

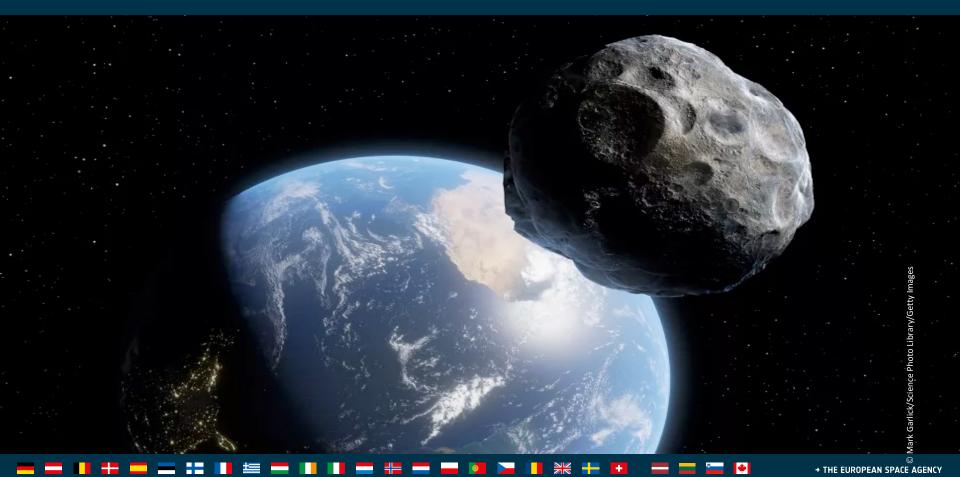
Apophis Way Forward

SMPAG

11.10.2023

Apophis Mission Studies





Satis Apophis Rendezvous Mission Overview (S2P)



- Platform: 12U XL CubeSat
- Payloads:
 - Hyperspectral imager VIS/NIR/SWIR, TIR imager
 - Laser altimeter, radio science experiment
- Mission:
 - Rendezvous with Apophis two months prior to its close encounter with Earth on Friday 13th April 2029 at 31,500 km altitude over Atlantic ocean
 - Characterise change in physical properties before/during/after close encounter
- Profile: launch May 2027 to SSO 500 km with 350 kg kick stage, kick stage burn to Earth escape, 2-year transfer with electric propulsion
- Status: Phase A/B approved, two parallel Phase A studies planned to start in Q4 2023 for 7 months (ITT published, closing date 22/09/2023)



























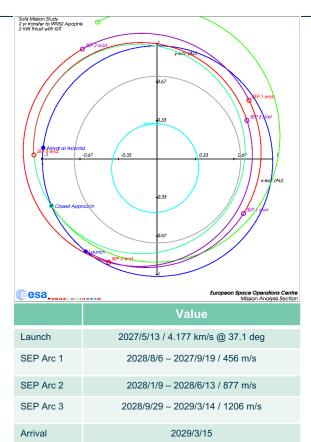




Satis rendezvous scenario

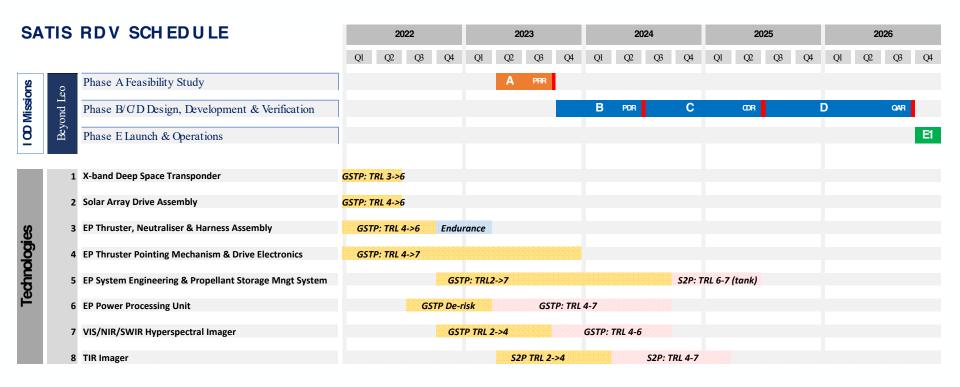


- Launch Apr/May 2027, 2 years transfer, using GIT with ~2mN
 thrust, Isp ~3000 s
- Alternative option of HET with ~5mN thrust might allow for 1 year transfer
- Payload baseline
 - Hyperspectral imager (UV, VIS, NIR)
 - Thermal imager
- Arrival until 15th March 2029
- Initial light curve observations, then iteratively closer manoeuvres
- Full high-resolution characterisation (morphology and dynamics) pre and post flyby, high speed image acquisition during ECA phase
- Accurate monitoring of potential surface reconfiguration and mass shedding during closest approach



Satis implementation Roadmap (to be updated)





RAMSES Mission objectives and payload



Mission objectives

- 1. Characterize Apophis with **high-resolution before** (and after) the encounter:
 - Orbit, Spin state and orientation (1%)
 - Shape and surface changes (10 cm)
 - Mass, density and porosity (1%)
 - Interior structure, cohesion
 - Presence of dust <1mm
- 2. Monitor Apophis with high temporal resolution (1min) during the encounter



