

Thirty Eighth Meeting of the Hipparcos Science Team
Leiden, 14–15 December 1995

Attendance:

HST: Prof. P.L. Bernacca, Dr M. Crézé, Dr M. Grenon (first day), Prof. E. Høg, Prof. J. Kovalevsky, Dr F. van Leeuwen, Dr L. Lindegren, Dr H. van der Marel, Dr F. Mignard, Mr C.A. Murray, Mr R.S. Le Poole, Dr H. Schrijver, Dr C. Turon

ESTEC: Dr M.A.C. Perryman (second day)

Consortia: Dr C. Fabricius

Unable to attend: Dr U. Bastian, Prof. F. Donati, Prof. M. Grewing

The Documentation Working Group Meeting (13 December) and the HST meeting were chaired by Dr Catherine Turon due to illness of M. Perryman.

The agenda attached was adopted.

Actions agreed at the meeting are included at the end of the Minutes.

Details of the recommendations of the Documentation Working Group, which met on 13 December, are given under Item 10.

1 Overview of status and schedule

No specific items to report. The 31 March 1996 release date to PI's has been maintained.

2 TDAC progress report and schedule

See transparencies of E. Høg and C. Fabricius (Annex 1). See Action 38.1.

3 Main astrometric catalogue merging

C.A. Murray presents the results of the computations made by F. Arenou (see Annex 2). Two problems left: choice of 9-parameters solutions; correlation with orbit number. See Action 38.2.

F. Mignard presents comparisons of the merged solution with F37. The mean improvement is of about 0.16 mas. The variation versus ecliptic latitude is much more pronounced for latitude, much less for longitude (merged solution versus F37). See Annex 3. Very few stars have distances merged-F37 larger than 1 mas. FM will investigate what they are. See Action 38.3.

4 Sphere comparisons, including TYC

No work on that subject since last HST. HS received provisional TYC yesterday. See Action 38.4. Action 37.2 still in standby.

5 Data base activities

A long time is devoted to go through each field and update the table prepared by HS on the responsibilities for columns of main catalogue. The updated version is given in Annex 4 (distributed separately).

An addendum to this table, prepared by HS for the data required by the CD-ROM software, and not appearing in the printed catalogue is also given.

See Annex 4 for detailed actions related to each column of the main catalogue and to the additional data needed for the Celestia 2000 CD-ROM production.

See also actions 38.5 to 38.10.

6 Double Star Working Group Report

See transparencies of F. Mignard (Annex 5) and L. Lindegren (Annex 6). See actions 38.5, 38.7, 38.9, 38.10 to 38.14.

Parts of the DMSA:

- C: from the merging of FAST and NDAC solution performed by L. Lindegren.
- G: from F. Arenou merging
- O: from ARI. Still expected.
- V: from ARI. Provisional results received.
- X: nothing !!

Questions:

- are ARI results to be considered as final FAST results ?
- is the merging FAST/NDAC feasible for these stars ?
- are VIM's credible ?? (LL not convinced).

Triple stars: J. Kovalevsky shows preliminary results for some triple systems (Annex 7, not attached). L. Lindegren says that they are using the 'HIF' (Hipparcos Imaging Facility) in Lund to solve some triple systems. In addition, R. Le Poole is performing ground-based observations to help solving difficult cases (also for some double systems). He already sent about a third of listed difficult cases to L. Lindegren.

All what is available as new observations or new solutions for triple systems will be incorporated by L. Lindegren if received by mid-January 1996.

CCDM and component identification: F. Mignard reports that the list of considered systems was sent to Brussels in November.

- CCDM identification is made by J. Dommanget and O. Nys. FM received 9 000 records last week. Not yet worked on it.
- component identification is made by P. Lampens. Waited for February 1996. See Action 38.15.

Distribution of double star data to proposers: see Action 38.16.

7 Photometry Working Group Report

F. van Leeuwen presents the merging of FAST and NDAC data performed by D. Evans and the preliminary results of the variability analysis performed at Cambridge (see Annex 8).

Comments, notes and/or references are available for 8 100 HIP entries, notes and/or references for 5 460 variable stars. FvL is preparing these for the publication.

M. Grenon presents the variability analysis performed at Geneva (see annex 9). This study should be finished by mid-January.

Threshold to consider a star as micro-variable: depends on magnitude amplitude and magnitude.

FvL and MG will be in a position to definitively conclude on that, finalise the explanations for the catalogue introduction, and start writing a paper for A&A by the end of February 1996, when they are through their variability analysis and cross-check.

Allocation of variable star names: see Action 38.17. This name allocation should be finished by the end of June 1996.

See actions 37.14, 37.15 about the finalisation of the variable star annex. Also required for related CD-ROM window.

Question about the use of the median versus mean magnitude: FvL and MG disagree with the use of the median ... Prefer a weighted mean. FM thinks that the median is more robust ... and that it was decided 3 years ago ... See Action 38.18. This has consequences on the keys to right pages, on the documentation for the main catalogue and the DMSA (introduction, description of the fields).

Distribution of epoch photometry to proposers: do not distribute epoch photometry without the related documentation. Documentation should be ready by the end of March 1996. This imply only a small delay in the distribution with respect to data from the main catalogue. F. Mignard has made a proposal to distribute these data from Cerga. See Action 38.19.

8 Report from Reference Frame Working Group

J. Kovalevsky presents the results of the various teams involved in the Link WG and the resulting rotation of the system (orientation and time-dependent solution). See Annex 10 (not attached).

L. Lindegren presents his solution following the method described in A&A. For the orientation, ϵ , 90% of the weight comes from the VLBI solution. For the rotation, ω , most of the weight comes from Earth rotation and Lick/San Juan solutions. Only 8% from the VLBI. See Annex 11.

Schedule:

- individual link solution from each team by 20 January 1996.
- final rotation available by mid-February.

Rotation applied by:

- H. Schrijver to Hipparcos stars, checked by F. Mignard and Lennart Lindegren
 - E. Høg to Tycho stars, checked by H. Schrijver
 - D. Hestroffer to Hipparcos and Tycho solar system objects, checked by H. Schrijver
- See also Documentation WG Section 1.2, and actions 38.20 and 38.21.

9 Solar System Objects

D. Hestroffer presents the results obtained by FAST, NDAC and TDAC for solar system objects.
See Annex 12.

Publication:

- one dimensional data for objects observed by Hipparcos. No merging between FAST and NDAC, neither for minor planets nor for satellites of major planets. Final list of objects with astrometric and/or photometric data: see recapitulation of DH in annex 12.
- two dimensional data for objects observed by Tycho. Final list of objects with astrometric and/or photometric data: see recapitulation of DH in Annex 12.

Schedule: see recapitulation of actions by DH in Annex 12.

See also Action 38.22 and 38.23.

10 Documentation Working Group Activities

See minutes of the meeting of Documentation Working Group held in Leiden on 13 December 1995 in Annex 13 (distributed separately).

Many actions enclosed in these minutes, and in Annex 4. See also actions 38.24 (short deadline), 37.10, 37.11, 37.14, 37.15, 36.10, 35.8 and 35.15.

11 Sky & Telescope Millennium Atlas

HST members had been kept up to date with the MoU being drawn up by M. Perryman and the Sky Publishing Corporation. Basically, this calls for Hipparcos and Tycho data to be made available to S&T in advance of publication (actually, early in 1996), with the Millennium Atlas being targetted for production at the same time as (but not in advance of) the Hipparcos and Tycho Catalogues. Changes in the MoU were still going on to reflect the possible creation of a version of the Atlas which could be published as Volumes 15–16 of the Hipparcos/Tycho Catalogue set. HST expressed their support for this development.

12 Venice Symposium

P.L. Bernacca had been pursuing investigations for the Symposium. Local support facilities were being identified. Bernacca and Perryman were investigating financial sponsorship. Bernacca had met with ESA/Paris Public Relations representatives (M.-P. Hubrecht and R. Elaerts) with a view to holding a scientific exhibition in parallel with the Symposium.

13 Miscellaneous

(a) Perryman had written to D. Egret (CDS) to ensure that the Hipparcos and Tycho Catalogues would be available within the CDS data base as swiftly as possible after their release.

(b) the address list for catalogue distribution, prepared by M. Perryman, was distributed to all participants. See Action 38.25. See also Section 1.8 of the Documentation WG minutes.

14 Next Meetings

The following dates were set aside as provisional dates for future meetings, which would be confirmed as appropriate (regarding topic, date, and location): 28 February (Documentation Working Group); 29 February–1 March (Double Star Working Group); 18-19 April (HST I); 4-5 June (HST II).

C. Turon, 20 December 1995

Distribution: HST, A. Wicenec, J.L. Halbwachs, D. Hestroffer

Actions

(see also detailed actions related to data base activities in annex 4
and in the minutes of the Documentation WG, Annex 13)

38.1 Høg/van Leeuwen (+ Tübingen) to reflect on what could be done in Cambridge and Tübingen in the context of variable star analysis for TDAC.

38.2 Lindegren to send a message to Arenou to congratulate him for his huge work; to give him additional criteria to select solutions with 9 parameters; to enquire about the time necessary to perform a new solution, allowing to correct for the correlation with orbit number.

38.3 Mignard to investigate stars with distances (merged solution-F37) larger than 1 mas.

38.4 Schrijver to compare spheres HIP and TYC.

38.5 Lindegren/Mignard to reflect on the sense of H29-30 for double stars.

38.6 Revision of the transformations B and V (Johnson) to B_T and V_T , and reverse: Schrijver to send to Grenon the stars used by TDAC for standards. Grenon to send to Høg these transformation formulae by end 1995.

38.7 Høg to make the cross-identifications TYC versus HIP and entries of the DMSA (after HS has merged the FA, LL files + merged photometry). Høg to extract B_T and V_T for each entry, and to send these data to HS, DMSA entries also to FM, by 15-3-96. Mignard to check these entries, make joint entries where necessary, and send back to HS by 30-3-96.

38.8 Grenon to write software to update the epoch photometry once V-I is updated using B_T and V_T of Tycho standard stars, by 15-1-96. This will change the values of Hp for about 1 000 stars. Grenon to send these to Schrijver by 31-1-96.

38.9 Mignard to correct Hp for double star effect, compute Hp for components, for two-pointing double stars, and joint entries, and then correct the epoch photometry for these stars (once he received the merged photometry from van Leeuwen, and once the list of ρ and Δm is finalised with Lindegren).

38.10 Mignard to ask Dommangé to provide input for flag H56.

38.11 Lindegren to investigate if there exists stars common to the various parts of the DMSA. This has consequences on the use of flag H60 and on the CD-ROM windows.

38.12 Lindegren/Mignard to reflect on the contents of flag H61, only related to the quality of relative astrometry in the present description. Use H60 for the quality of absolute astrometry ??

38.13 Lindegren to investigate how many systems will have solutions for different regions (field 3 of DMSA, with consequences on field 2). This has consequences on the CD-ROM windows.

38.14 Lindegren to finalise the contents of parts O, V, X of DMSA.

38.15 Mignard to check that Patricia Lampens does not encounter too many drastic problems in the component identification.

38.16 Lindegren/Mignard to reflect on the practical aspects of double star data distribution to proposers.

38.17 Grenon to prepare, by the end of 1995, a precise contract with the Russian colleagues who will allocate variable star names to the new variable stars discovered by Hipparcos. This will include precisions on the schedule and will fix the conditions of publications (not before the publication of the HIP).

38.18 van Leeuwen/Grenon to definitively choose between the use of a mean or a median magnitude for the main catalogue and the DMSA. [MP comment: this has been discussed extensively and widely agreed on. I do not favour re-opening the discussions and associated effort in updating the documentation. Arguments for changes should be very convincing].

38.19 Mignard to finalise the practical aspects of the distribution of epoch photometry to proposers.

38.20 Turon to undertake distribution of 'final' data to RFWG immediately after completion of the new merging run (end of December). These data would be distributed in parallel with the validation of the merged data—if unexpected problems appeared, new data would be circulated to the RFWG, and the schedule would have to be reconsidered accordingly.

38.21 Kovalevsky/Lindegren to finalise the determination of the rotation / orientation by mid-February 1996.

38.22 Hestroffer to update Sections 1.7 and I of the documentation, versus both Hipparcos and Tycho data. Circulate to Lindegren, Mignard, Høg and Perryman.

38.23 Høg will check whether global systematic corrections to Tycho minor planet astrometry has been applied correctly. Communicate to Hestroffer.

38.24 HST to comment within one week on the proposed CD-ROM window layouts.

38.25 HST to check the list of people in the address list data base (distributed during the meeting) and if the addresses are correct.

From Previous Meeting(s)

37.2 Mignard/Lindegren to reflect on the cause of the modulation of the latitude/parallax correlation coefficient.

37.10 Perryman to investigate use of CUP, Springer, or ESA as a publisher for the CD-ROM.

37.11 Turon to be responsible for first draft of CD-ROM on-line documentation.

37.15 van Leeuwen to prepare a note on who is responsible for which columns in the tabular part of the variable star annex, and what time-scales.

37.20 Turon to propose that a JD would be held on Hipparcos at the IAU 1997 GA.

35.8 Notes for the Utrecht results data base would be expected as follows: (a) misidentifications collated by Meudon, from Turon; (b) stars not detected by the star mapper, or wrong by 15–60 arcsec, or incorrectly identified double systems or variable stars, from van Leeuwen; (c) notes on

finding charts and other photometric discrepancies (e.g. $V - I$ updates), from Grenon; (d) anomalies from the sphere solution, from Mignard and Lindegren (who would reflect on the categorisation of such discrepancies).

35.15 Grenon to finalise plans and schedule for the Finding Chart Volume of the main catalogue (e.g. LMC/SMC and cluster charts to be based on GSC scans, etc; update INCA volume using revised identifications and photometry, etc).

Thirty Eighth Meeting
of the
HIPPARCOS SCIENCE TEAM

Leiden University
Academisch Gebouw, Rapenburg 73, Leiden

14-15 December 1995
Start of meeting: 09.00 (14 December)

AGENDA

1. Overview of status and schedule (Perryman)
2. TDAC progress report and schedule (Hoeg)
3. Main astrometric catalogue merging (Murray/Mignard/Lindegren)
4. Sphere comparisons, including TYC (Schrijver/Lindegren/Mignard)
5. Data base activities (Schrijver)
6. Report from Double Star Working Group
 - structure of the double and multiple star annex (Lindegren)
 - final comparisons (Lindegren/Kovalevsky/Mignard)
 - merging strategy (Lindegren/Mignard)
 - DSWG issues, including allocation of CCDM numbers (Mignard)
 - status of ground-based preparatory programmes (Le Poole)
7. Report from Photometry Working Group
 - results of merging (van Leeuwen)
 - status of epoch photometry annex (Grenon/van Leeuwen)
 - status of variable star annex (tables and plots) (Grenon/van Leeuwen)
 - required data for photometric transformation verifications (Grenon)
 - allocation of variable star names (Grenon)
 - verification, schedule, and implementation in results data base
8. Report from Reference Frame Working Group (Kovalevsky/Lindegren)
9. Minor planet update: FAST/NDAC/TDAC (D. Hestroffer)
10. Report of Documentation Working Group (Perryman)
11. Sky & Telescope/Hipparcos Millenium Atlas (Perryman)
12. Status of Venice Symposium Organisation (May 97) (Bernacca/Perryman)
13. Miscellaneous:
 - availability of final catalogues within stellar data centres/SIMBAD
 - IAU preparations (Turon - deadline: April 1996)
 - outstanding Form B's
 - paper on light-bending (Mignard)
 - project address list data base
 - project position on 51 Peg (Bastian)
 - next HST meeting

--> please review any outstanding actions from 37th HST (see minutes)

Documentation Working Group Meeting

Leiden University
Academisch Gebouw, Rapenburg 73, Leiden

13 December: 09:00 - 18:00

Agenda

1. The printed Hipparcos Catalogue:
 - status of production plans at Utrecht
 - status of the main catalogue
 - status of double star annex (LL)
 - variable star catalogue: contents, formats and schedule (MG/FvL)
 - convention for Greek characters
 - status of finding charts, including clusters and LMC/SMC (MG)
 - logistics of production and distribution, and schedule
 - cover design
 - distribution policy and address lists
2. Status of intermediate data file archiving (Mignard/Lindgren)
 - RGC data
 - double star case history files
3. The status of the explanatory documentation (Volumes 1-4):
 - status of WWW documentation, and information to internal proposers
 - contents
 - overall schedule
4. The CD-ROM development (Catherine Turon) including:
 - development status
 - data content
 - present structure and inter-relationship of the HIC/HIP/TYC files
 - proposed target platforms
 - product name
 - activities of evaluation group
 - status of planned documentation (on-line/off-line)
 - schedule

Goals: The goals of the DWG are to review the status of all documentation planned for the project, and ensure its proper completion by 31 March 1996.

Attendance: Perryman, Bernacca, van Leeuwen, Lindgren, Mignard,
Schrijver, Turon, Hoeg, Bastian, Murray, Kovalevsky
+ others interested

Subject: TDAC schedule #2
From: erik
Date: Tue Jul 12 12:10:38 1995

Agreed at the TDAC meeting in July 95:

Tycho Catalogue Generation (TCG) Mar.95 - July 96:

incl. details for the astrometry at CUO:

CUO: receives the last IT from AIT 1 Apr 95

Main proc. at CUO, add 7 months -> AT, T37f 11 Apr

Main processing ->Fs, but not Ta T37f+

The T37f+ with Fs values have been computed by April 30,
and the values have been checked.

Reprocessing at CUO ->OE TU37a 10 May

Reprocessing -> planetary objects TU37b 1 Jun

Reprocessing ->AT + Ta + Fs TU37c 15 Jun

CUO: Quality flagging -> TC.R and TC.U 1 Aug

CUO: Merging of TC.R and TC.U -> TC.RU1

CUO: Redundancy analysis -> TC.RU2

CUO: Provisional Numbering at CUO of TYC3

CUO: Rejection of redundant stars (ie. TYC3=0)

-> TYC_CUO_11 send to ARI, CDS, AIT 1 Sep *DONE 21 AUG*

ARI, CDS, AIT use the TYC_CUO_11 to make their contribution

and send in TYC_CUO format to CUO, see below 1 Nov *DONE* *ARI*

CUO: Double stars, OEC -> resolved comp., rho<3 arcsec

Resolved comp. + TC.RU2 -> TC.RU3, changes only TYC3 1 Nov *DONE*

CUO: send updated TYC_CUO version#1 to ARI AIT CDS

CUO send to HST a TYC version#1 with:

B,V provisional (mean) values

incl. double stars and

(final) rotation to HIP system, after Nov 1995

AIT send TPC version#1 to HST

1 Dec = the max TCAT

1 Dec 95 *Done 8 Dec*

31 Dec

AIT: send B,V version#2 by survival a. to CUO

1 Feb 96

ARI CDS: send version#2 of their data to CUO

1 Feb

CUO: send version#2 TYC to HST

1 Mar

AIT send TPC version#2 to HST

1 Mar

Final TYC, internal target date

1 Apr 96

Final TYC, expected

1 Jul 96

TDAC agrees to general release to the scientific community
by 1 Jan 1997 which implies that TDAC will have between 9 and 6
months with exclusive data rights. Note that epoch photometry
in TPC is available at the same time as B,V.

Details:

	prod.	verif.	time	
AIT: Final TPOC2	VG	AW	8 Sep	→ <i>20 Sep</i>
AIT: B, V provisional mean values	VG	AW	1 Oct	} main proc Done
AIT: B, V mean values etc., TYC_CUO-format	VG	AW	1 Nov	
ARI: Various ,TYC_CUO-format	PS	UB	1 Nov	15 Nov exp <i>?</i>
CDS: Various ,TYC_CUO-format	DE	JLB	1 Nov	<i>Done 5 Nov</i>
CUO: TYC Version#1, provisional, TYC-format.	VM	CF	1 Dec 95	<i>Done 8 Dec</i>

To UB now for pair statistics: TYC_CUO_10 = the stars in T37f with:
D1-4 OR (D5-9 AND COMPI=1) OR (D5-9 AND COMPI=10)

Tycho Photometry

Fig. 1 & Fig. 2

$$2s = \text{perc}(85\%) - \text{perc}(15\%)$$

Standard error of the median :

$$\sigma_m = S \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2N}}$$

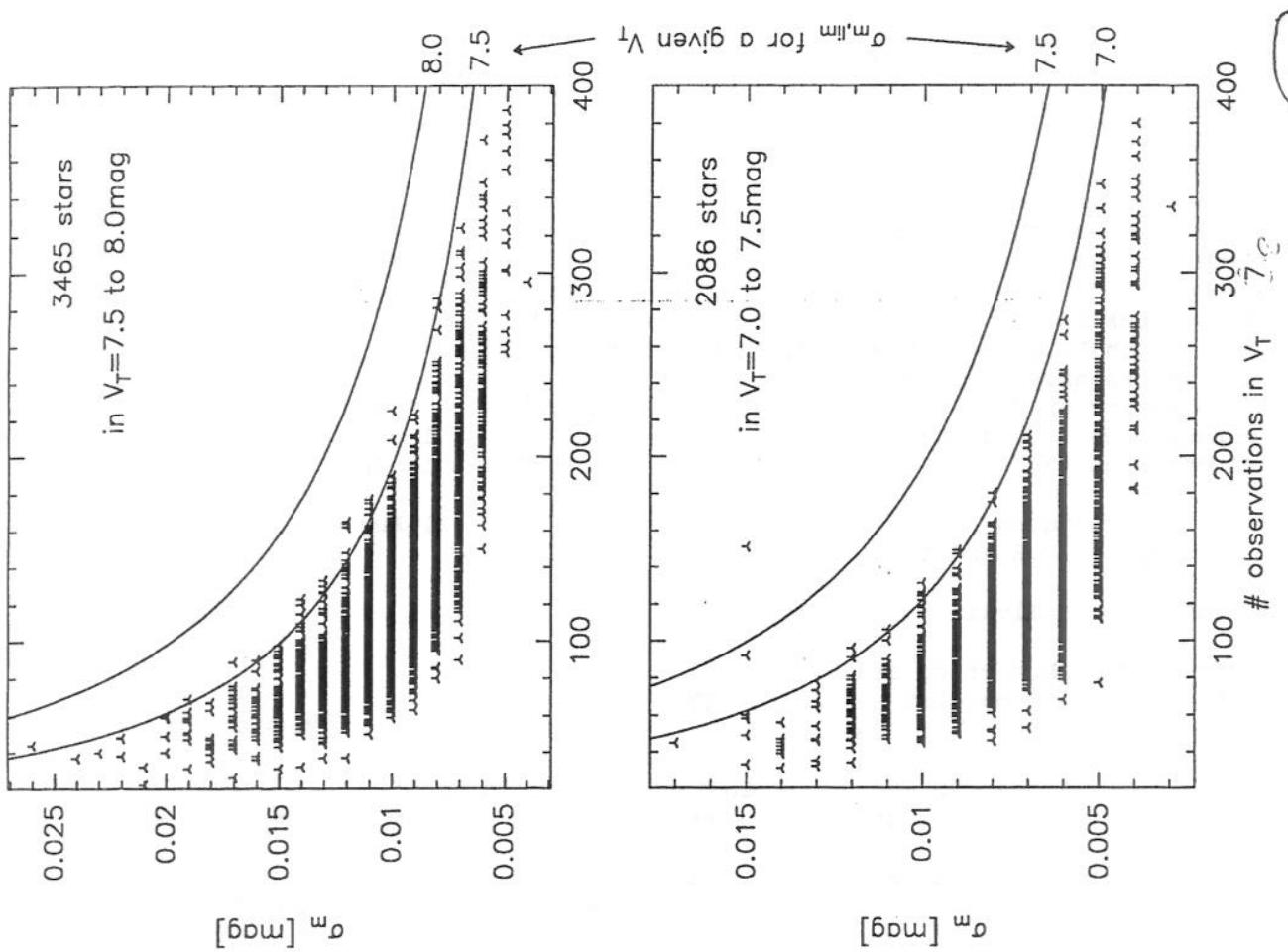
σ_m was estimated for 17028 stars of TPHC which were assumed to be constant

Fig. 1 : σ_m versus N for 2 V_T intervals

An empirical limiting function is plotted:

$$\sigma_m \text{lim} (V_T, N) = 1.754 V_T^{-0.6} N^{0.0035} \text{ mag}$$

2 outliers are seen in lower plot: Variables for further analysis, if $N > 30$ 10000 outliers expected.



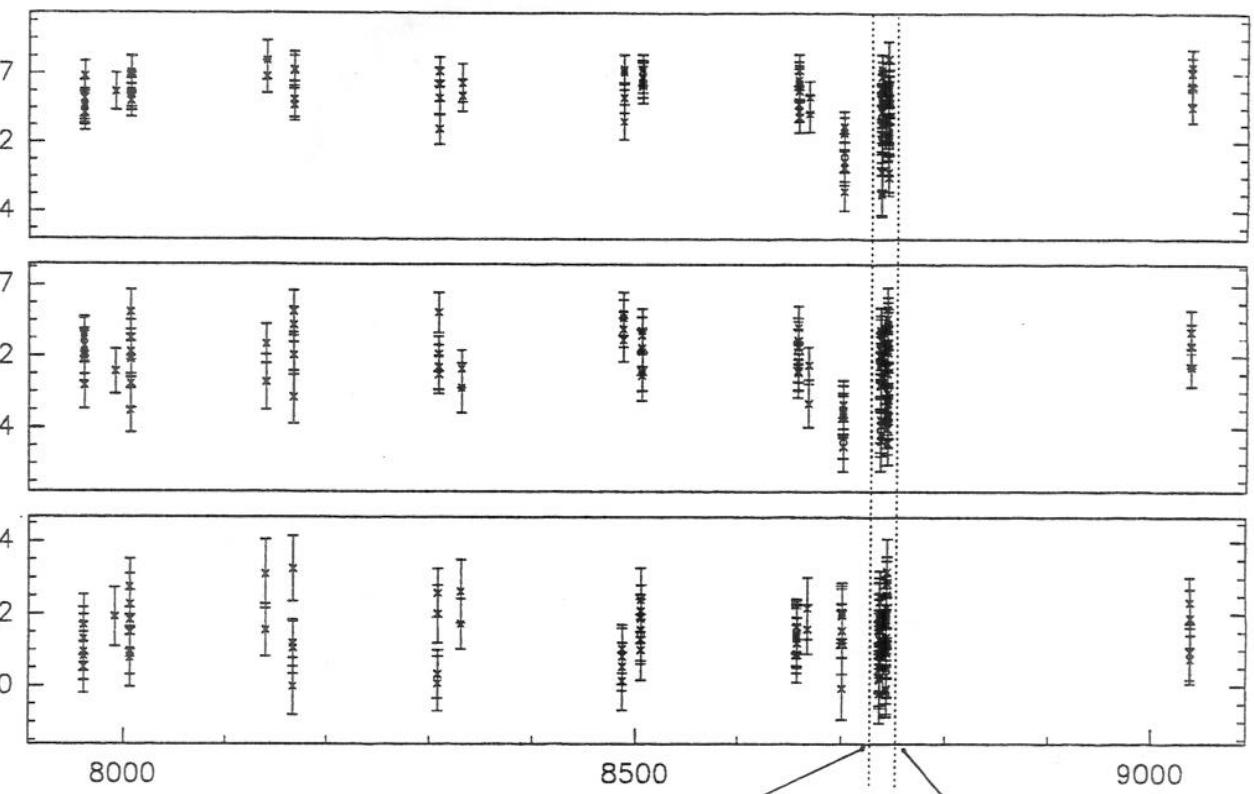
(2)

1312 488 1

$$V_{\text{CAT}} = 7.192 \quad (B-V)_{\text{CAT}} = -0.149$$

#obs=92 median (width): $B_T = 7.07$ (0.011) $V_T = 7.215$ (0.015) $B-V$ or $T = -0.143$ (0.011)
 mean (err): $B_T = 7.082$ (5.E-03) $V_T = 7.219$ (6.E-03) $B-V$ or $T = -0.136$ (8.E-03)

3

 B_T [mag] V_T [mag] $B_V - V_T$ [mag]

BJD-2440000 [d]

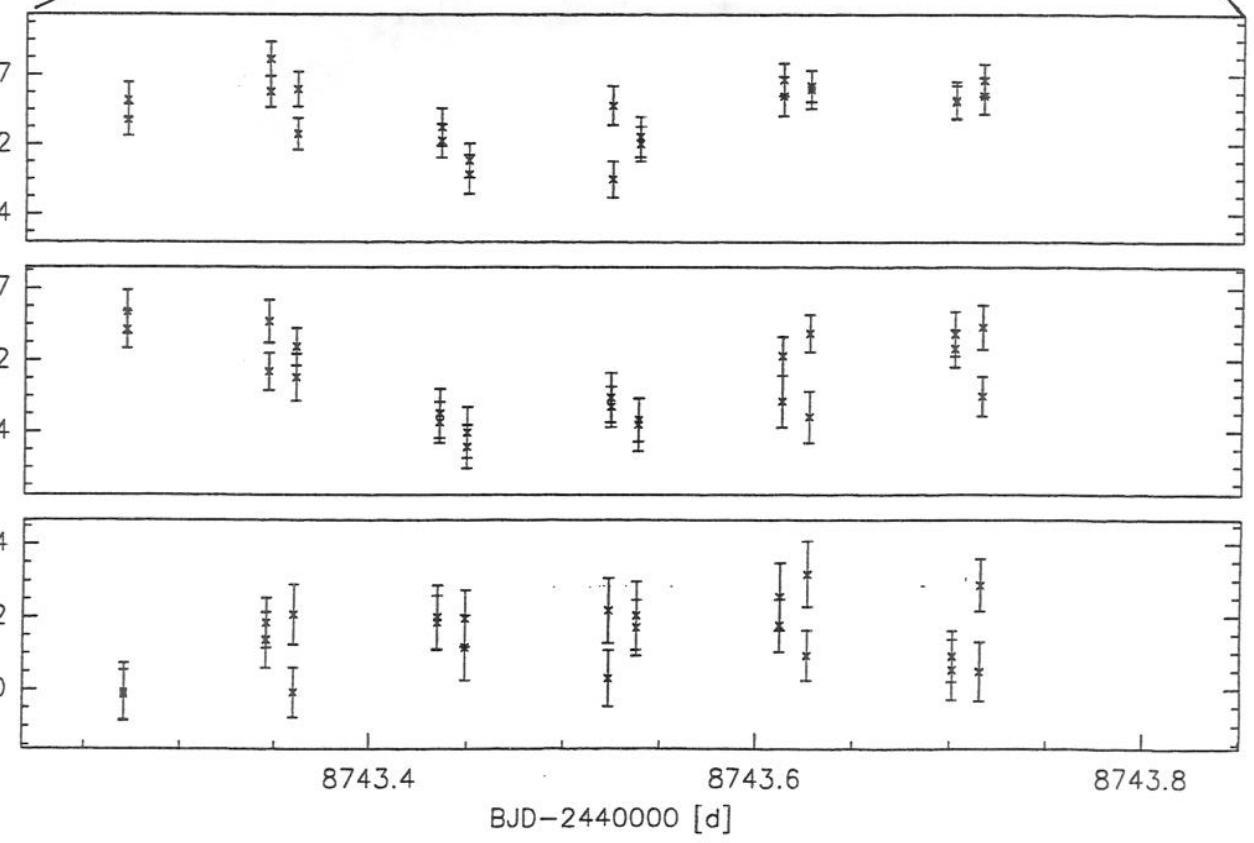
Fig. 2a

Fig. 2b

1312 488 1

$$V_{\text{CAT}} = 7.192 \quad (B-V)_{\text{CAT}} = -0.149$$

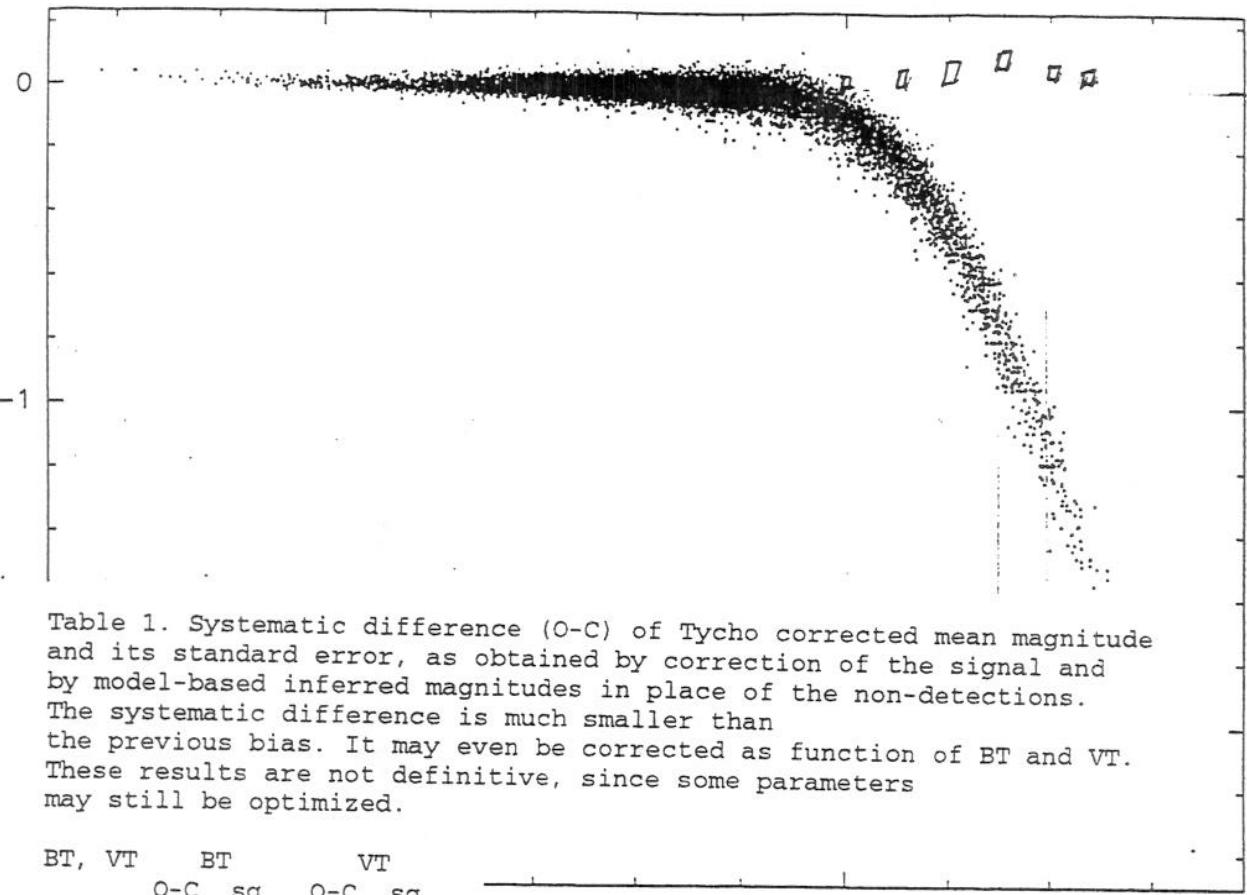
#obs=92 median (width): $B_T = 7.07$ (0.011) $V_T = 7.215$ (0.015) $B-V$ or $T = -0.143$ (0.011)
 mean (err): $B_T = 7.082$ (5.E-03) $V_T = 7.219$ (6.E-03) $B-V$ or $T = -0.136$ (8.E-03)

 B_T [mag] V_T [mag] $B_V - V_T$ [mag]

BJD-2440000 [d]

GreG 8-DEC-1995 14:59:34.37

$B_{\text{median}} - B_{\text{SSC}}$



GreG 22-AUG-1995 15:33:31.58

Table 1. Systematic difference (O-C) of Tycho corrected mean magnitude and its standard error, as obtained by correction of the signal and by model-based inferred magnitudes in place of the non-detections. The systematic difference is much smaller than the previous bias. It may even be corrected as function of BT and VT. These results are not definitive, since some parameters may still be optimized.

