, dense medium
- eccentric orbit $e = 0.47$



The overall spectrum



The overall spectrum



$$N_{H,1} = 141(3) \times 10^{22} \text{ cm}^{-2}$$

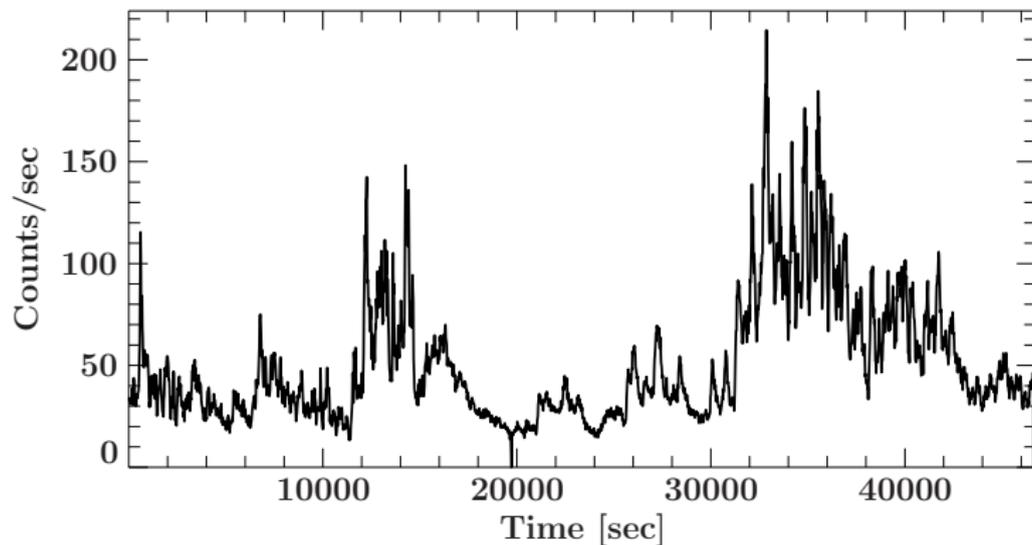
$$N_{H,2} = 54(1) \times 10^{22} \text{ cm}^{-2}$$

$$\Gamma = 0.90(2)$$

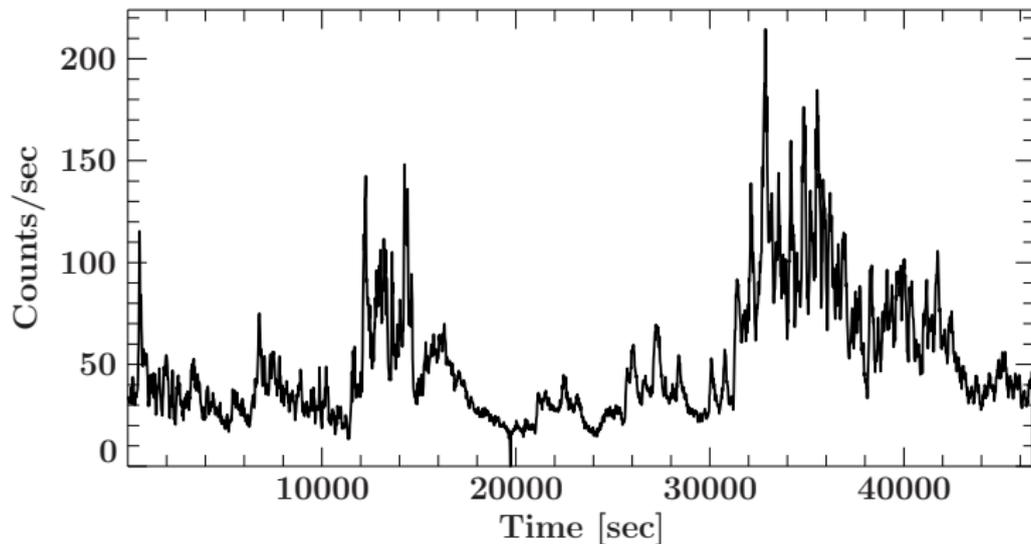
First evidence for
Cr $K\alpha$ at 5.41 keV
Ni $K\beta$ at 8.26 keV

$$\text{best fit } \chi_{\text{red}}^2 = 1.2$$

The lightcurve and the pulse profile

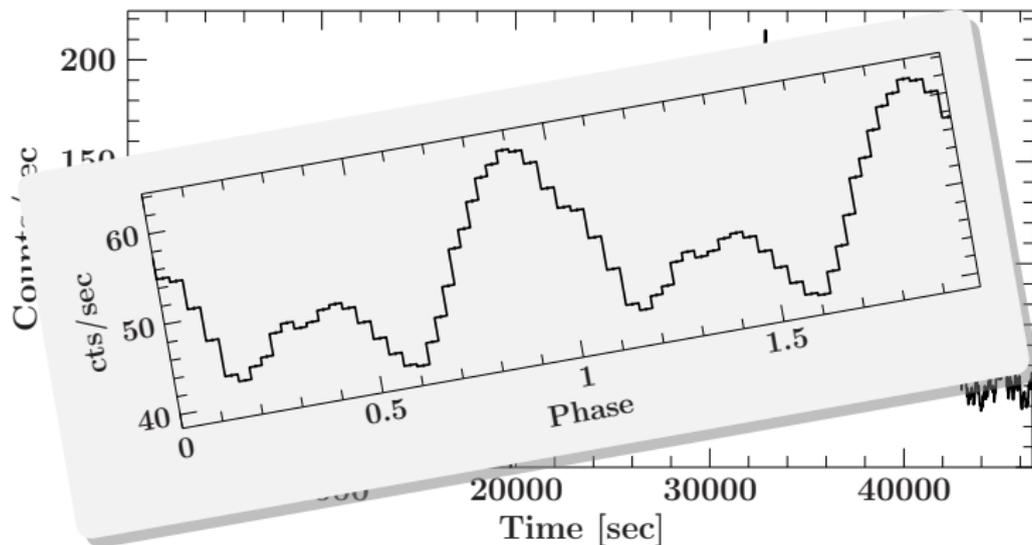


The lightcurve and the pulse profile



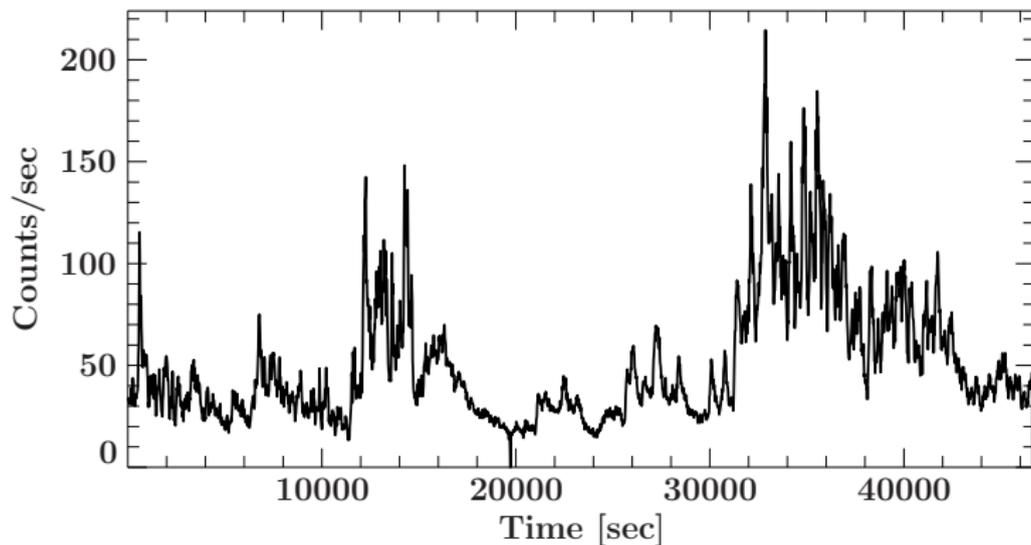
Strong flaring activity and pulse period of ~ 685 sec evident using orbital ephemeris by Doroshenko et al. (2010)

The lightcurve and the pulse profile



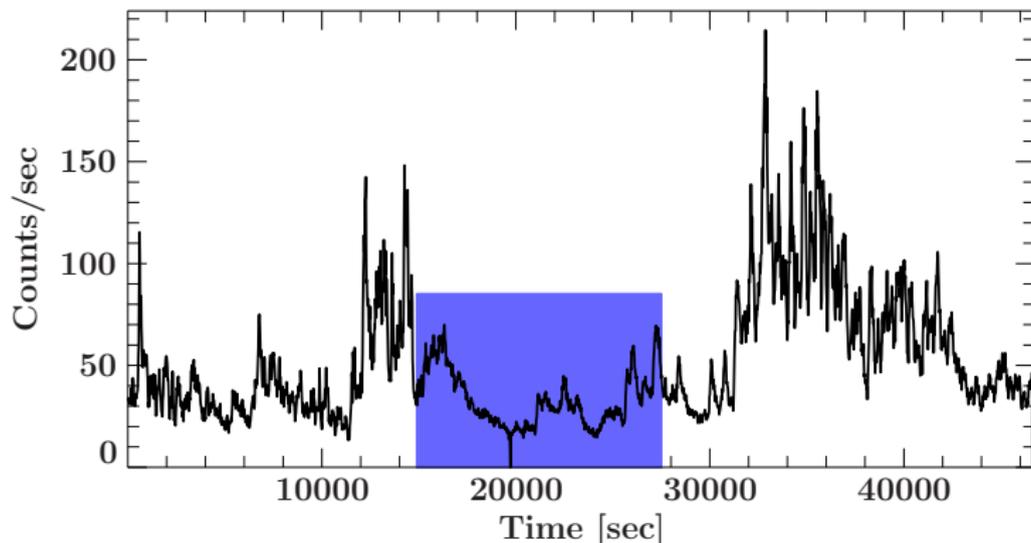
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The lightcurve and the pulse profile



