

Unión Europea Fondo Europeo de desarrollo Regional "Una manera de hacer Europa"



Exploring galaxy evolution through wide, deep near-infrared imaging via the ESO Public Survey SHARKS



2020

2023



obierno de Canarias

d de la Info

Canarias

con Europa

Helmut Dannerbauer Instituto de Astrofísica de Canarias

and the SHARKS team

Carnero, Cross, Gutierrez, Ivison, Andreani, Baes, Bayo, Bonjean, Bourne, Clements, Cooray, Danese, Davies, De Zotti, Díaz-Sánchez, Ding, Driver, Dunne, Dye, Eales, Edge, Fazio, Furlanetto, Ghaffari, Gonzalez C., Gonzalez E., Gonzalez-Nuevo, Hardcastle, Hughes, Hurley, Ibar, Irwin, Jarvis, Knapen, Lapi, Leiton, Lorezon, Maddox, Manjón-García, Mann, Marchetti, Messias, Michalowski, Muñoz, Negrello, Norris, Oliver, Omont, Oteo, Ramos-Chernenko, Read, Riechers, Rios-López, Rodighiero, Robotham, Saaveder-Esqueviel, Scudder, Shen, Seymour, Shibhana, Smith, Sutherland, Temi, Trujillo, Vaccari, Vuong, Wilner, Van der Werf, Yoshimoto

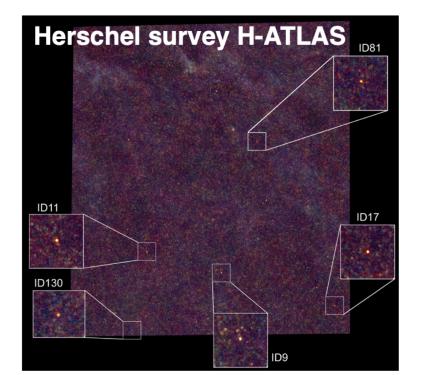


SHARKS Southern <u>H-ATLAS Regions K_s band Survey</u> 198.A-2006

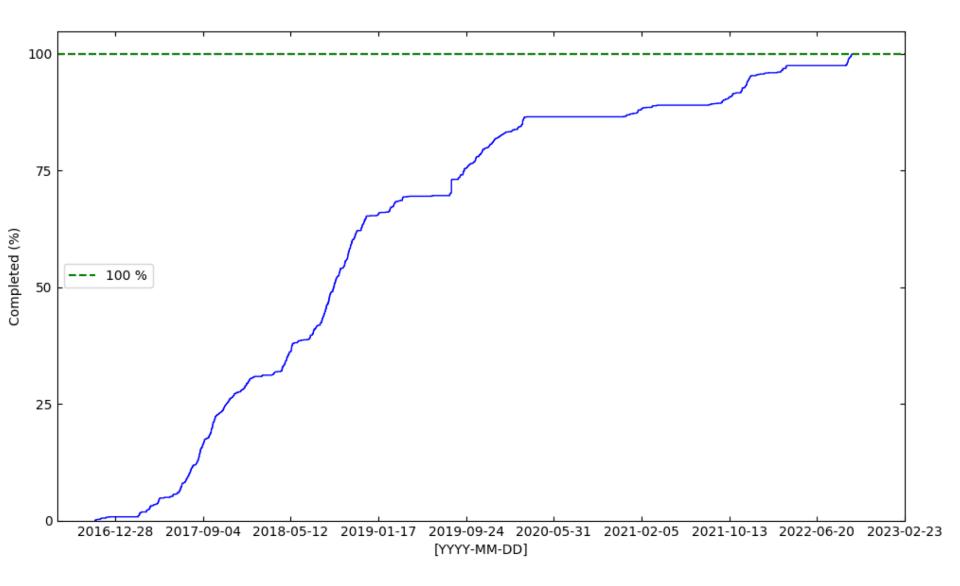


A lot of thanks to the ESO survey team for the great support





SHARKS observations are done





SHARKS in a Nutshell

- 1200hrs of observing time with ESO 4m telescope VISTA and instrument VIRCAM are approved, started in Nov 2016 and finished in September 2022⁽³⁾
- 300 square degree in K_s-band down to 22.7mag (AB, 5sigma)
- we will detect around 20 million sources
- H-ATLAS fields: GAMA12, GAMA15 and SGP
- 1st ESO Data Release on 31 January 2022
- huge legacy value (Euclid, LSST, WEAVE, radio surveys from LOFAR, ASKAP, MeerKAT, SKA)
- article this year in the ESO Messenger, #187, p.12-15