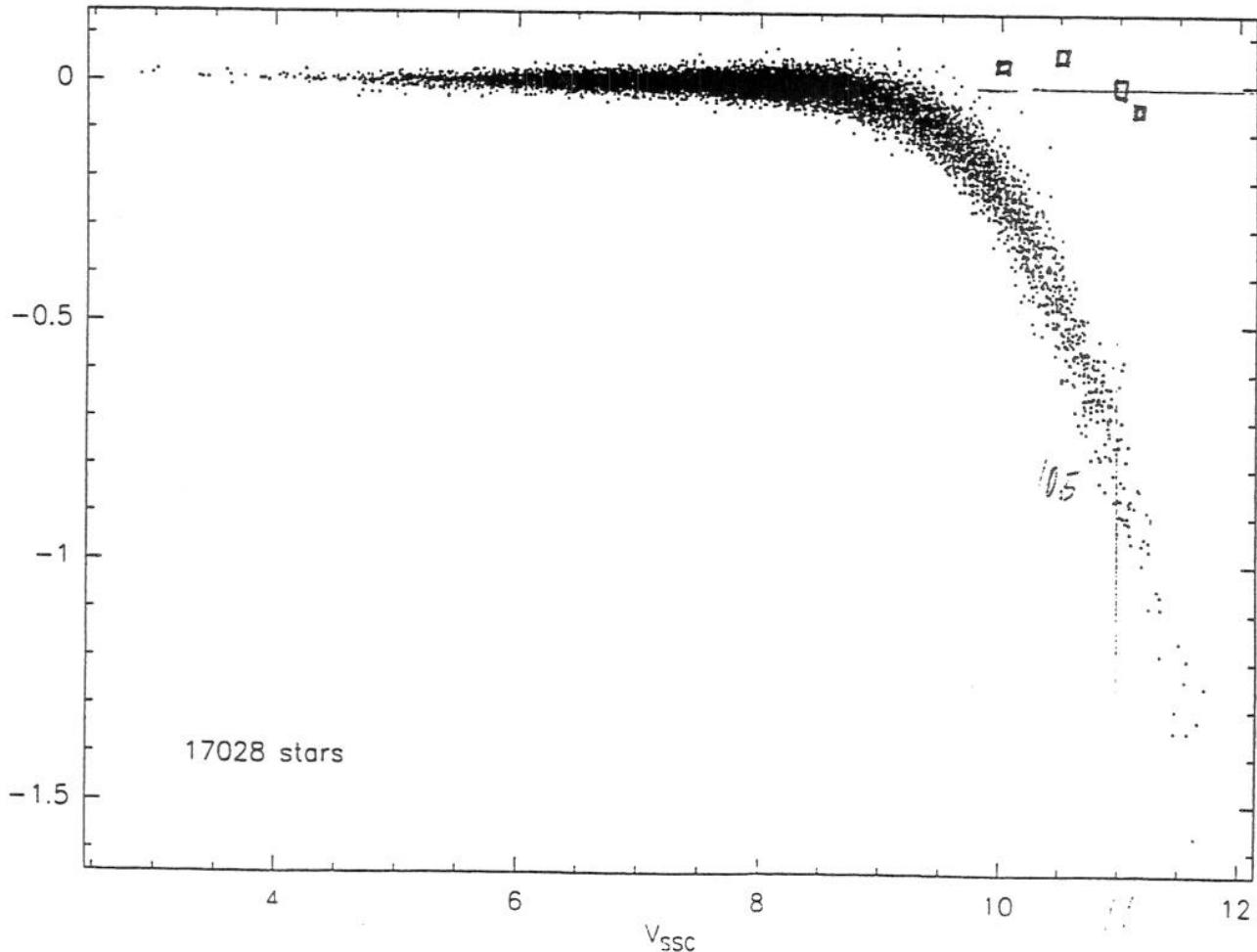
BT, VT	BT		VT	
	O-C	sg	O-C	sg
mag	mag	mag	mag	mag
9.5	.02	.04	.04	.04
10.0	.03	.05	.06	<u>.06</u>
10.5	.05	<u>.06</u>	.08	.08
11.0	.07	.09	.01	.10
11.5	.10	.13		
12.0	.08	.19		

>.03

B_{SSC}

∴ median O-C
□ corrected O-C 4.12.95

$V_{\text{median}} - V_{\text{SSC}}$

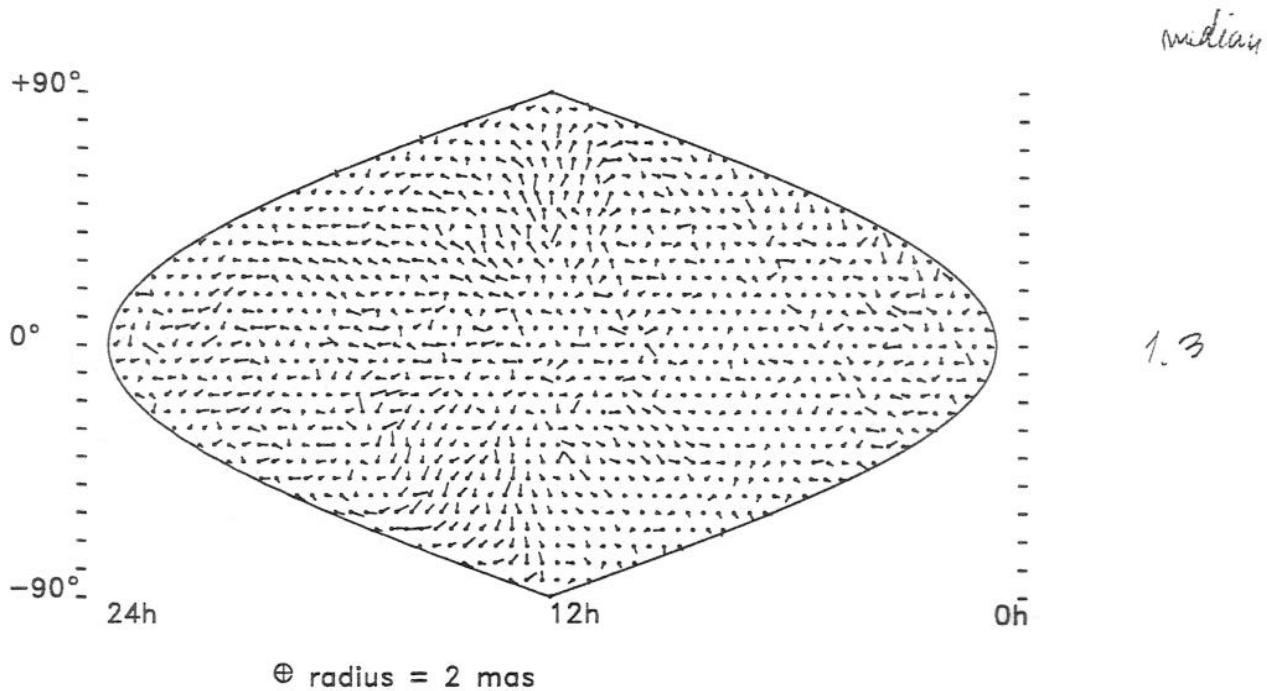


GreG 22-AUG-1995 15:35:33.25

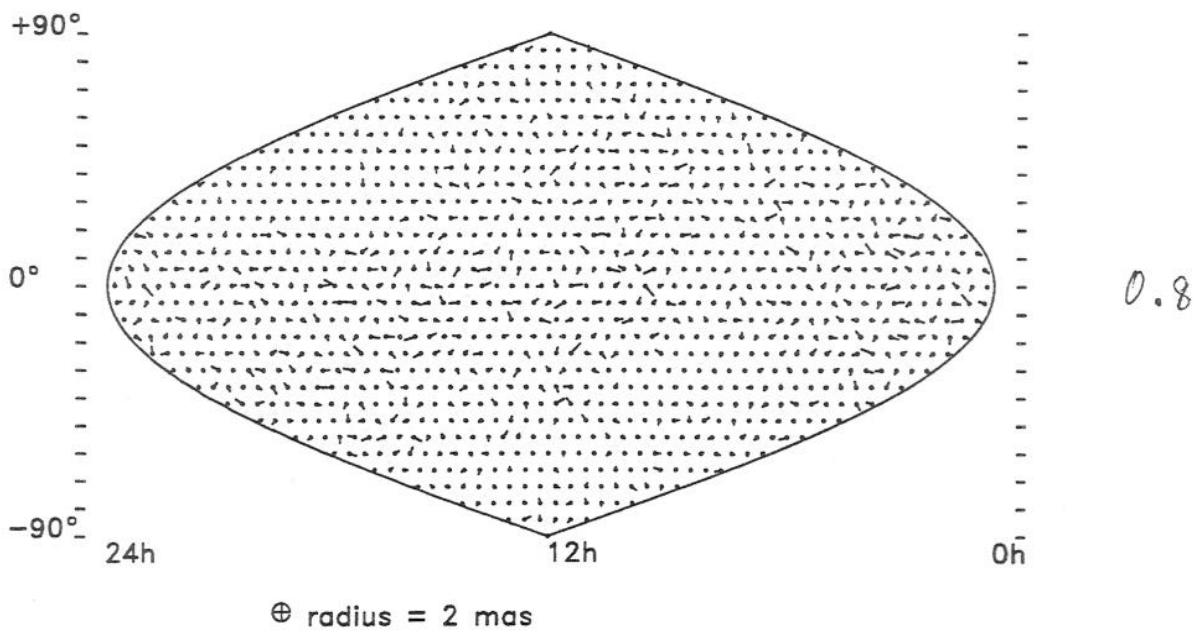
17.12.95
5

TCAT_15 - H37

Mean difference in pos (T-H)

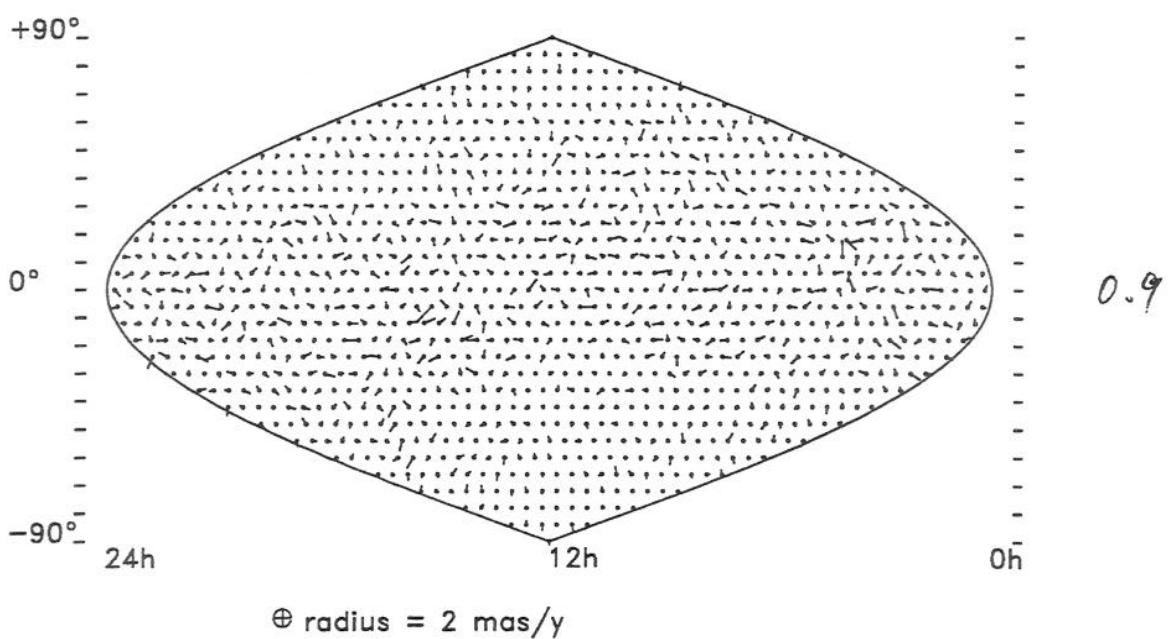
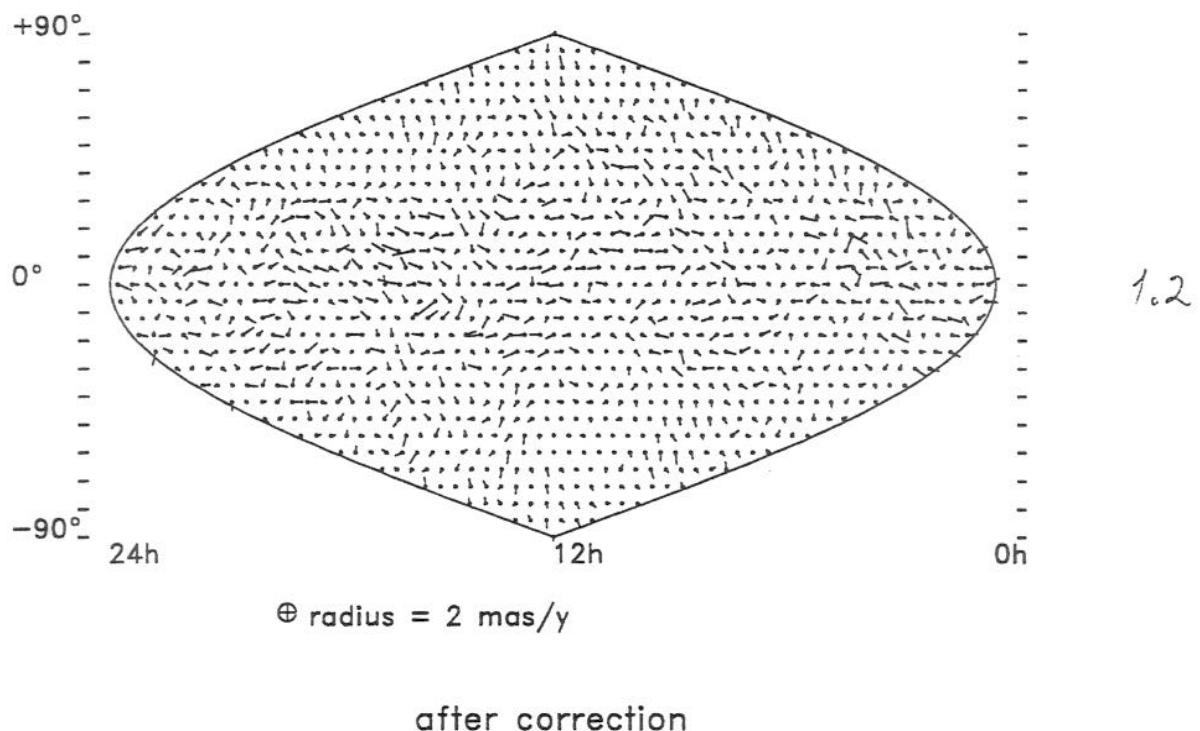


after correction



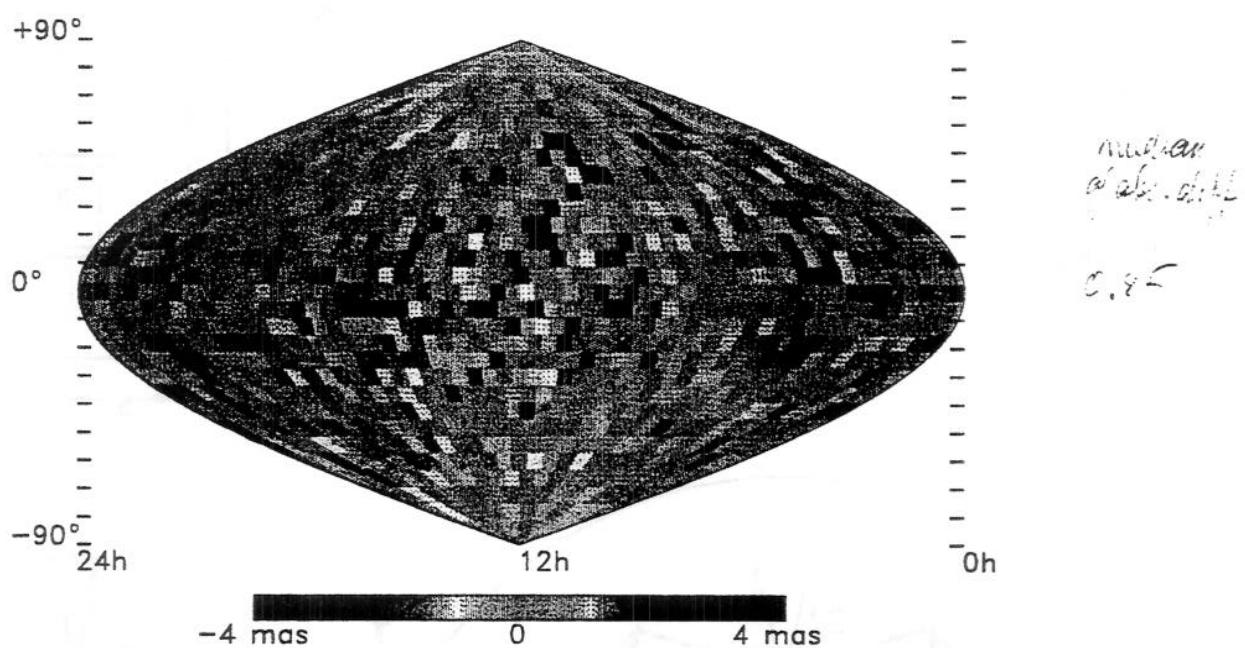
6

Mean difference in pm (T-H)

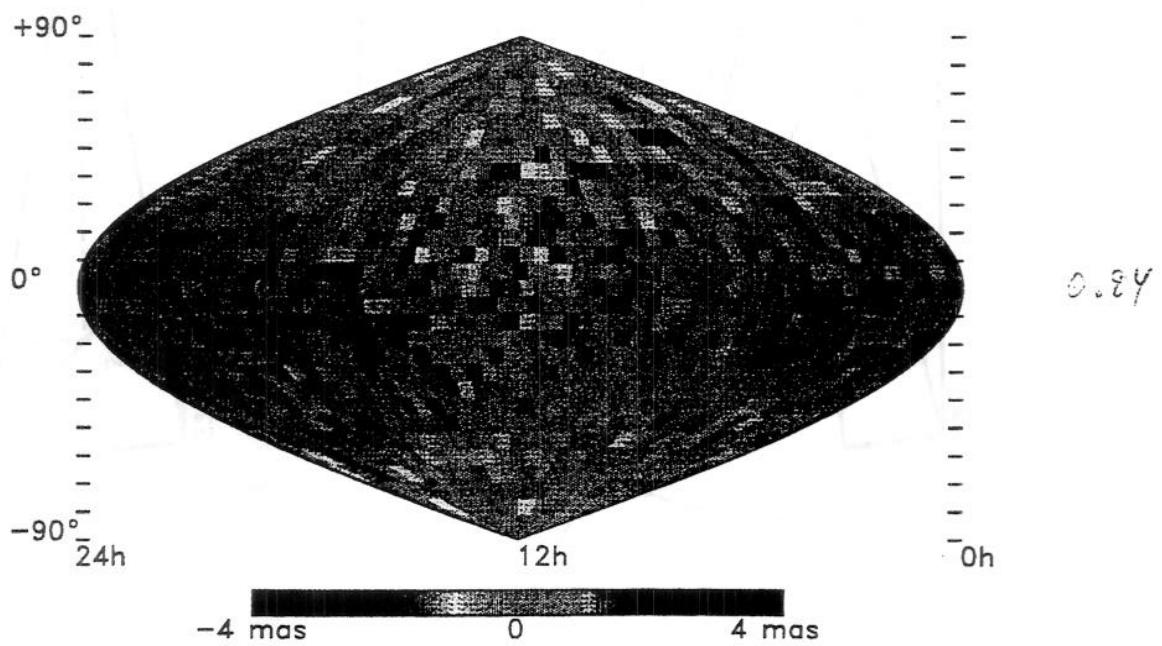


7

Mean difference in parallax (T-H)



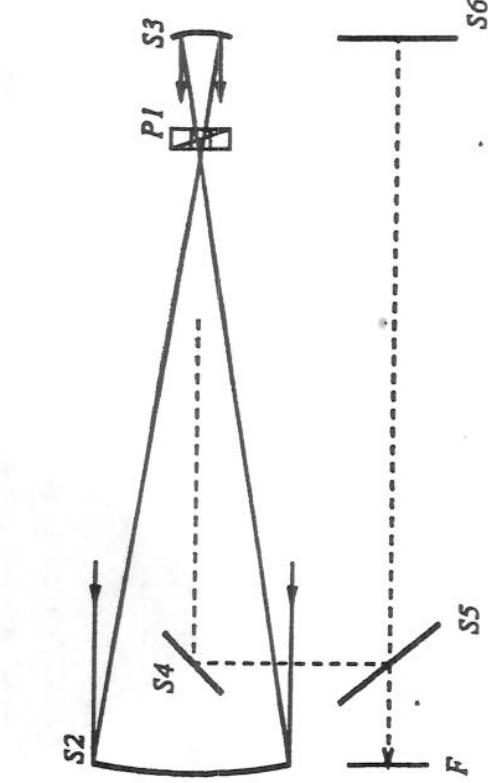
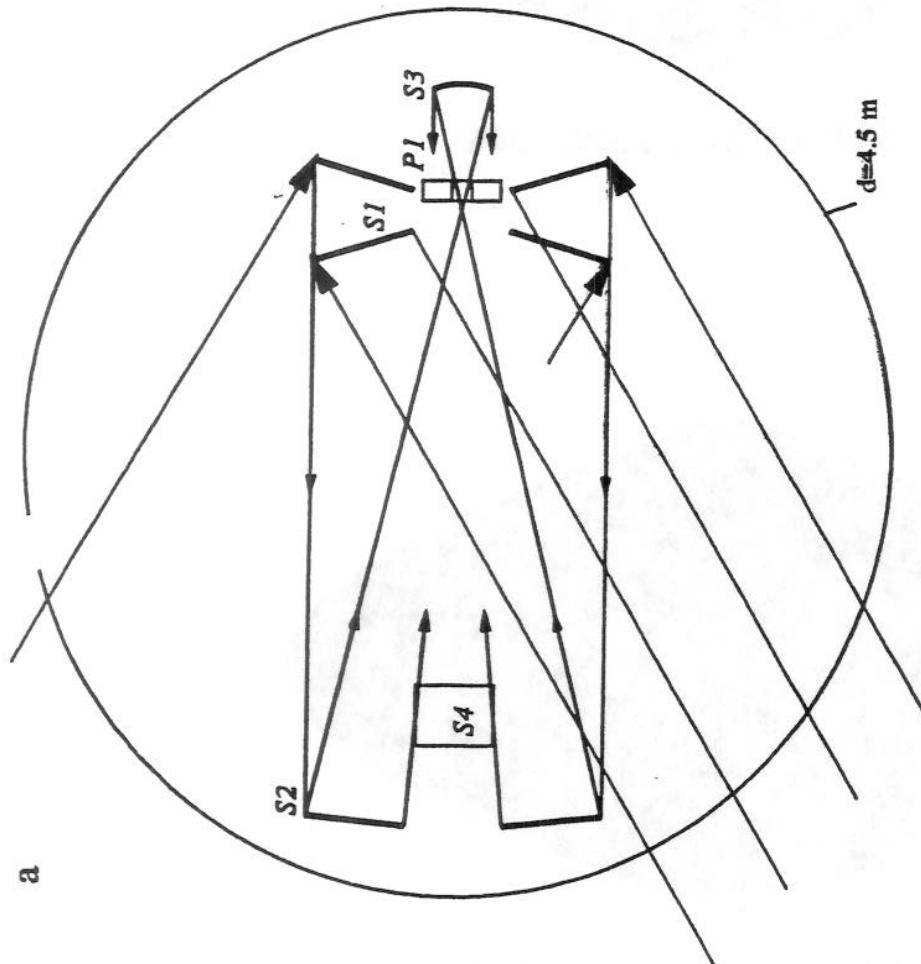
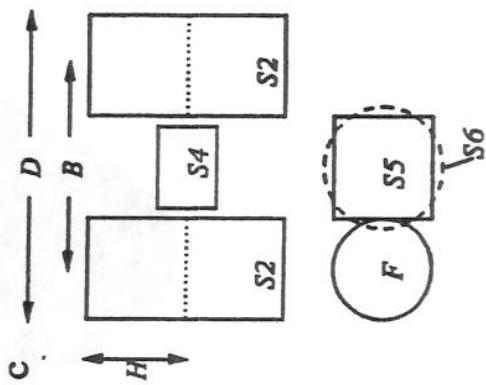
after correction



G A / A 95

(8)

$$B = 100 \text{ cm}$$



(9)

GAI A 95

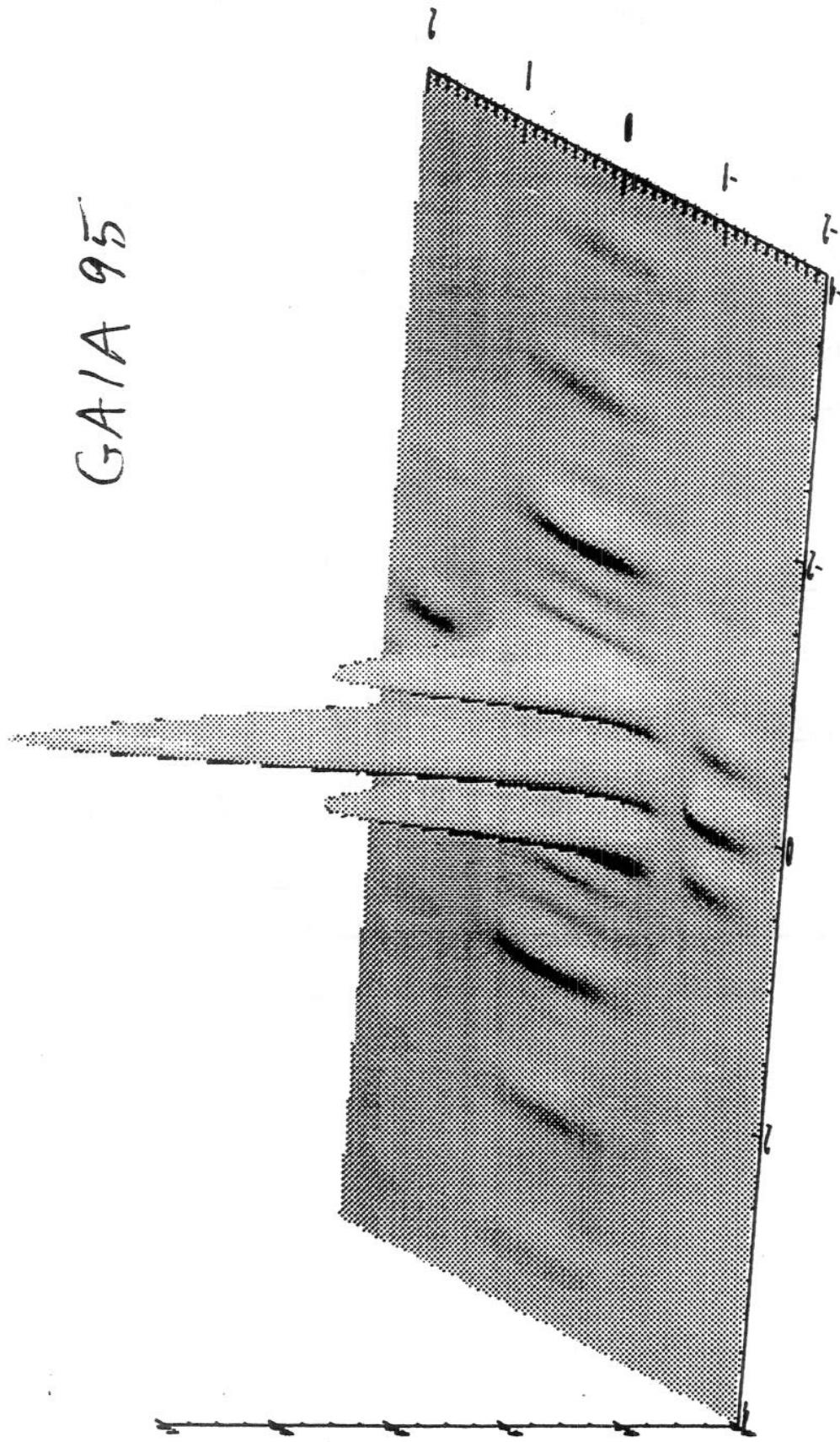
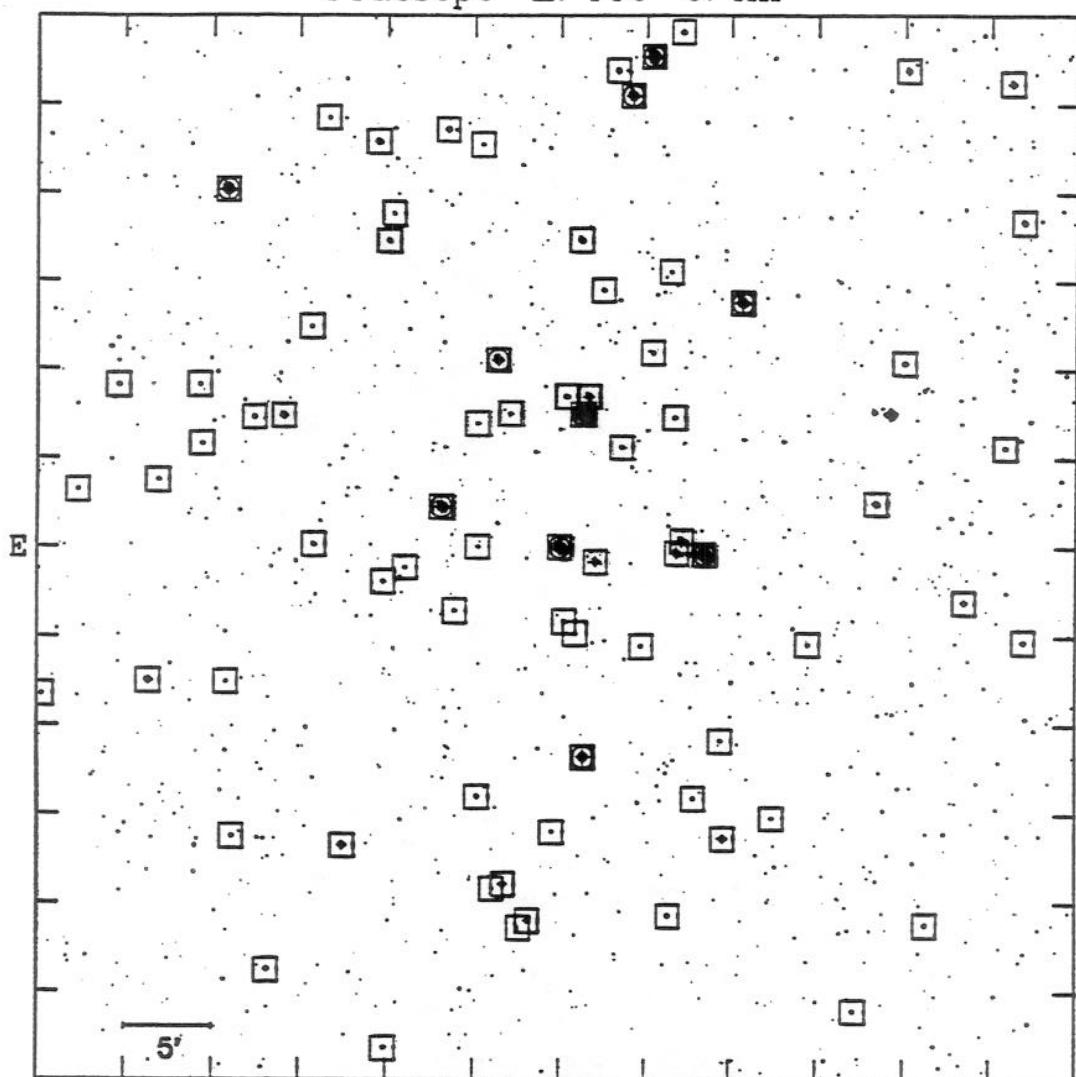


Figure 5: The two-dimensional monochromatic diffraction image, cf. Sect. 4, Fig. 3.

TDAC

(10)

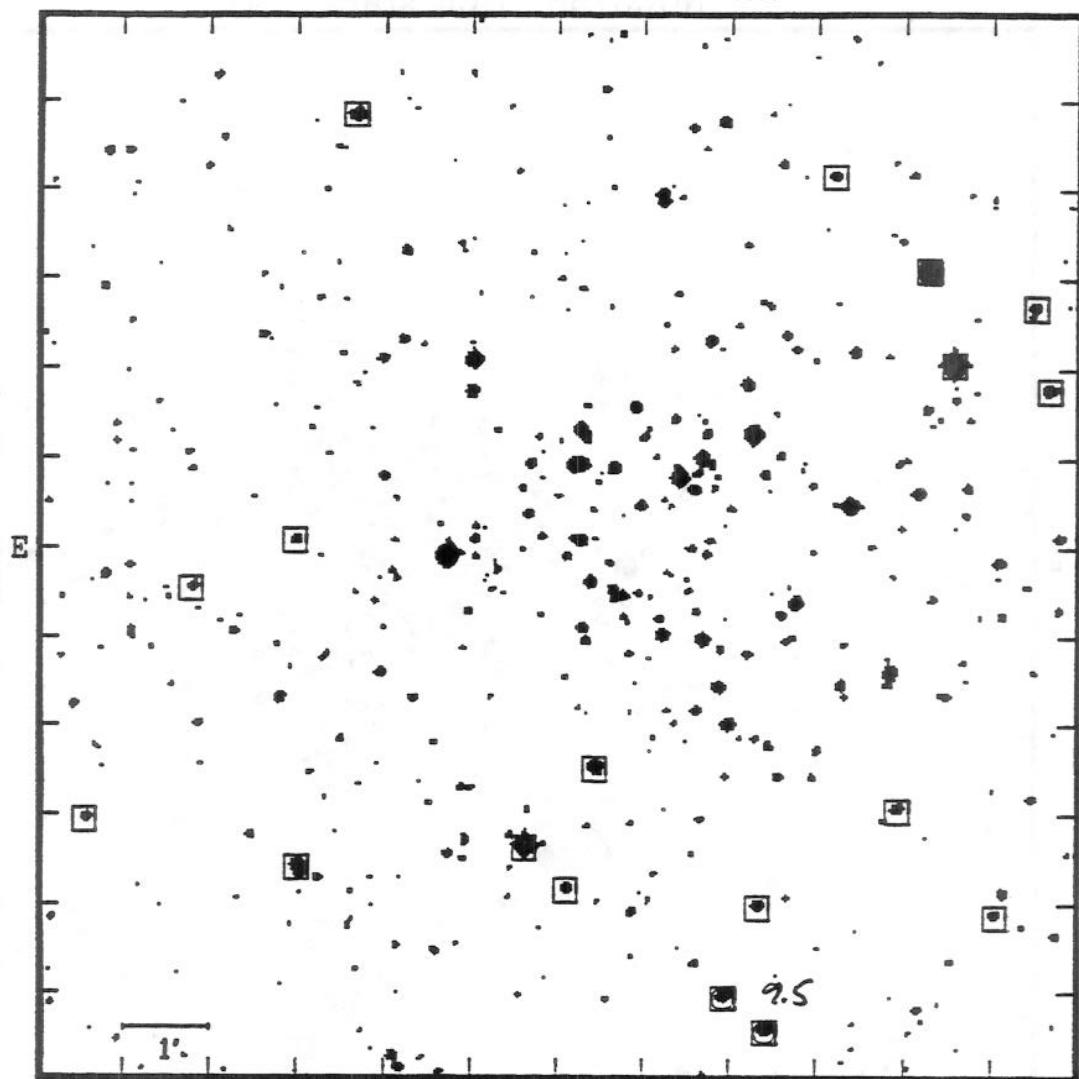
Praesepe □: TYC o: HIP



$\alpha, \delta: 08^{\text{h}}40^{\text{m}}, +19^{\circ}32'$ $l, b: 206^{\circ}, +32^{\circ}$

NGC3766 □: TYC o: HIP

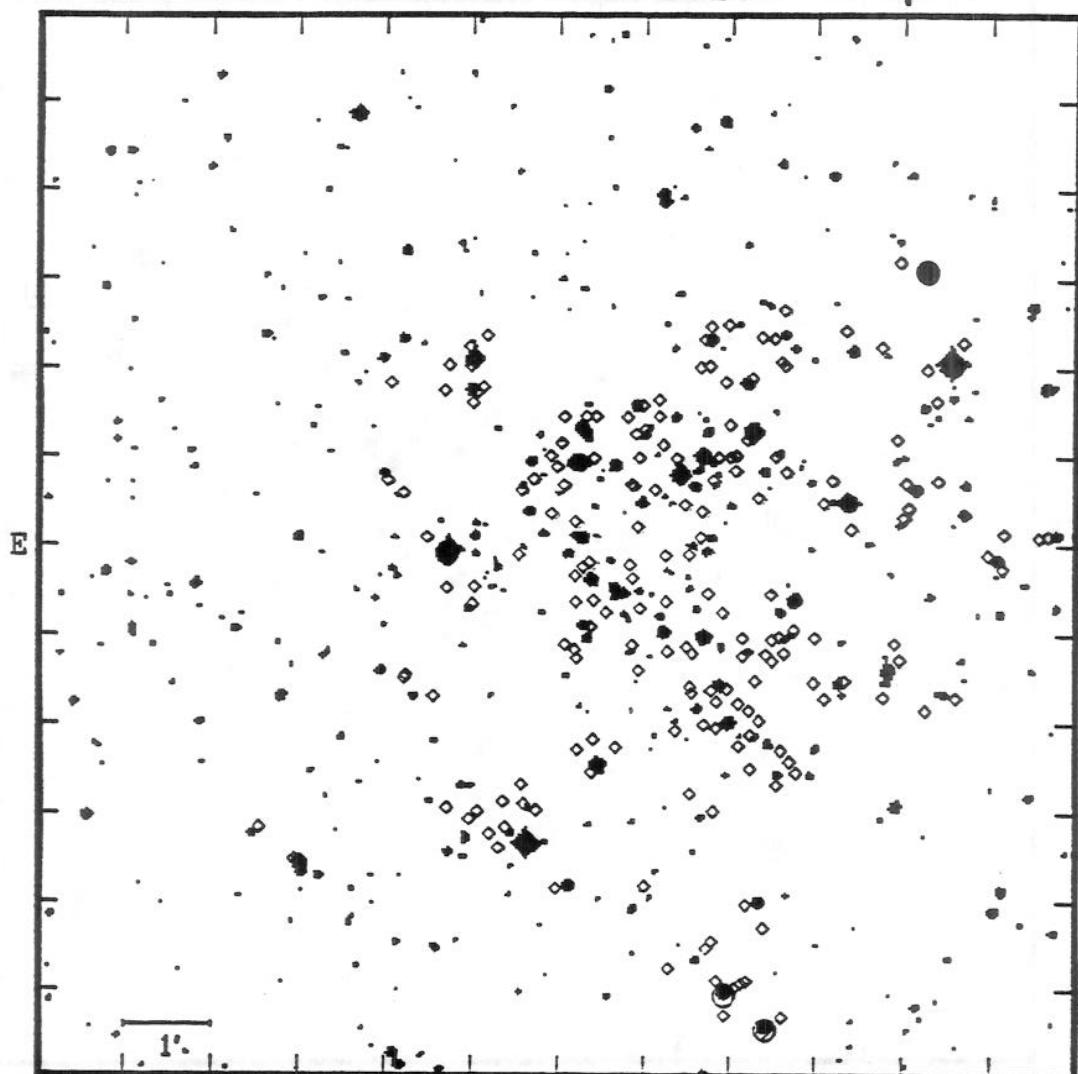
11



$\alpha, \delta: 11^{\text{h}}36^{\text{m}}, -61^{\circ}36'$ $l, b: 294^{\circ}, -0^{\circ}$

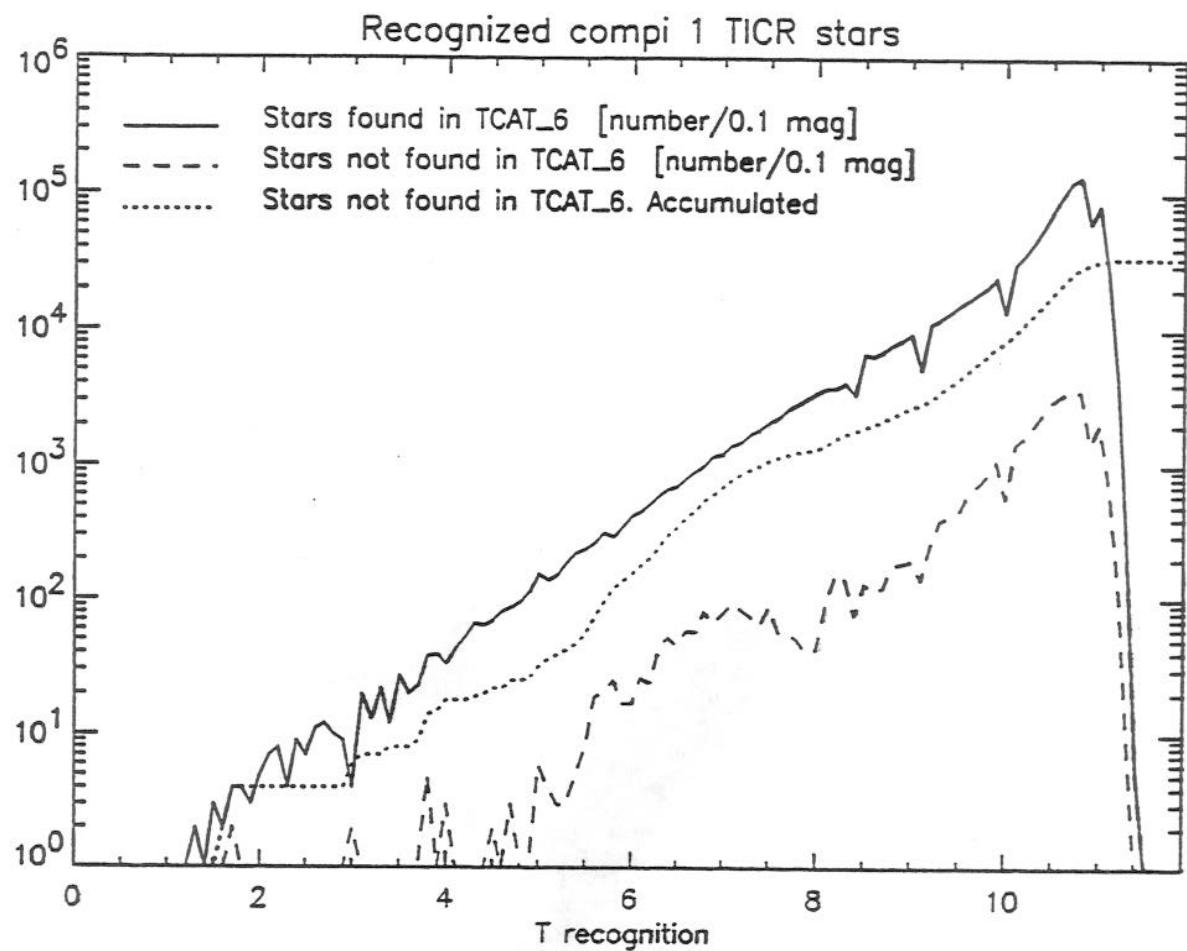
NGC3766 TICR stars compi 2-9

(12)