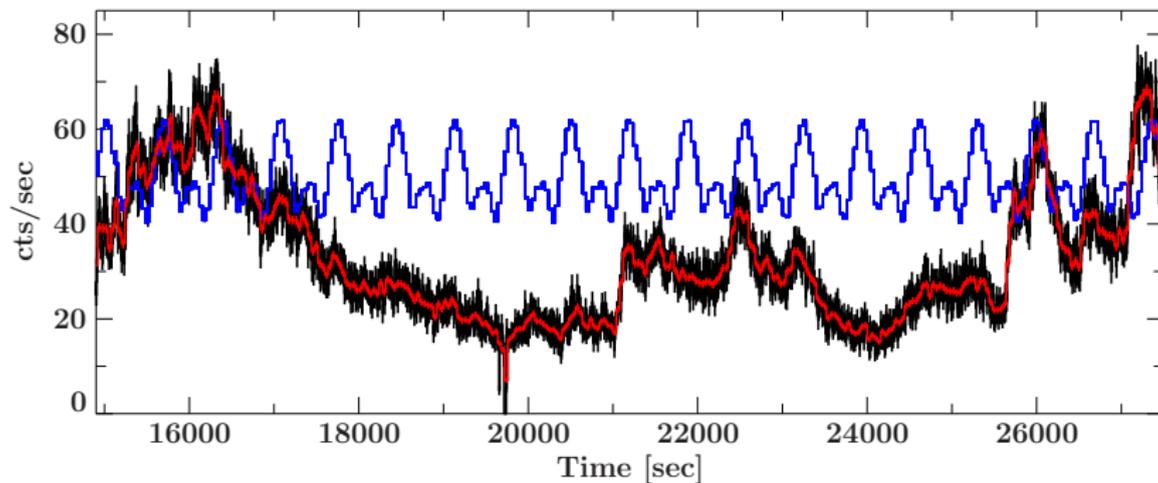
Strong flaring activity and pulse period of ~ 685 sec evident using orbital ephemeris by Doroshenko et al. (2010)

The lightcurve and the pulse profile

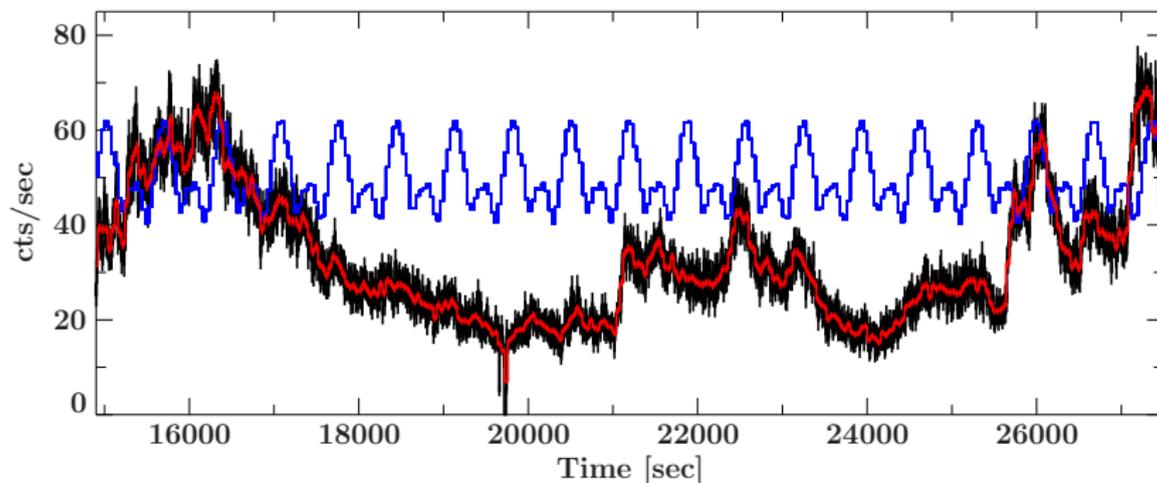


Strong flaring activity and pulse period of ~ 685 sec evident using orbital ephemeris by Doroshenko et al. (2010)

An Off-state

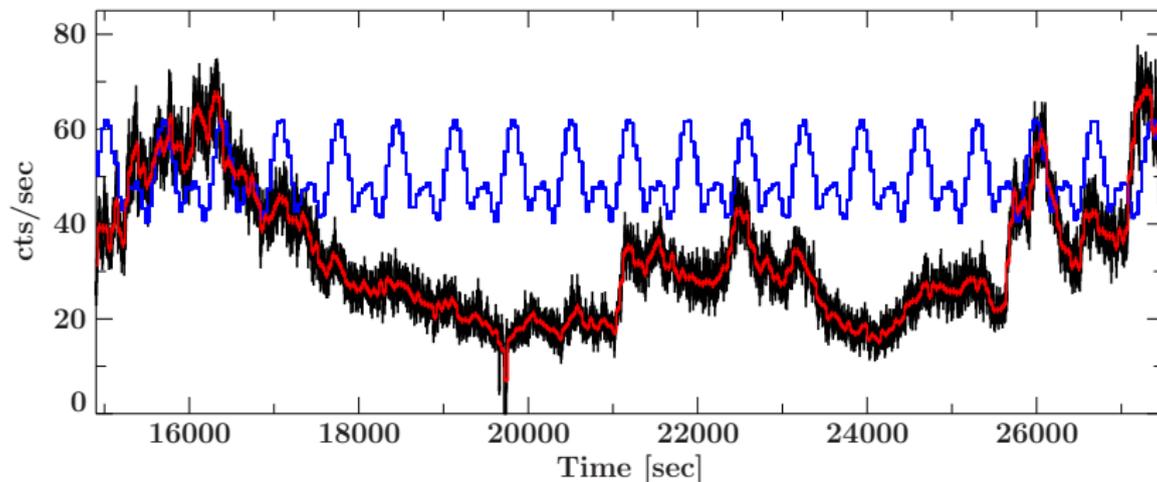


An Off-state



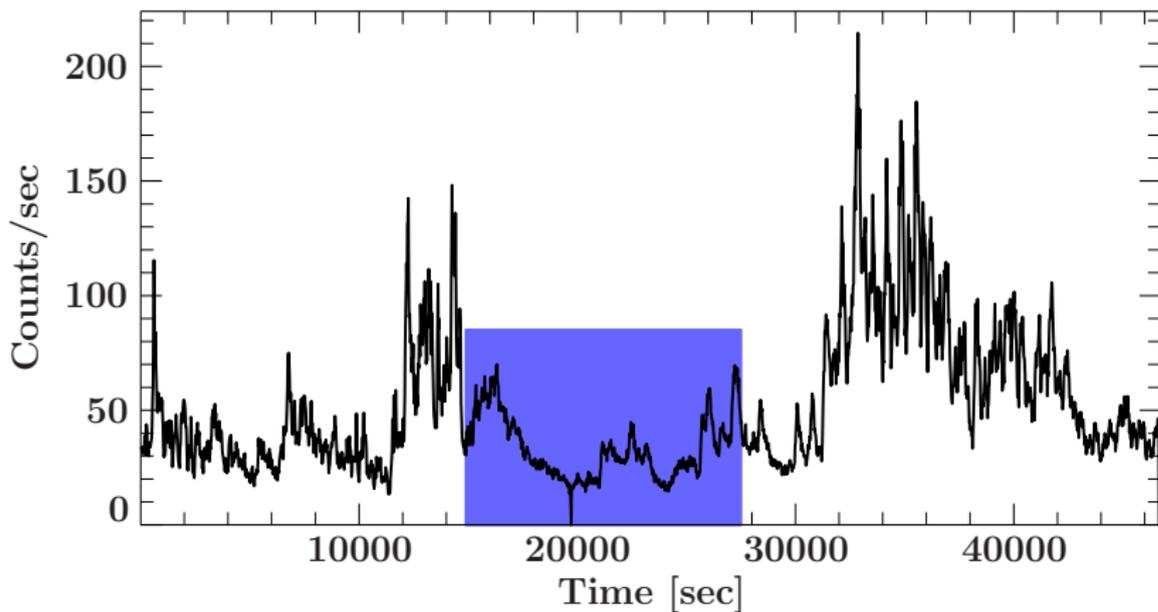
- ~ 4 pulses are missing
- similar to the off-state seen by Göğüş et al. (2011)
- similar to Vela X-1 (Kreykenbohm et al., 2008)

An Off-state

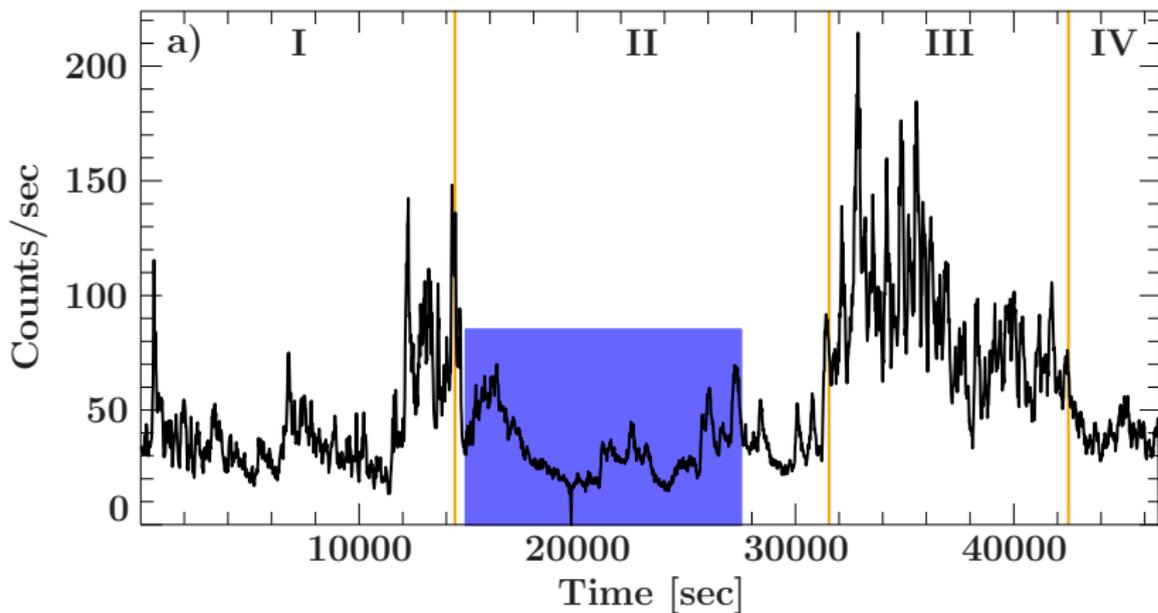


- source is still visible
- no pulsed flux \Rightarrow no accretion
- larger region (> 2000 lt-sec) visible in X-rays