Survey Aims

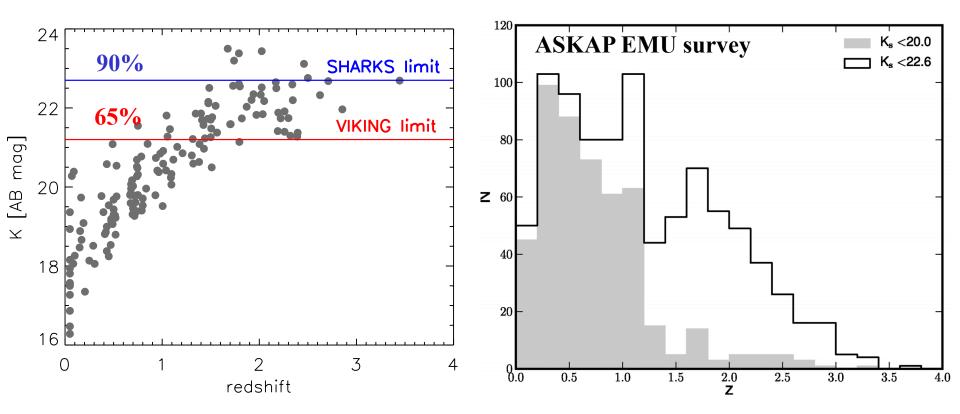
from original proposal

•increase depth of VIKING fields from K=21.2 to 22.7mag (AB, 5sigma) over 300 square degree in three fields with VISTA-VIRCAM: equatorial fields GAMA12, GAMA15 and the South Galactic Pole

•provide counterparts of (high-z) sources selected through on-going and future infrared and radio surveys

- > IR: Herschel survey H-ATLAS, WISE and NEOWISE
- radio: LOFAR, ASKAP, MeerKAT, SKA

Why SHARKS?

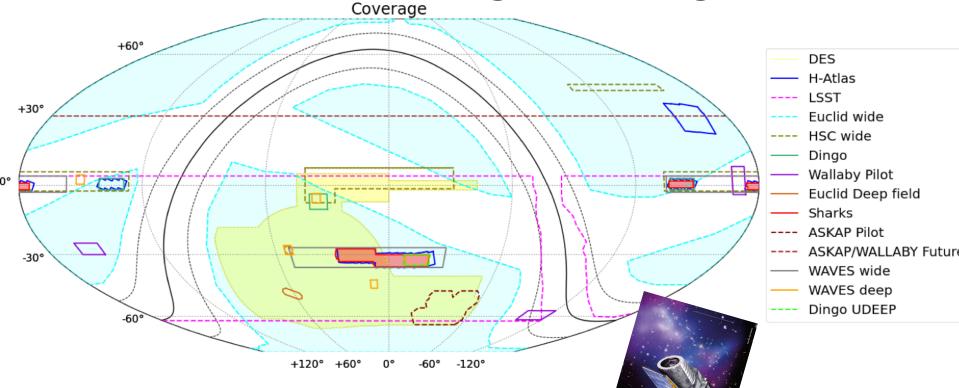


the Major Scientific Aims are from original proposal •to provide the best possible counterpart identication for 90% of the sources detected at 0 < z < 3 by H-ATLAS, SKA and LOFAR