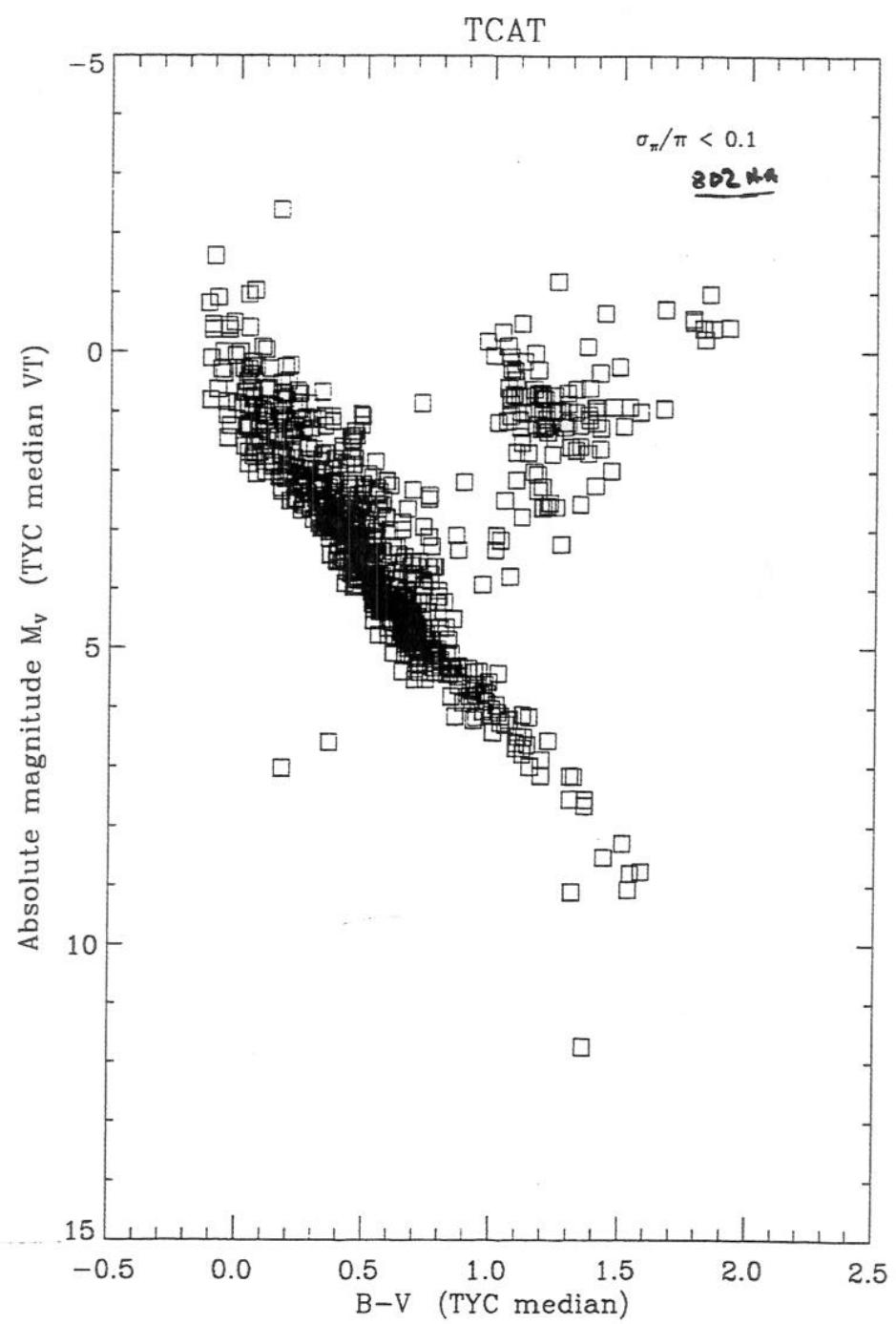


$\alpha, \delta: 11^{\text{h}}36^{\text{m}}, -61^{\circ}36'$ $l, b: 294^{\circ}, -0^{\circ}$

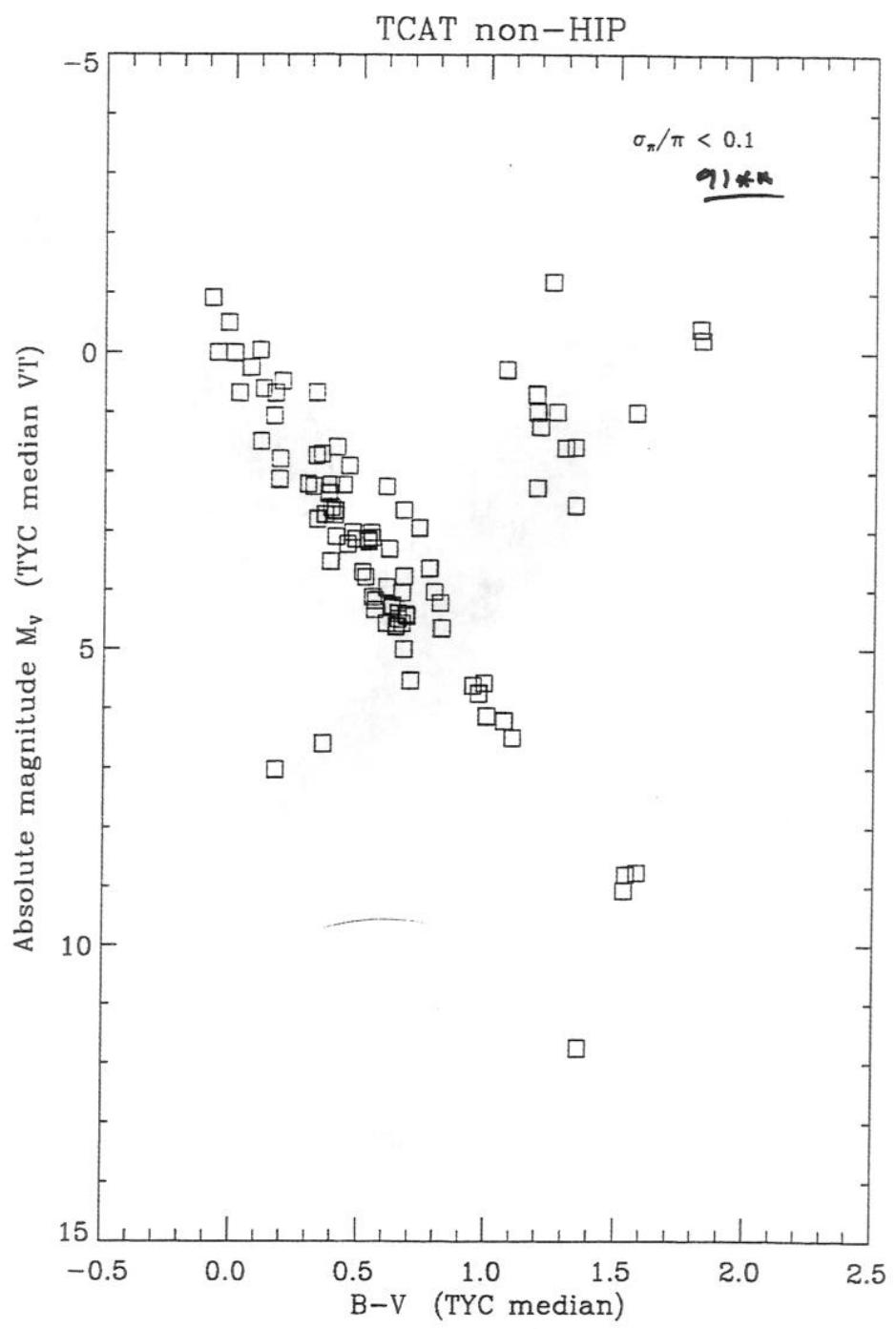
(13)



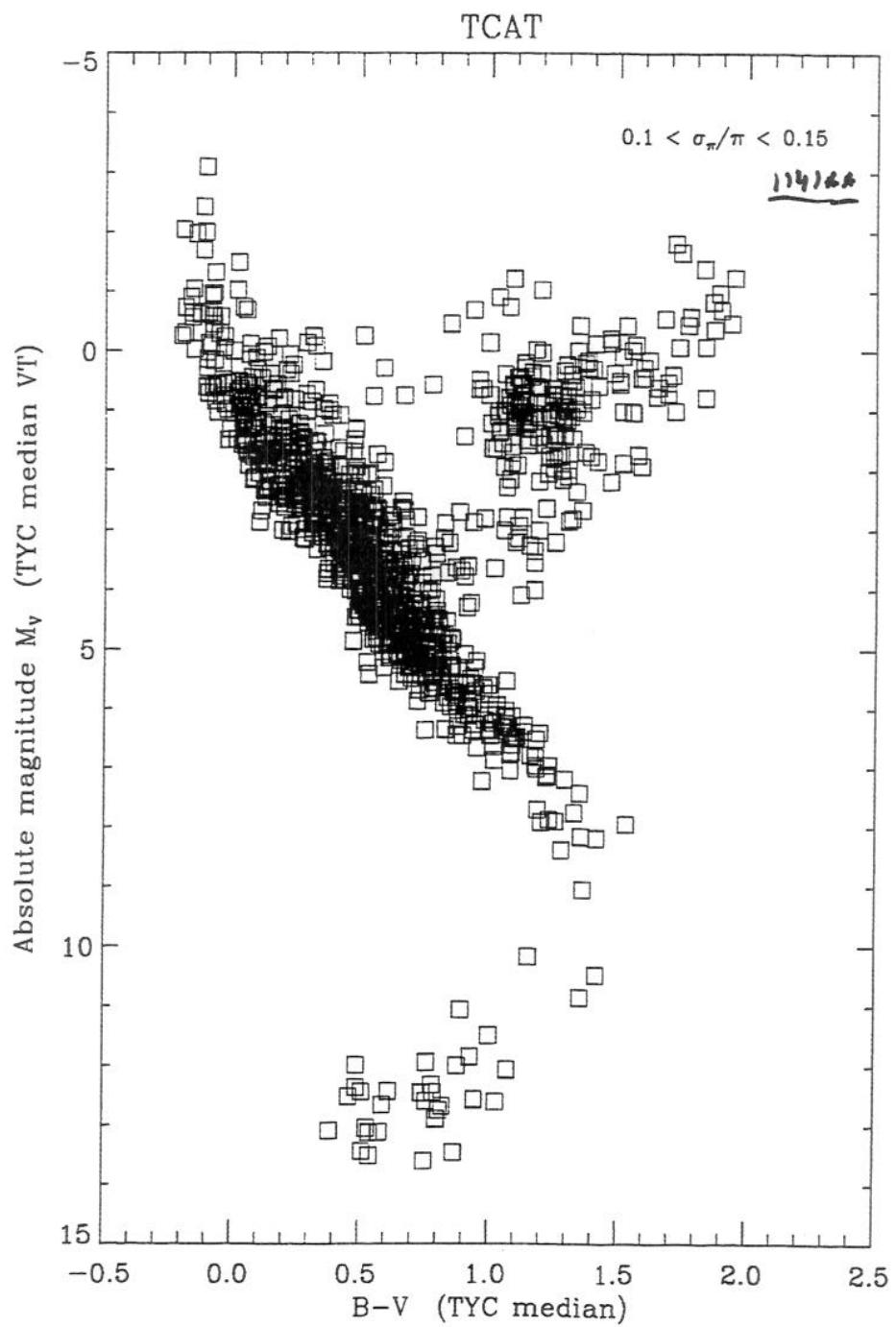
(14)



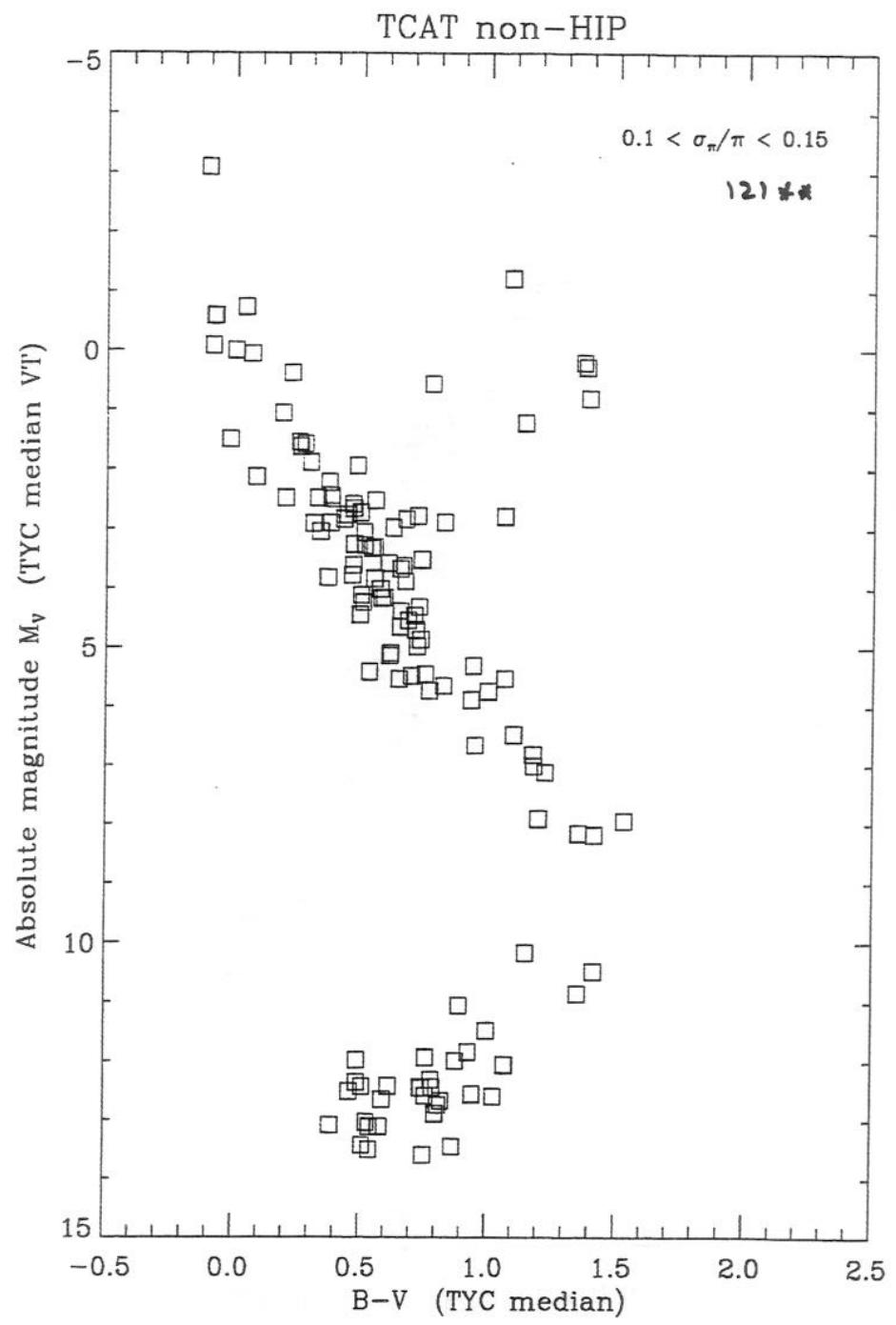
(b5)



(16)



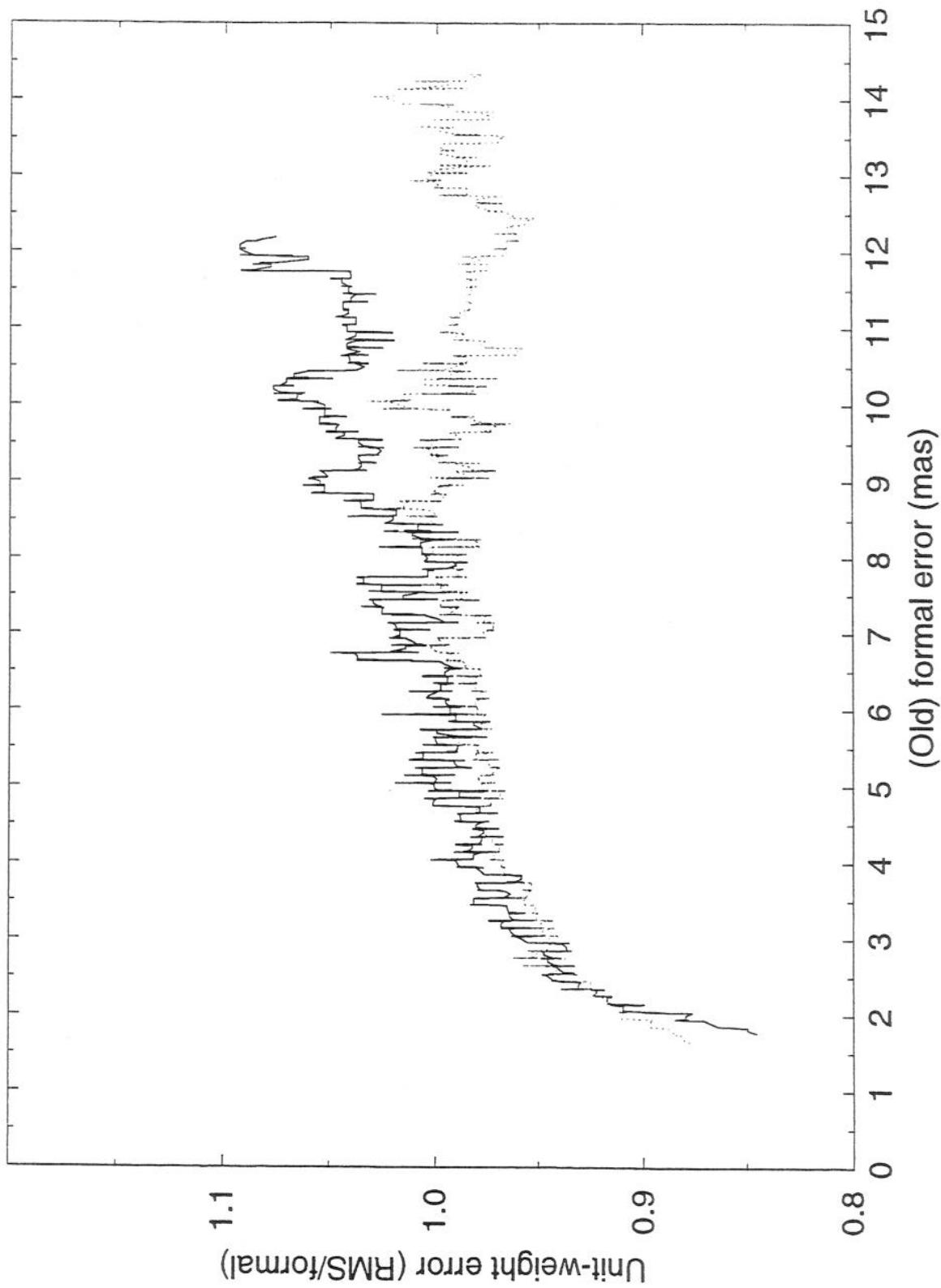
(17)



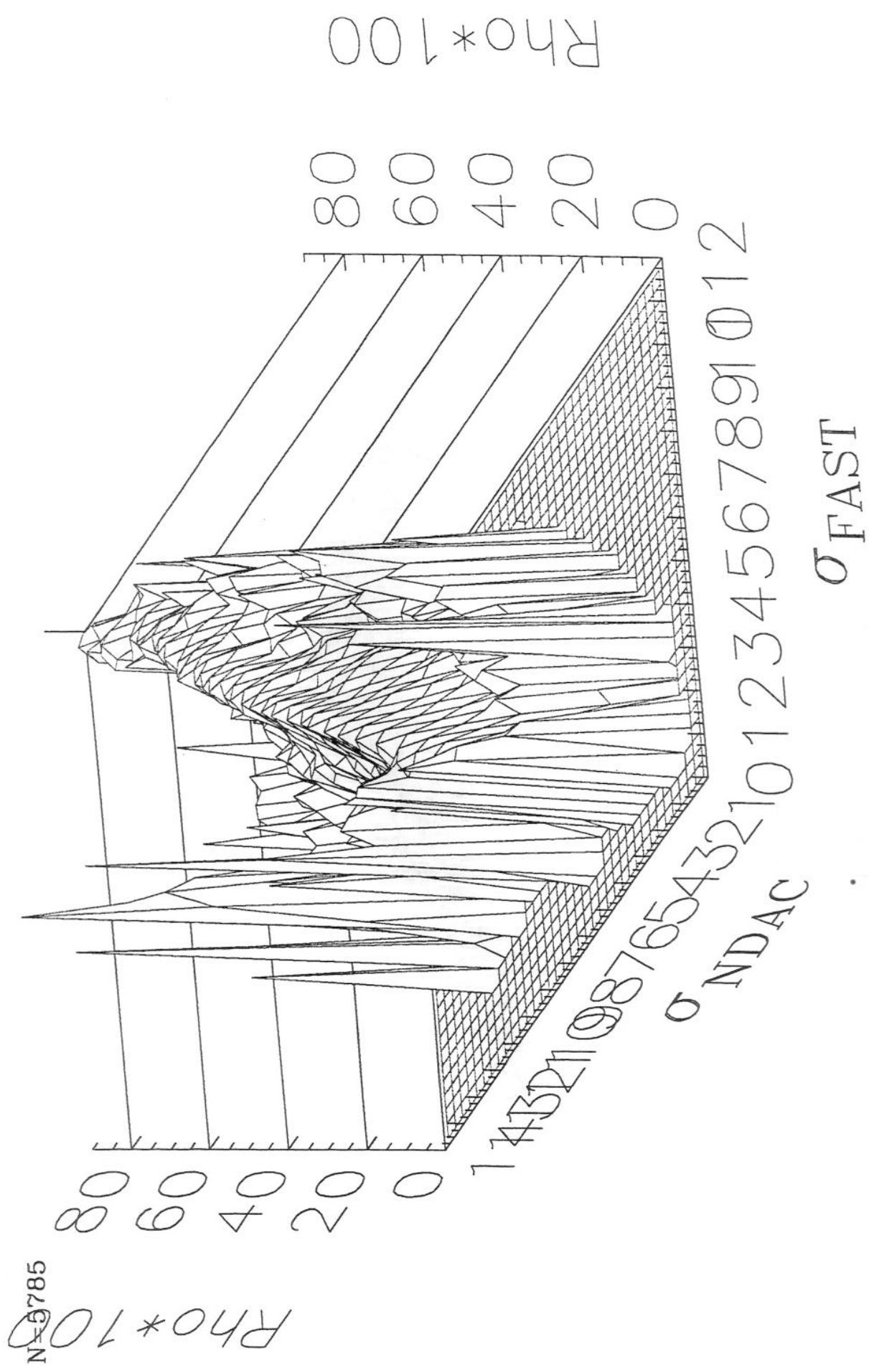
— FAST
NDAC

UWE of residuals in bins of (S_F, S_N)

(not corrected from n/dof bias)



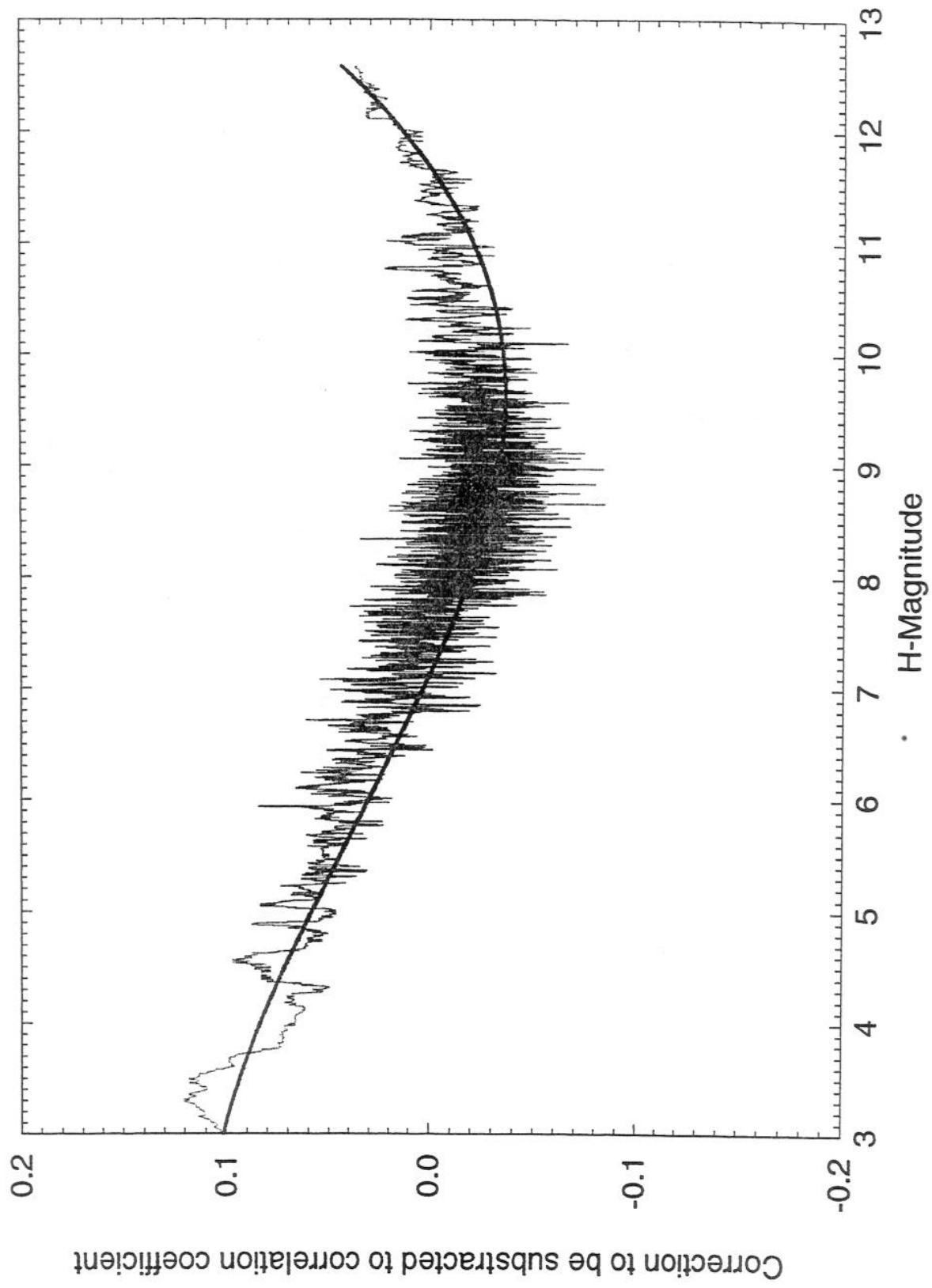
Unbiased Corr. between residuals



Rho_{01}
N=5785

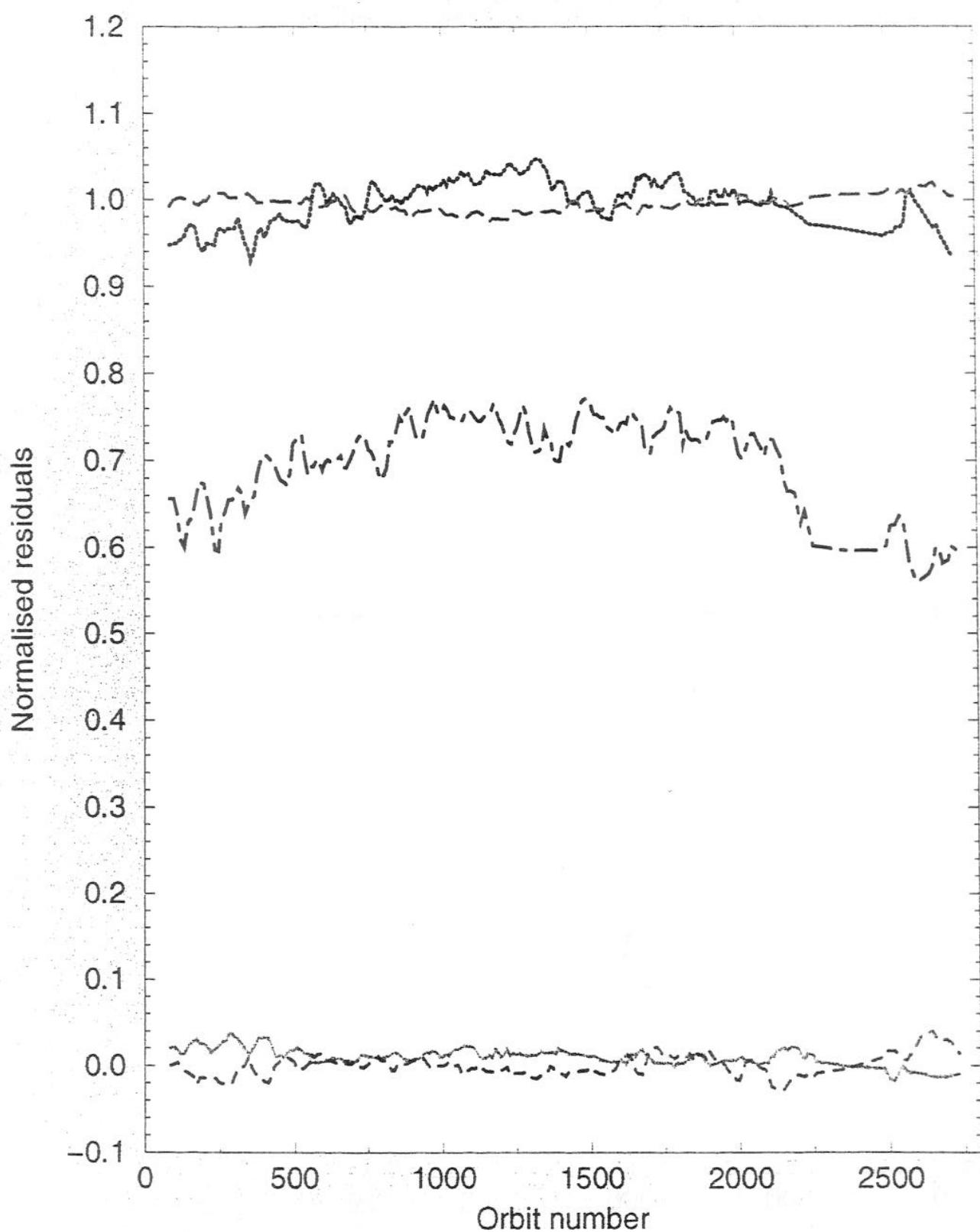
fig - 1

After calibration of $\rho = f(s_F, s_N)$

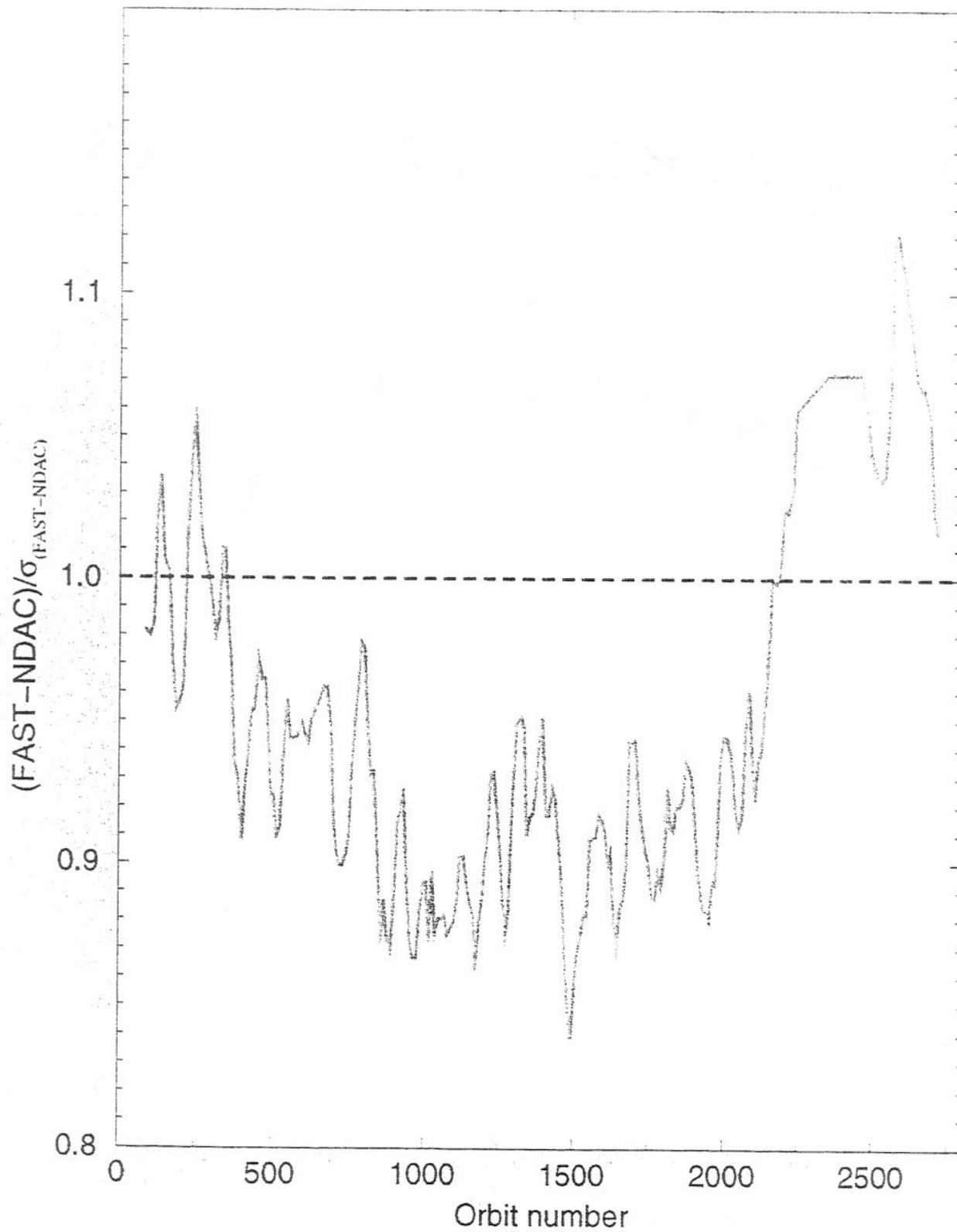


Normalised abscissae residuals

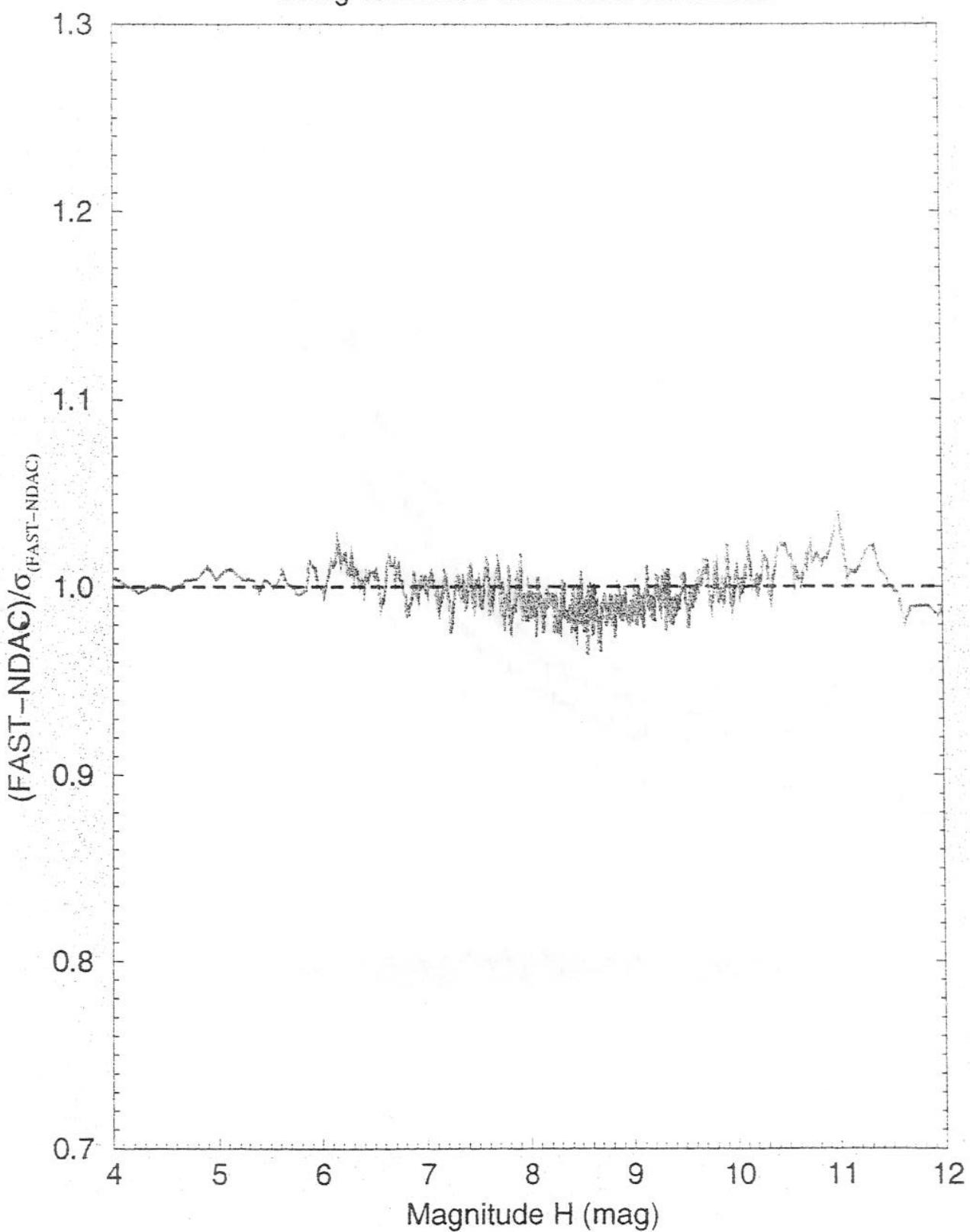
—	FAST mean
- - -	FAST uwe
- - -	NDAC mean
- - -	NDAC uwe
- - -	Correl. coef