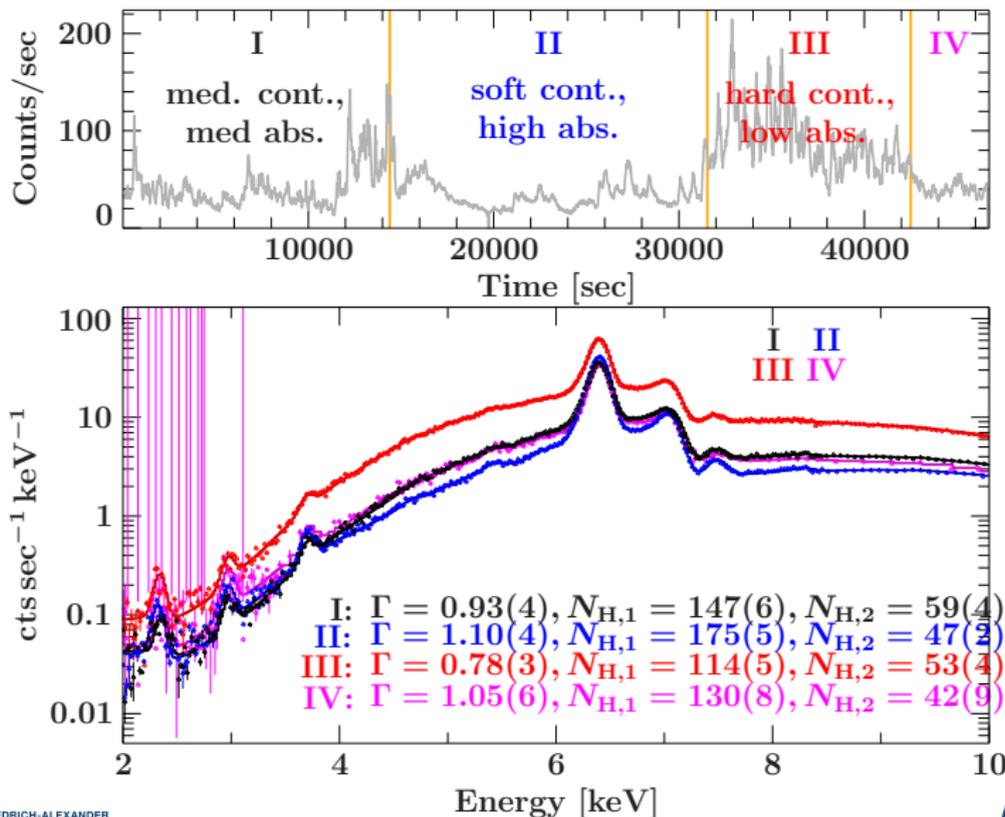
Divide data by states



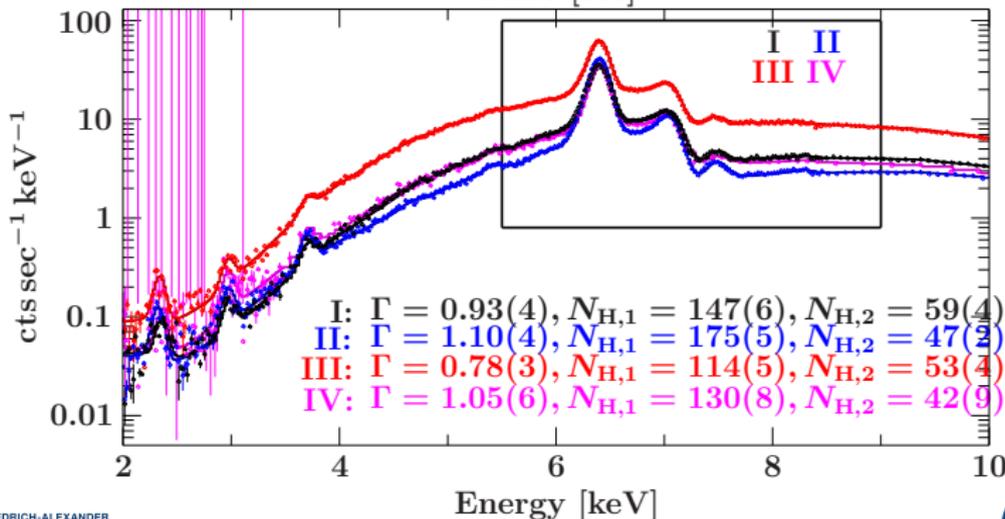
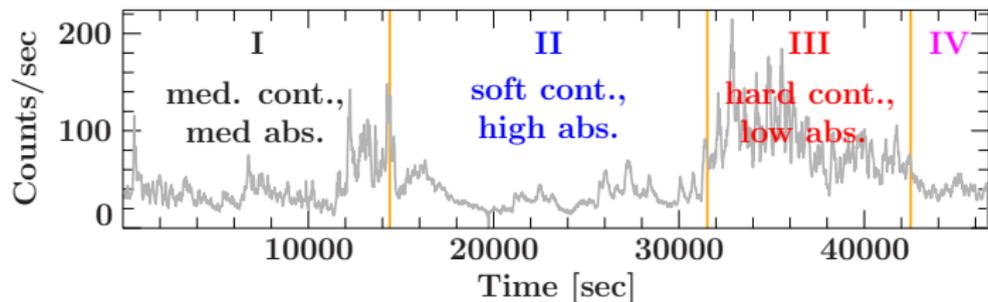
Divide data by states



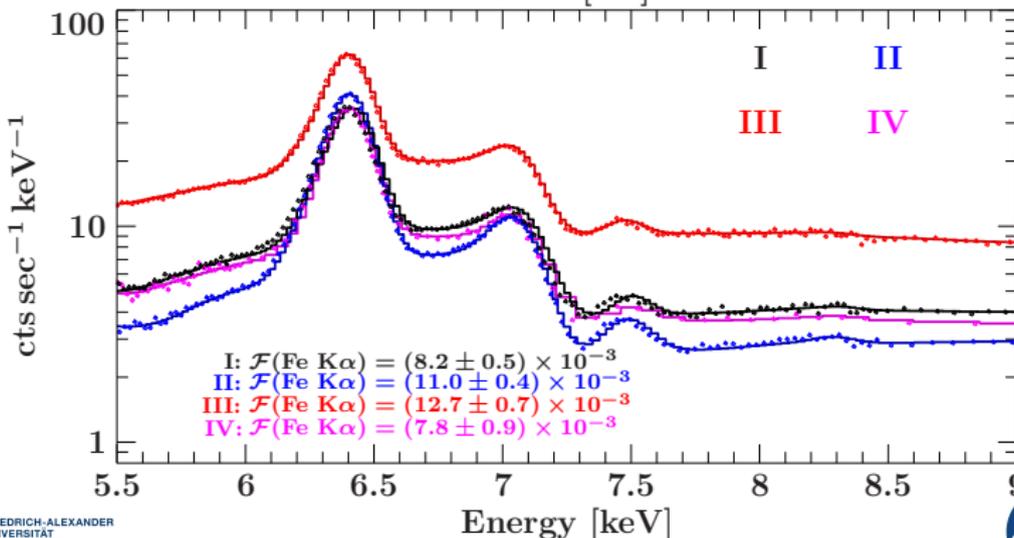
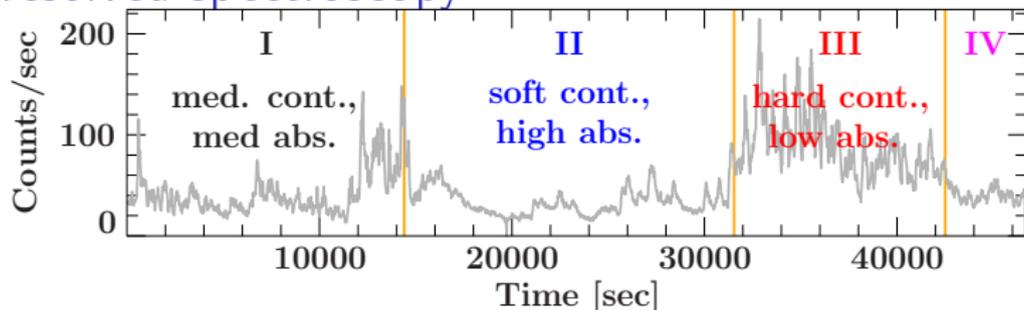
Time resolved spectroscopy