•to produce a sample of a thousand strong lenses for cosmography studies

•to study the evolution of the most massive structures in the Universe

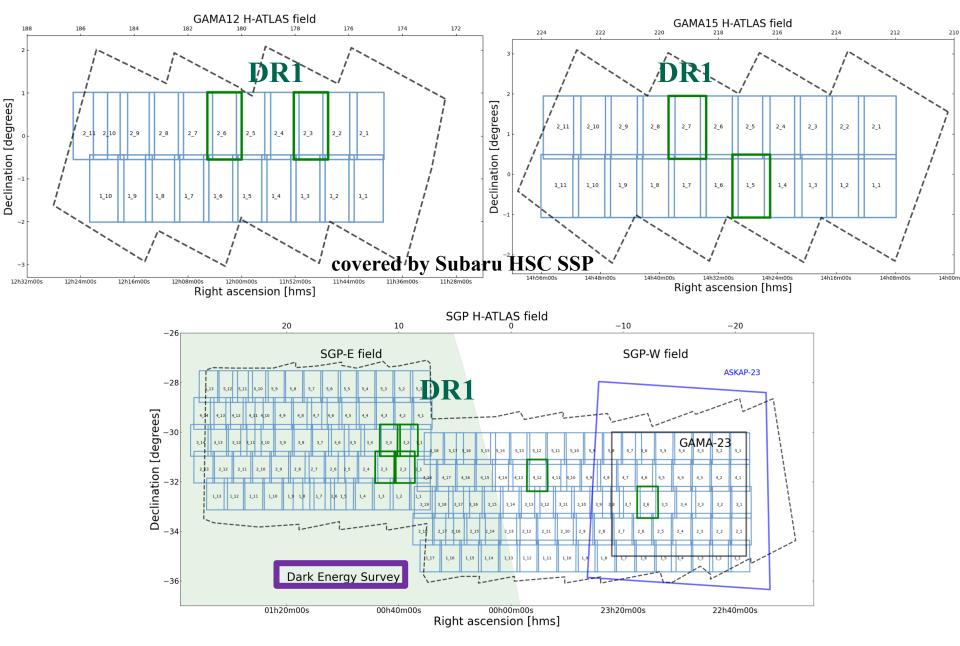
Multi-wavelength coverage



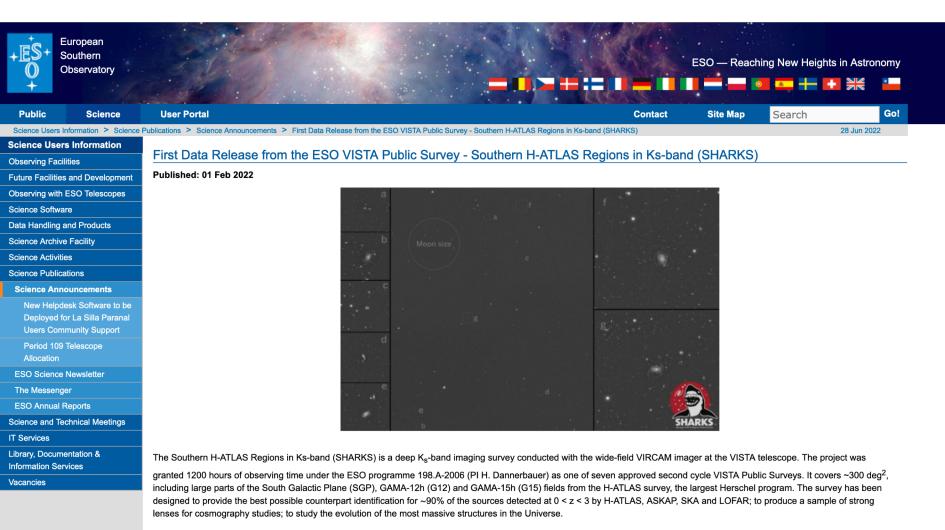
Survey	Frequency	Overlapping Area	Depth (5σ)
H-ATLAS	$100-500\mu{\rm m}$	100% in SGP and GAMA	$\sim 30 \mathrm{mJy}$ at $250 \mu\mathrm{m}$
\mathbf{EMU}	$\sim 1.3\mathrm{GHz}$	100% in SGP and GAMA	$\sim 50\mu{ m Jy}$ at $20{ m cm}$
LOFAR Tier 2	$\sim 150\mathrm{MHz}$	100% in GAMA	$\sim 0.1{\rm mJy}$ at $150{\rm MHz}$
WALLABY	HI survey	100% in SGP	$M_{ m HI} > 10^8 M_*$
DINGO	HI survey	100% in SGP and GAMA	$M_{ m HI} > 10^7 M_*$
GALEX MIS	UV phot.	100% in SGP and GAMA	$\sim 22.7\mathrm{ABmag}$
Deep-WAVES	optical spec.	100% in SGP	$r < 22 \mathrm{ABmag}$
WEAVE	optical spec.	100% in GAMA	
LSST	u,g,R,I,z phot.	100% in SGP and GAMA	$\sim 26\text{-}27\mathrm{ABmag}$
EUCLID	Y, J, H phot.	100% in SGP	$\sim 24\mathrm{ABmag}$
	H-ATLAS EMU LOFAR Tier 2 WALLABY DINGO GALEX MIS Deep-WAVES WEAVE LSST	H-ATLAS $100-500 \mu\mathrm{m}$ EMU $\sim 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}$ LOFAR Tier 2 $\sim 150 \mathrm{MHz}$ WALLABYHI surveyDINGOHI surveyGALEX MISUV phot.Deep-WAVESoptical spec.WEAVEoptical spec.LSSTu,g,R,I,z phot.	H-ATLAS $100-500 \mu\mathrm{m}$ 100% in SGP and GAMAEMU $\sim 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}$ 100% in SGP and GAMALOFAR Tier 2 $\sim 150 \mathrm{MHz}$ 100% in SGP and GAMALOFAR Tier 2 $\sim 150 \mathrm{MHz}$ 100% in GAMAWALLABYHI survey 100% in SGP and GAMAGALEX MISUV phot. 100% in SGP and GAMADeep-WAVESoptical spec. 100% in SGPWEAVEoptical spec. 100% in GAMALSSTu,g,R,I,z phot. 100% in SGP and GAMA