FAST-NDAC unit-weight error using calibrated correlation coefficient

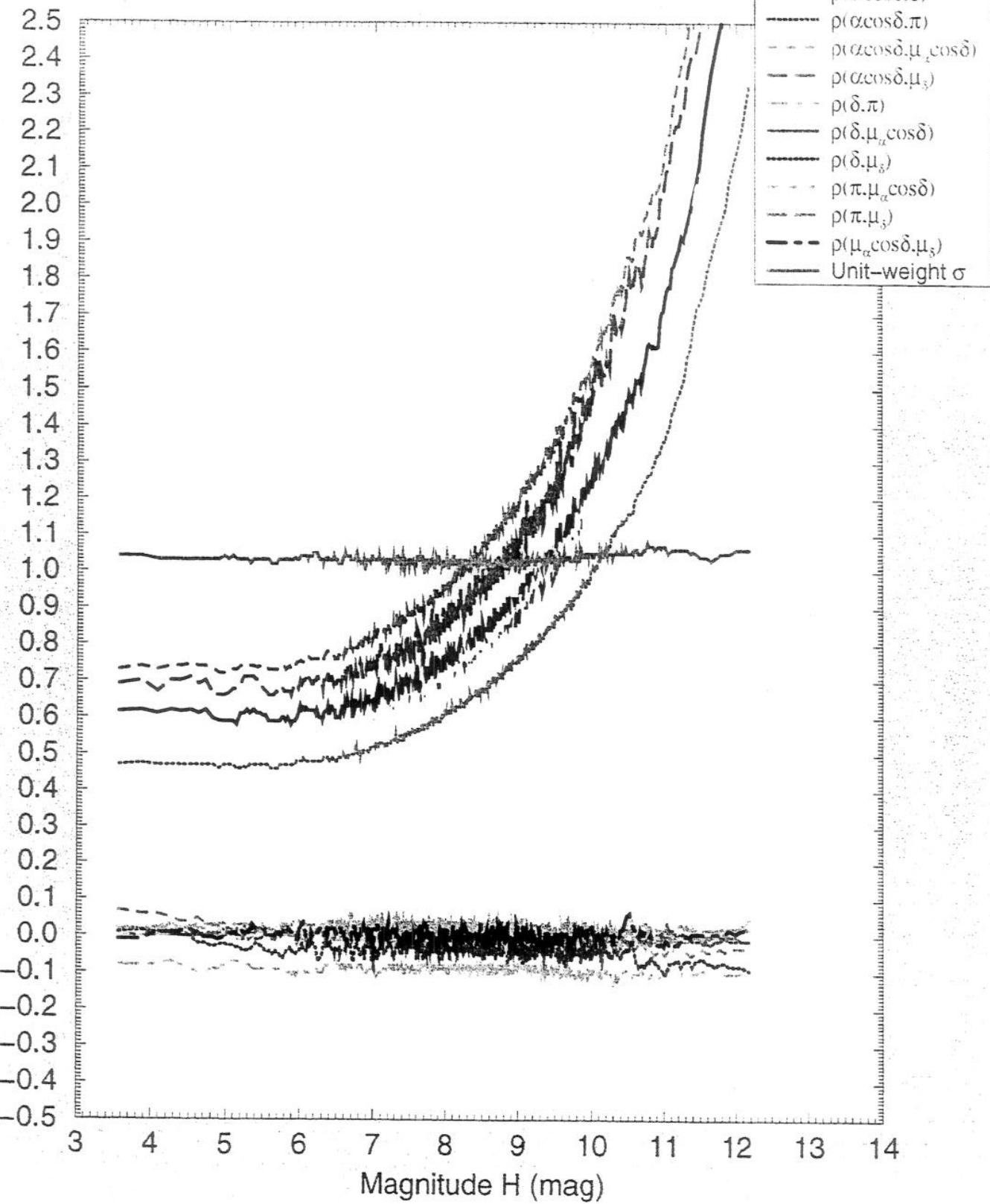


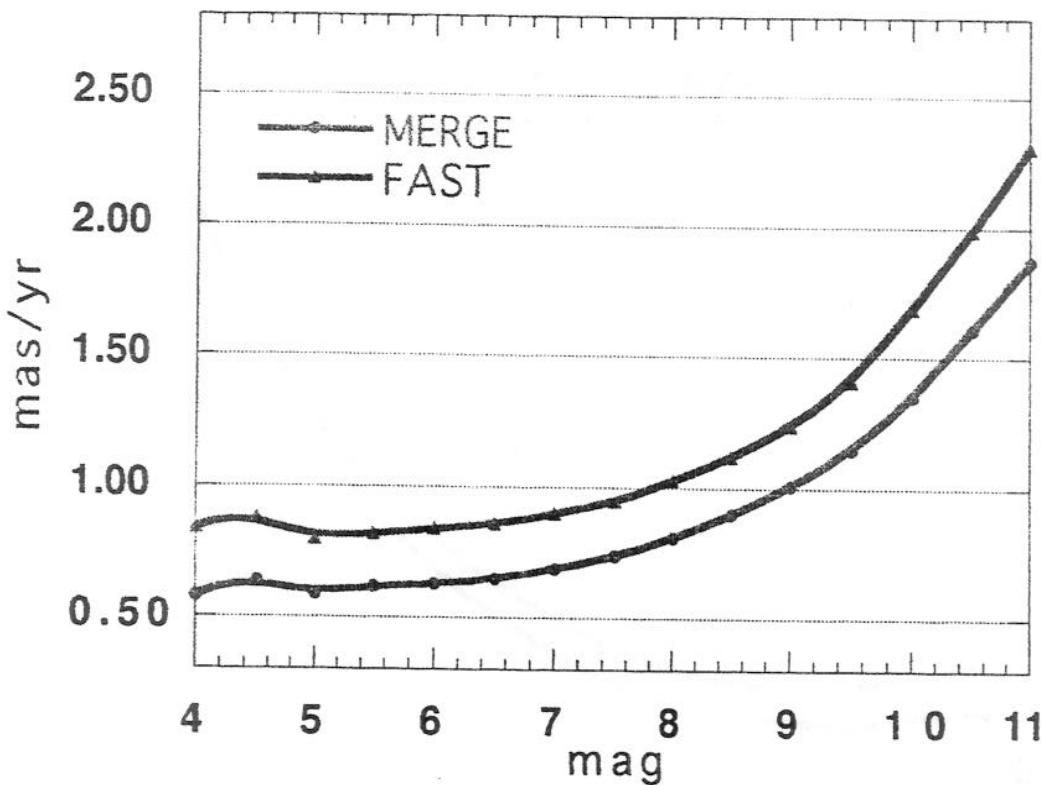
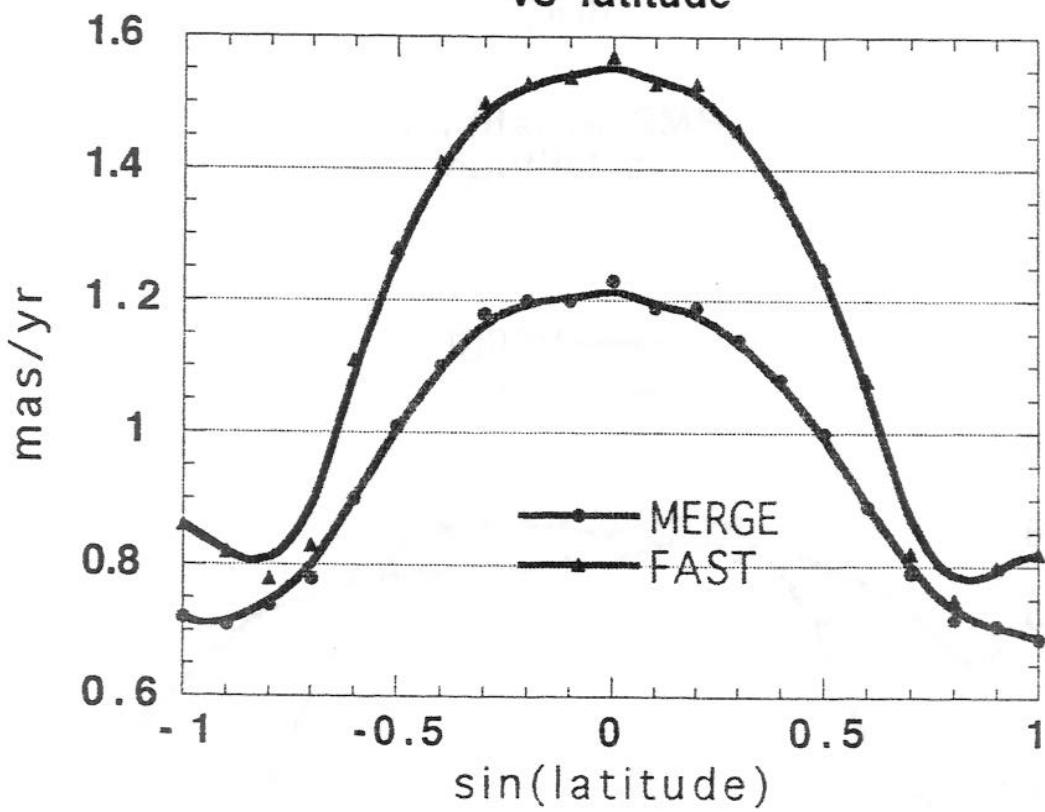
FAST-NDAC unit-weight error
using calibrated correlation coefficient



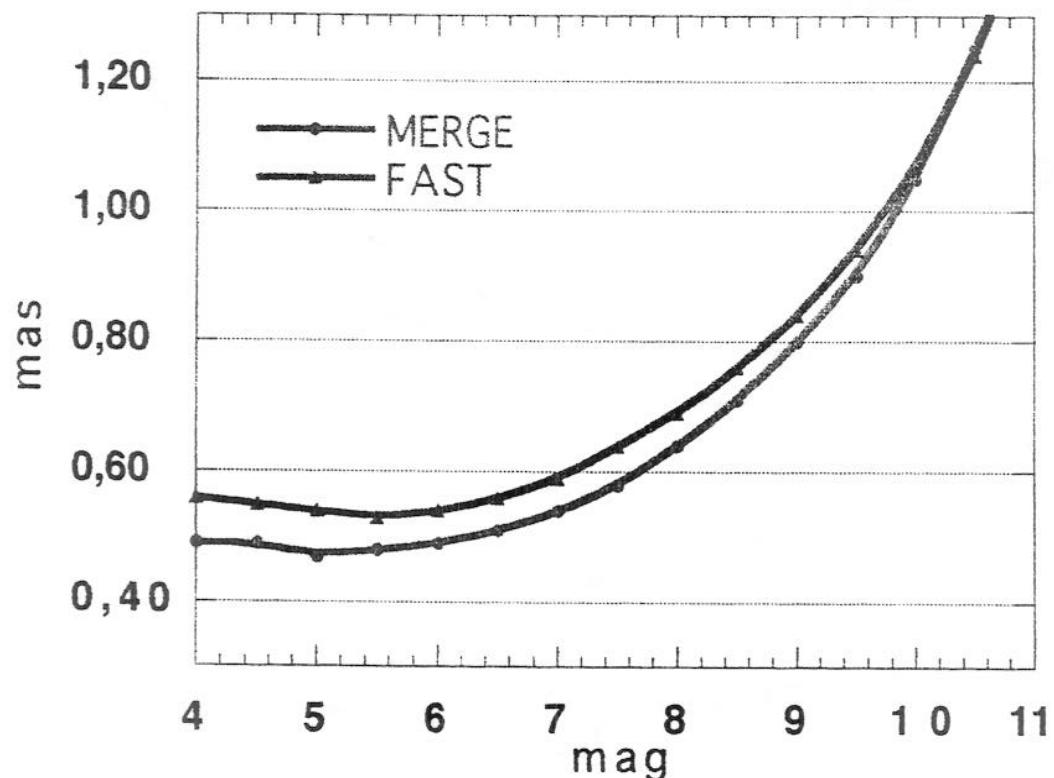
Precision of merged solution

Formal errors (mas) and correlations

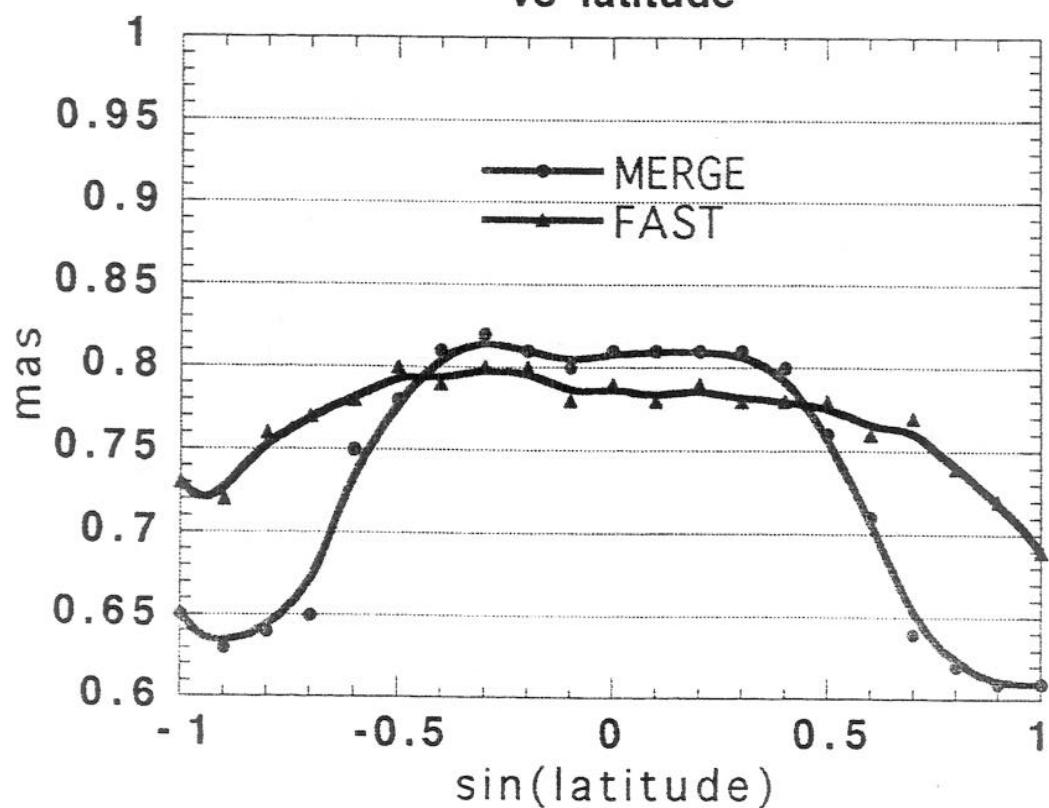


**COMPARISON FAST-MERGE
RMS in p. m. longitude****RMS in p. m. longitude
vs latitude**

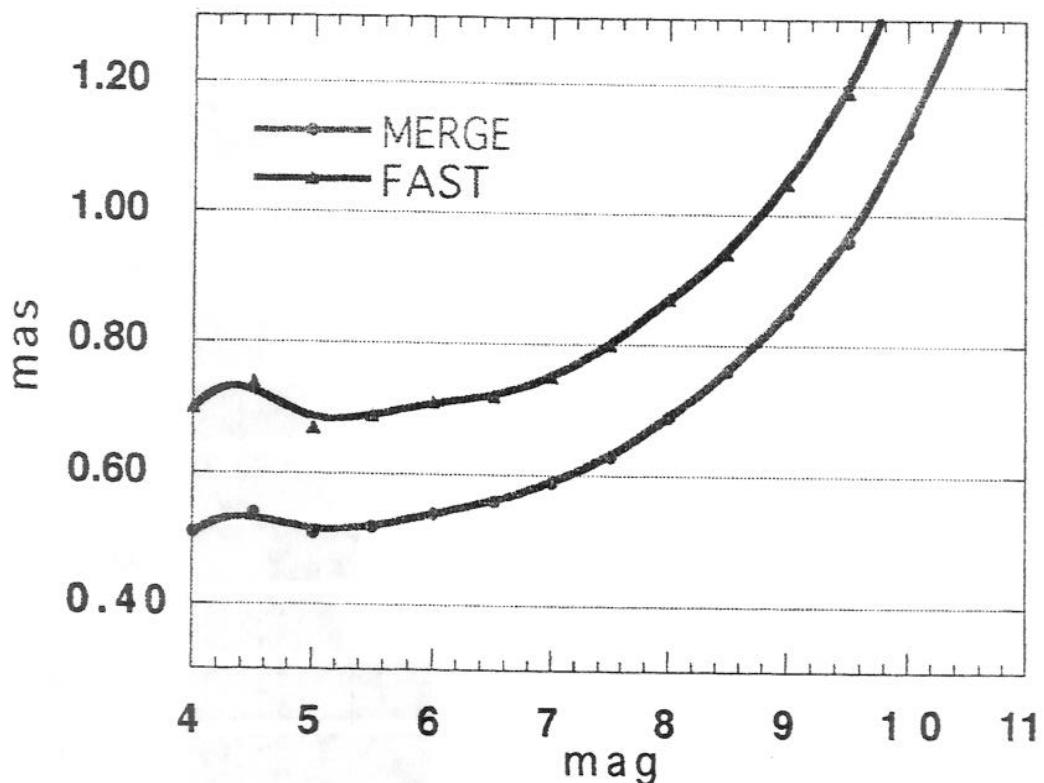
COMPARISON FAST-MERGE RMS in latitude



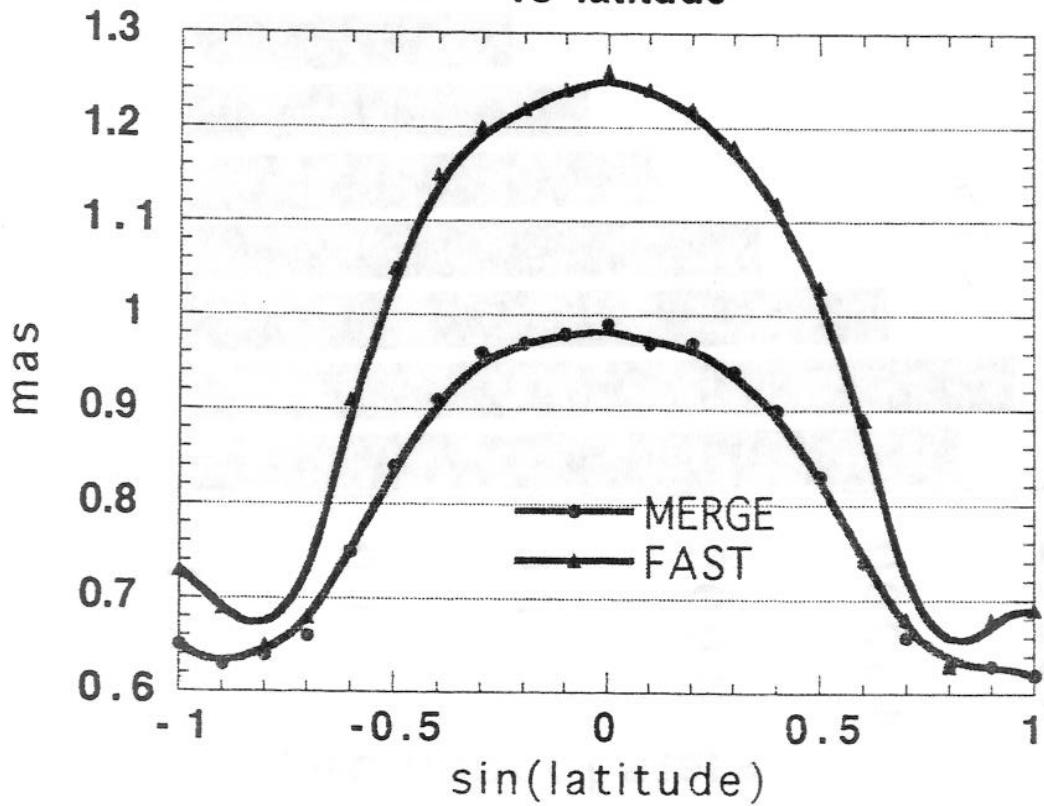
RMS in latitude vs latitude



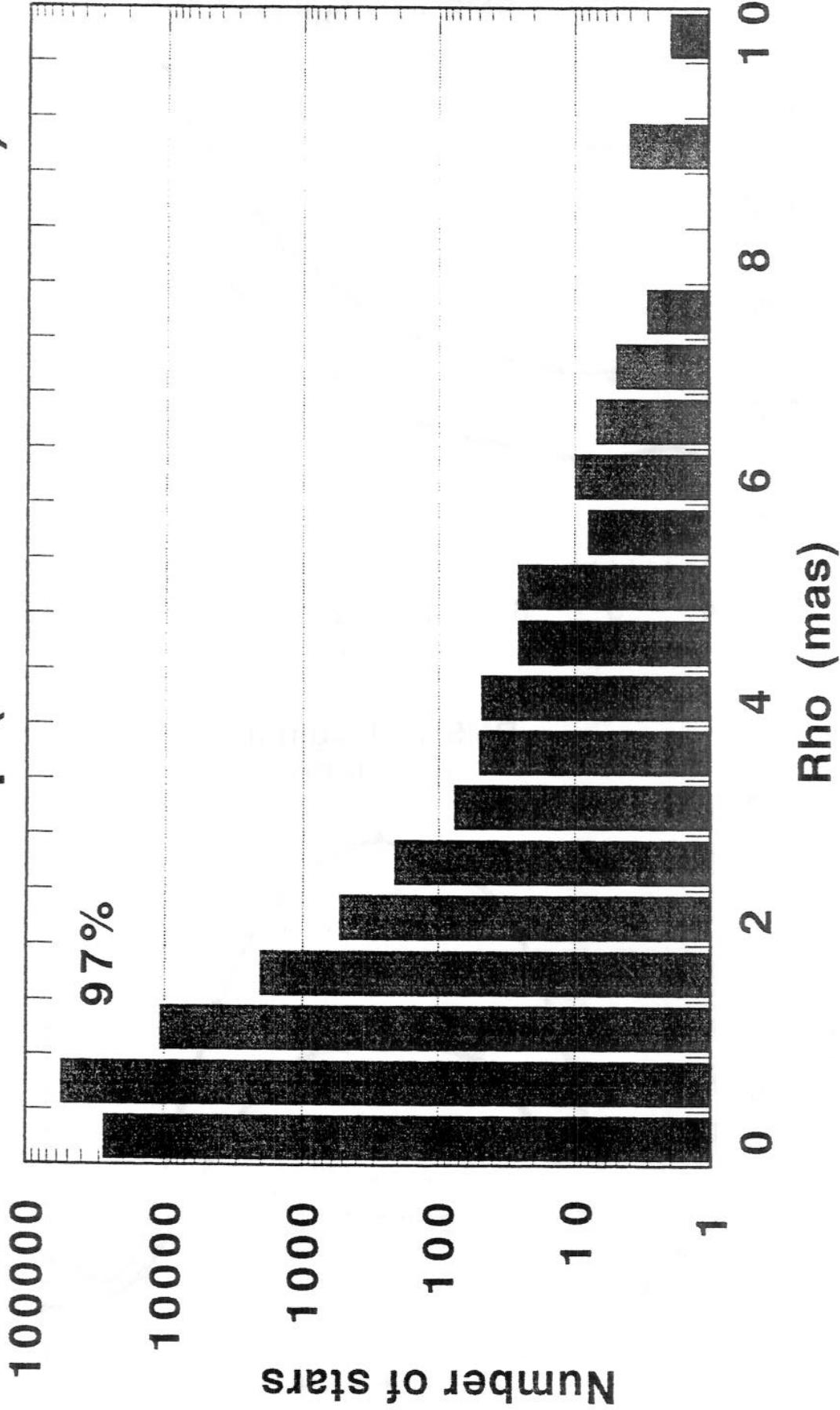
COMPARISON FAST-MERGE RMS in longitude



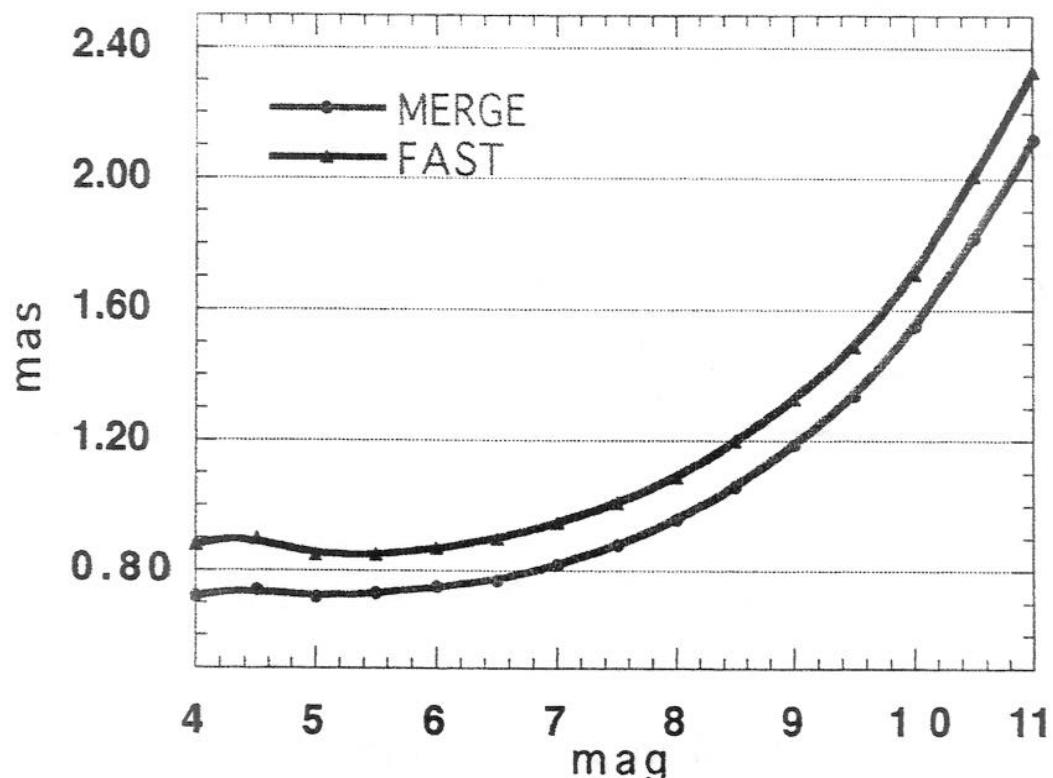
RMS in longitude vs latitude



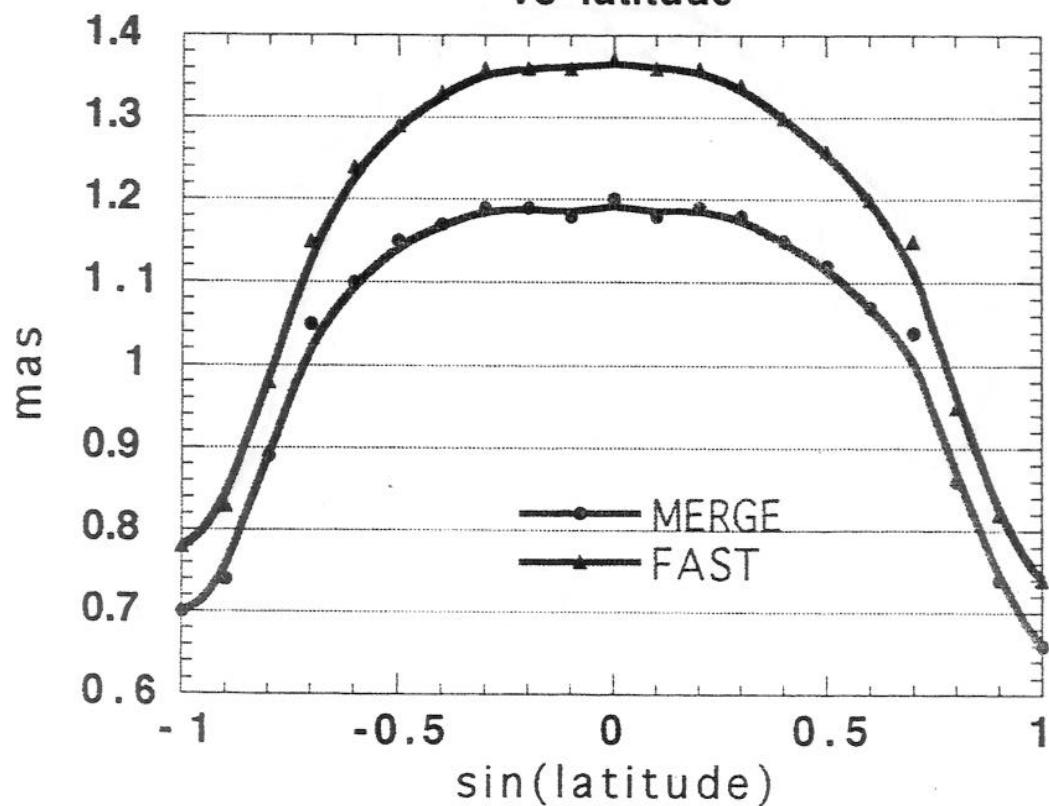
$\text{Rho} = \sqrt{(\Delta L \cos B)^2 + (\Delta B)^2}$



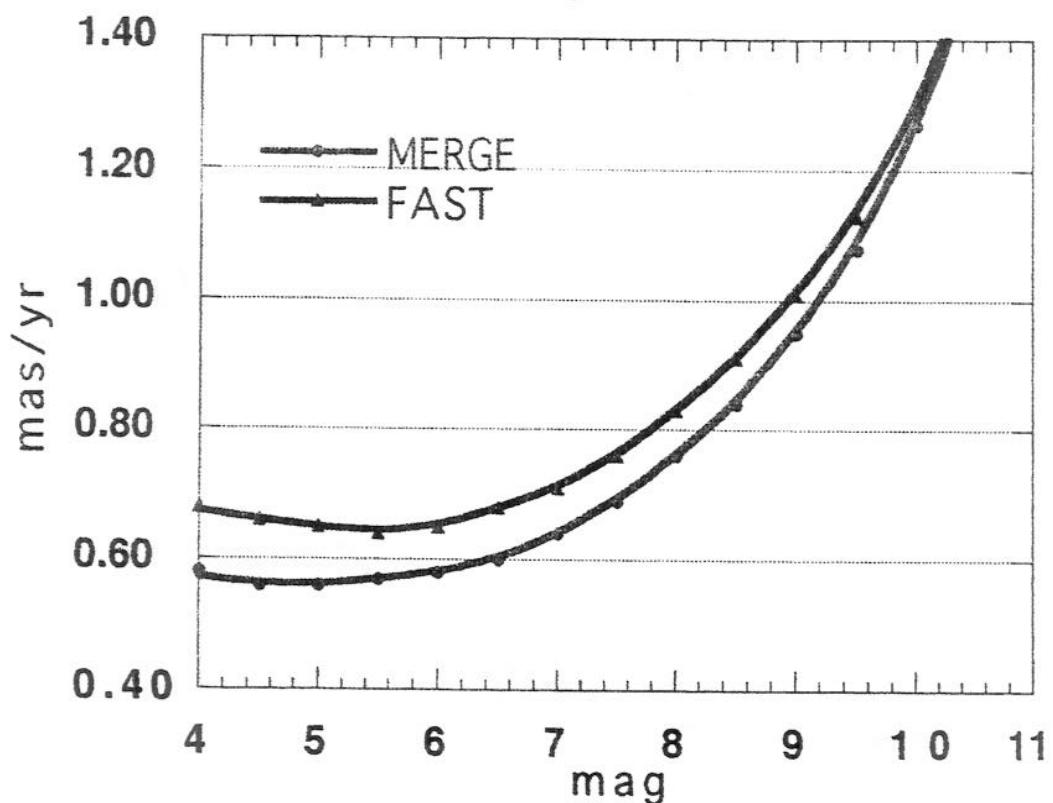
COMPARISON FAST-MERGE RMS in parallaxe



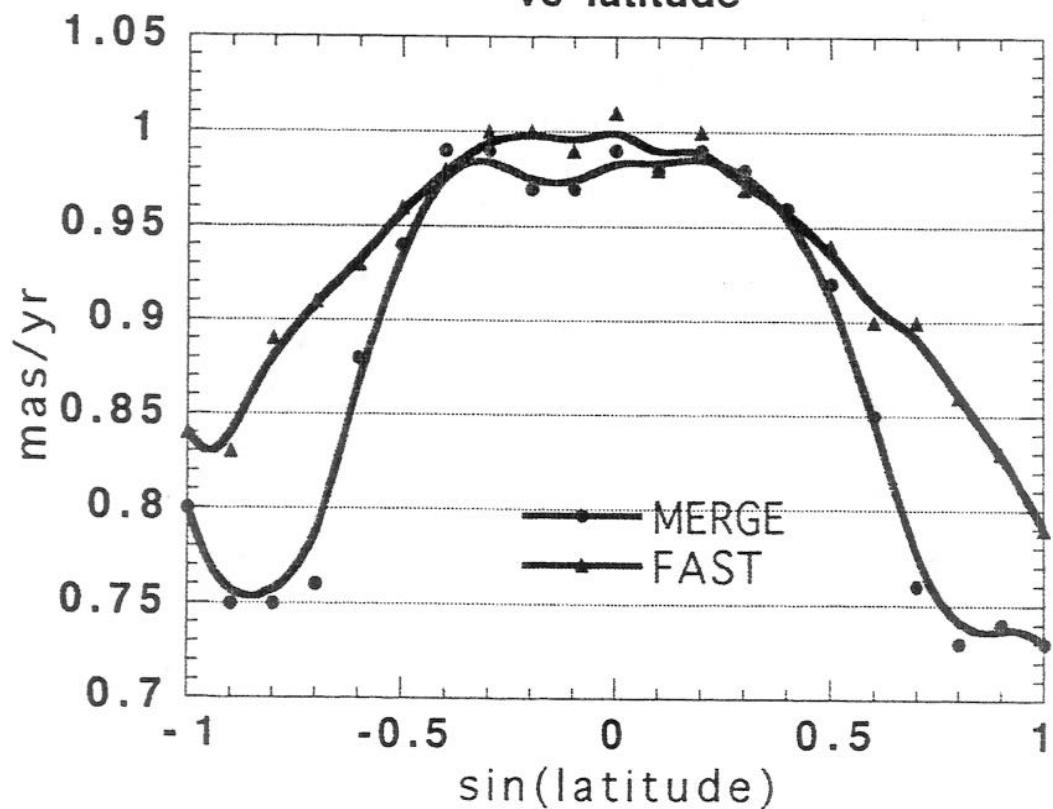
RMS in parallaxe vs latitude



COMPARISON FAST-MERGE
RMS in p. m. latitude

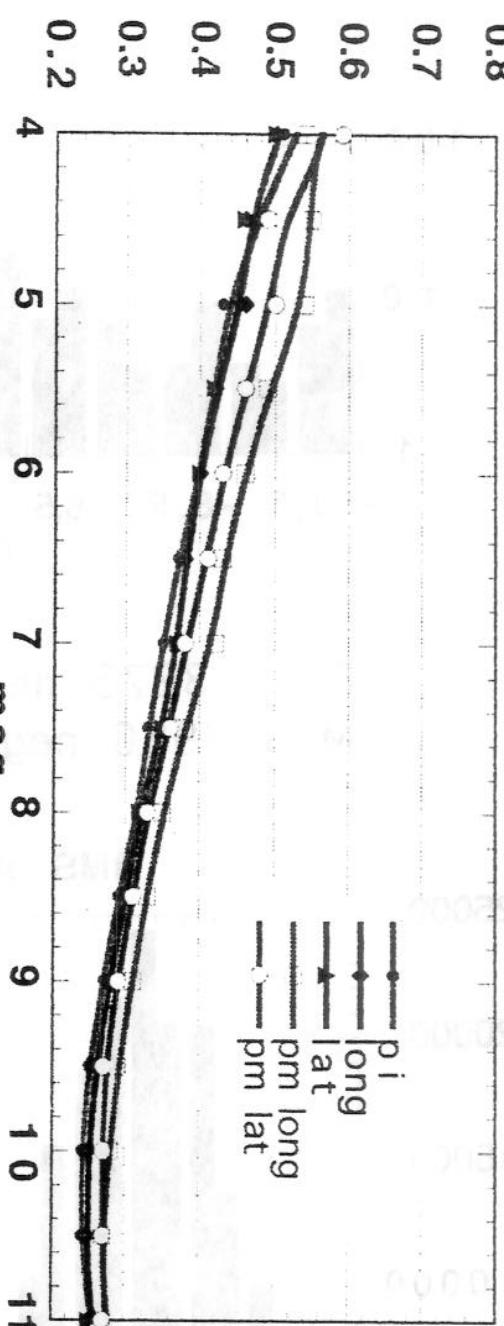


**RMS in p. m. latitude
vs latitude**

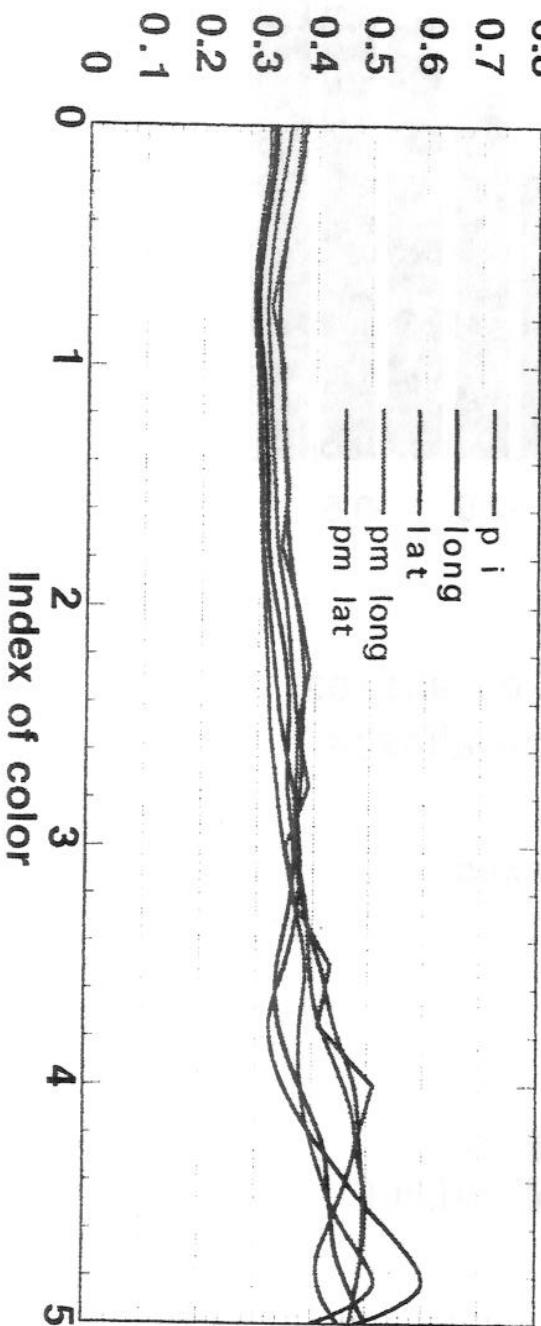


Reduced Standard Deviation vs Magnitude

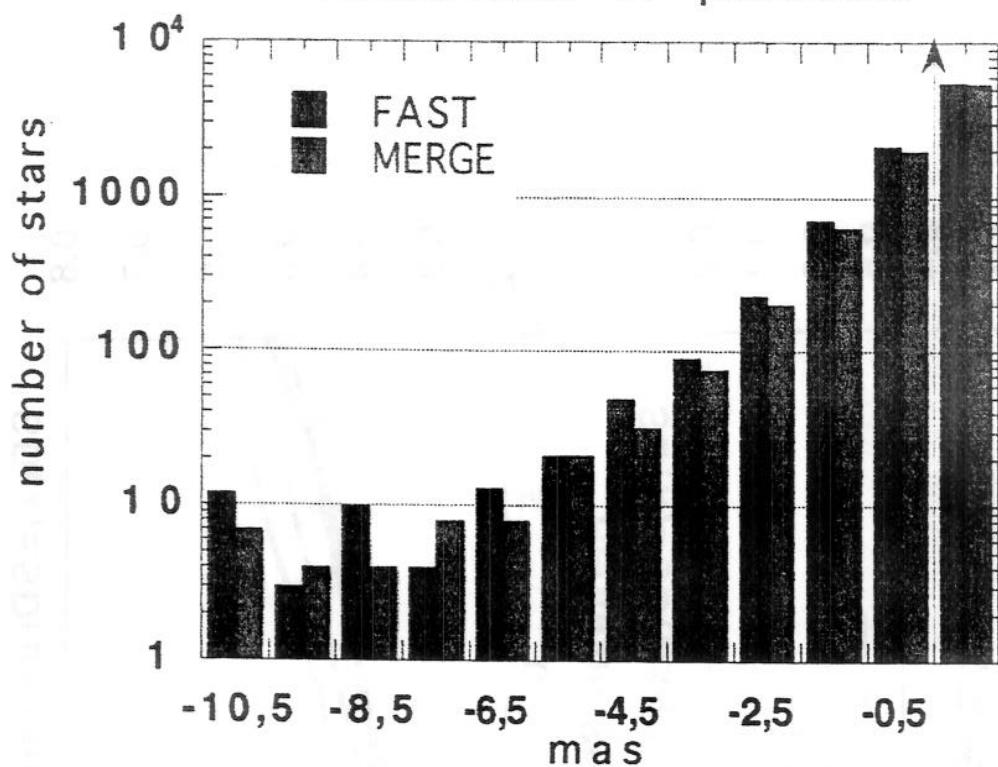
$$SD(x) = SD(\Delta x / (\sigma(Fast)^2 + \sigma(Merge)^2)^{1/2})$$