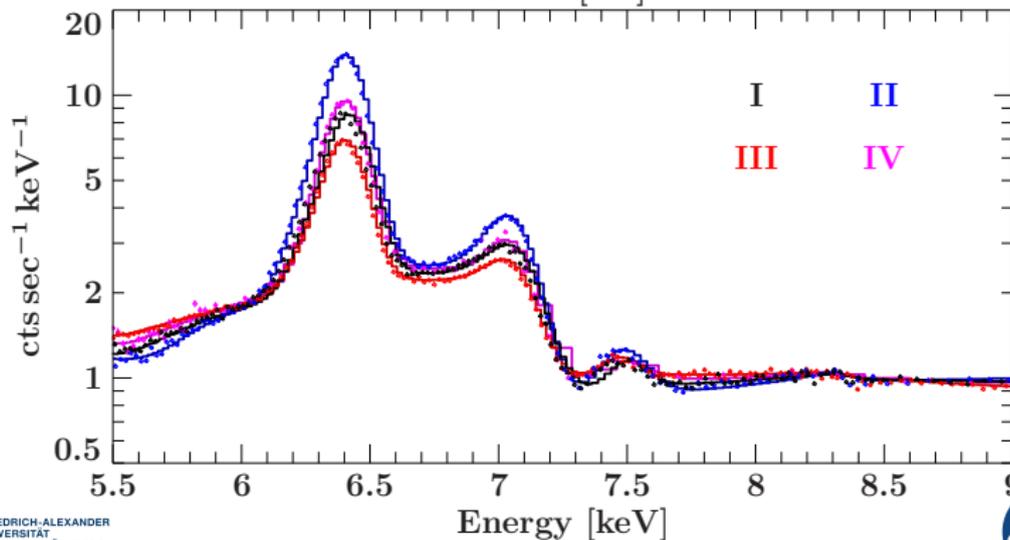
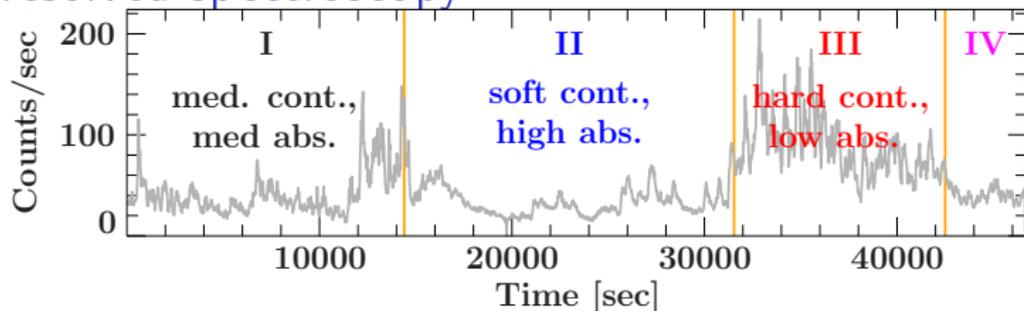
Time resolved spectroscopy



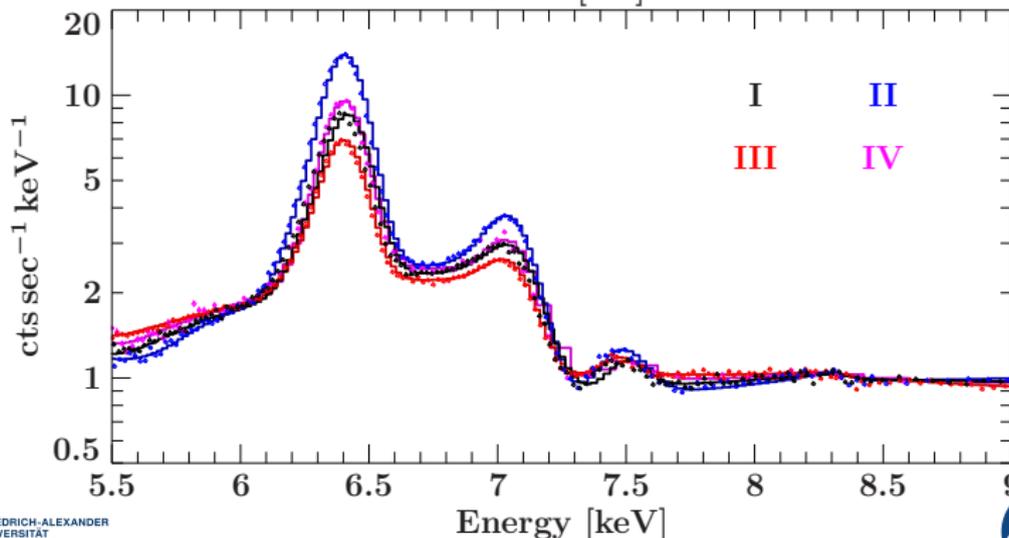
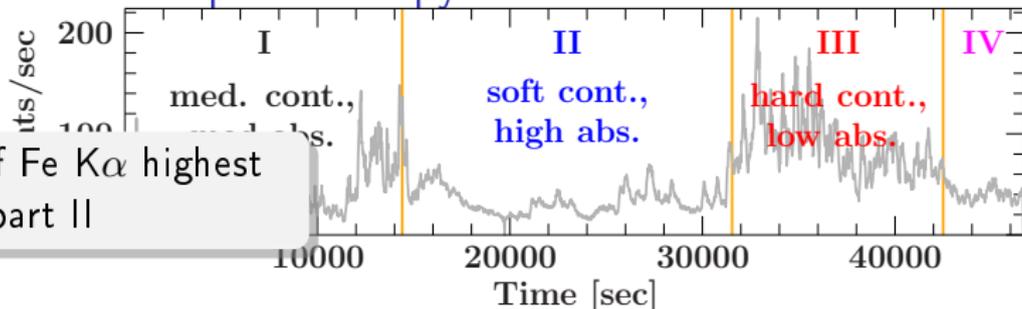
Time resolved spectroscopy



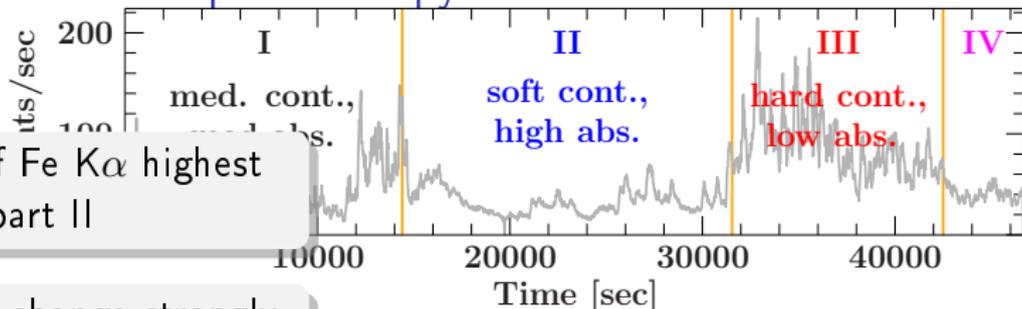
Time resolved spectroscopy



Time resolved spectroscopy

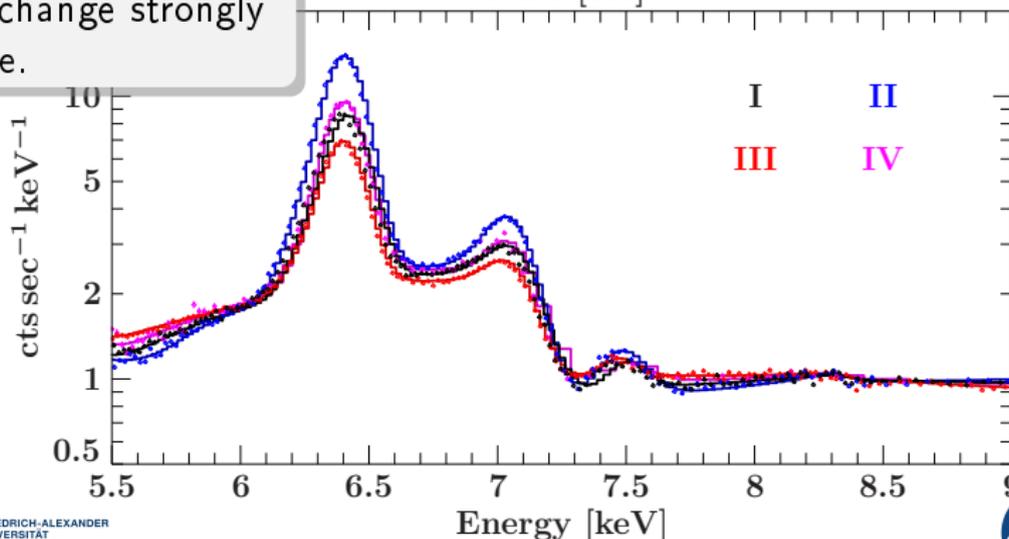


Time resolved spectroscopy

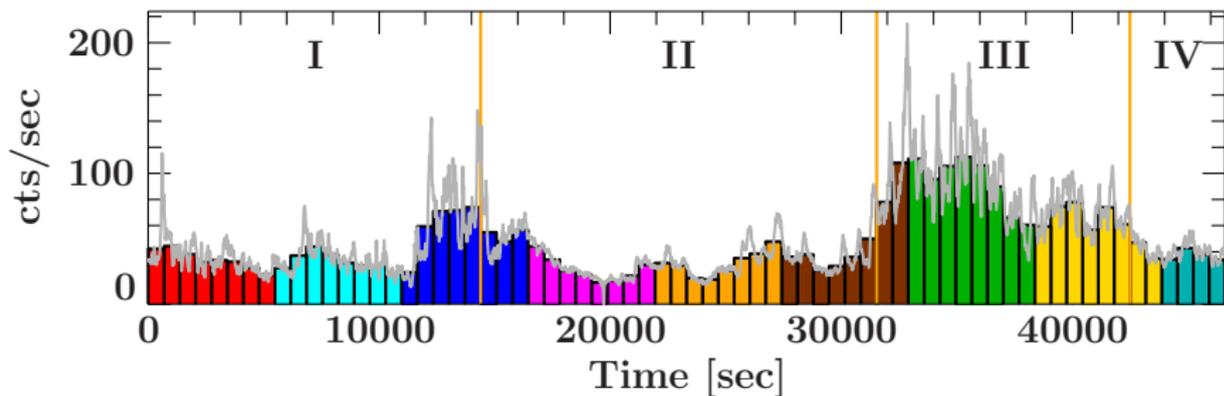


Eqw. of Fe $K\alpha$ highest during part II

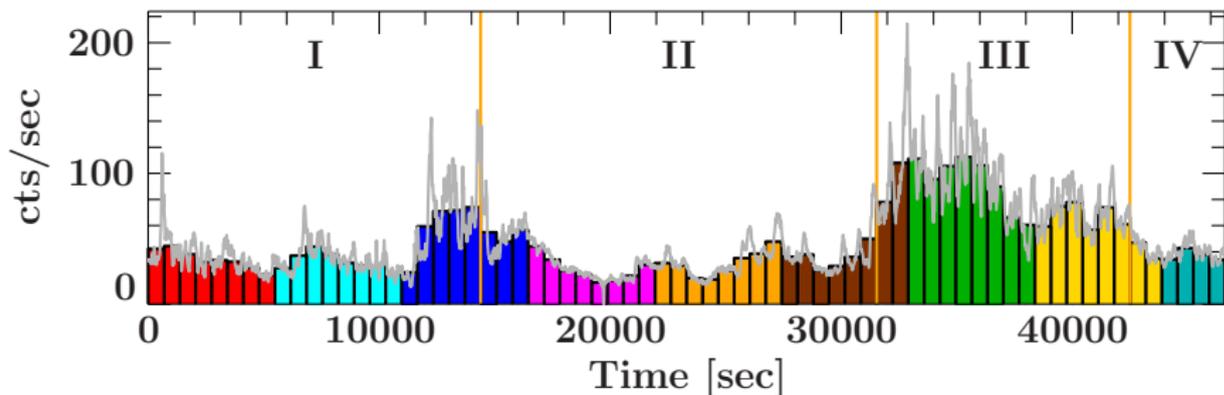
Spectra change strongly with time.



Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy

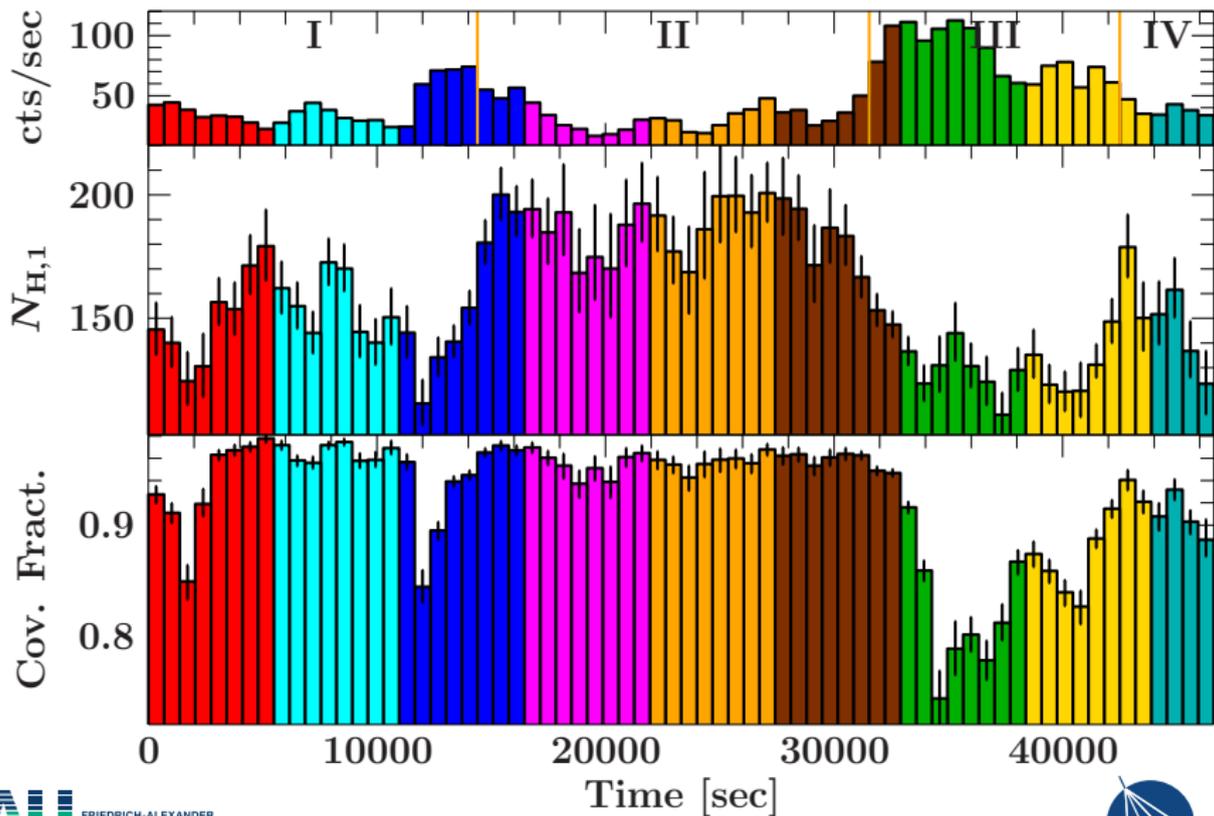


Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy

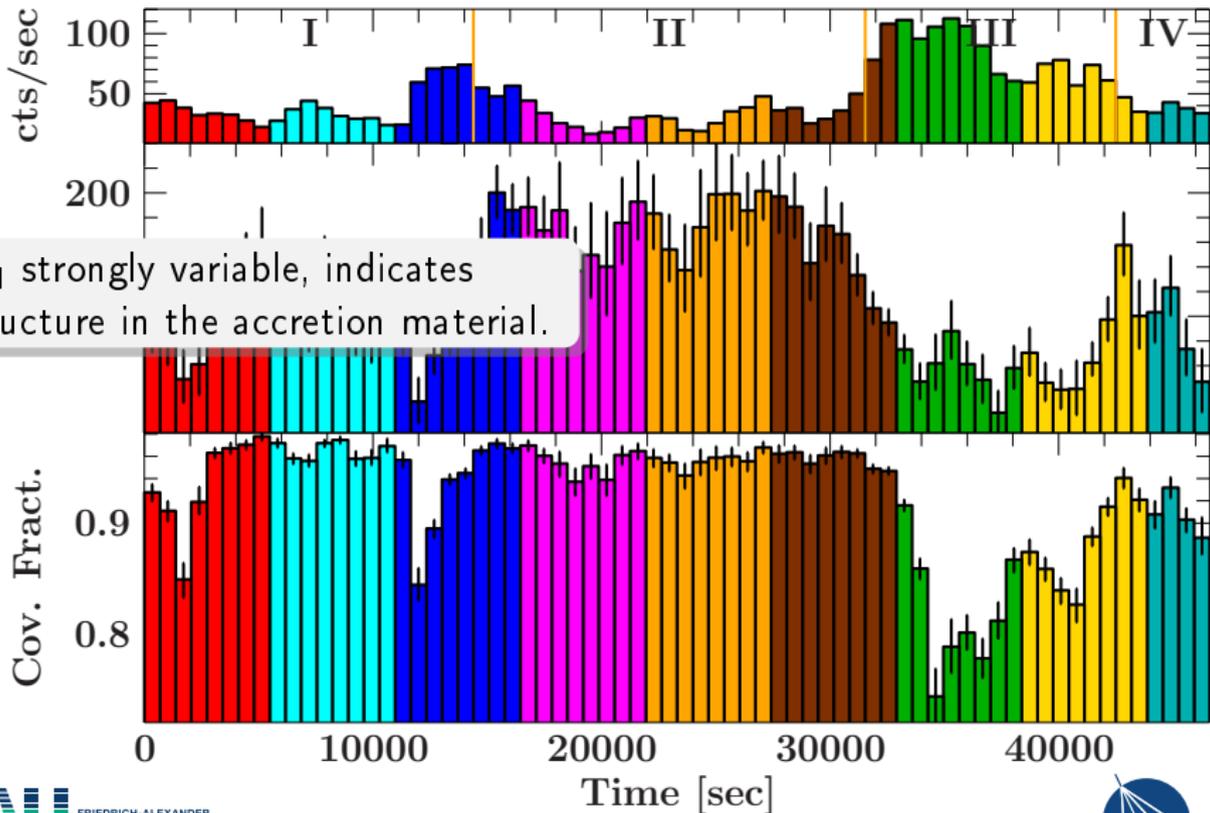


same model as for overall spectrum, but frozen $\Gamma = 0.90$ and $N_{\text{H},2} = 5.27 \times 10^{23} \text{ cm}^{-2}$. Included only the Fe $K\alpha$, Fe $K\beta$, and Ni $K\alpha$ line.

Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy

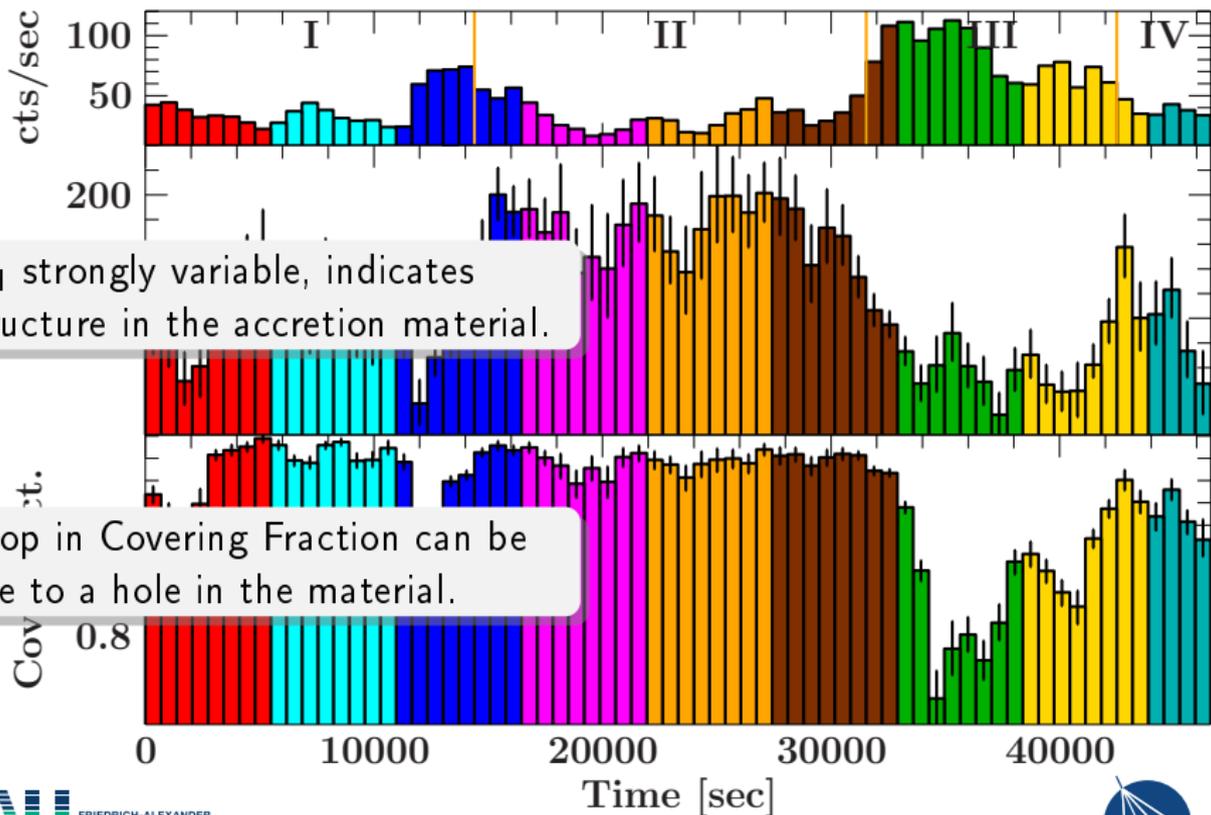


Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy



N_H strongly variable, indicates structure in the accretion material.