power of SHARKS is combination of MW-data e.g. *Euclid* will do YHJ but not K!

Current Status



ESO Data Release 1 @ 31 January 2022



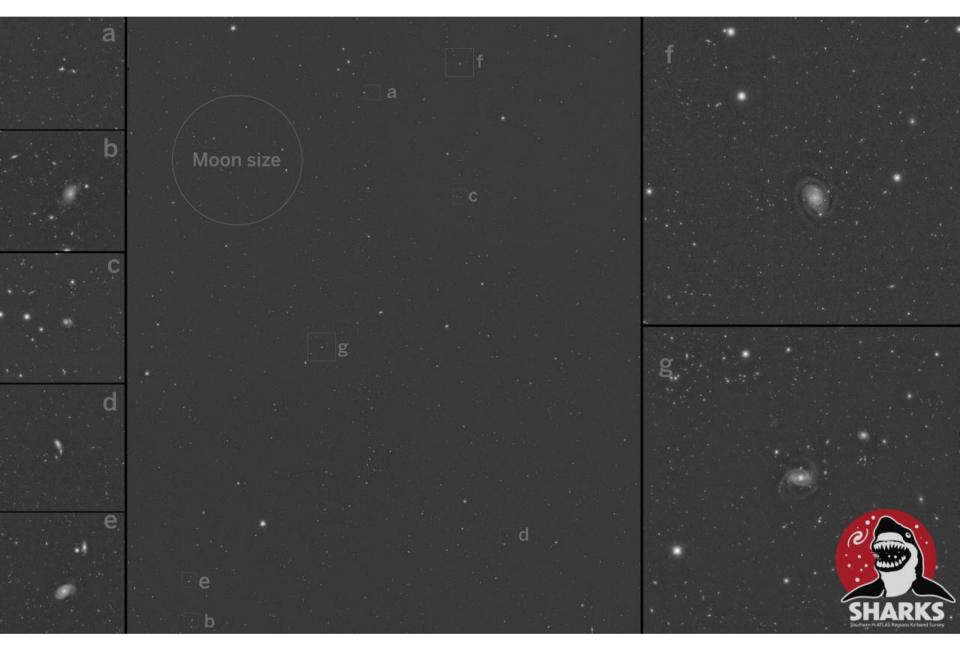
SHARKS DR1 consists of calibrated images and single band source catalogues from observations taken between March 2017 and January 2019. It covers a sky area of about 20 deg², divided in 10 mosaics of ~2 deg² each. The 10 mosaics are distributed as following: four contiguous mosaics in the SGP-E region, and two unrelated mosaics each in the SGP-W, G15 and G12 fields. The mean depth reaches the expected Ks magnitude of ~22.7 (AB, 5sigma) with a mean seeing of ~1". The products are available via the ESO Science Portal or programmatically. More information about the release is available in the related documentation.