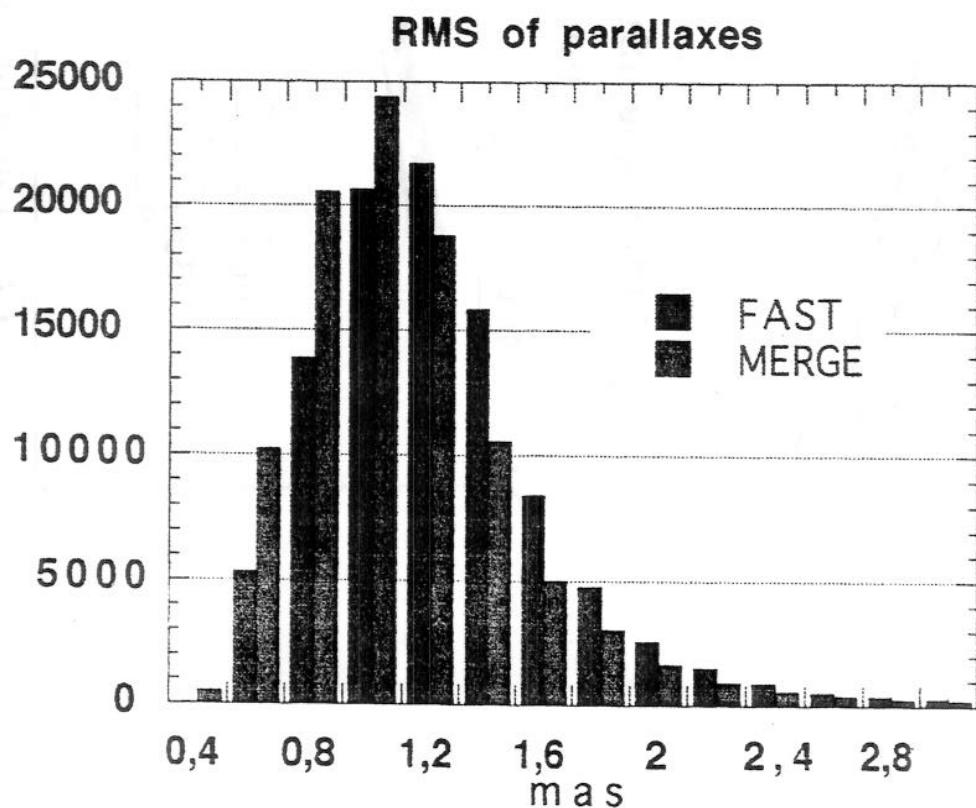
Reduced Standard Deviation vs Color $SD(x) = SD(\Delta x / (\sigma(Fast)^2 + \sigma(Merge)^2)^{1/2})$

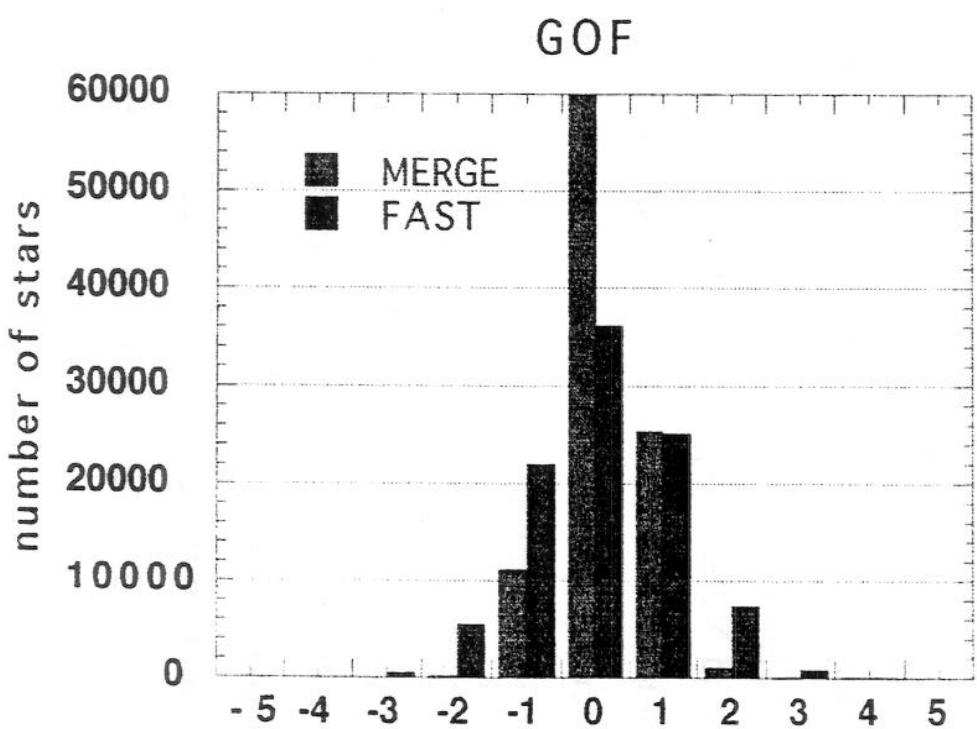
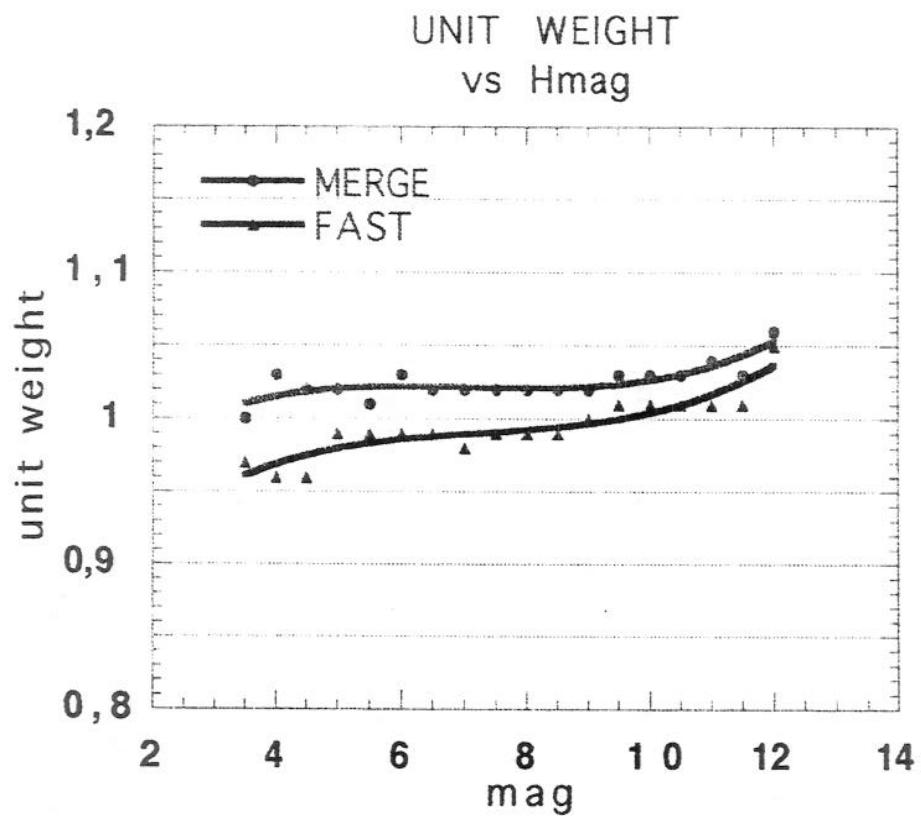


Comparison Fast-Merge Distribution of parallaxes



F 3273 negative parallaxes
M 2986 negative parallaxes





DSWG REPORT

Meeting : 25-26 October, Bruxelles.

MAIN ACTIONS

- More conservative approach in the DS detection
- Use of NDAC <==> FAST solution a starting position
- More stringent criteria for the DS with linear motion
- FAST to generate both solutions
- FAST and NDAC to produce as many as possible solutions in the single star mode to Arenou
- CCDM identification to solved systems from a list NDAC ∪ FAST by J. Dommanget
- Creation of a file with all the solutions F+N and the detected DS w/o solution
- Subsequent component description by P. Lampens
- L. Lindegren has received delegation to take any decision related to the merging
- Modification of few flags in the main catalogue
- Overlap between the various sections of the Annex
- DS relative solutions with acceleration dropped
- Agreement on the DMSA format ==> Dommanget comments on the documentation
- Definition of the files to be prepared for the merging and the schedule

FAST / CERGA

HST December 1995

ANNEX 5

STATISTICS FAST - NDAC

INPUT FILES

	Solved	Detected
N	15200	4500
F	16600	4100 (300 very strong)
H	19000	6000

COMPARISON

Common solutions	13000	
<i>Disagree > 0"2</i>	1800	\Rightarrow Ground based obs.
<i>180° ambig.</i>	250	
Only in NDAC	2200	
Only in FAST	3600	
Total	18800	

FAST / CERGA

HST December 1995

STATISTICS OF THE MERGING in FAST

INPUT FILES

	Known	New	Known	New	Total
I	8500	2000	I ∩ C	8500	1700
C	10000	6300			10200

MERGED FILE

Two solutions

One solution

Merged	7600			
I selected	400	I	300	
C selected	2200	C	6100	
TOTAL	10200			6400

Number of solutions : 16600

FAST / CERGA

HST December 1995

ABSOLUTE ASTROMETRY

MIXED PROCESSING :

Solution for the 13000 DS with relative solution F and N

Processed with FAST abscissae

- 1 - with Ndac relative solutions
- 2 - with Fast relative solutions

RESULTS

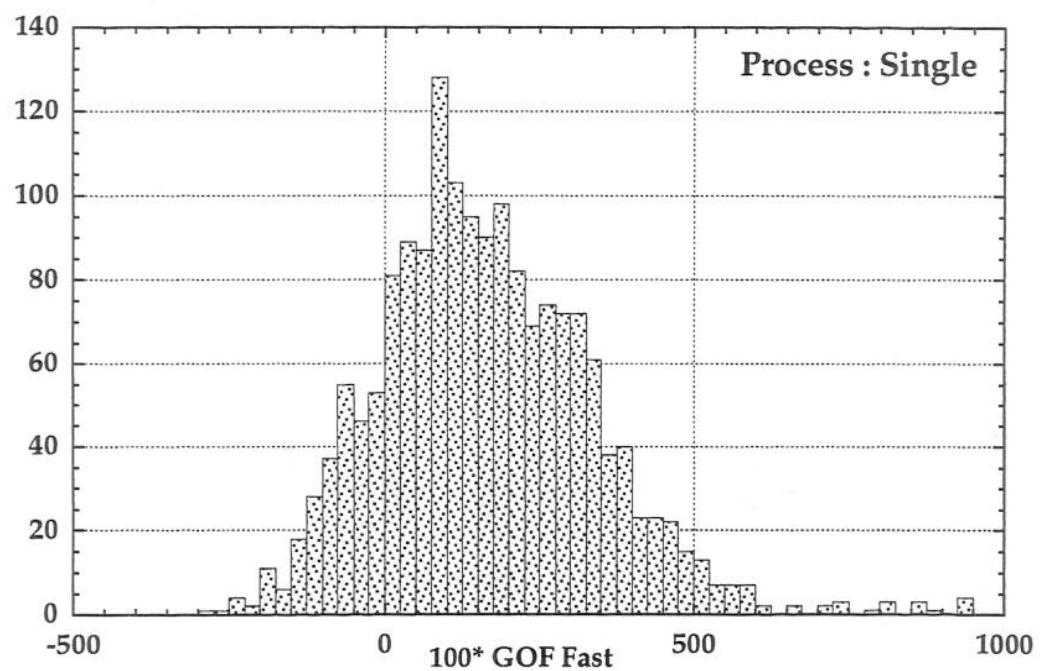
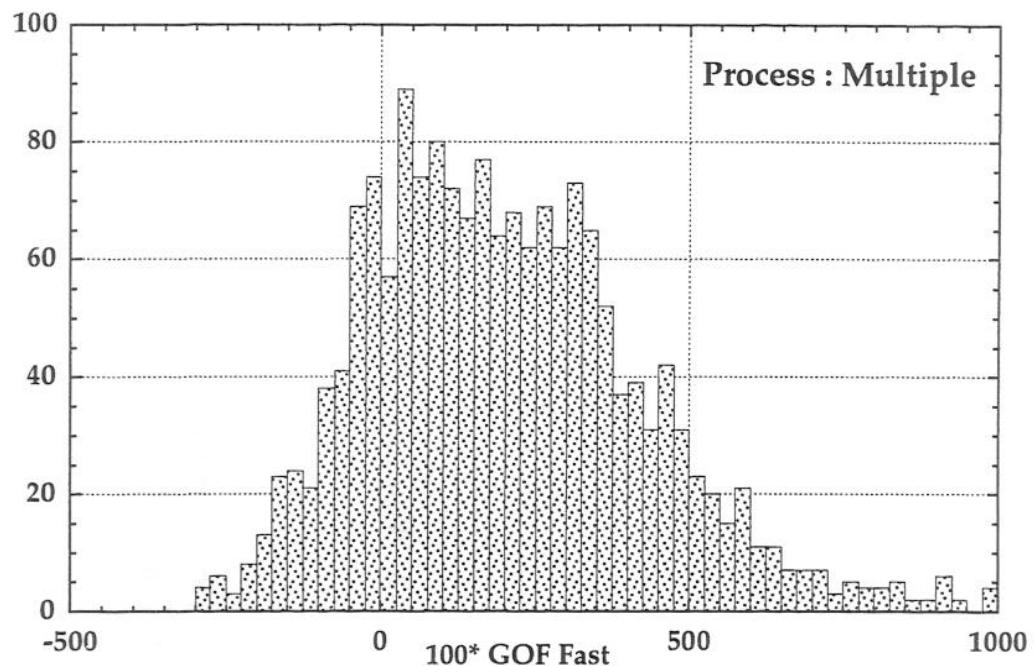
850 stars with Δ (pos) > 20 mas

-500 are double pointing ; often secondary ==> Way out : Primary + rel. sol.

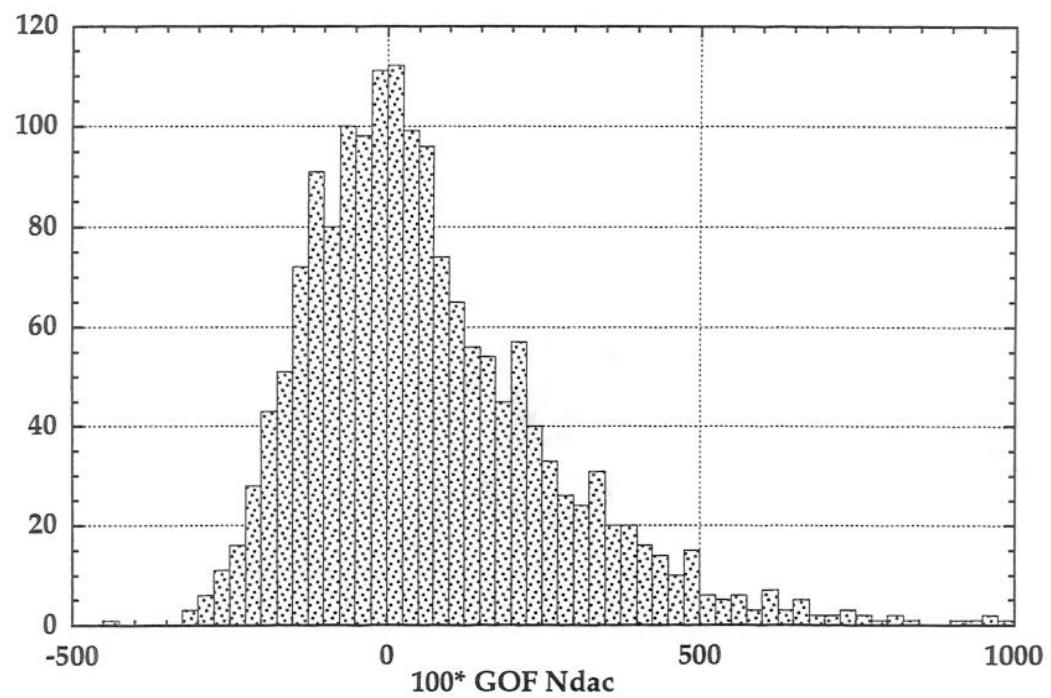
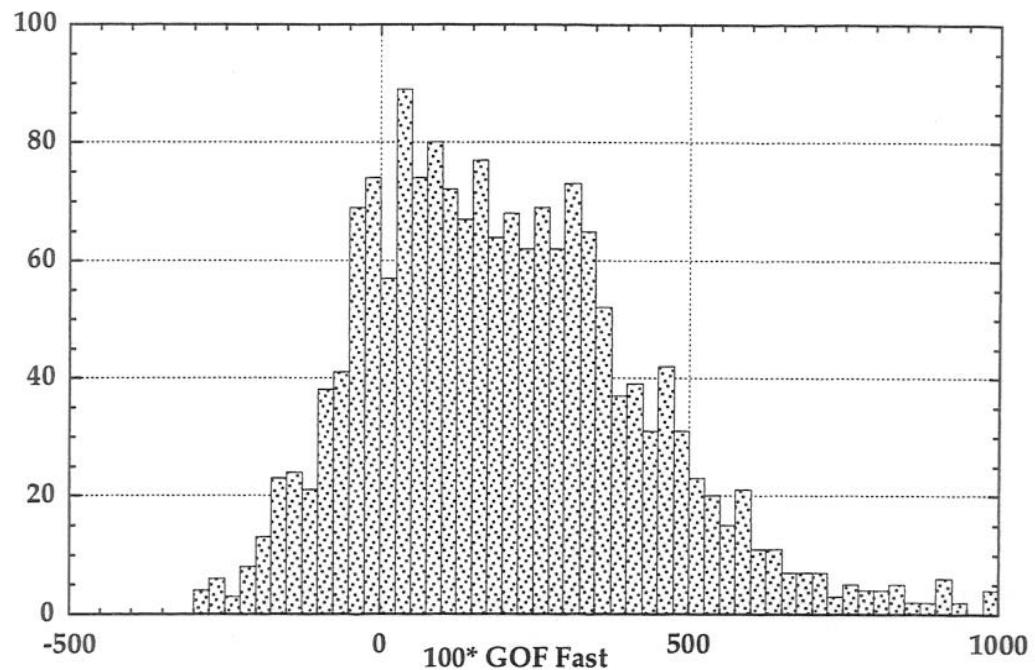
- Out of the remaining 350 :

150 agree in π and PM ==> 180° ambig.
200 usually poor solution in F and N

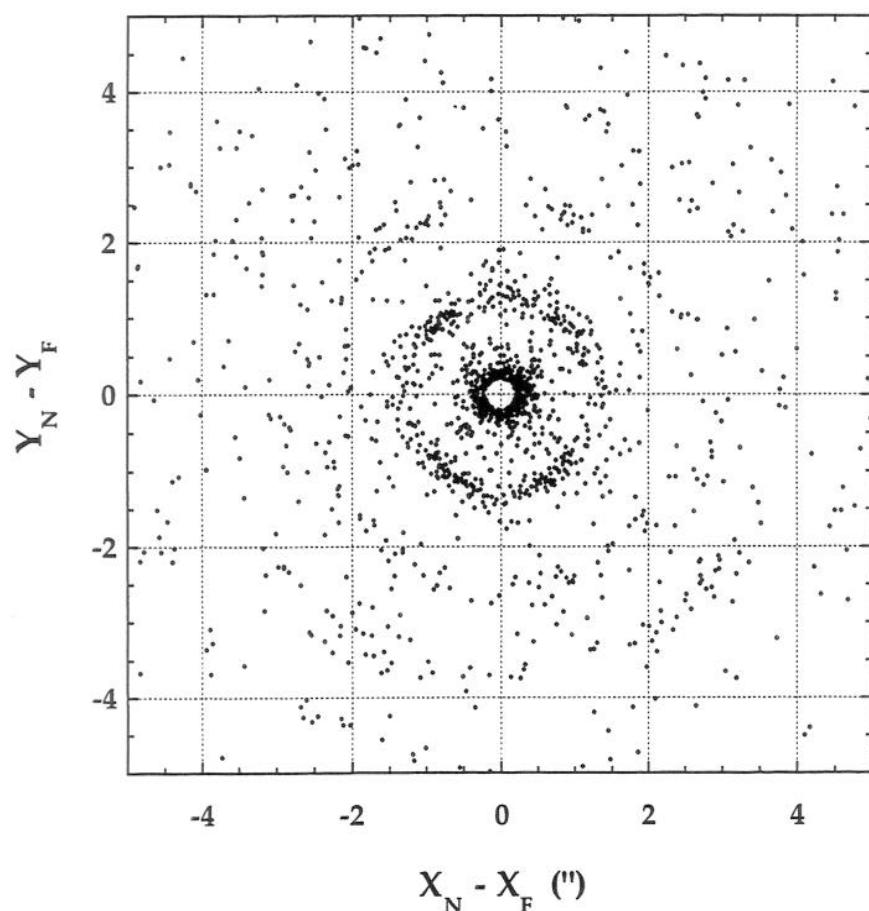
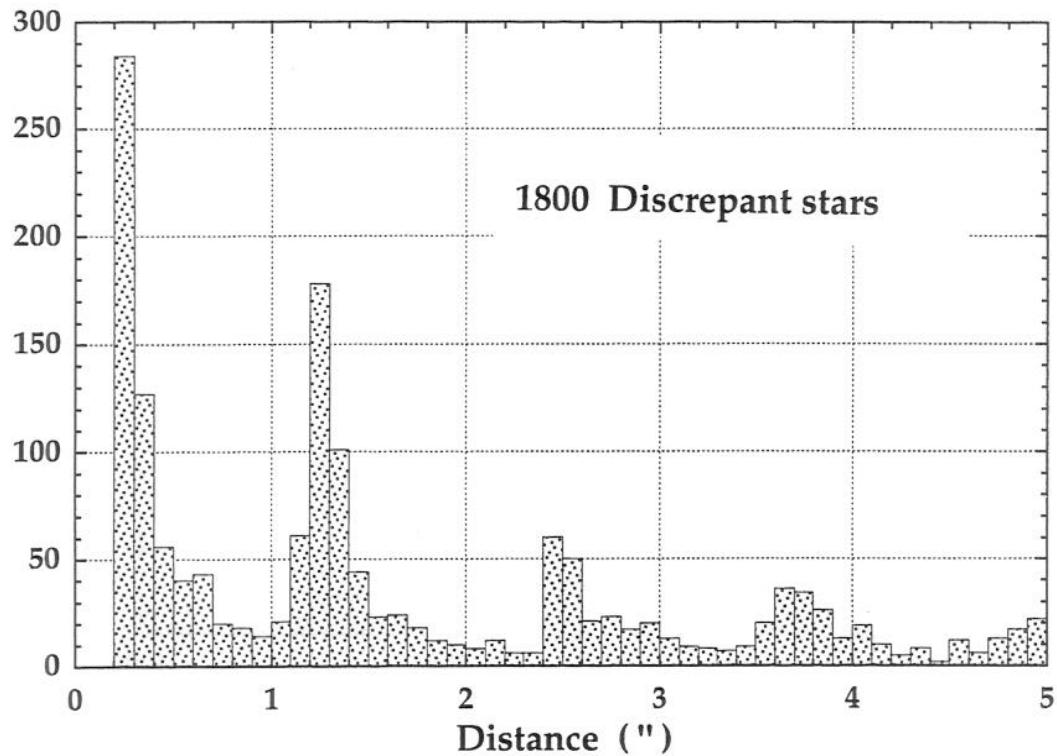
1800 Discrepant stars

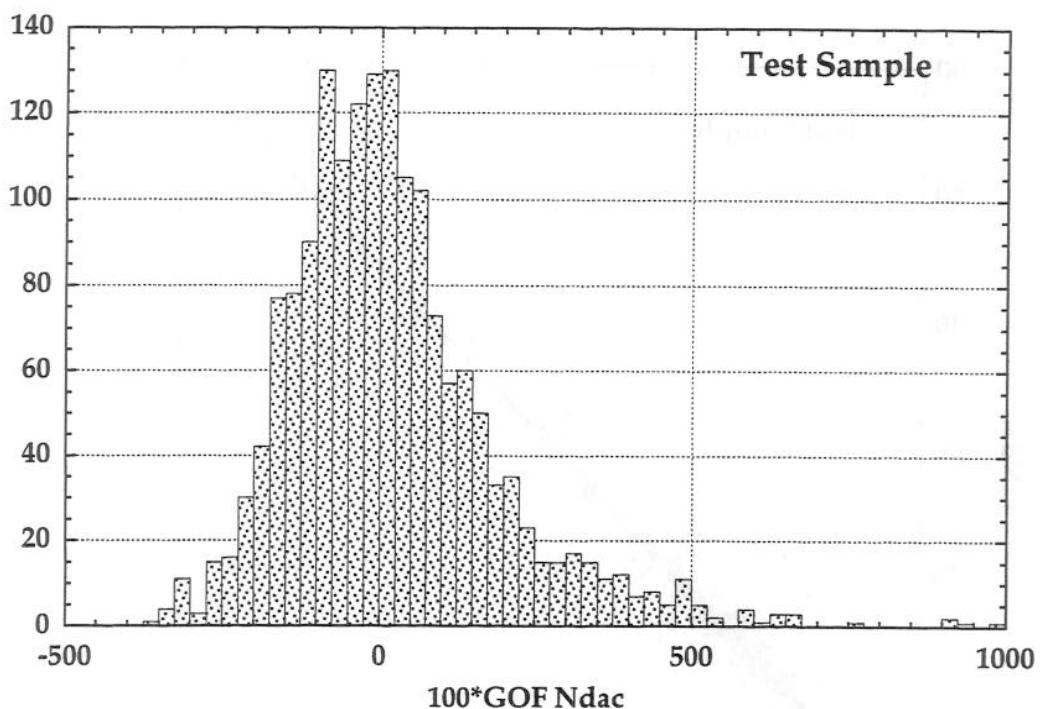
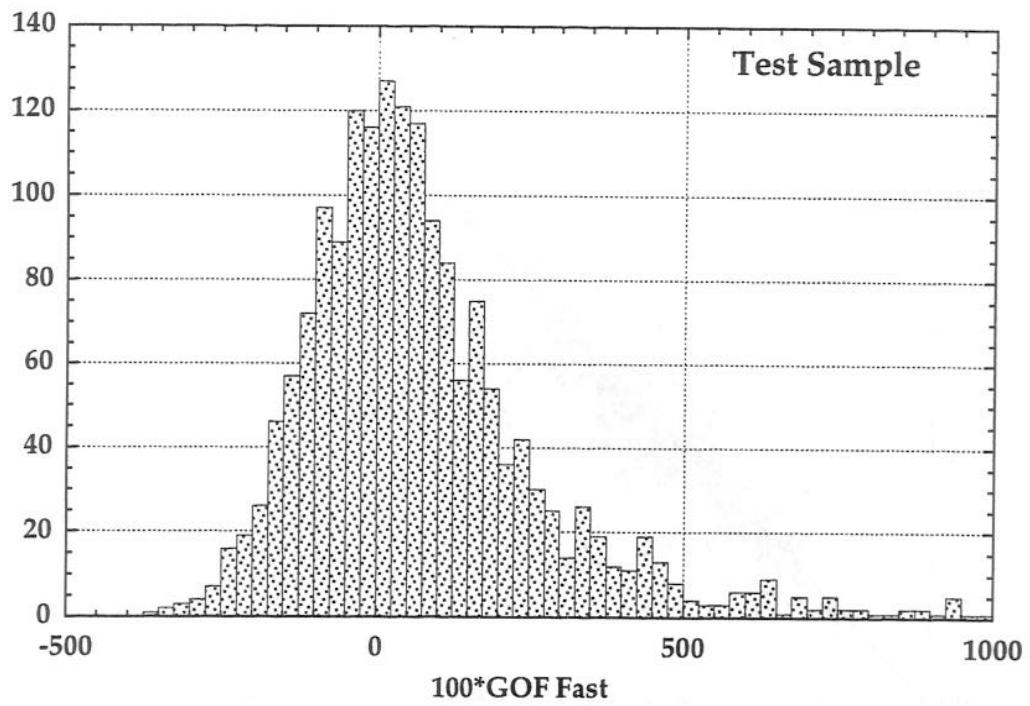


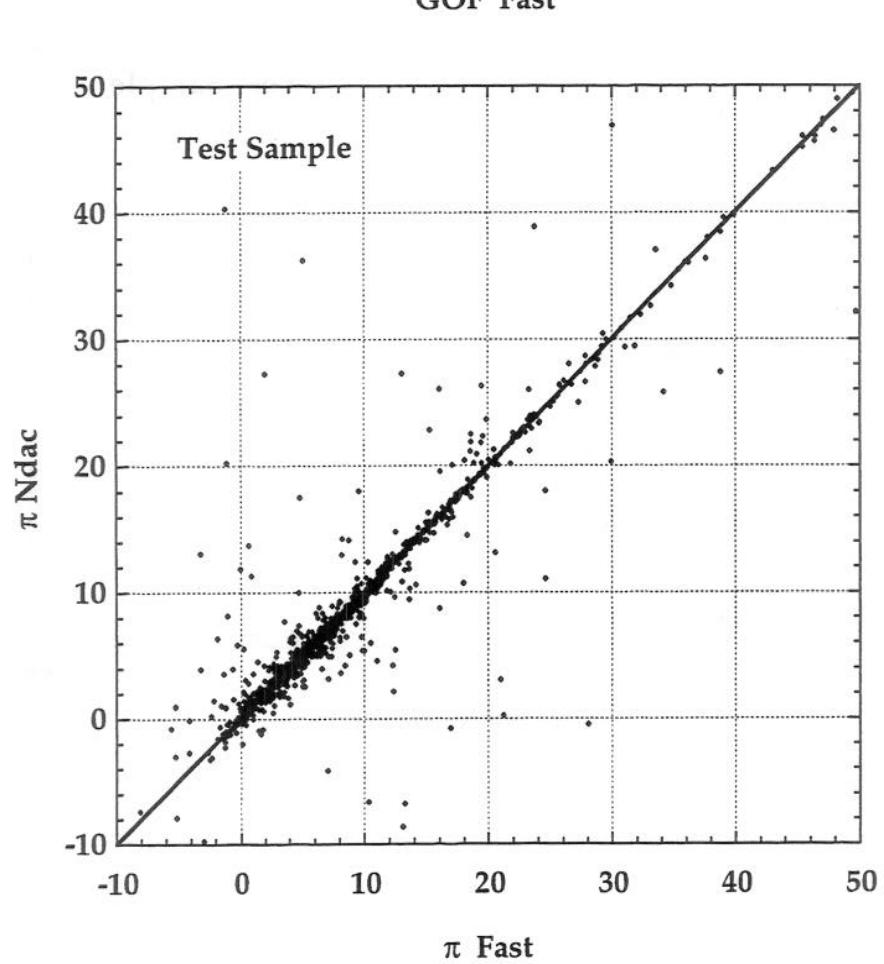
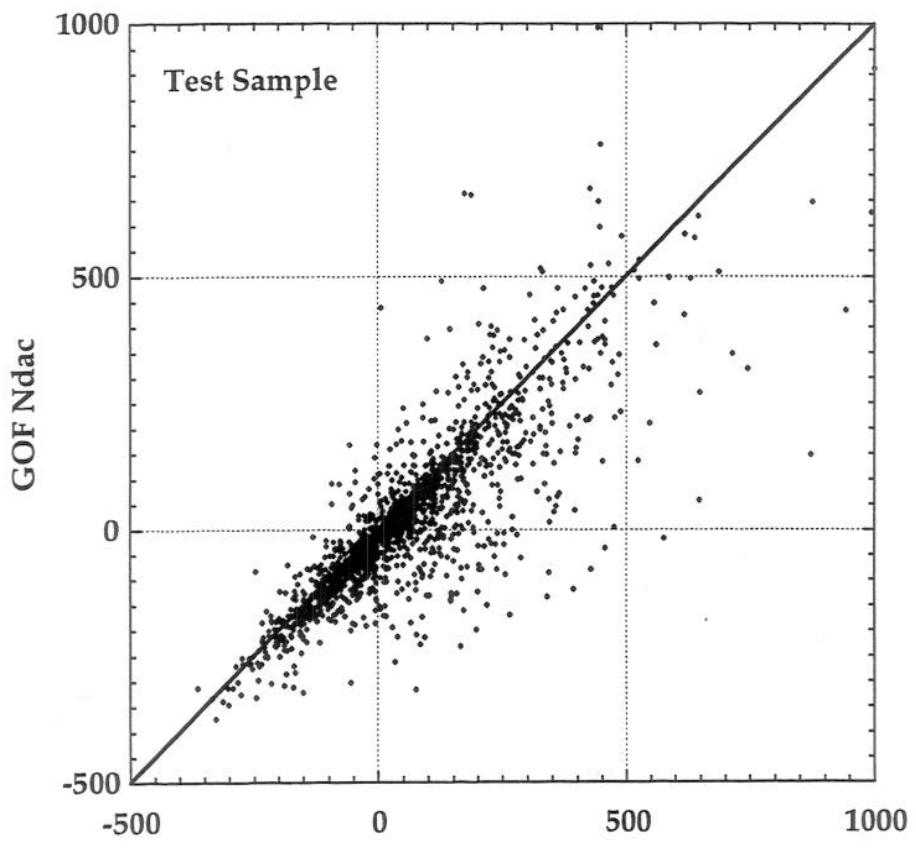
1800 Discrepant stars