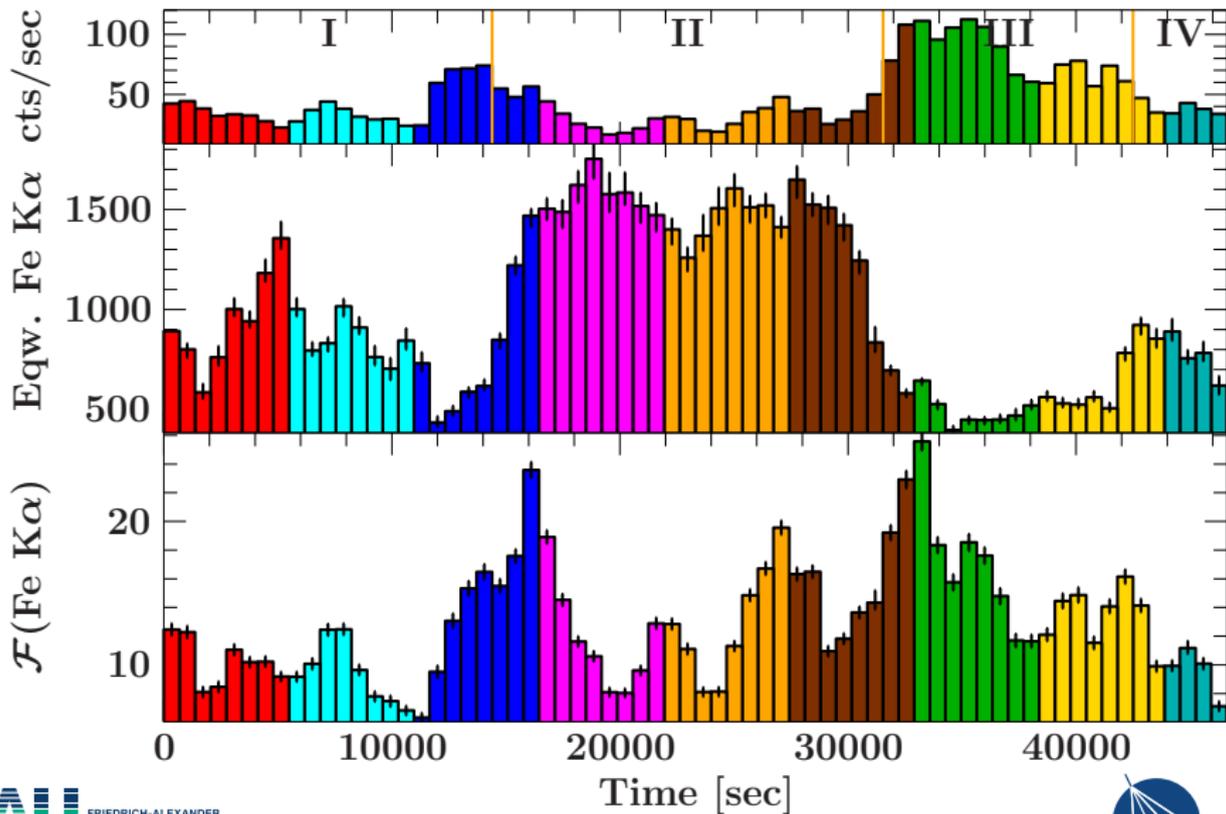
Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy



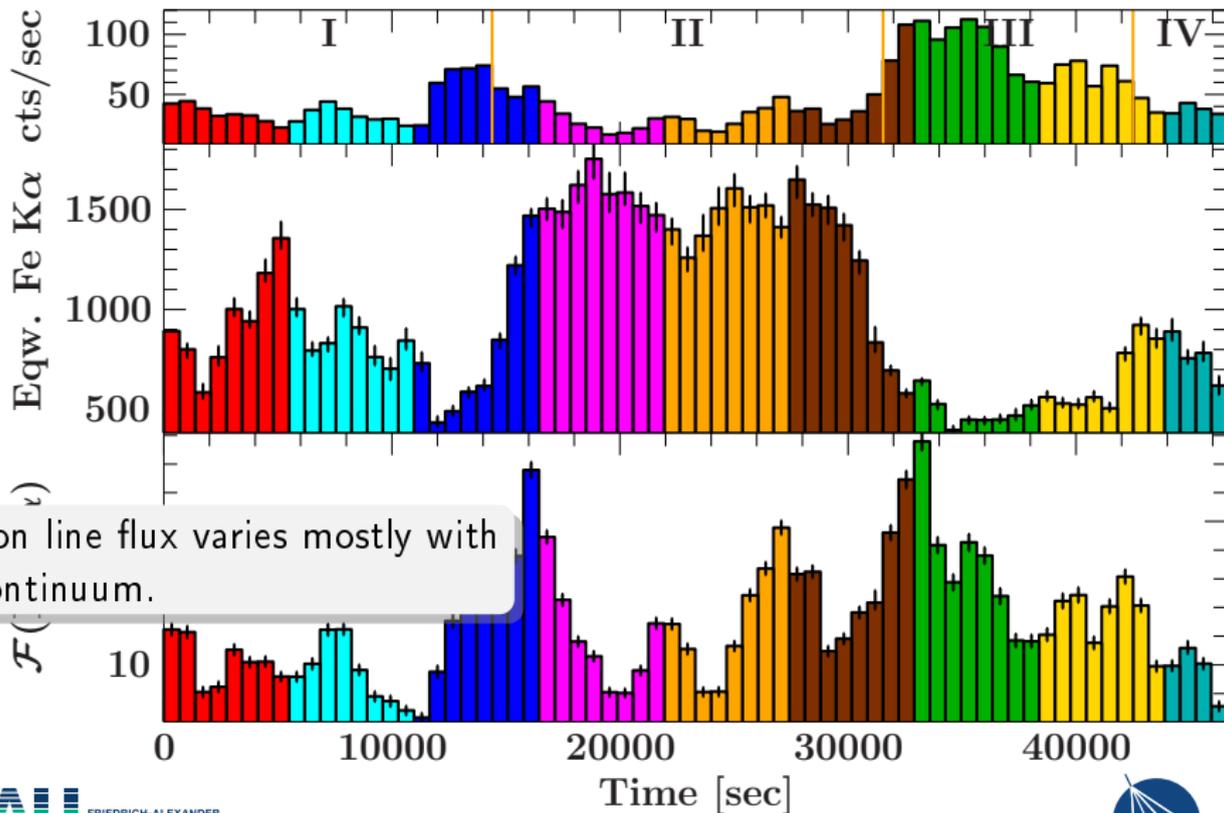
N_H strongly variable, indicates structure in the accretion material.

Drop in Covering Fraction can be due to a hole in the material.

Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy

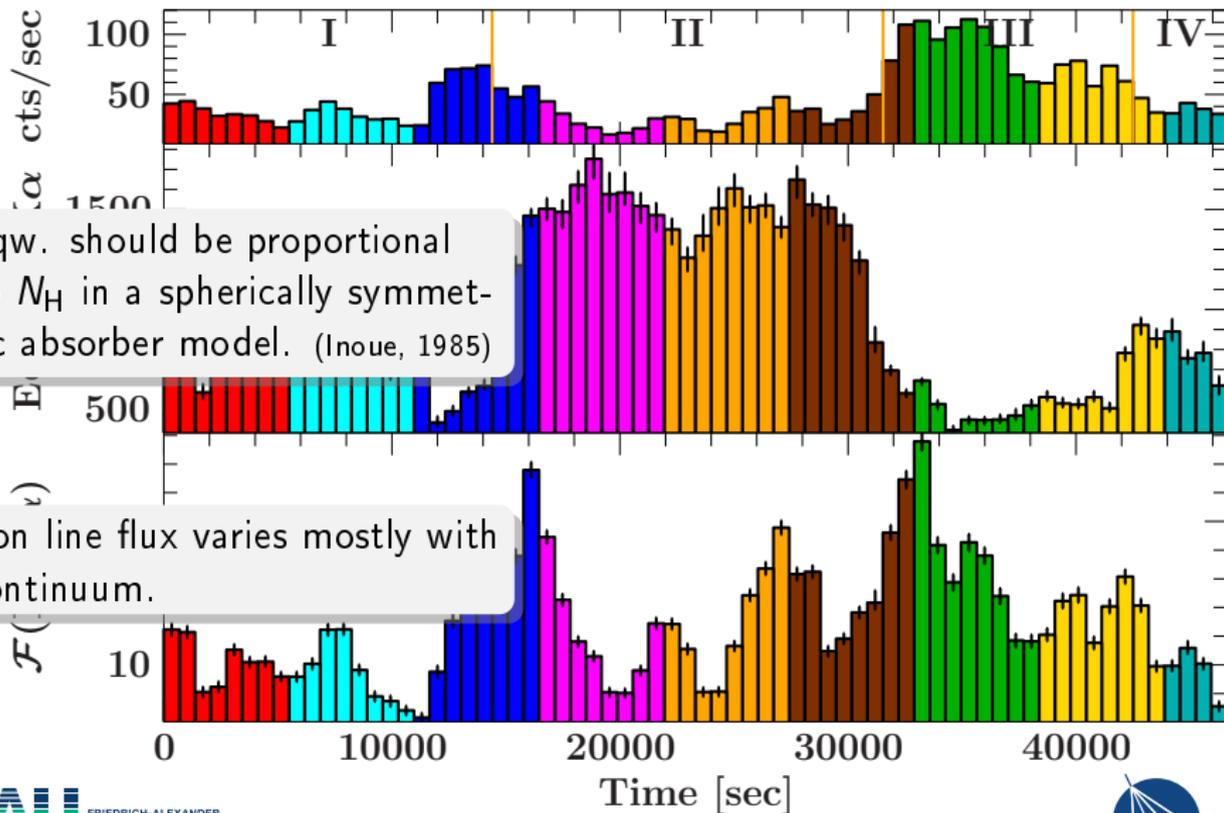


Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy



Iron line flux varies mostly with continuum.