SHARKS DR1 has been produced in collaboration with the Instituto de Astrofísica de Canarias (E-IAC) and the Wide-Field Astronomy Unit (E-WFAU) at the Royal Observatory of Edinburgh.

ESO Data Release 1 @ 31 January 2022

- consists of calibrated images and single band source catalogues
- 10 mosaics of ~2 sq. degrees, ~5% of the total survey
- four contiguous mosaics in the SGP-E region and two unrelated mosaics each in the SGP-W, G12 and G15 fields.
- mean depth of K_s~22.7 mag (AB, 5sigma) and mean seeing of ~1 arcsec, around 1 million sources
- SHARKS DR1 has been produced in collaboration with the Instituto de Astrofísica de Canarias (IAC) and the Wide-Field Astronomy Unit (WFAU) at the Royal Observatory of Edinburgh
- retrieve data via ESO archive or our project page (http://research.iac.es/proyecto/sharks/pages/en/data-releases/dr1.php)
- provided a detailed data release document

ESO Data Release 1 @ 31 January 2022



Sky Background Subtraction



Aurelio Carnero (IAC)



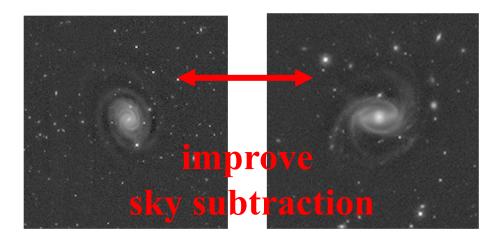
Sky Background Subtraction



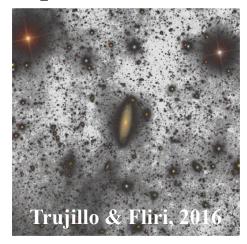
Aurelio Carnero (IAC)