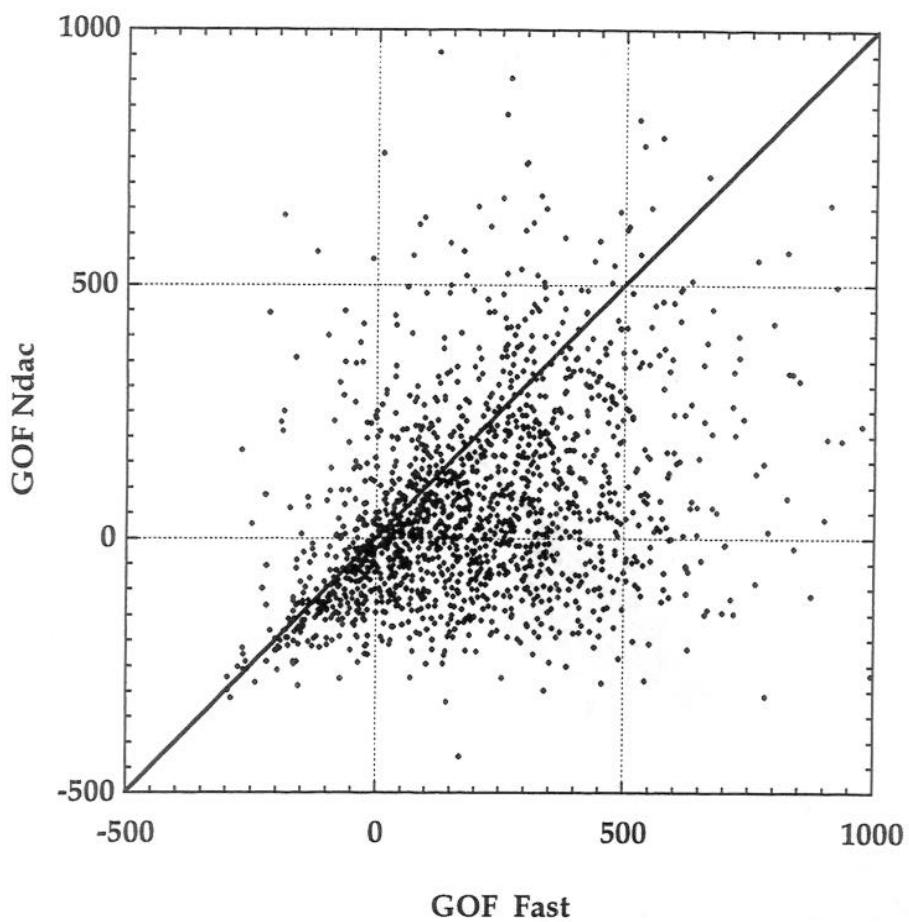
Difference Ndac - Fast



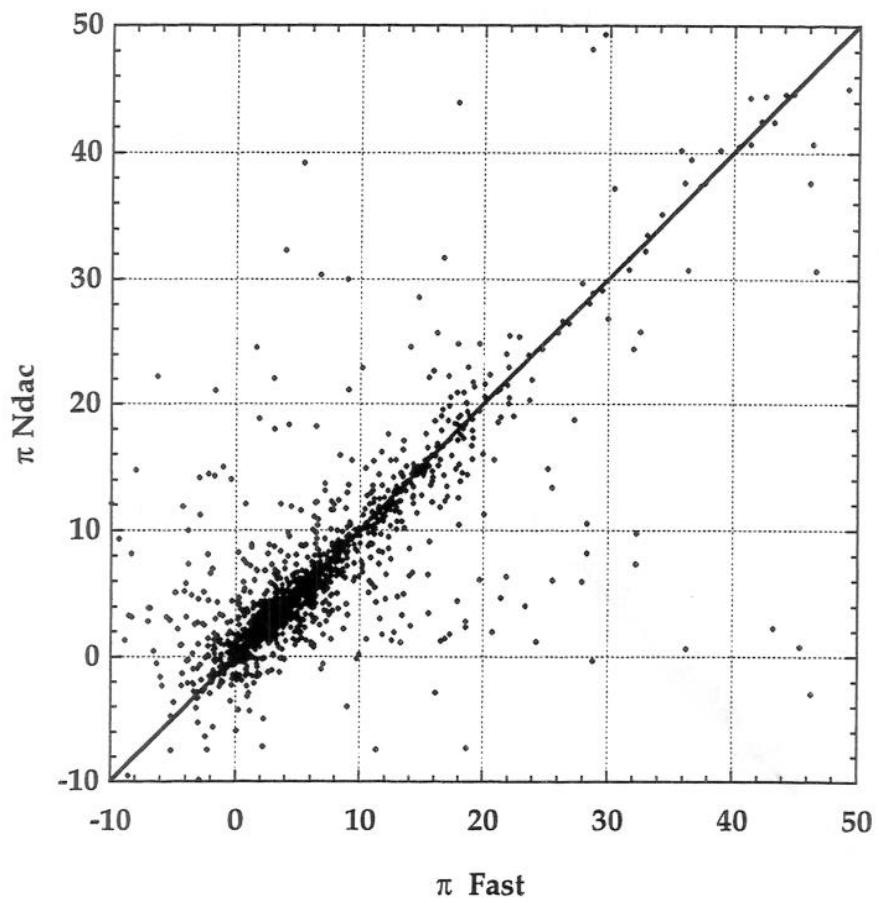




1800 Discrepant stars

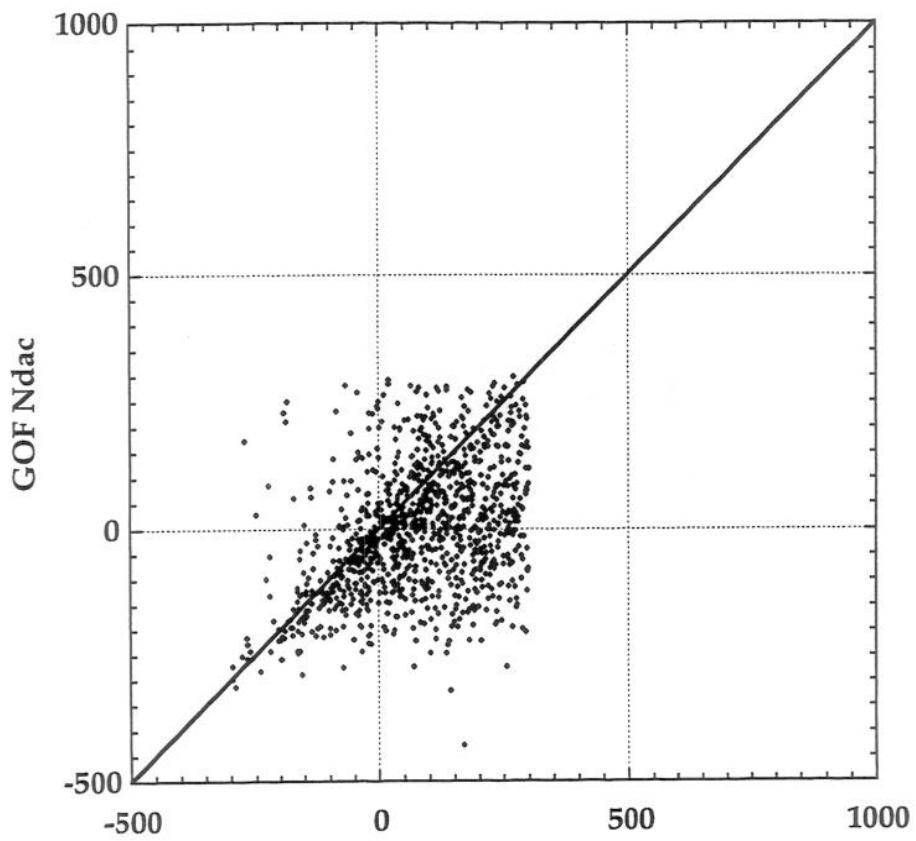


GOF Fast

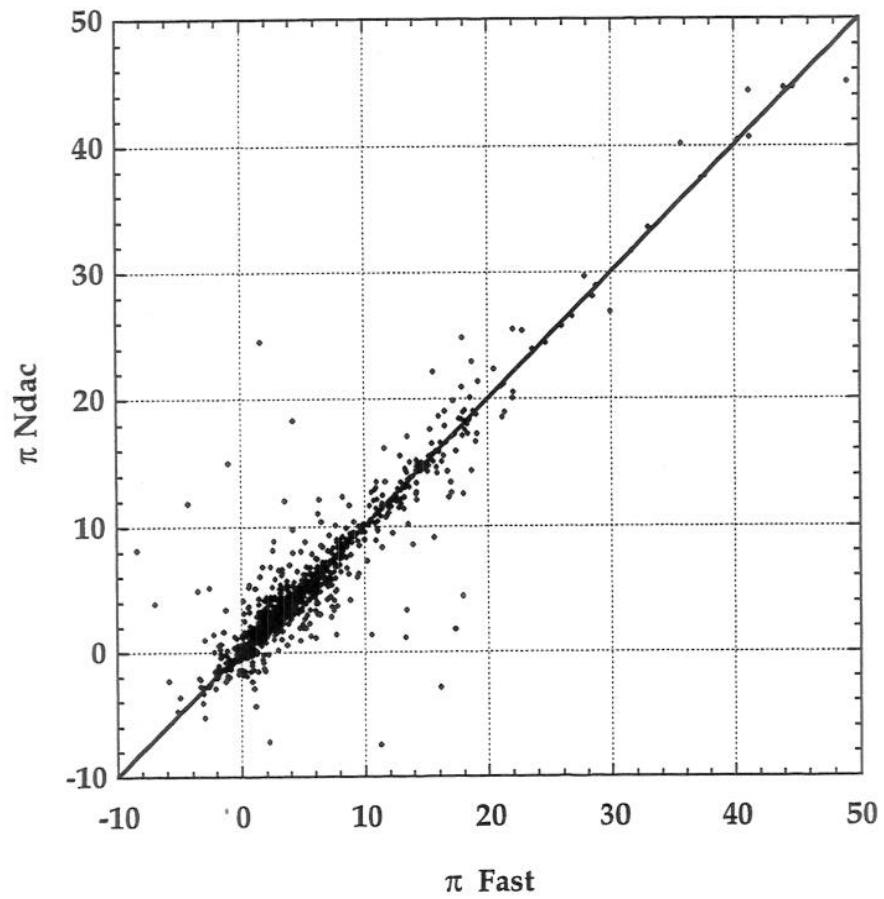


π Fast

1800 Discrepant stars



GOF Fast



MERGING OF COMPONENT DS DATA

ANNEX 6

INPUT DATA (AS OF 21 NOV):

- FAST:
- RELATIVE DATA ($\Delta m, x, y, \dot{x}, \dot{y}$) FOR 16633 ENTRIES
 - ABSOLUTE DATA ($a, \delta, \pi, \mu_x, \mu_y$) FOR 15437 ENTRIES
[REFERRED TO PC IF $\rho < 0.35''$, OTHERWISE PRIMARY]
 - 296 ENTRIES DETECTED AS NON-SINGLE BUT WITHOUT SOC.
 - 1196 WITH REJECTED ABSOLUTE ASTROMETRY

- NDAC:
- F, L, I AND SINGLE SOLUTIONS FOR ~ 33000 ENTRIES
 - OF WHICH 15072 WERE ACCEPTED AS F, L OR I
 - [RELATIVE AND ABSOLUTE DATA SIMULTANEOUSLY]

PRE-PROCESSING OF DATA:

- FAST:
- IC8 \rightarrow HIP# [HS TABLES]
 - ECL \rightarrow EQU OF ALL FILES
 - F37i3 \rightarrow H30 $[+5.095, +19.046, -35.316, -0.133, +0.506, -3.189]$

- NDAC:
- CHECK THAT HIP (HIC) # ARE USED CONSISTENTLY
 - N37.05 \rightarrow H30 $[+20.648, +33.151, -46.719, +0.584, -0.657, -0.508]$

COMPARISON OF QUALITY CLASSES:

CORRELATION - SEE TABLE

INVESTIGATION OF SINGLE-POINTING SYSTEMS:

11375 COMMON ENTRIES, OF WHICH
 9740 HAVE ACCEPTABLE AGREEMENT IN RELATIVE ASTROMETRY
 $[(x_N - x_F)^2 + (y_N - y_F)^2 \leq 0.3^2 \text{ arcsec}^2 \wedge |\theta_N - \theta_F| \leq 45^\circ]$
 + MANY "FLIPPED" SYSTEMS NOT YET ANALYSED...

Q_N Q _F	(WORST)				(BEST)	
	0	1	2	3	ALL Q _N	F ONLY
-1	54	137	219	88	498	193
(WORST)	0	1	0	0	2	6
	1	44	89	46	7	186
	2	171	365	293	21	855
	3	159	317	562	79	1117
	4	74	191	668	202	1135
	5	41	80	617	459	1197
	6	20	55	415	800	1290
	7	5	47	200	1100	1362
	8	2	33	130	1570	1735
	9	0	13	114	2370	2500
(BEST)	10	0	9	53	1047	1109
ALL Q _F	571	1337	3332	7746	12986	3647
N ONLY	778	957	295	56	2086	0

CALIBRATIONS AND SYSTEMATIC CORRECTIONS

BEFORE MERGING OF DOUBLE STARS

1. Δm SHOWS A SYSTEMATIC DIFFERENCE

$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(\Delta m_N + \Delta m_F)$ ADOPTED AS "TRUE" Δm -SCALE

\Rightarrow CORRECTIONS TO $\Delta m_N, \Delta m_F$ AS FUNCTION OF $\frac{1}{2}(\Delta m_N + \Delta m_F)$

2. TO RECONCILE $\Delta m_N - \Delta m_F$ WITH $\sigma_{\Delta m_N}, \sigma_{\Delta m_F}$, THE S.E.

MUST BE MULTIPLIED BY FACTORS OF 2.2-2.8

DEPENDING ON QUALITY INDEX (BUT NOT ON H_p)

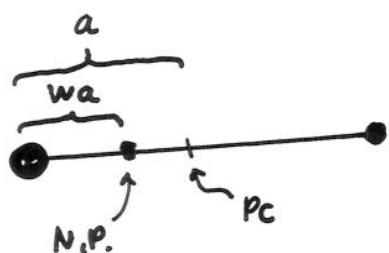
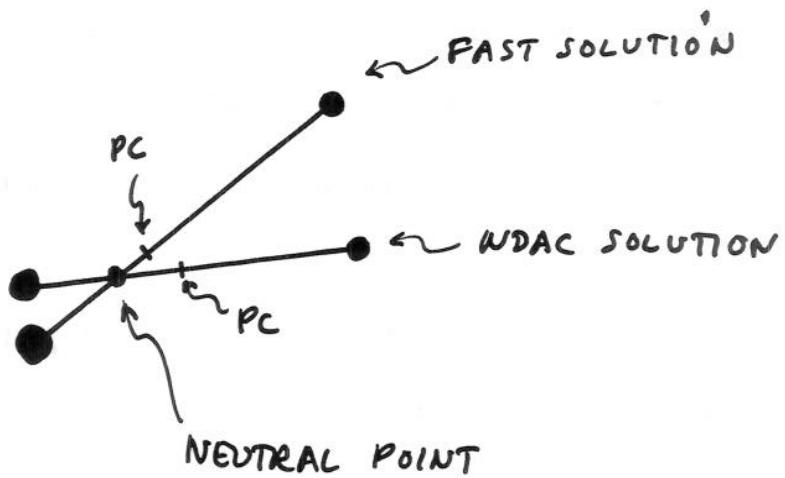
3. A STATISTICAL STUDY OF $(\Delta \mu_{\alpha^+}, \Delta \mu_\delta) = (\dot{x}, \dot{y})$ FOR L-SOLUTIONS SHOWS THAT THE S.E. MUST BE MULTIPLIED BY 1.3 (FAST) AND 1.2 (NDAC). $\rho = 0.3$.

4. TO RECONCILE $\Delta \alpha_N^+ - \Delta \alpha_F^+$ AND $\Delta \delta_N - \Delta \delta_F$ WITH THEIR S.E. (ASSUMING $\rho = 0.3$), THE S.E. MUST BE MULTIPLIED BY 1.7-2.0. DEP. ON QUALITY AND H_p (VERIFIED BY COMPARISON WITH SPECKLE OBSERVATIONS)

5. TO RECONCILE $\alpha_N^* - \alpha_F^*, \delta_N - \delta_F, \pi_N - \pi_F, \mu_{\alpha_N} - \mu_{\alpha_F}, \mu_{\delta_N} - \mu_{\delta_F}$ WITH THEIR S.E., THE S.E. MUST BE MULTIPLIED BY $\simeq 1.1$ (NDAC) AND 0.9 (FAST). ($\rho \simeq 0$ FOR $H_p \leq 5$, UP TO $\rho \simeq 0.8$ FOR $H_p \geq 11$)

PRINCIPLE OF MERGING REL + ABS DATA

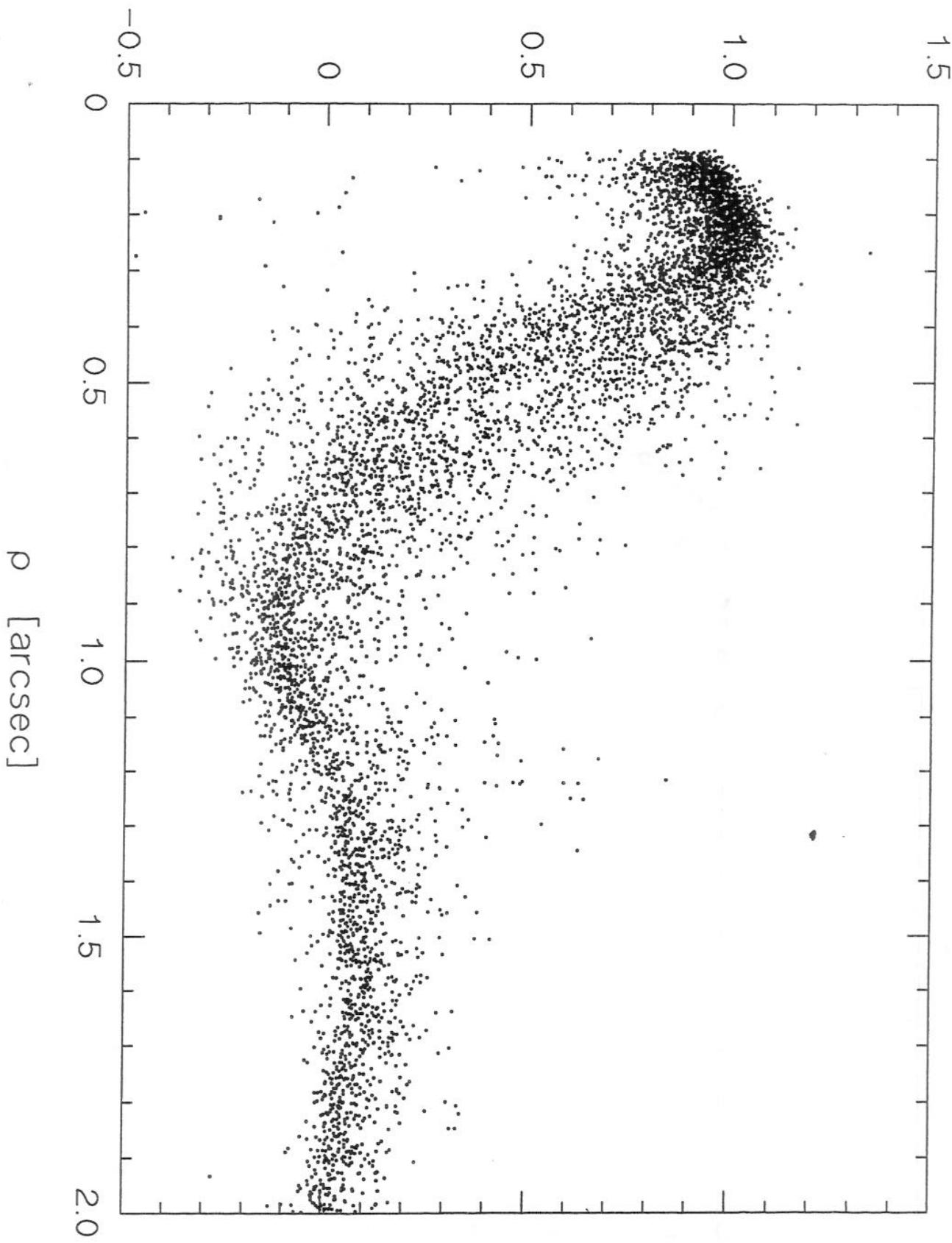
- 50/50 AVERAGE IS MOST ROBUST W.R.T. OUTLIERS
- COMBINE ABSOLUTE DATA FOR "NEUTRAL POINT":
 1. $\bar{\rho} = \frac{1}{2}(\rho_N + \rho_F) \Rightarrow w$ (AN ADOPTED CONSTANT FOR EACH SYSTEM)
 2. $(\alpha, \delta, \pi, \mu_d, \mu_s)_F + (\Delta m, x, y, \dot{x}, \dot{y})_F + w \Rightarrow (\alpha, \delta, \pi, \mu_d, \mu_s)_{F, N.P.}$
 3. (NDAC PARAMETERS) + w $\Rightarrow (\alpha, \delta, \pi, \mu_d, \mu_s)_{N, N.P.}$
 4. MEAN $\Rightarrow (\alpha, \delta, \pi, \mu_d, \mu_s)_{H, N.P.}$
 5. $+ (\bar{\Delta m}, \bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{\dot{x}}, \bar{\dot{y}}) + w \Rightarrow$ COMPLETE H-DATA



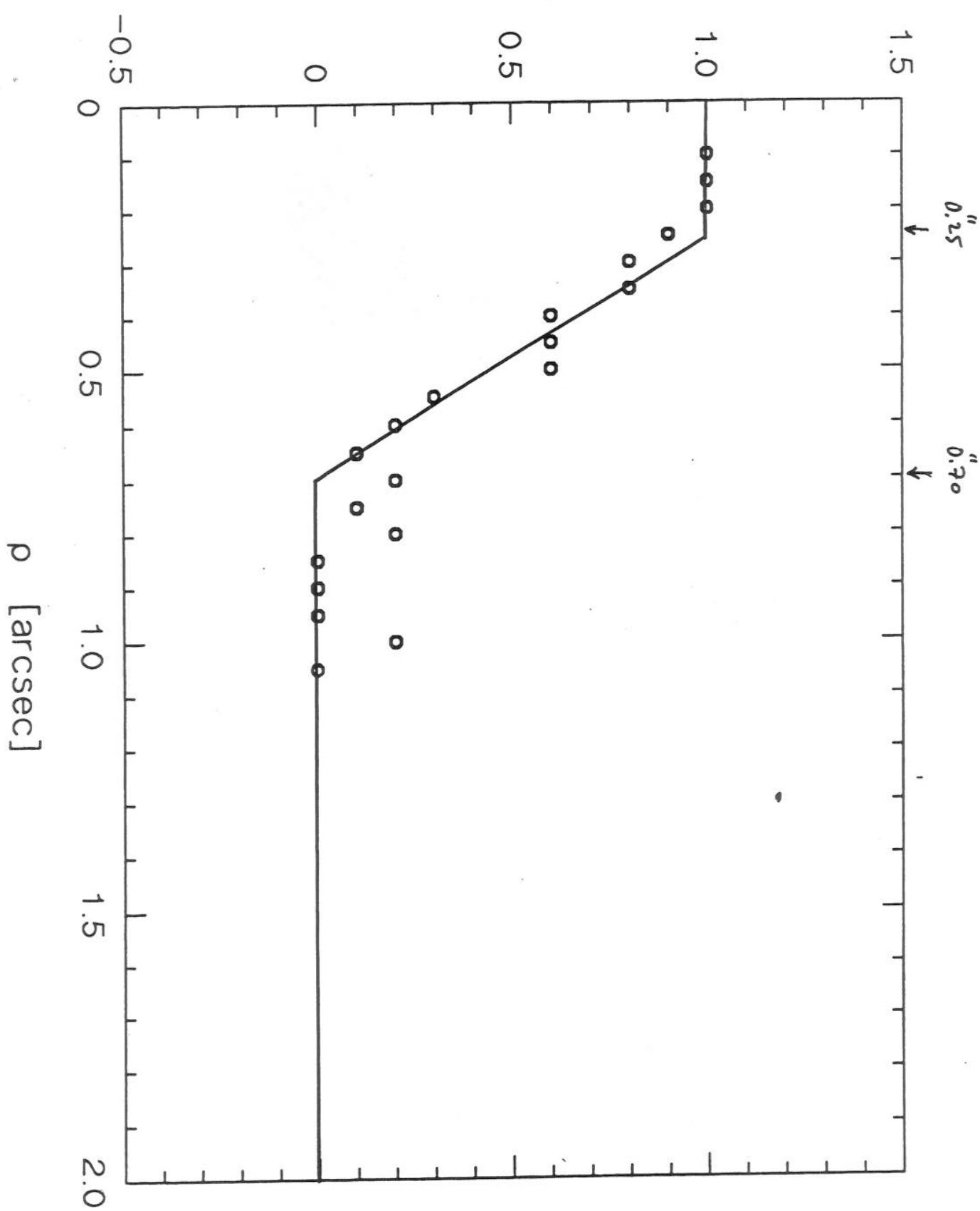
$w=0 \Leftrightarrow N.P. = PRIMARY$

$w=1 \Leftrightarrow N.P. = PC$

Location of Neutral Point (w)



Location of Neutral Point (w)



RESULTS SO FAR:

- PROVISIONAL MERGE OF 8522 'Fixed'
+ 1156 'Linear' ($F > 2.80 \approx 2\%$)

BUT INPUT FILES ARE STILL BEING UPDATED

- DATA LACKING FOR DMSC/C:

DC1 + DC8 : CCDM# + COMP - IN PROGRESS

DC10-11 : $H_p + \sigma$ (FOR WHOLE HIP ENTRY)

[FROM FM AFTER 1FOV CURR. OF MERGED PHOTOMETRY]

DC13-16 : $B_T, V_T + \sigma$ [WILL BE LEFT BLANK UNTIL]

- ALONG WITH DMSC/C, THE FOLLOWING FIELDS OF MAIN CATALOGUE WILL BE GIVEN, SUPERSEDING PREVIOUS DATA:
 $H_8 - H_{30}$, $H_{44} - H_{45}$, H_{48} , H_{55} , $H_{57} - H_{67}$
+ LIST OF ADDITIONAL ENTRIES TO FLAG AS $H_{61} = S$

- REMAINING SYSTEMS FOR DMSC/C:

~ 1000 2-3-POINTING SYSTEMS

~ 2000 DISCREPANT SYSTEMS (MOST CAN BE RESOLVED?)

~ 4000? FAST-ONLY AND NDAC-ONLY SOLUTIONS (\approx EASY)

- TRIPLE STARS?

- USE GB + HIF TO RESOLVE DISCREPANCIES

- QUALITY GRADING (A, B, C, D, (REJECT))

CRITERIA : $Q_F, Q_N, (\Delta m, \rho, H_{p_{tot}})$, GOF?

[+ agreement for common stars?]

STATUS FOR DMSA/G, O, V, X

G: 7 OR 9-PARAMETER FITS FROM ARENOU
(DONE, BUT MAY BE REDONE)

CRITERION FOR ACCEPTING (7) 9 PARAMETERS?

O: DATA FROM ARI EXPECTED THIS WEEK
(TEST SAMPLES RECEIVED)

V: DATA FROM ARI (PROVISIONAL LIST RECEIVED)

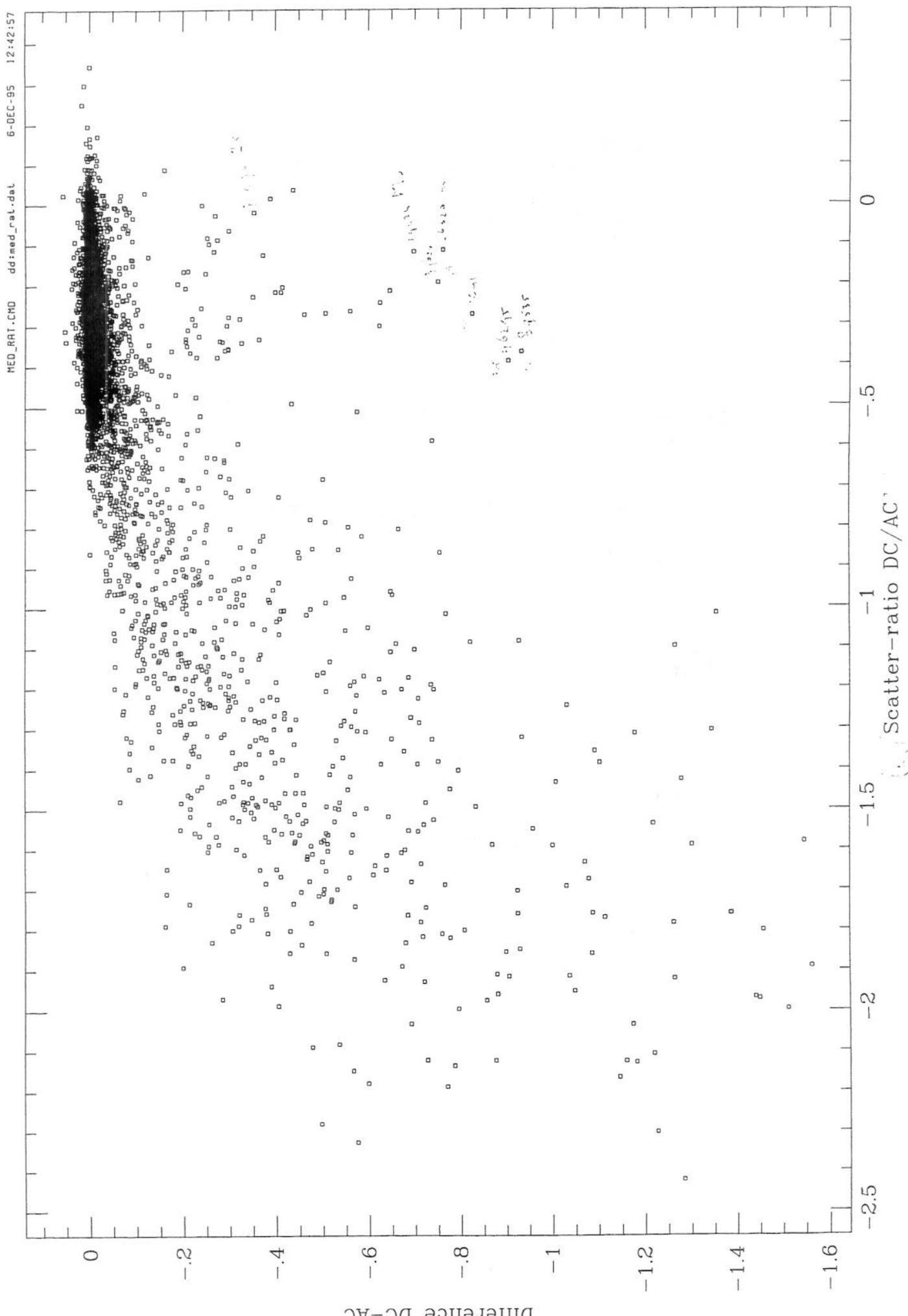
X: NOTHING!

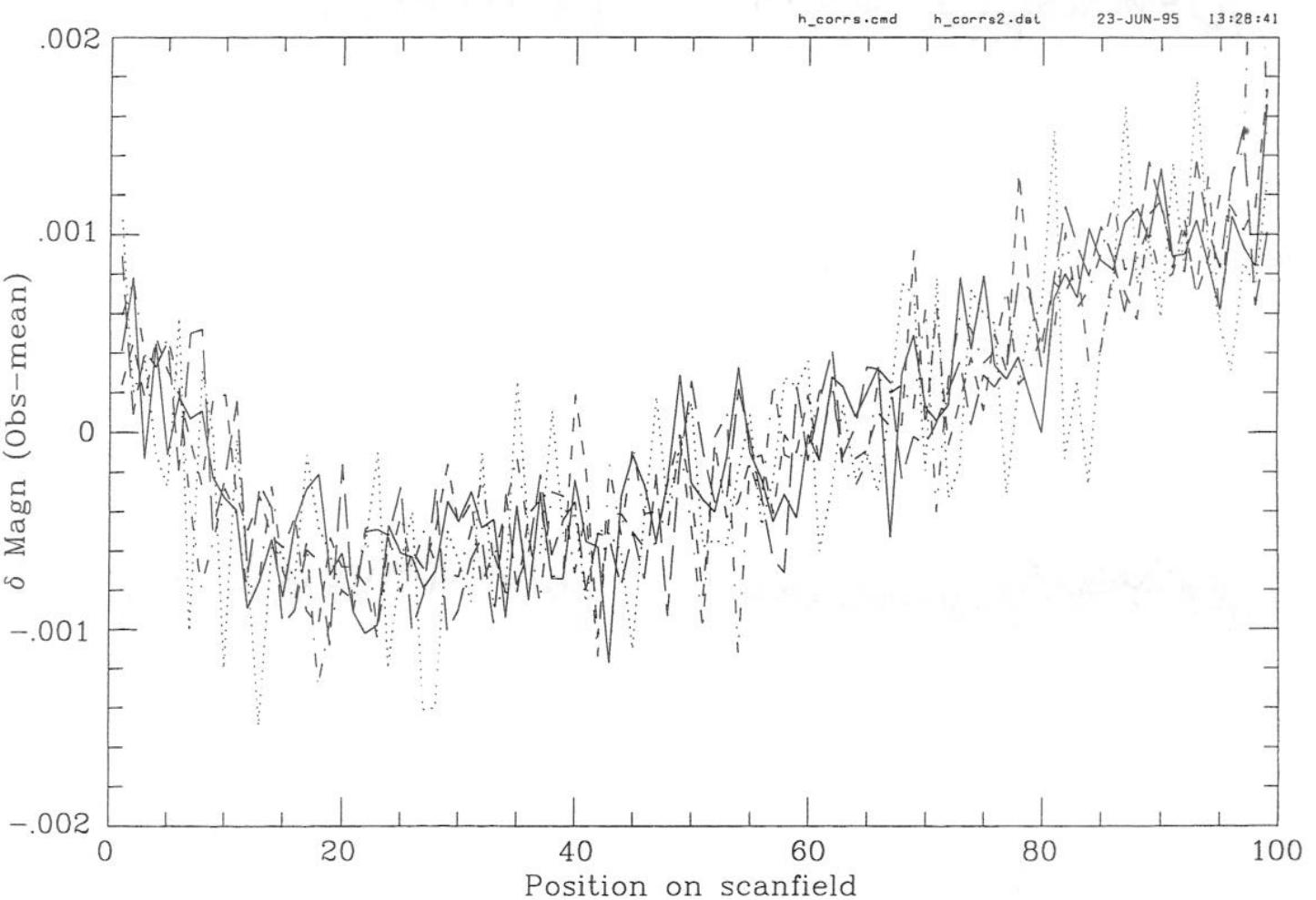
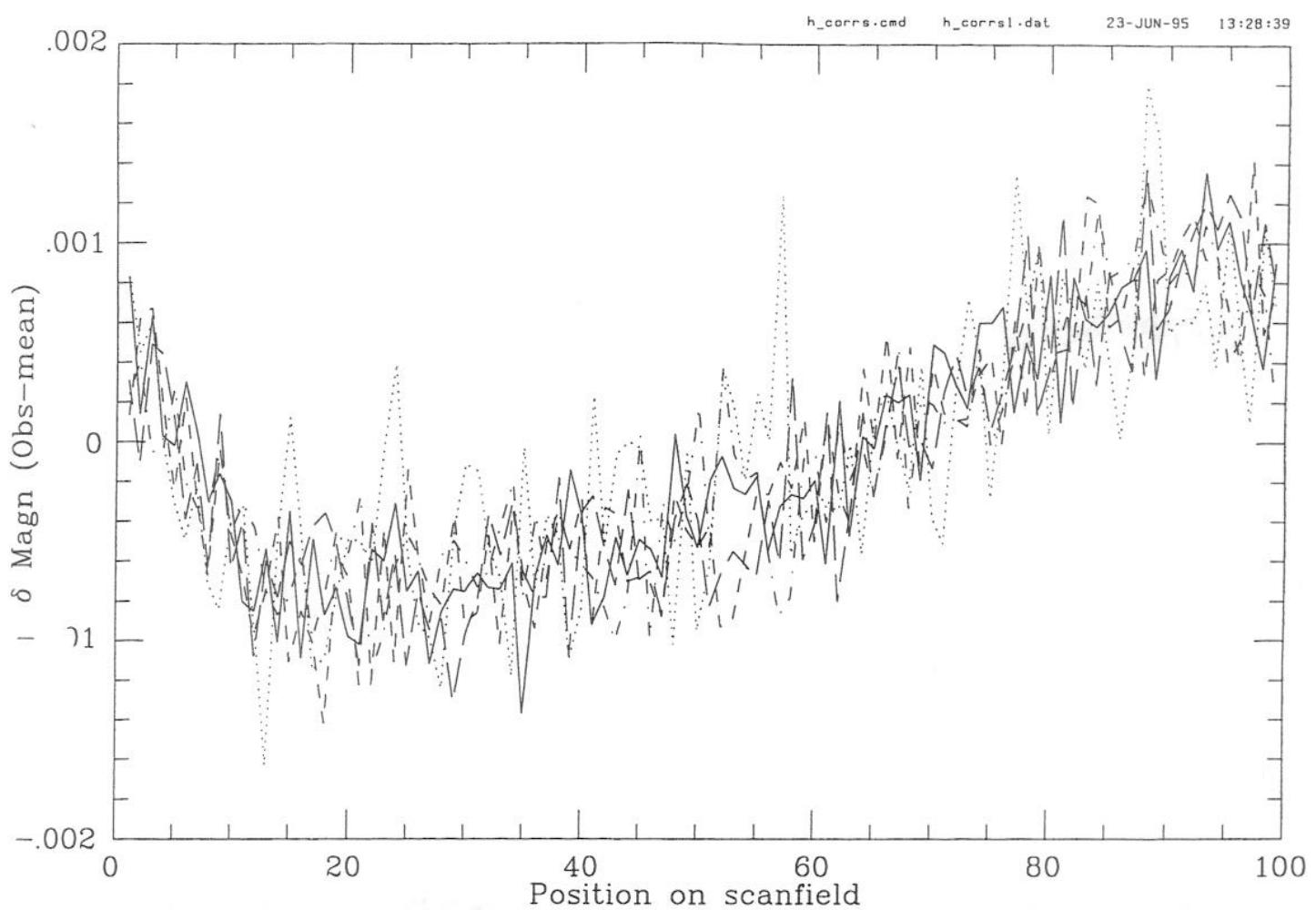
QUESTIONS: (O, V, X):

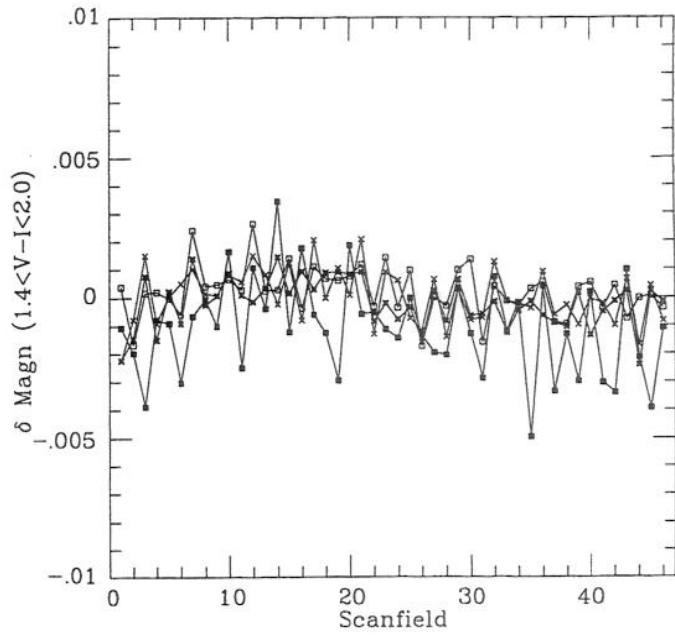
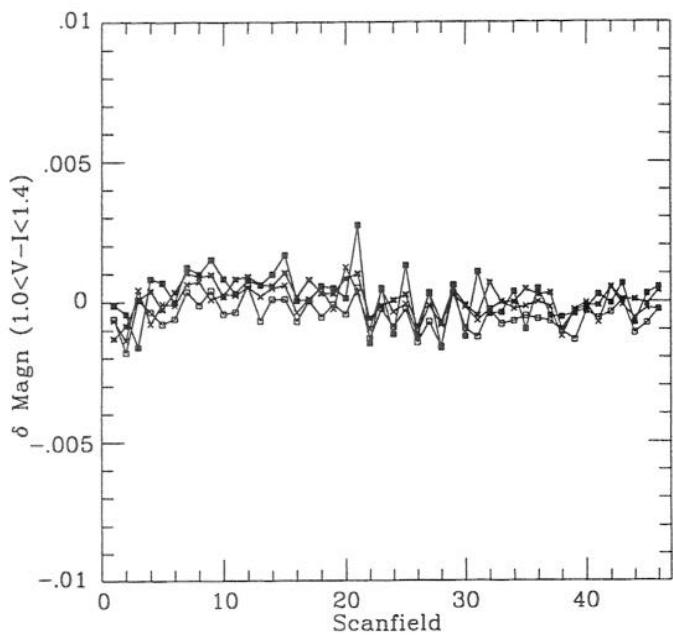
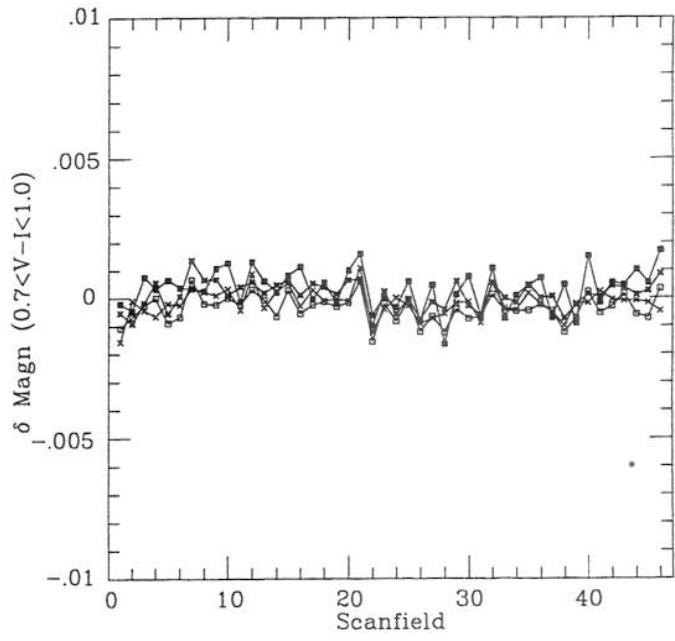
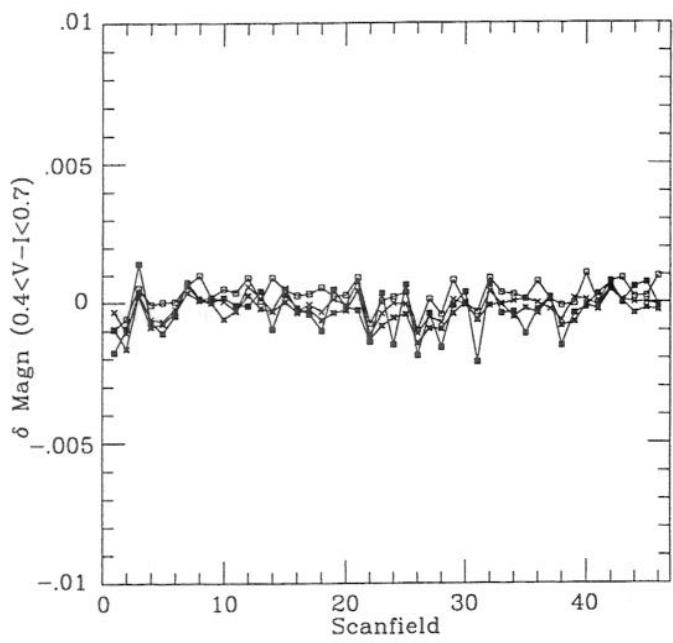
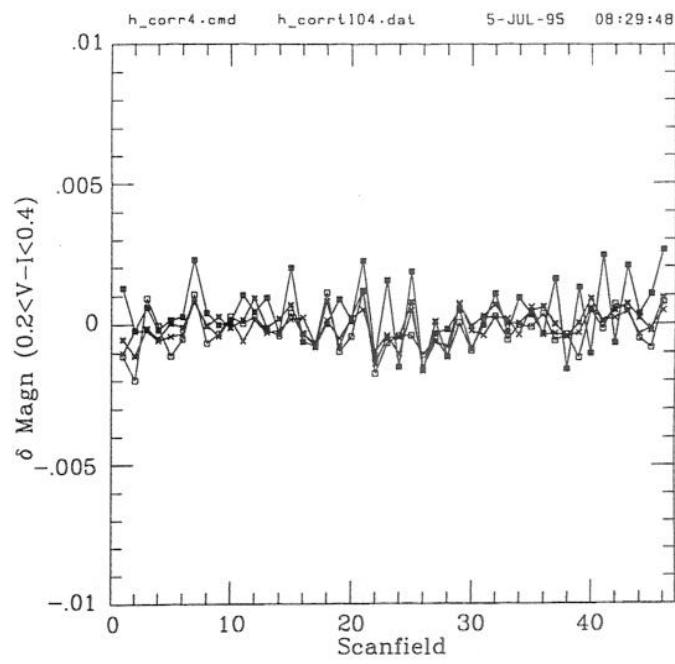
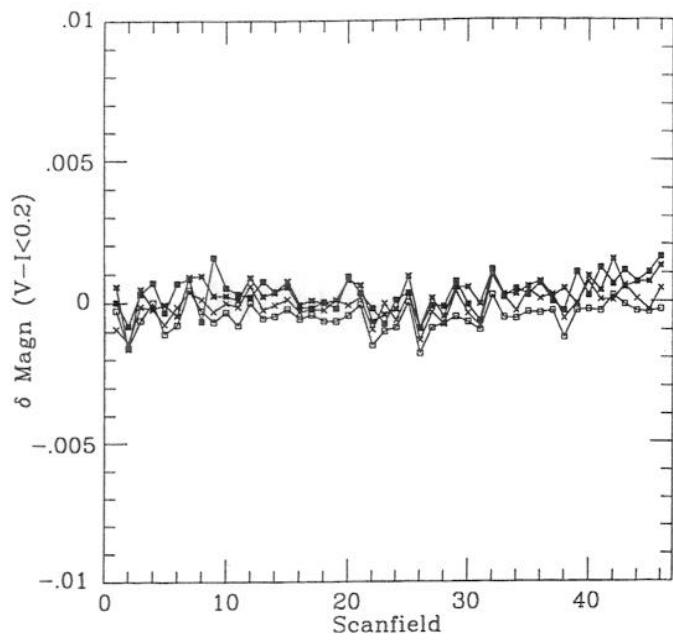
- ARI RESULTS ARE THE FINAL FAST RESULTS?
- IS FAST/NDAC MERGING FEASIBLE?
- ARE VIM'S CREDIBLE?