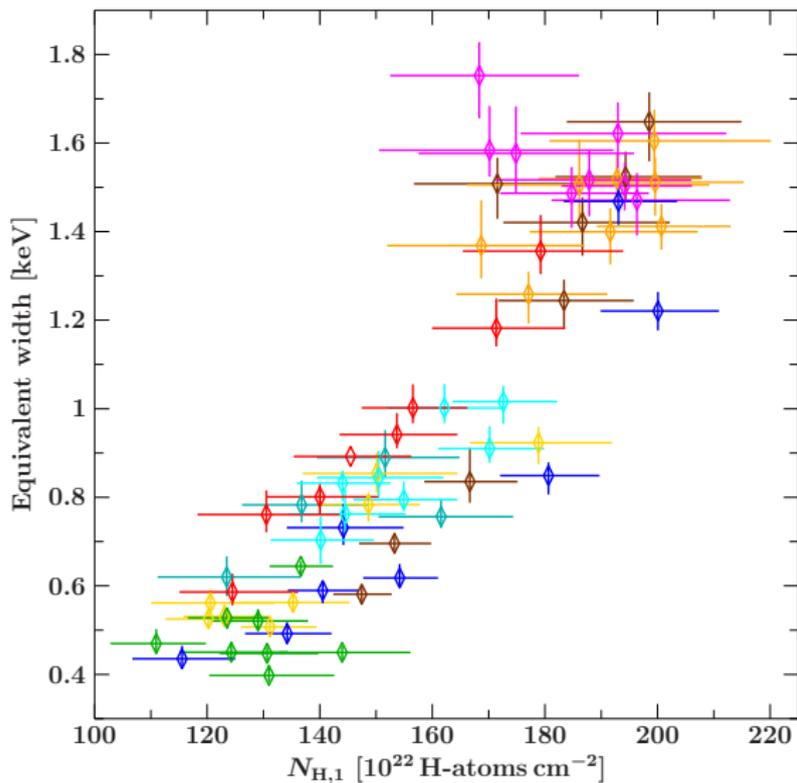
Pulse-to-pulse spectroscopy



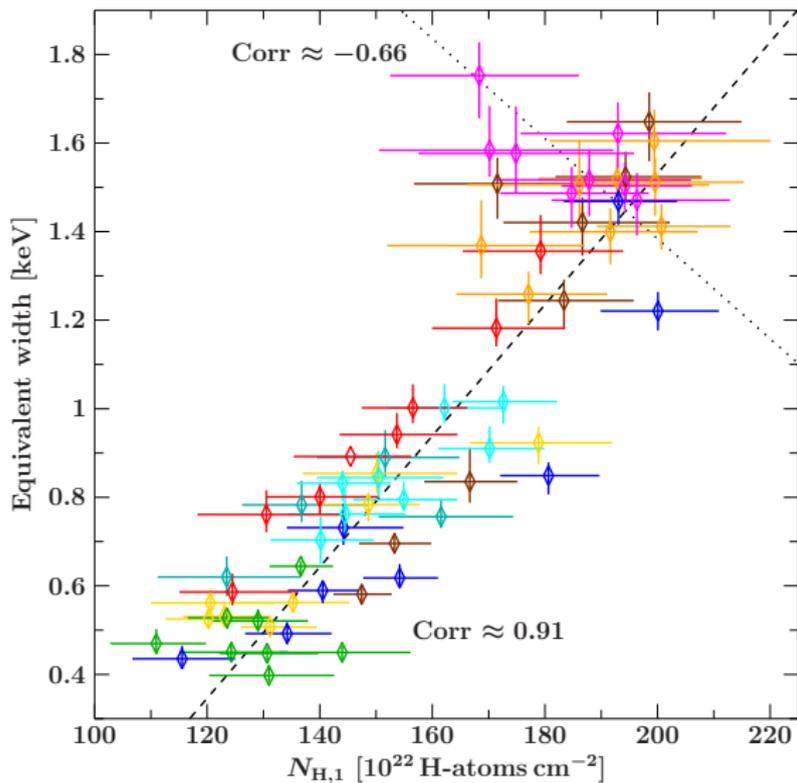
Eqw. should be proportional to N_H in a spherically symmetric absorber model. (Inoue, 1985)

Iron line flux varies mostly with continuum.

Iron line behavior



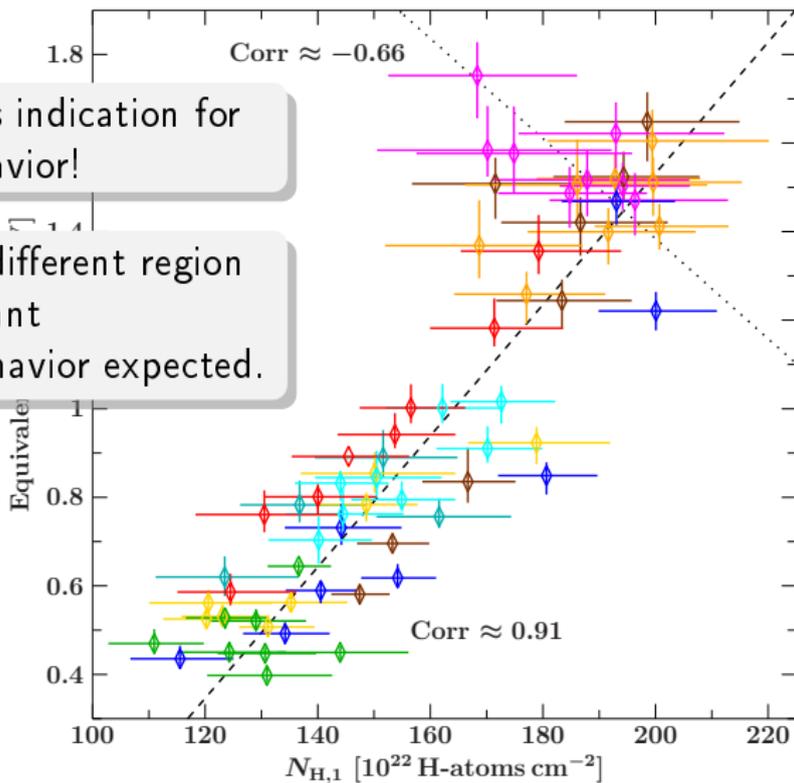
Iron line behavior



Iron line behavior

Off-state shows indication for a different behavior!

X-rays from a different region become dominant
⇒ different behavior expected.



Summary

- **partially covered** spectrum with 10^{24} cm^{-2} and expected fluorescence lines (including Cr $K\alpha$)
 - highly **variable** flux and N_{H}
 - **off-state** due to cessation of accretion (residual flux is not pulsed)
- ⇒ accreted material must be strongly structured

Off-state and absorber geometry

two absorbers with two fluorescence regions:

main component very close to the neutron star, following the continuum

secondary component farther away and more independent of the
momentary continuum flux

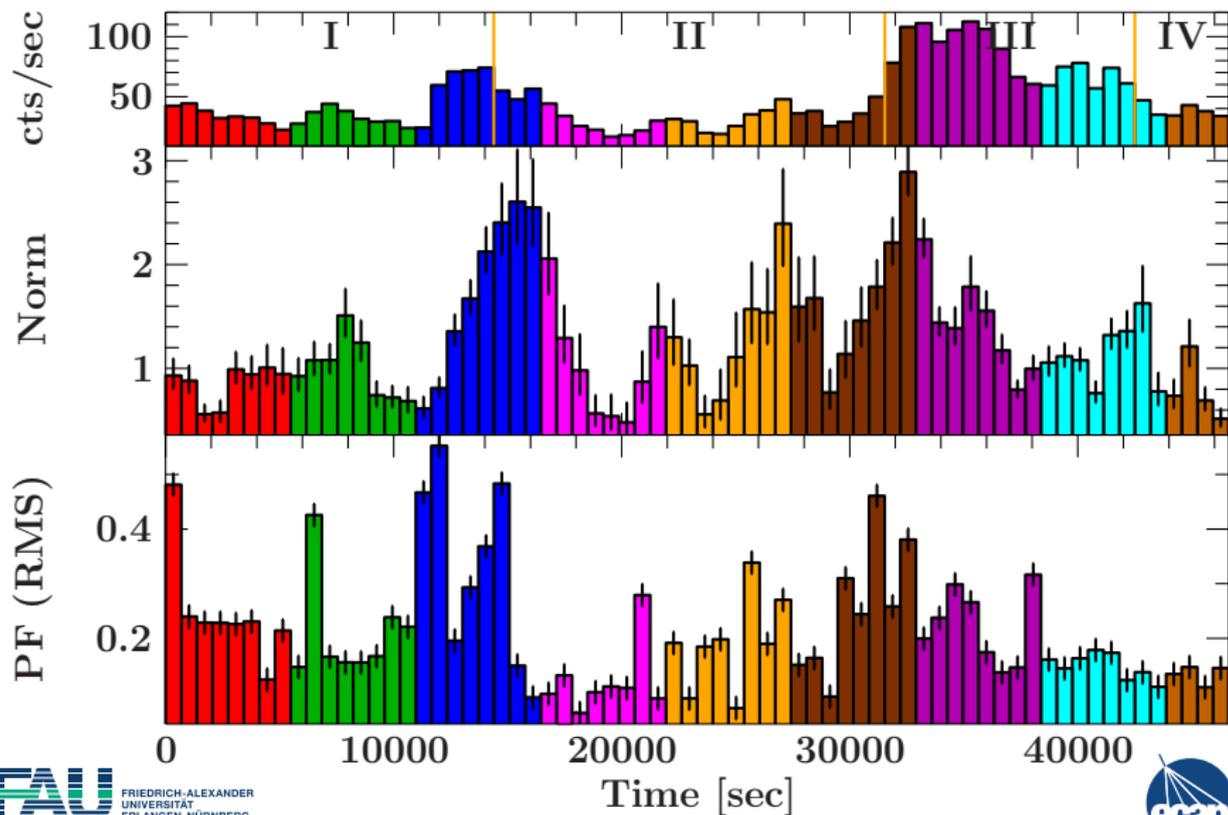
measured N_{H} not necessarily a good tracer for amount of fluorescence
material as it is highly structured