CORE payload suite



- 2 X AFC cameras (science/navigation)
- Hera AFC flight spare
 - Second AFC with complementary FoV (NASA TBC)

2 X 6U **CubeSats** (Payload suite TBC)

OPPORTUNITY Payload suite

depending on resources availabilities maximizing reuse of mature/existing instruments

Thermal Infrared Imager (JAXA + BE) || Laser Altimeter (PT+LV) || Seismometer (FR) || (Low Frequency) Radar (FR) || Accelerometers (ES) || Radiometers (IT) || Laser Retroreflector(IT)

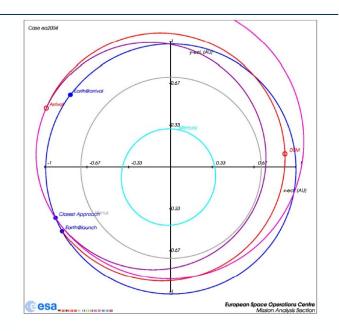
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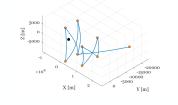
Expression of interest gathered from Hera WGs

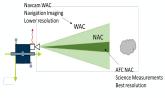
Mission Profile



RAMSES Mission Profile				
Launch	Launch Vehicle	Ariane 6.2 (CSG)		
	Backup Launch Vehicle	Falcon 9 Block 5 reusable (KSC/VSFB)		
	Launch Window	20 April 2028 (21 dd)		
Transfer	Duration	10 months		
	Delta V	< 1590 m/s		
	Arrival at Apophis	February 2029		
Close Proximity Operations	Insertion Manoeuvres	<20 days		
	Pre-encounter Phase (PRE)	1 March – 11 April 2029 Passively safe hyperbolic arcs (20km) Hovering at 20 – 10 – 5 – 1 km		
	Close-encounter Phase (CEP)	12-14 April 2029 Hovering at 5 km (Constant Sun phase angle)		
	Post-encounter Phase	Hyperbolic + hovering trajectories TBC		
	End of nominal Ops	August 2029		
	Experimental phase	Extended operations Authonomy experiments Controlled descent Commercial deep-space operations test bench		







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RAMSES [Hera] concept



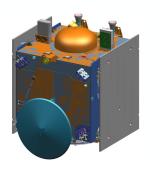
Reuse of the Hera platform adapted to RAMSES mission profile

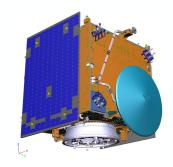
Mission concept

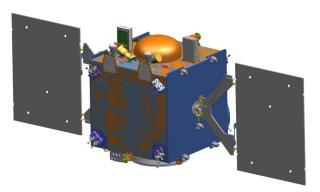
- Launch in April 2028 (A62/F9), direct transfer (10 months)
- Maximum re-use of the Hera architecture (> 1000kg class)
- Very limited amount of modification required (larger tanks, adaptation to the payload suite)
- Single string architecture for significant mass, cost and schedule savings while maintaining high reliability (>0.9) in line with recent mission at NASA (e.g. DART) and JAXA (Hayabusa-2)
- Large Opportunity Payload allocation (20-30 kg)
- Very good compliance with observation requirements

Current status

Ph1 started May 23, PDR-level maturity in early 2024







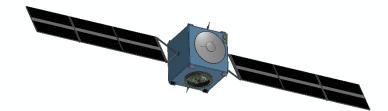
RAMSES [COTS] concept



Novel commercial deep space platform to be developed largely based on existing equipment

Mission Concept

- Launch in Q4 2027 (A62/F9/PSLV TBC), transfer arc based on electric propulsion
- Major evolution of existing platform (500kg class)
- Large use of COTS and existing equipment with deep space heritage for critical equipment
- Limited opportunity payload allocation (< 10 kg)
- Promising compliance to observation requirements, to be further confirmed along Ph1.



Current status

Ph1 started Jun 23, SRR-level maturity in early 2024



ESA Apophis studies summary



RAMSES is ESA's study for a small mission to rendezvous with Apophis **prior** to Earth encounter in 2029 Complements a range of studies for missions to Apophis within the ESA Planetary Defense programme

	RAMSES	RAMSES II	SATIS
	Adaptation of the Hera platform (Chemical propulsion)	Novel deep space platform based on existing equipment (Electrical propulsion)	12 U CubeSat (Electrical propulsion)
Satellite class	> 1000 kg	500 kg	12 U Cubesat (< 30kg)
Current status	Ongoing, PDR level in Q1 2024	Ongoing, SRR level in Q1 2024	Phase A to be KO soon
Launch	Mid 2028	End 2027	Mid 2027
Top risk	Funding continuity	Mostly existing technology, but platform still to be developed	Some enabling technologies still to be developed
Opportunity payloads	2 AFC + 2 6U CubeSats Opportunity: Large (20-30 kg)	2 AFC + 2 6U CubeSats Opportunity: Limited (5 kg)	Hyperspectral + Thermal Imager Opportunity: TBC

WAY FORWARD