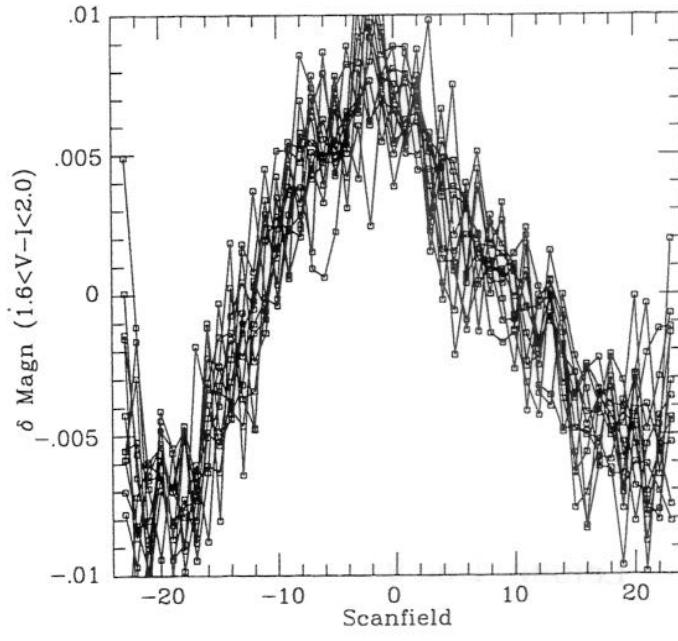
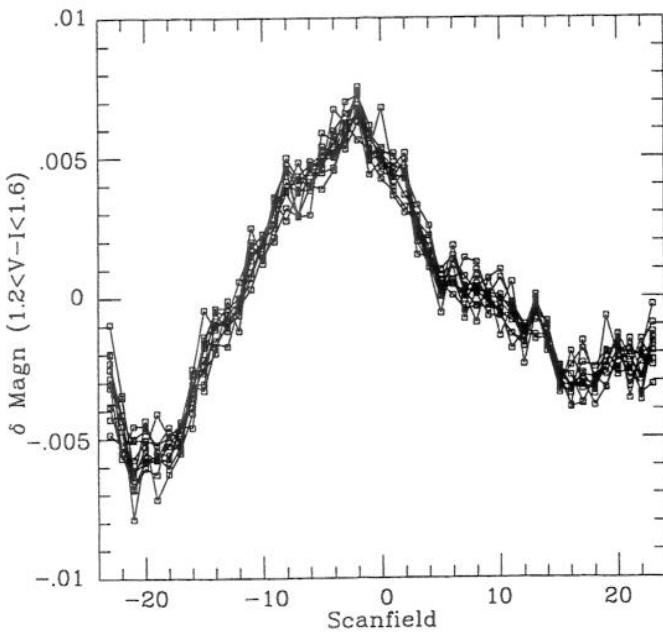
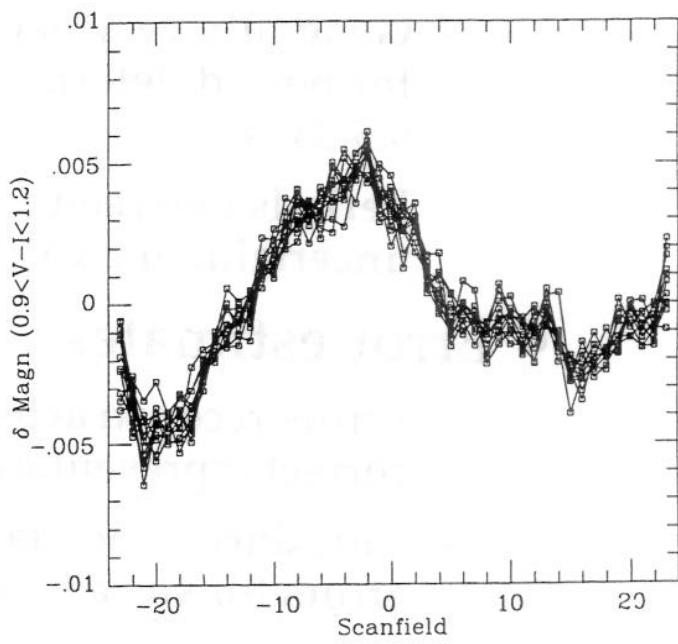
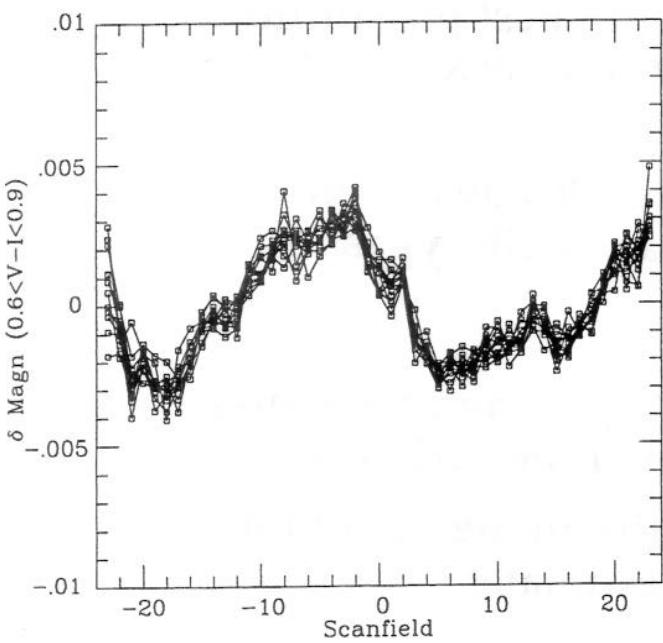
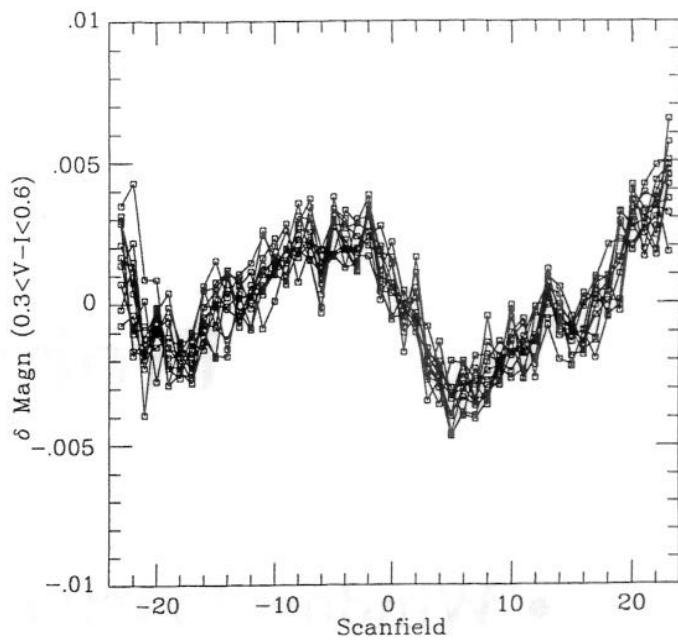
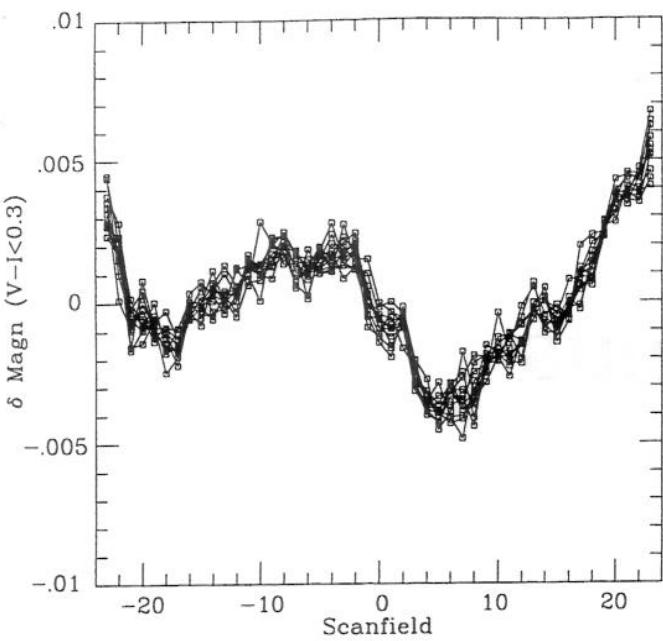
Main mission photometry

- All data reductions finished
- Ageing corrections applied and checked
- FAST and NDAC data compared and merged
 - report by Dafydd Evans
- Variability research progressing well
 - RGO all stars with $uw-sd > 3.0$ ready, with $2 < uw-sd < 3$: 50% done.
 - periodic variables: 1900-2200
 - non-period variables: 3600 with $uw-sd > 3$









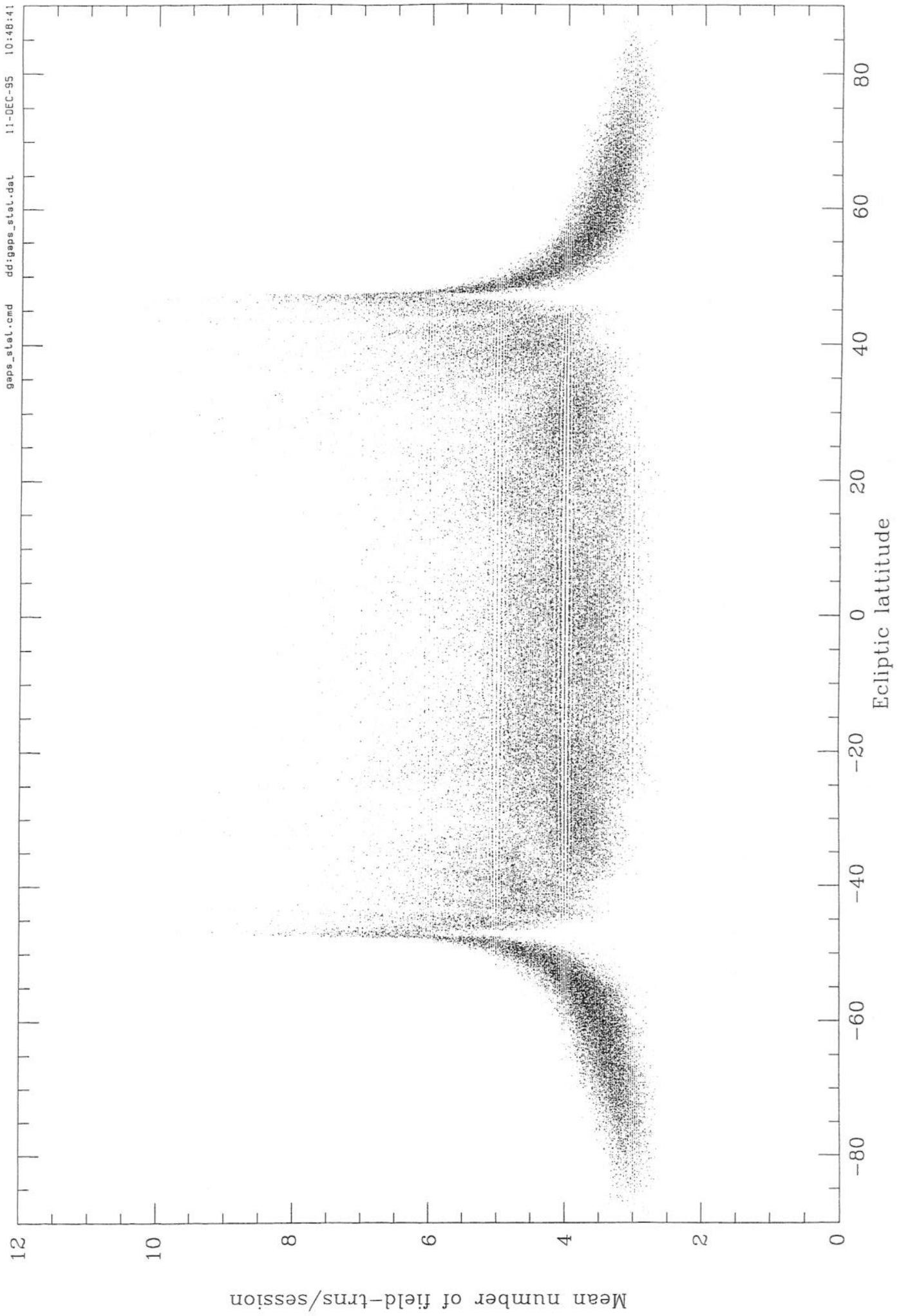
Problems

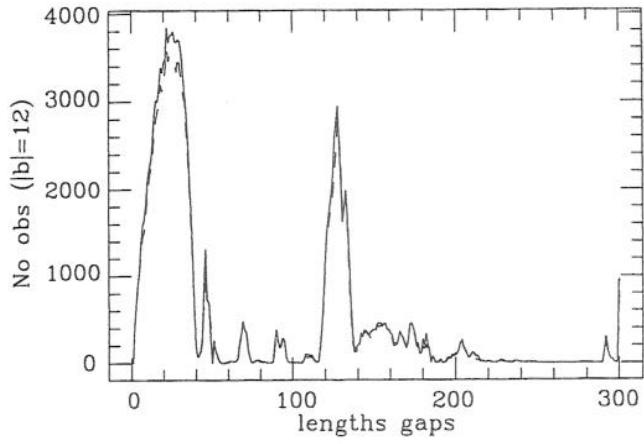
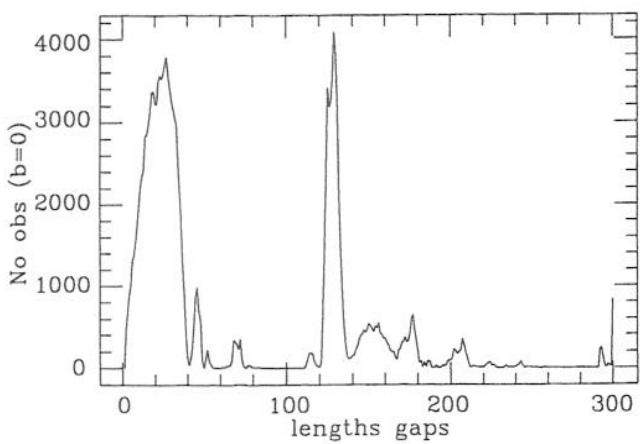
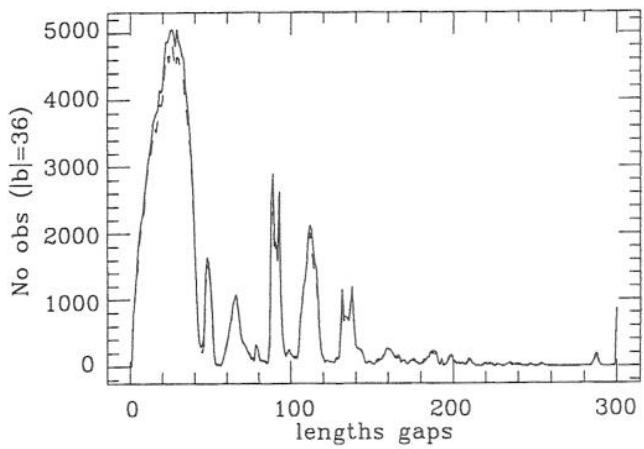
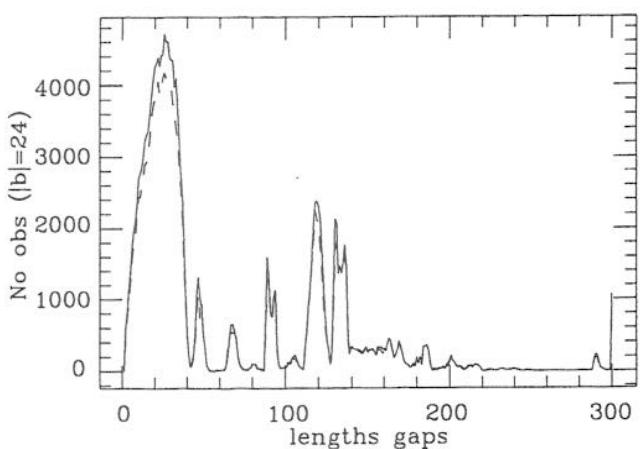
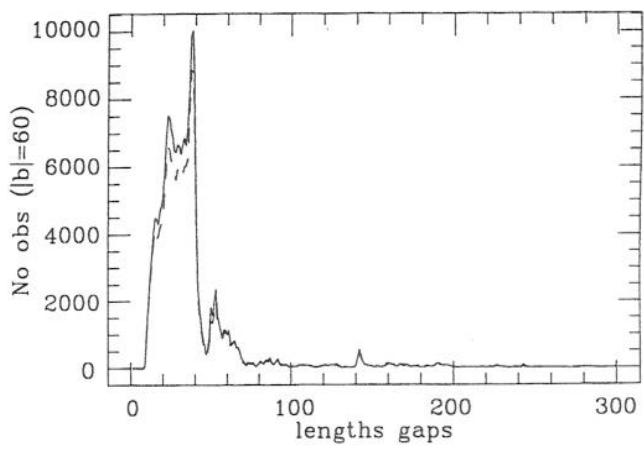
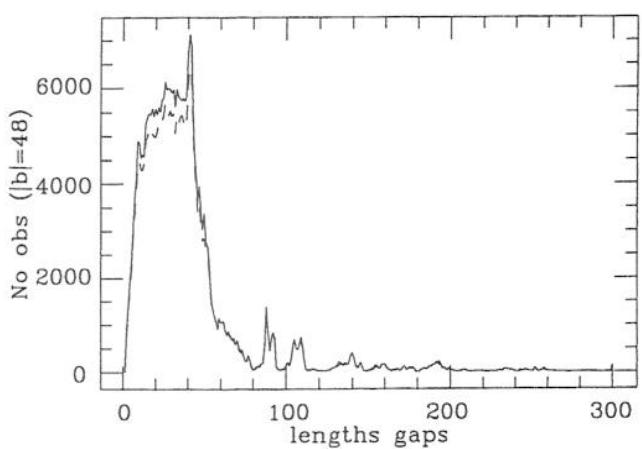
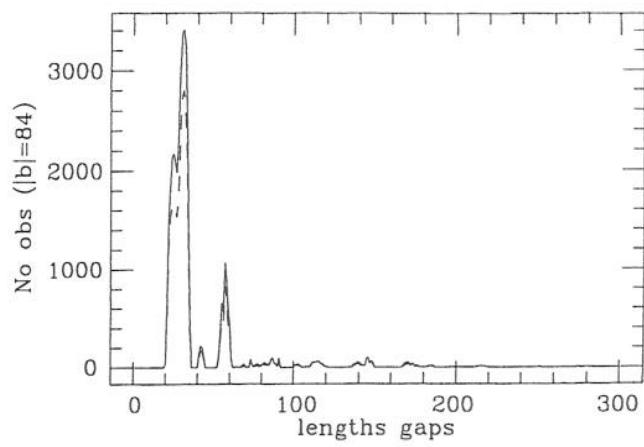
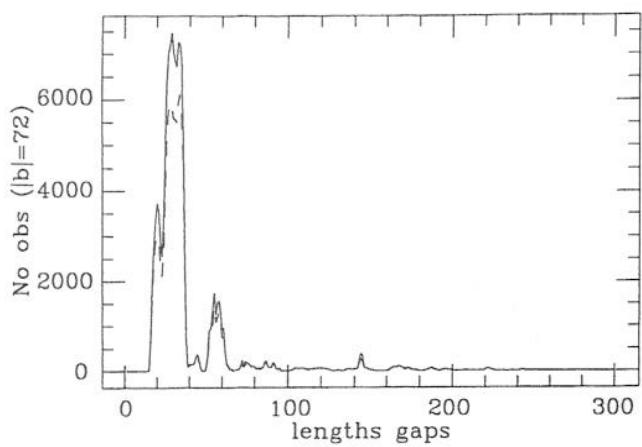
- **Window function**

- Generally very bad, with best possibilities for period determinations between 0.2 and 0.5 days
- Periods between 2 and 100 days often uncertain, in particular for SR types

- **Error estimates**

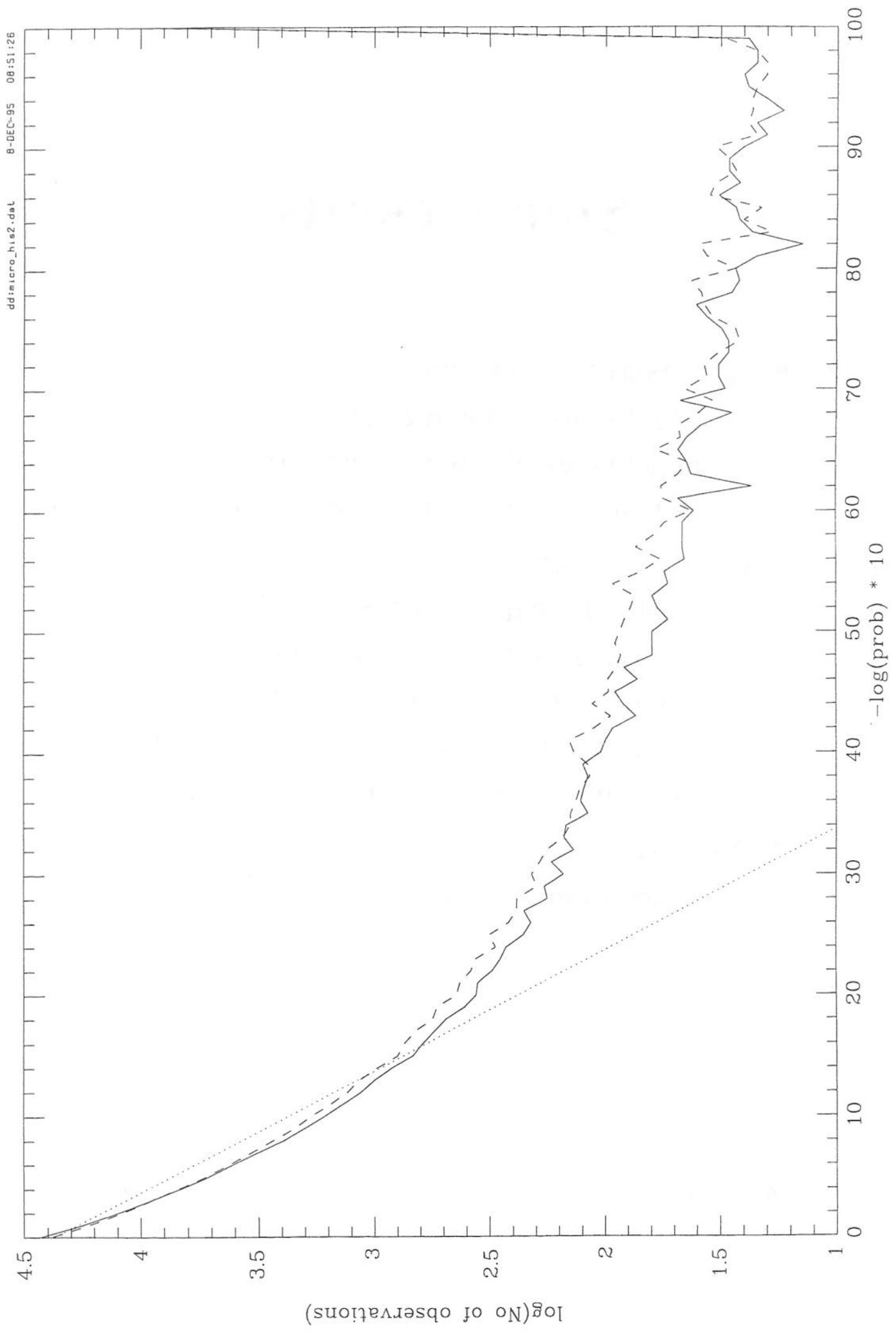
- Errors reconstructed to give an apparently correct representation of the variances
- Introduces uncertainties in the use of these errors for variability estimates





Some results

- Eclipsing binaries
 - Algol types: Known 272, new 158
 - beta Lyraes: Known 79, new 152
 - W UMa : Known 78, new 39
- Pulsating stars
 - Cepheids : Known 268, new 4
 - RR Lyraes: Known 170, new 16
 - DSct, SXPhe: Known 66, new 23
 - BCep: Known 17, new 14
 - SR : Known 69, new 116
- Not periodic
 - known 1068, new 2591



Rounding off

- Data from RGO and Geneva to be combined
 - Checks to be carried out at RGO between Jan.15 and Feb.28
 - Comparisons between results and with data in literature
 - » periods
 - » zeropoints
 - » types
 - » amplitudes
 - » mean brightness
- Selection of comments and references from RGO data base
 - data on 8109 HIP entries
 - notes or references for 5463 variables, 315 probable variables, 803 possible variables and 1414 non-variables

CATALOGUE ANALYSIS

6 statistical tests :

χ^2	, value, prob.
kurtosis	,
asymmetry	,
outliers	,
shapiro-	,
ascrank data	,

to check the various situations

~~CHECK OF
STABILITY~~

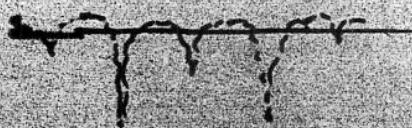
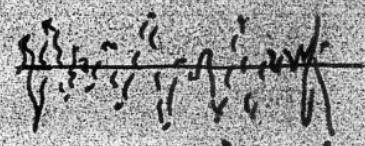
&

~~> ANALYSIS
METHOD~~

~~for each~~

~~method~~

~~for each~~



METIS - MISSION PHOTOMETRY

ANALYSIS

Received : 115520 + DC Epoch 0

Now : Flags for
 + - FAST or NDAT only
 - discrepancies FU
 - high-background
 - contamination S)
 + no other FOV

- No AC → No test for duplicity
 / → No detection of overlapping images

Now : External error on single track

CHECKING ACTIVITY

> Reduced ε correct

> linear function of external ϵ_{HP}

$$\text{Slope} = 1.0 \quad \epsilon_{HP} \Delta = 1.0$$

Weighting according to ϵ_r

- straightforward
- useful (bias)

26.7467.8

- Identification of distorted observations
effected at 1260

→ 60050 • CONSTANT

- Few spikes still present:

$f = 0$ (Quality flag)

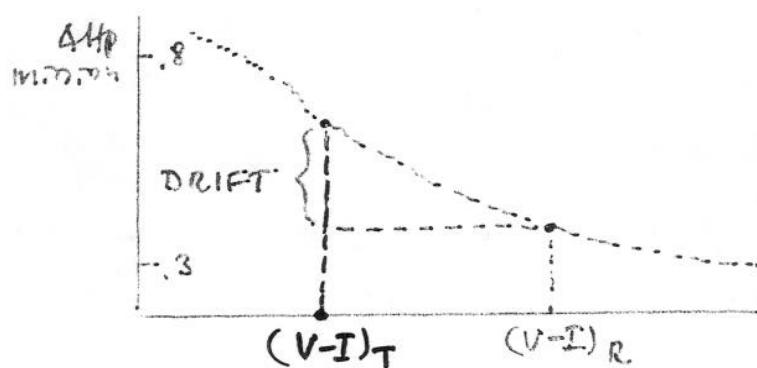
Search for aberrant values
during the stability rotatable:

After rejection of 1-2 aberrant data
($LH_{pl} > 3.3$ Test over 0.08 day)

→ 16223 • CONSTANT

(few flats lost, DCM + DS checked)

- About 22% of data with approximate $(V-I)$
 - Reductions correct
 - Linear drifts



If $(V-I)_T < (V-I)_R$ negative drift

After correction for a linear drift:

→ 3325 + constant

flaffer 'L'

(Scatter not intrinsic)

- Slope not statistically significant:

22.24 + no action

- Significant slope:

Estimate of a revised $(V-I)$ comp.

1105 →

→ Detection of errors

Correction of $V-I$

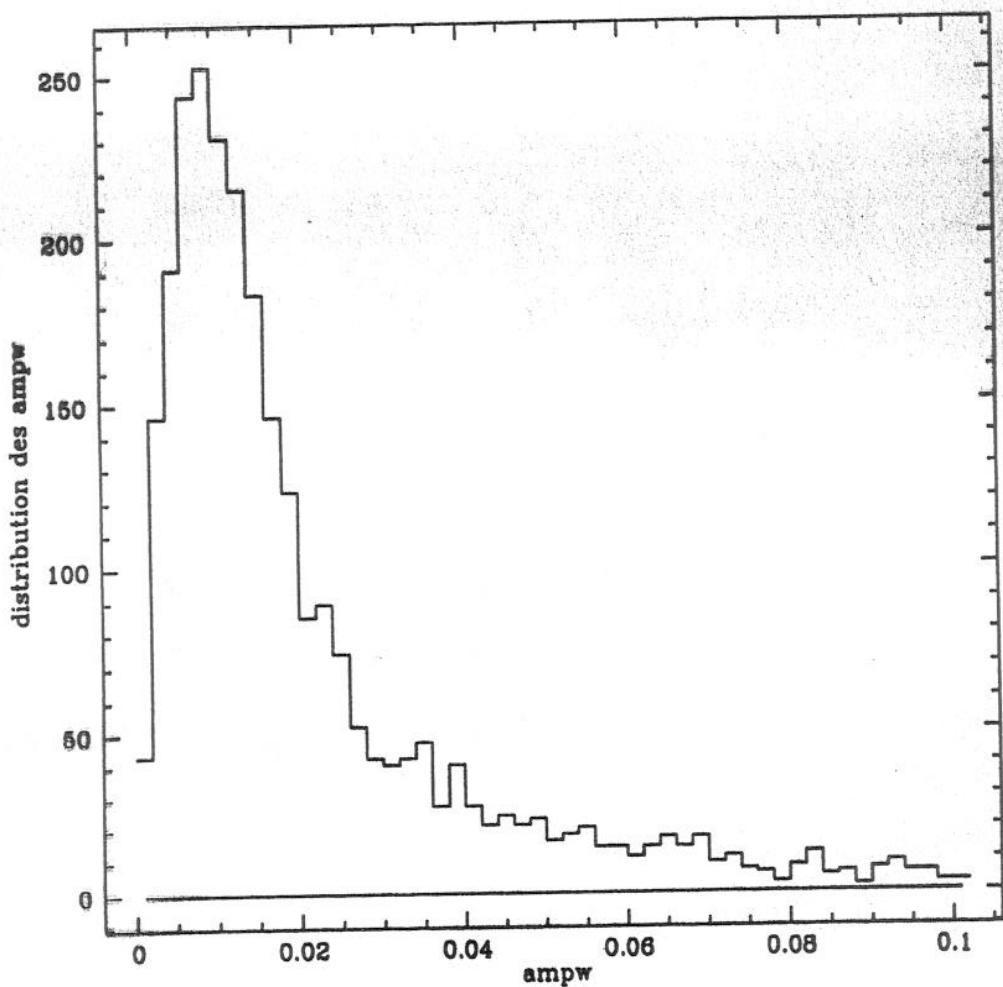
→ Updating of Epoch Photometry

~ 0.5 - 1.0% of wrong $V-I$

→ Detection of true drifts
Beg, intermediate, C stars ...

Res 00 - 1-20000

microvarables + & - & ampw
amps > 0.000



Dec 12 11:46:15 1995 fichier : AMPL

LINK SYNTHESIS (A&A, 304, 189, 1995)

EACH LINK DETERMINATION (j) PROVIDES A (NOMINAL) INFORMATION ARRAY $[\underline{N}_j \underline{h}_j]$ SUCH THAT $\hat{\underline{s}}_j = \underline{N}_j^+ \underline{h}_j$ WITH $\hat{\text{Cov}}(\hat{\underline{s}}_j) = \underline{N}_j^+$. $\underline{s} = (\xi_{0x} \xi_{0y} \xi_{0z} w_x w_y w_z)'$.

TO EACH LINK A RELATIVE WEIGHT $w_j \in [0, 1]$ IS ASSIGNED.

THEN WEIGHTED LINK RESULT:

$$\hat{\underline{s}} = \underbrace{\left(\sum_j w_j \underline{N}_j \right)^{-1}}_{\hat{\text{Cov}}(\hat{\underline{s}})} \sum_j w_j \underline{h}_j$$

AND "LINK RESIDUALS"

$$\underline{d}_j = w_j \underline{h}_j - w_j \underline{N}_j \hat{\underline{s}}$$

$$\hat{\text{Cov}}(\underline{d}_j) = w_j \underline{N}_j - w_j \underline{N}_j \left(\sum_k w_k \underline{N}_k \right)^{-1} w_j \underline{N}_j$$

$$GOF_j = \underline{d}_j' \hat{\text{Cov}}(\underline{d}_j)^{-1} \underline{d}_j$$

$$E(GOF_j) = \text{RANK}(\underline{N}_j) \quad (= 2, 3 \text{ OR } 6)$$

$$GOF = \sum_j GOF_j, \quad E(GOF) = \sum_j \text{RANK}(\underline{N}_j) = 42$$

$\{w_j\}$ ARE ADJUSTED SO THAT \underline{A} IS SATISFIED

A

PRELIMINARY LINK RESULTS (H37)

METHOD	EPOCH	Σ_{0x}	Σ_{0y}	Σ_{0z}	w_x	w_y	w_z	$W^{-1/2}$	GOF
VLBI	91.25	-19.88 .51	-8.97 .49	+20.56 .56	-0.09 .49	-0.59 .44	+0.59 .51	1.0	6.2
MERLIN	94.06	-20.39 2.24	-9.10 1.59	+20.23 2.15	+3.1 1.9	-1.6 1.4	+5.1 1.8	1.5	7.4
HAMBURG	88.0	-13.8 5.0	-8.8 4.9	+10.5 4.7	-	-	-	1.0	3.7
HST	94.24	-28.24 2.63	-12.38 1.87	+27.01 2.66	+4.0 3.6	+0.7 2.1	+3.3 3.6	1.5	5.7
EOP	85.0	-13.79 .72	-6.95 3.7	-	-1.13 .24	+0.12 .24	-	2.0	7
NPM (Röser)	-	-	-	-	-1.45 .17	+0.10 .14	+0.46 .14	2.0	4.5
SPM α	-	-	-	-	+0.28 .10	+0.78 .13	+0.26 .06	4.0	4.7
SPM δ	-	-	-	-	-0.51 .10	+0.74 .11	-	4.0	3.2
BONN	-	-	-	-	+0.53 .37	-0.37 .27	+0.15 .35	2.0	4.6
KIEV	-	-	-	-	-1.1 .8	0.0 .6	-0.5 .8	1.0	1.8
POTSDAM	-	-	-	-	-0.68 .8	+0.04 .6	+1.02 .8	1.0	0.5
SYNTHESIS	91.25	-19.88 .47	-8.93 .47	+20.41 .54	-0.82 .13	+0.04 .13	+0.49 .15	44.0	

$$\sum_j \text{RANK}(N_j) = 42$$

JOHNSTON - 85? -18.4 -12.9 +16.0 - - -

FOR Σ , 90% OF THE WEIGHT COMES FROM VLBI.

FOR w , MOST WEIGHT COMES FROM EOP, NPM, SPM, ONLY 8% FROM VLBI.