see also Fürst et al., 2011, A&A, Suchy et al., 2011, ApJ, to be submitted

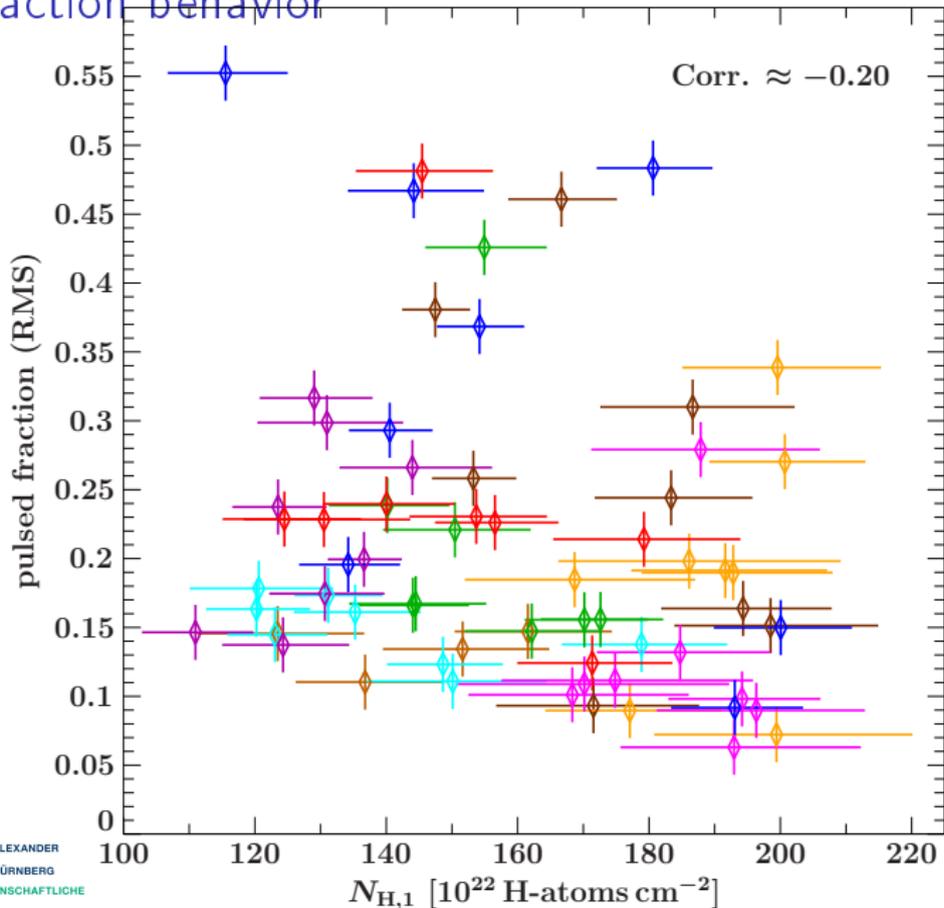
Bibliography

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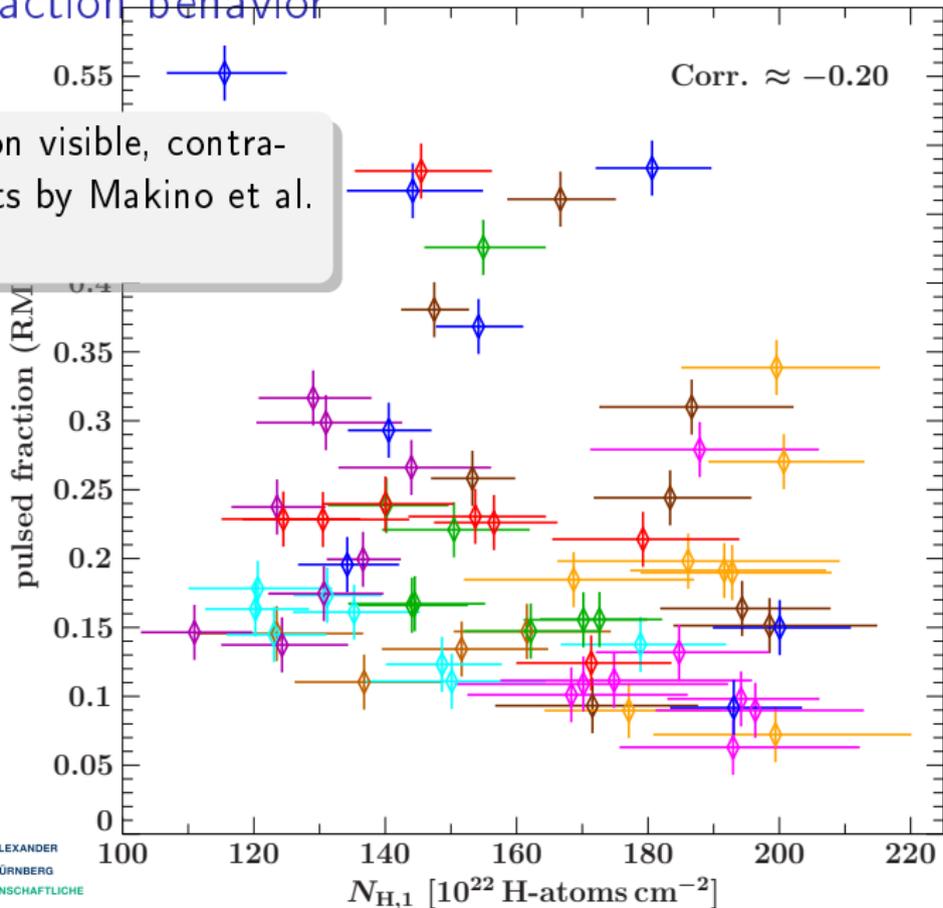
Pulse-to-pulse spectra



Pulsed fraction behavior

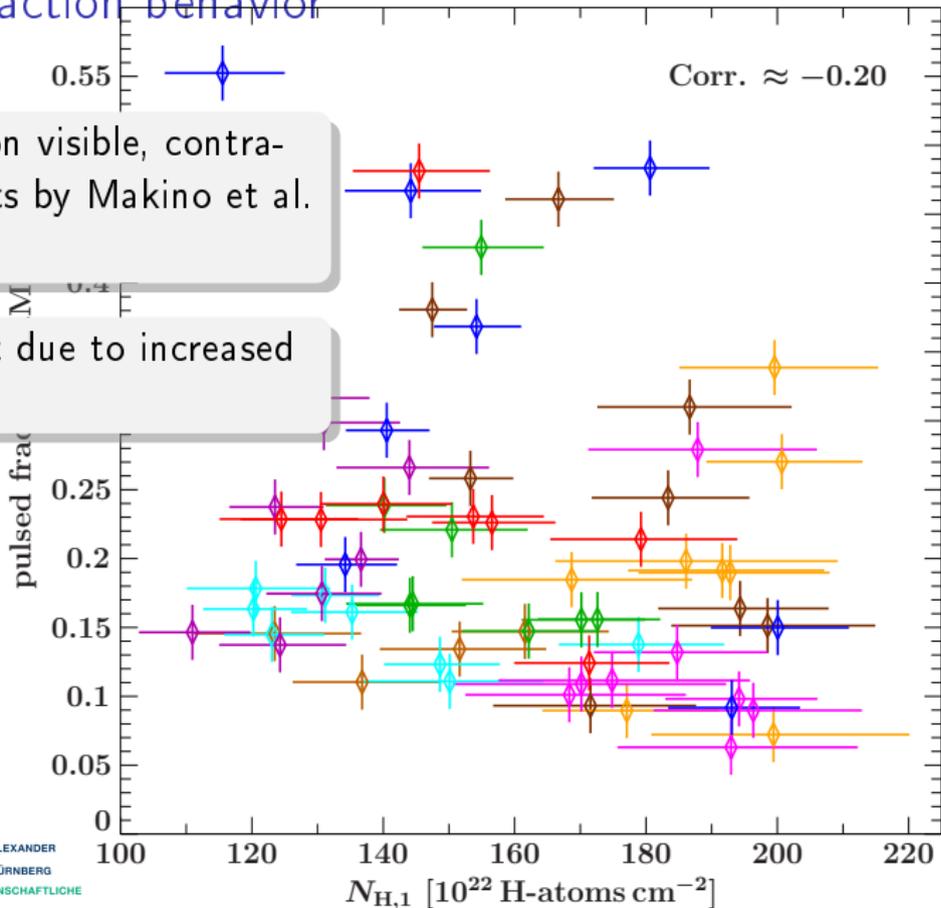


Pulsed fraction behavior



No correlation visible, contradicting results by Makino et al. (1985).

Pulsed fraction behavior



Pulse-to-pulse spectra