Optimized Low-Surface Brightness emission Data Reduction

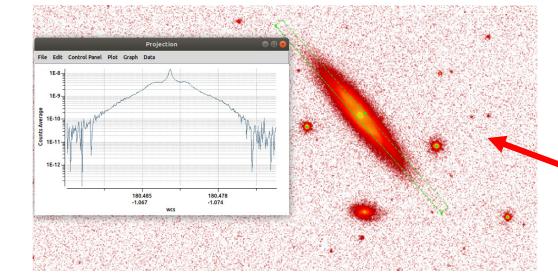


team at IAC led by Ignacio Trujillo with expertise on this topic->collaboration

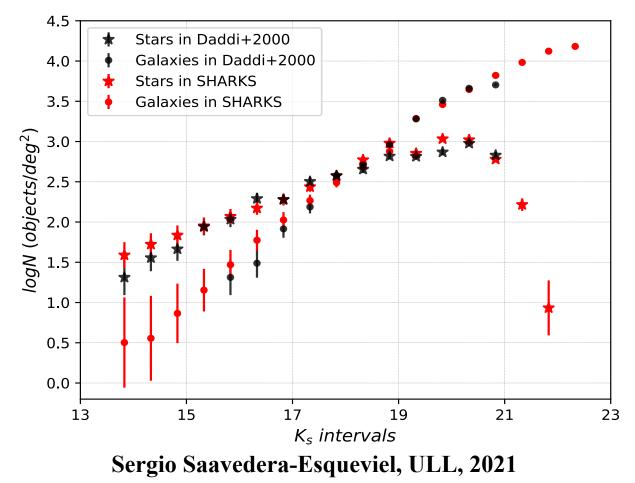


Zohreh Ghaffari focuses on such a pipeline for SHARKS





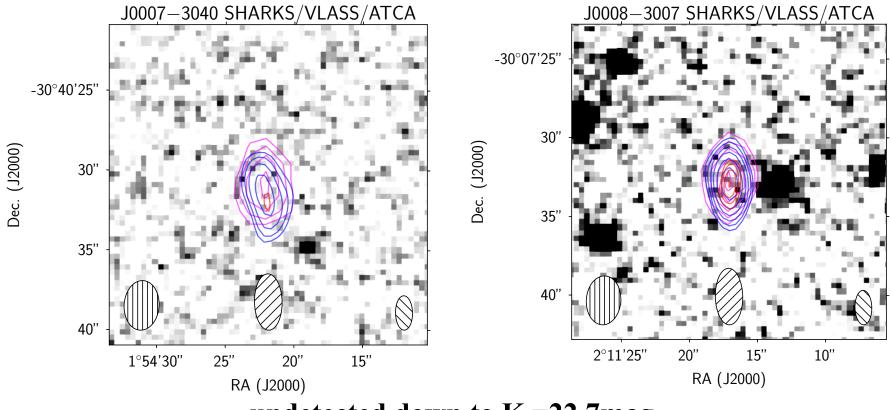
Number counts



confidence in data reduction and calibration©

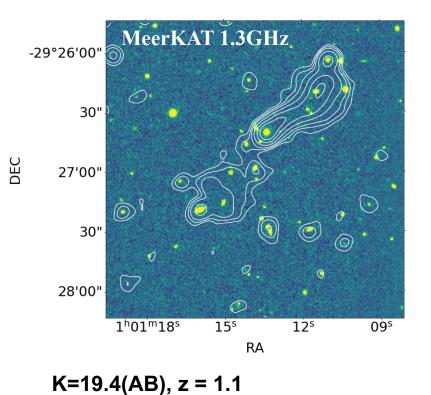
search for counterparts of radio sources selected from the GLEAM survey

Broderick et al. 2022, PASA, in press (astro-ph/2204.08490)



undetected down to K_s=22.7mag

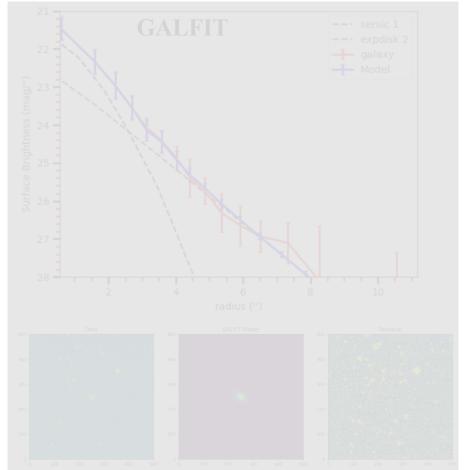
first publication using SHARKS data©



use K-z relation for radio galaxies

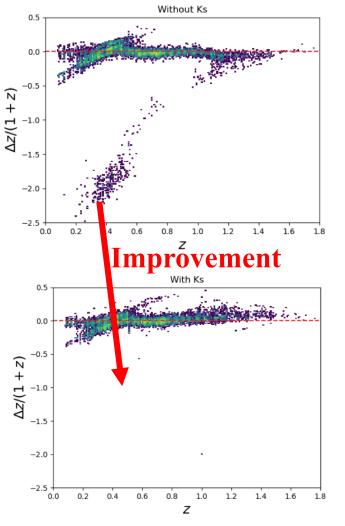
Yifan Ding & Dave Clements Imperial College

structural parameters of AGN host galaxies selected through GAMA spec

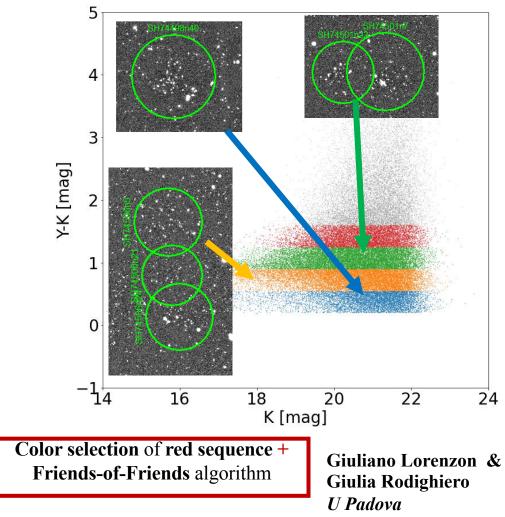


see next talk by Emmanuel Ríos-López, IAC

photo-z's (SED fitting & ML)



Victor Bonjean & Nataliya Ramos-Chernenko, IAC



search for galaxy overdensities



- 300 sq. degree K_s-band down to 22.7mag (AB)
- first data release on 31 January 2022
- dedicated data reduction to reveal low-surface brightness emission
- ESO Messenger article published recently
- SHARKS-DR2 planned for 2023
- Euclid will observe major part of the SHARKS fields >250 sq. deg.

http://research.iac.es/proyecto/sharks/pages/en/home.php