SOLAR SYSTEM OBJECTS FAST-NDAC & TDAC

I FAST-NDAC MERGING

II HIPPARCOS-SATELLITES

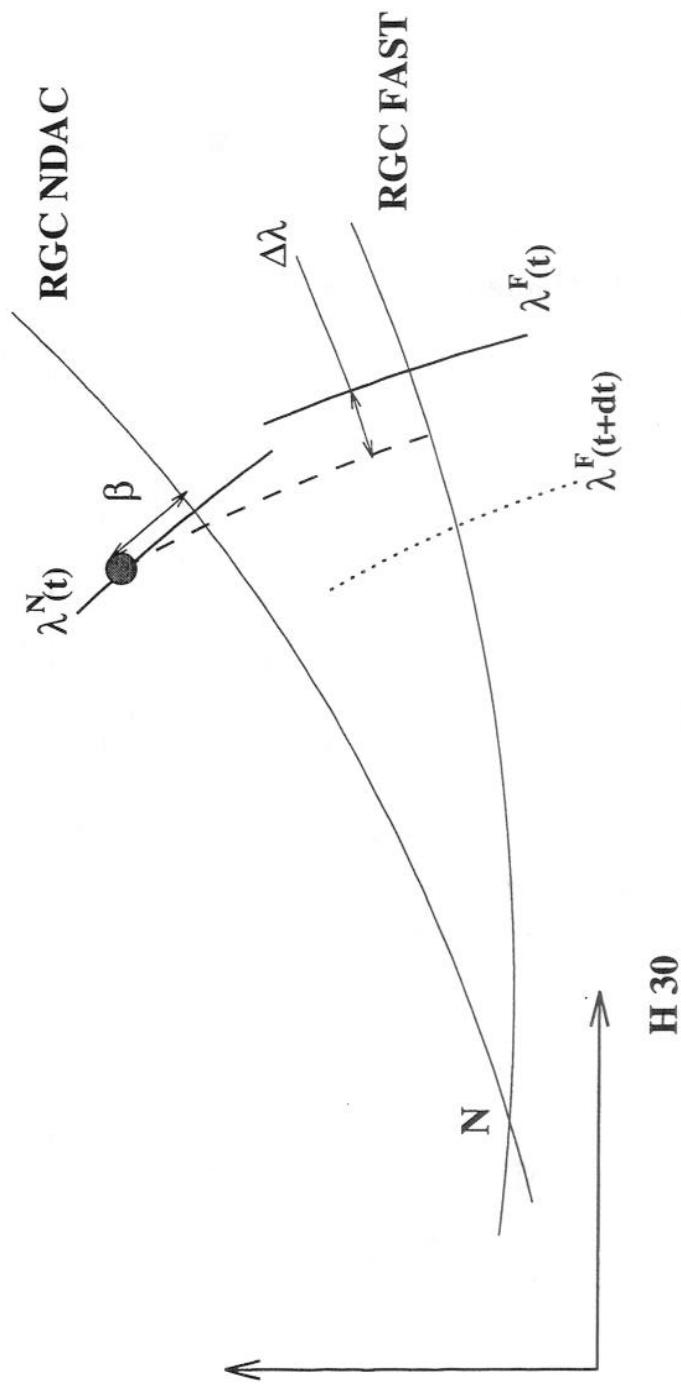
III TYCHO

I.1 FAST-NDAC COMPARISON

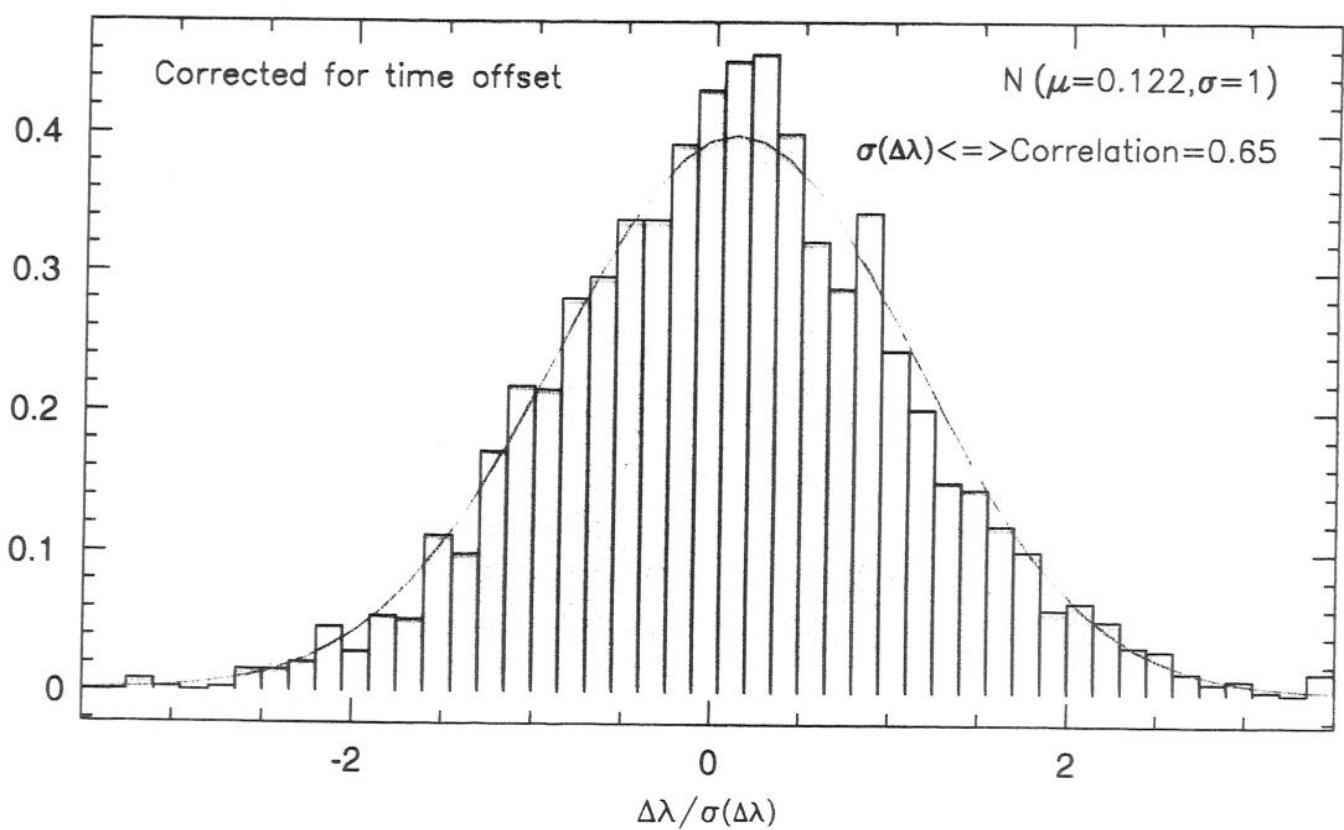
- Photometry → FAST only
- Satellitocentric directions (NDAC)
- Comparison NDAC-FAST (minor planets)

$$\Delta\lambda = \lambda_F - \lambda_N$$

- Rotation to H30
- Correction of time offset dt
- Projection to a single RGC
- Normalized difference



Histogramme absc. diff FAST/NDAC



$\sigma = 1$ par construction

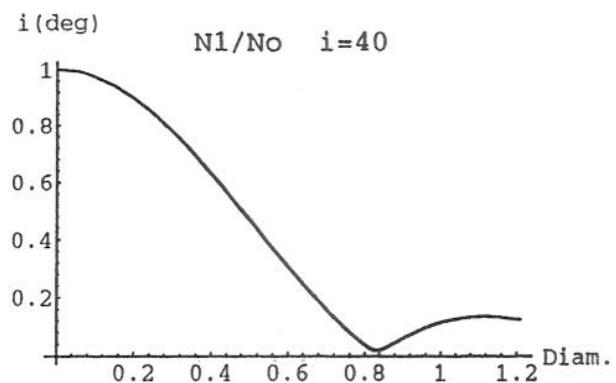
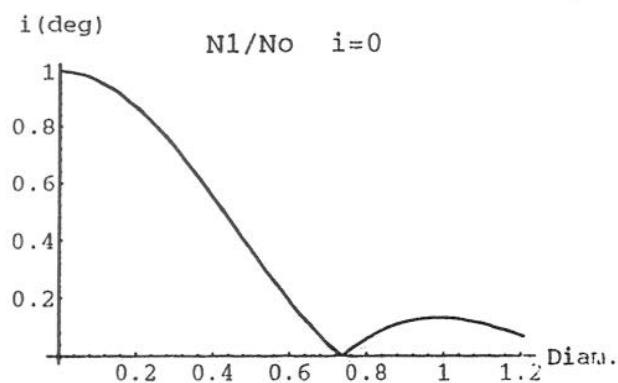
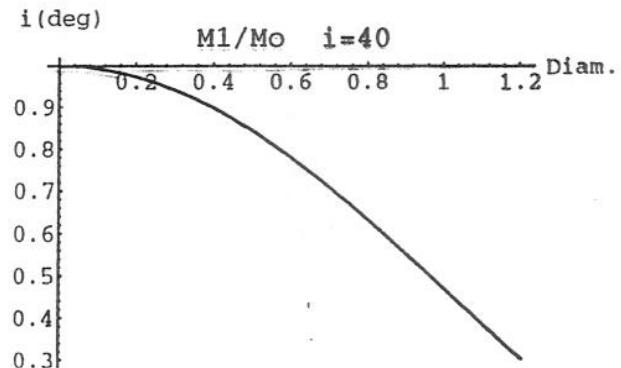
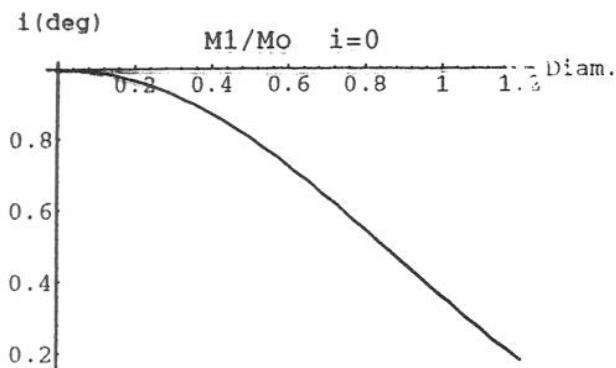
$\mu = 0.12 \sim 2$ mas

I.2 FAST-NDAC MERGING

- Abscissae in the single Hipparcos reference frame
- $\tilde{\lambda}(t) = \frac{\lambda_F(t) + \lambda_N(t)}{2}$ on one RGC
- Hypothesis: $d\lambda_F/dt; \beta$
- Accuracy: $\Delta\beta \sin i \approx 2 mas$
- If $E(\lambda_F) = E(\lambda_N)$

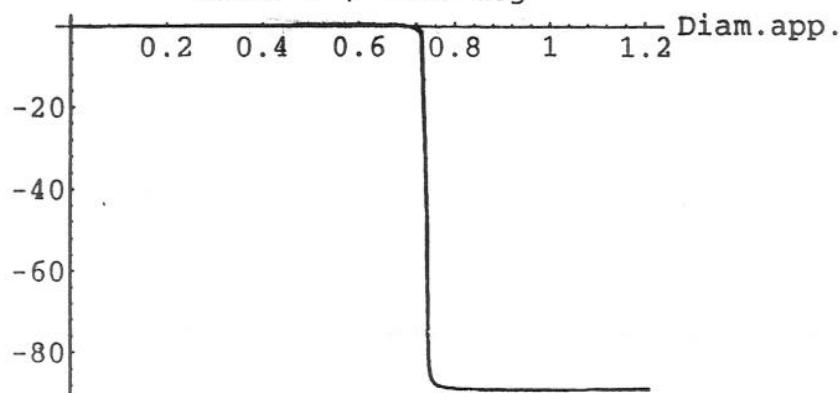
$$E = I \left[1 + M_1 \cos(\omega t + \phi) + N_1 \sin(\omega t + 2\psi) \right]$$

FAST INFLUENCE OF SIZE

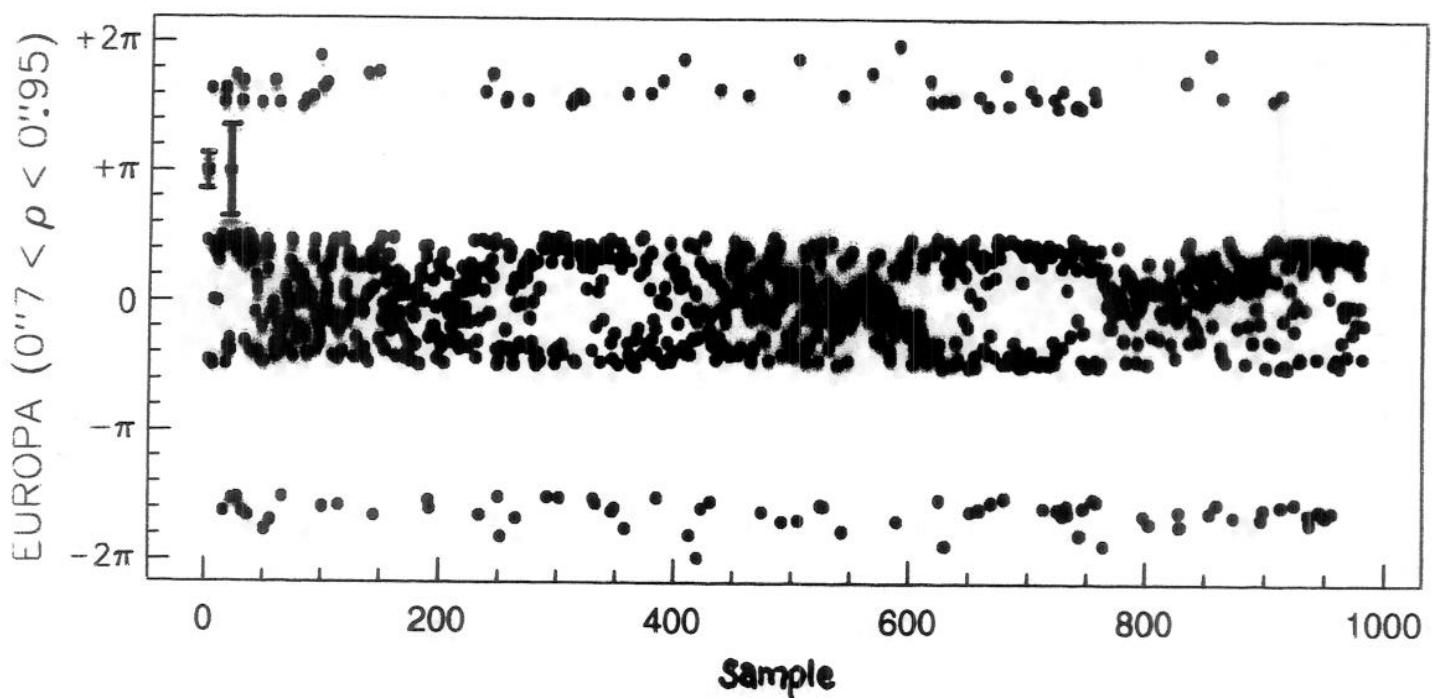
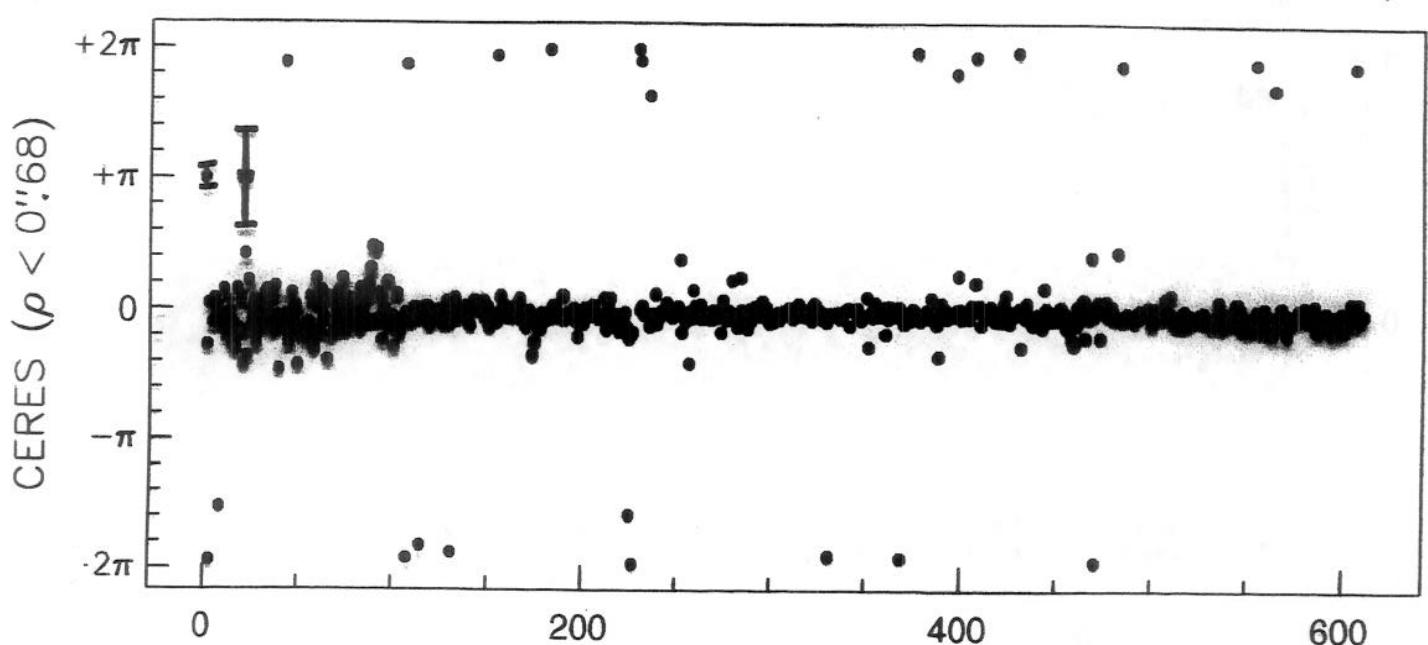


$c \approx 0.75$ 2nd harmonic disappears

phase (deg)
harm. 2 ; i=10 deg

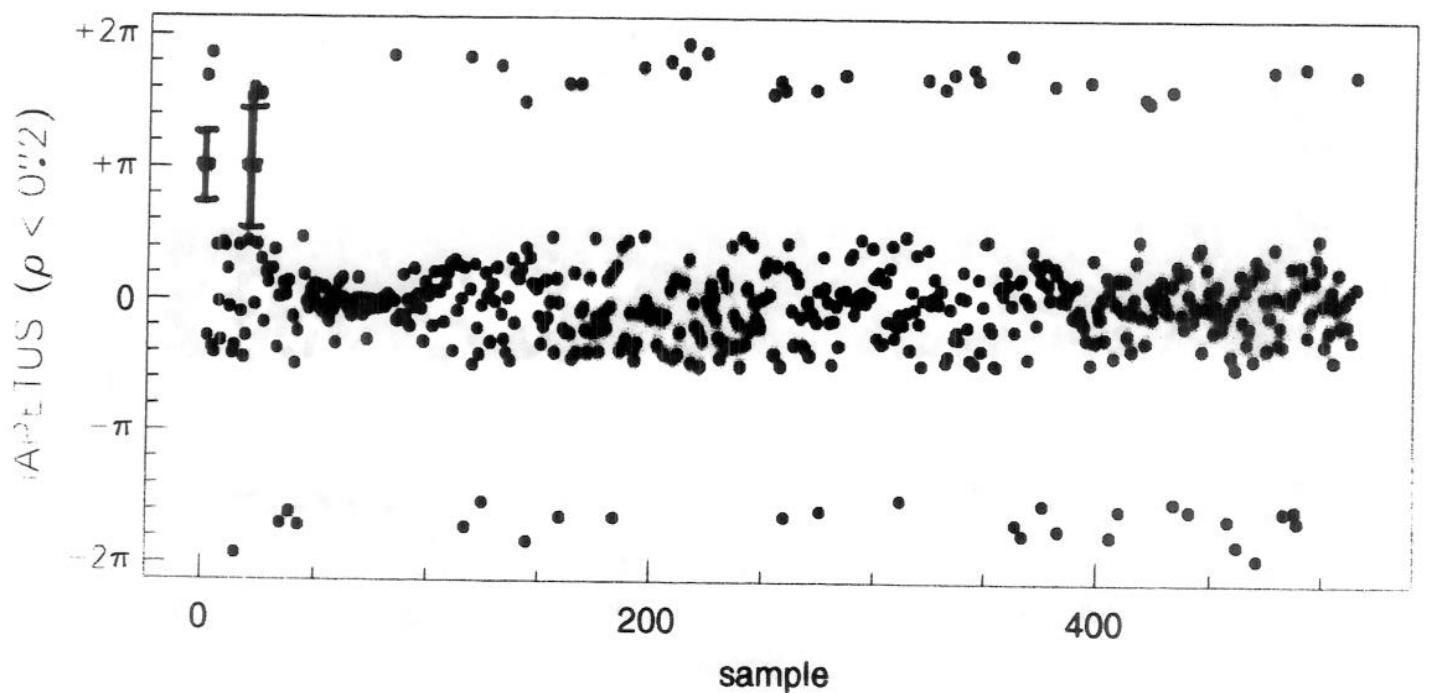
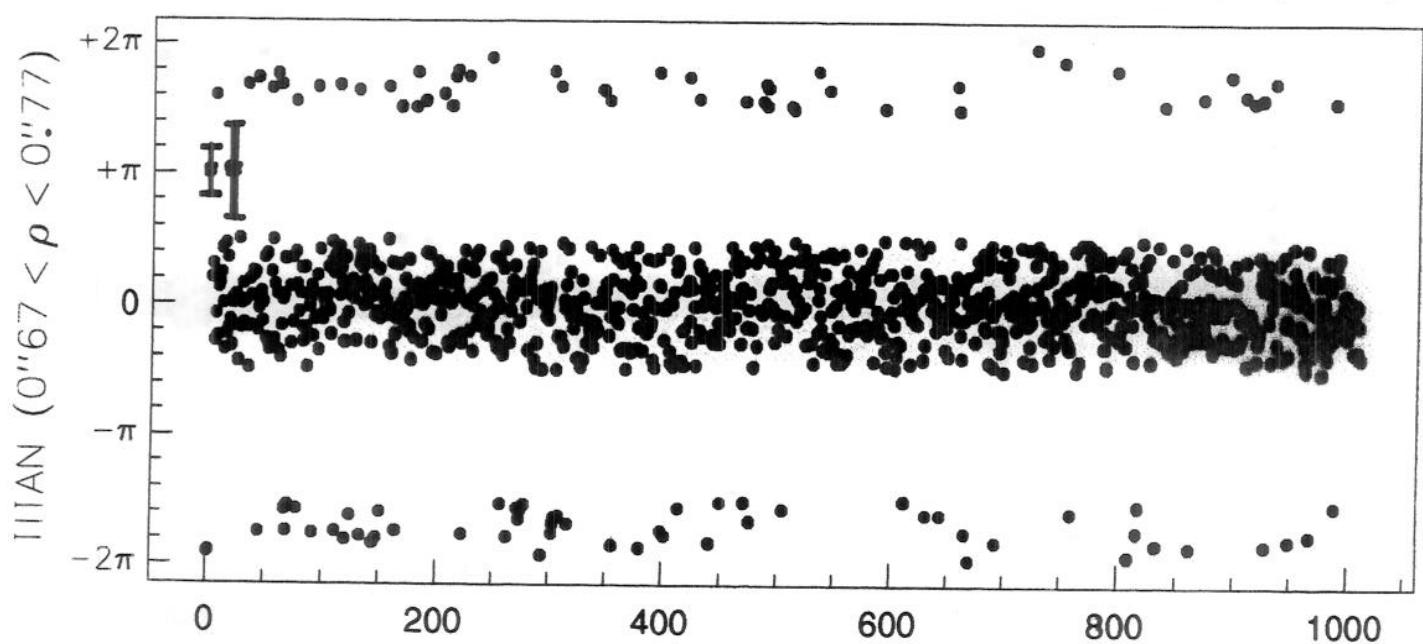


FAST REDUCTION $(\phi - \psi)$; $\lambda = 3/4 \phi + 1/4 \psi$



$$|\phi - \psi| = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \text{offset } \approx 75 \text{ mas}$$

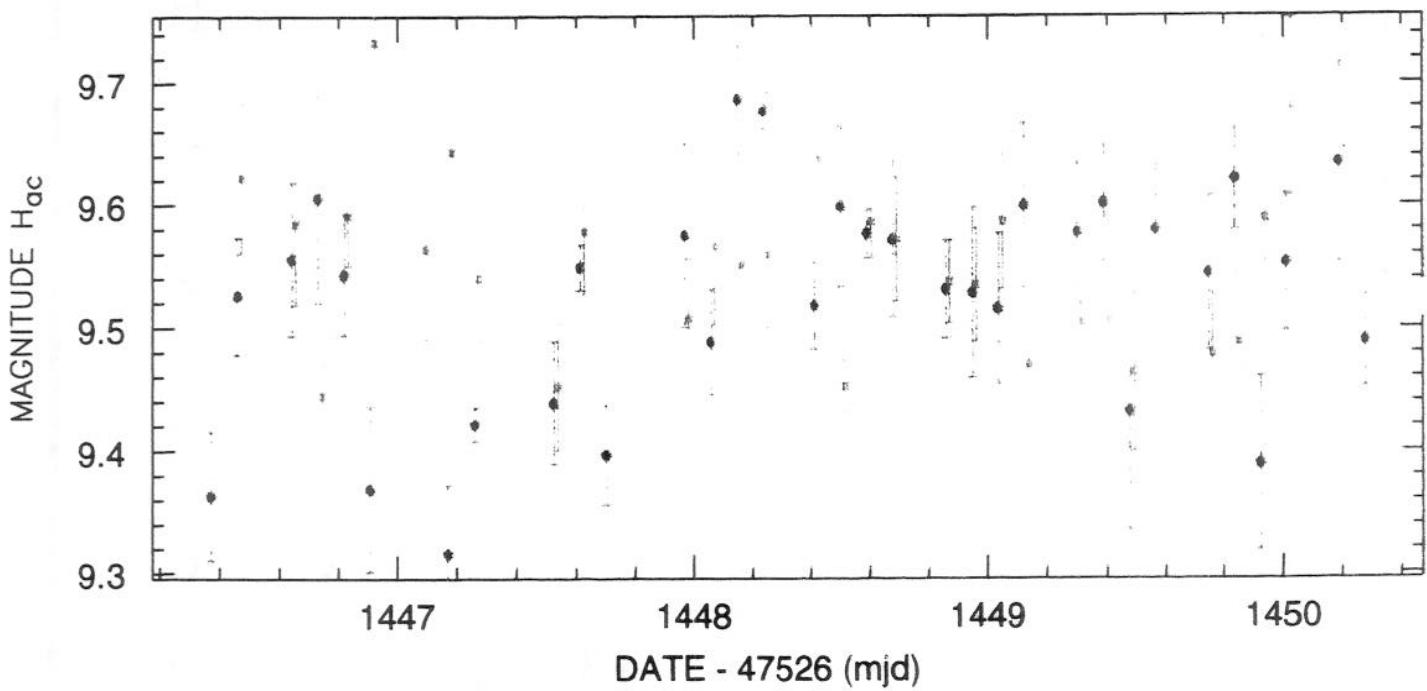
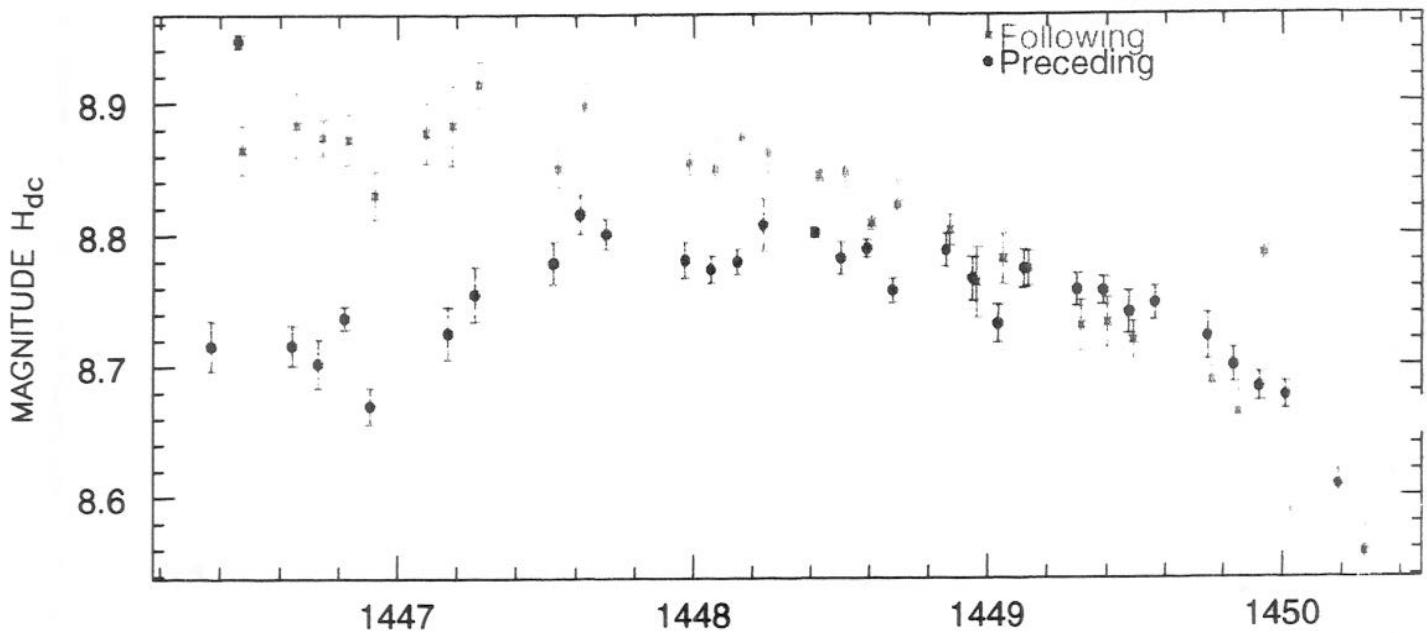
FAST REDUCTION $(\phi - \psi)$; $\lambda = 3/4 \phi + 1/4 \psi$



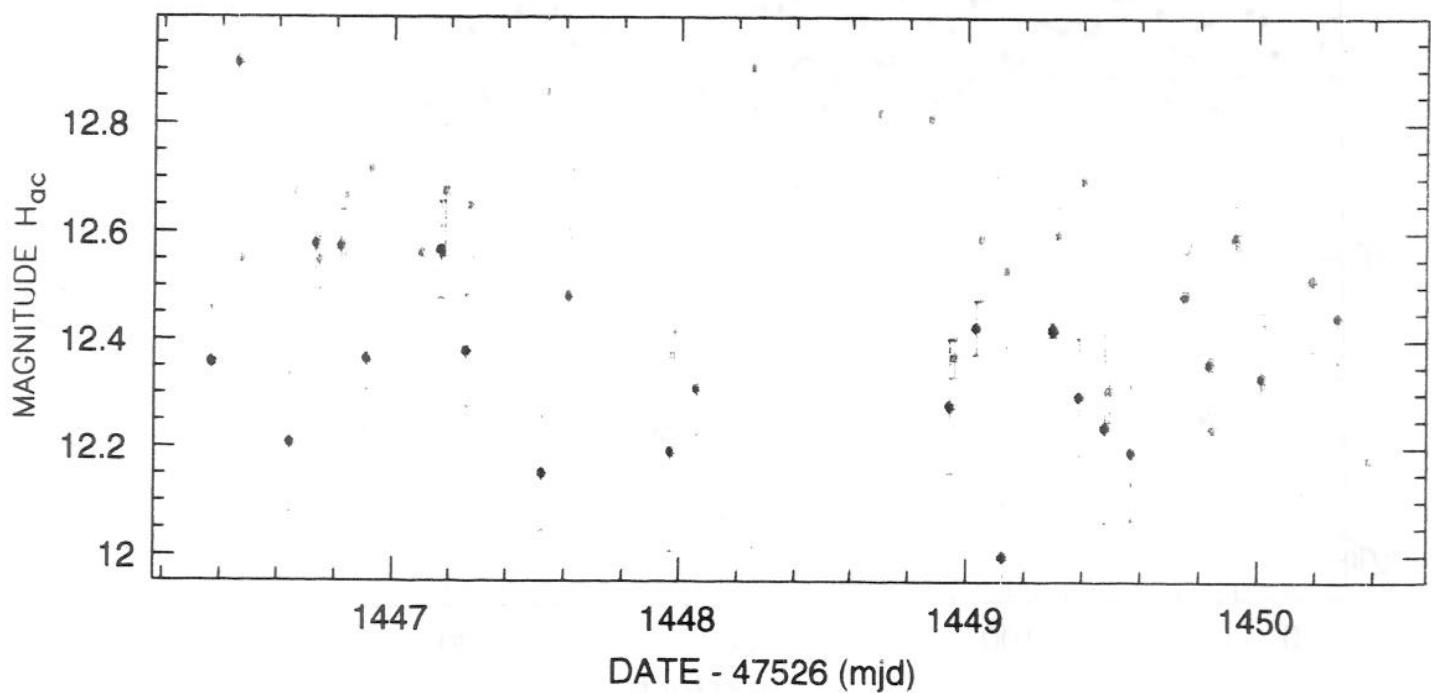
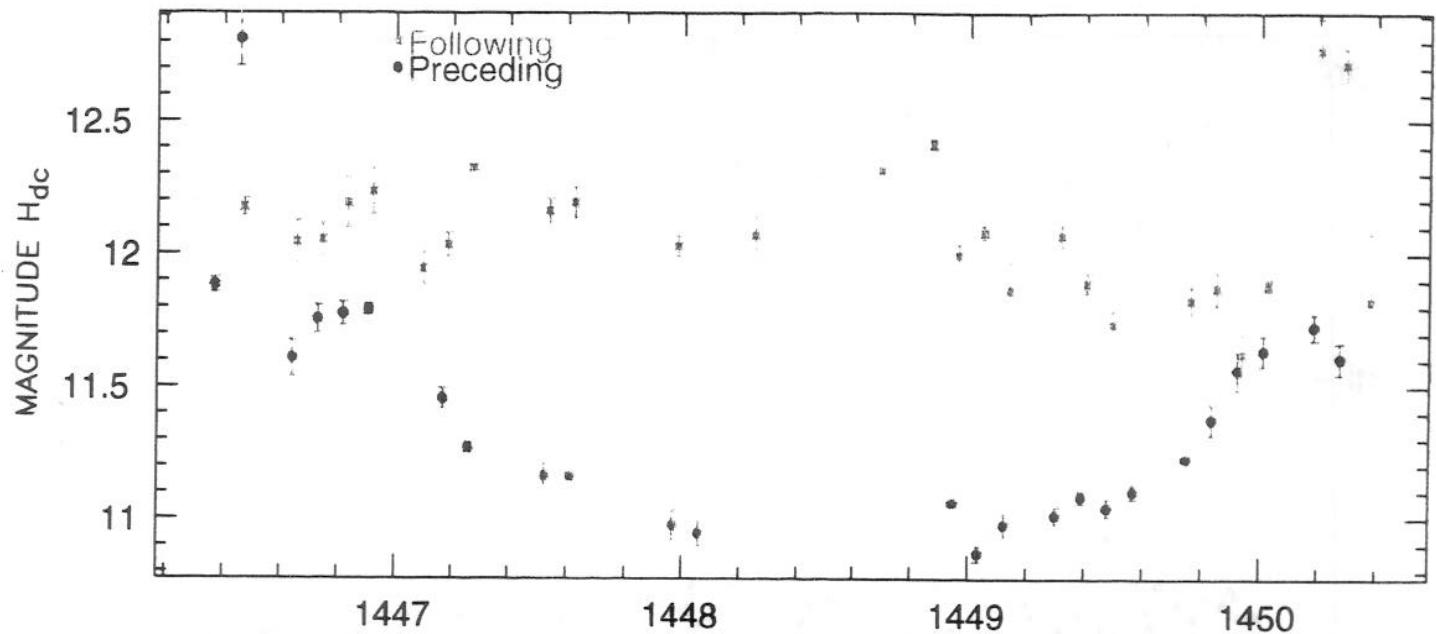
II HIPPARCOS-SATELLITES

- Suspicious data (Titan–Lapetus over ≈ 5 days)
 - Venus at 4° \rightsquigarrow complex scattering ??
 \Rightarrow Reject all observations ($\approx 86\%$ for Lapetus)
- Veiling glare by planet/satellite
 - Jupiter \rightarrow OK
 - Saturn \rightarrow model ??
 \Rightarrow Reject photometry & astrometry

TITAN magnitude oscillation



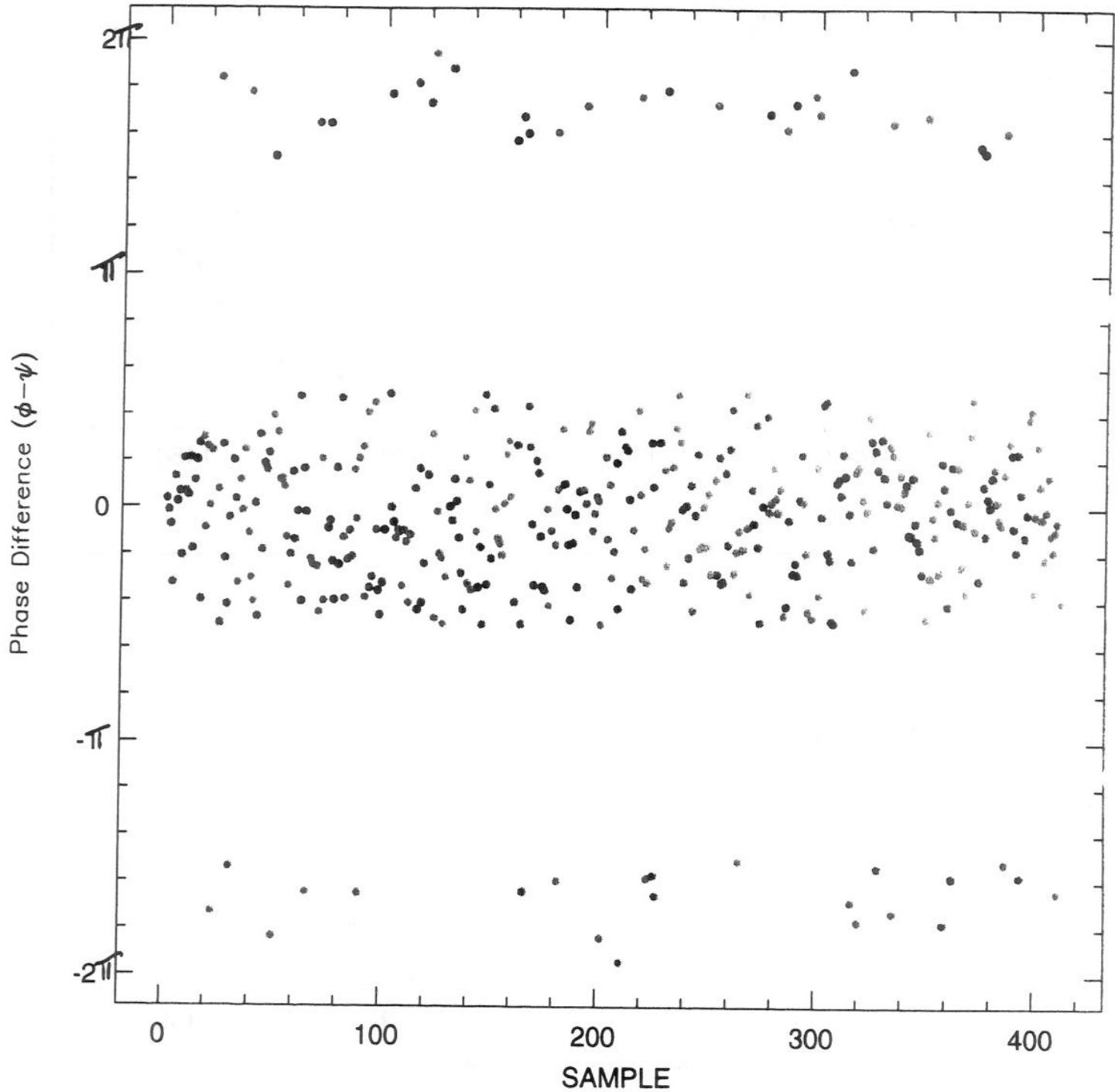
IAPETUS magnitude oscillation

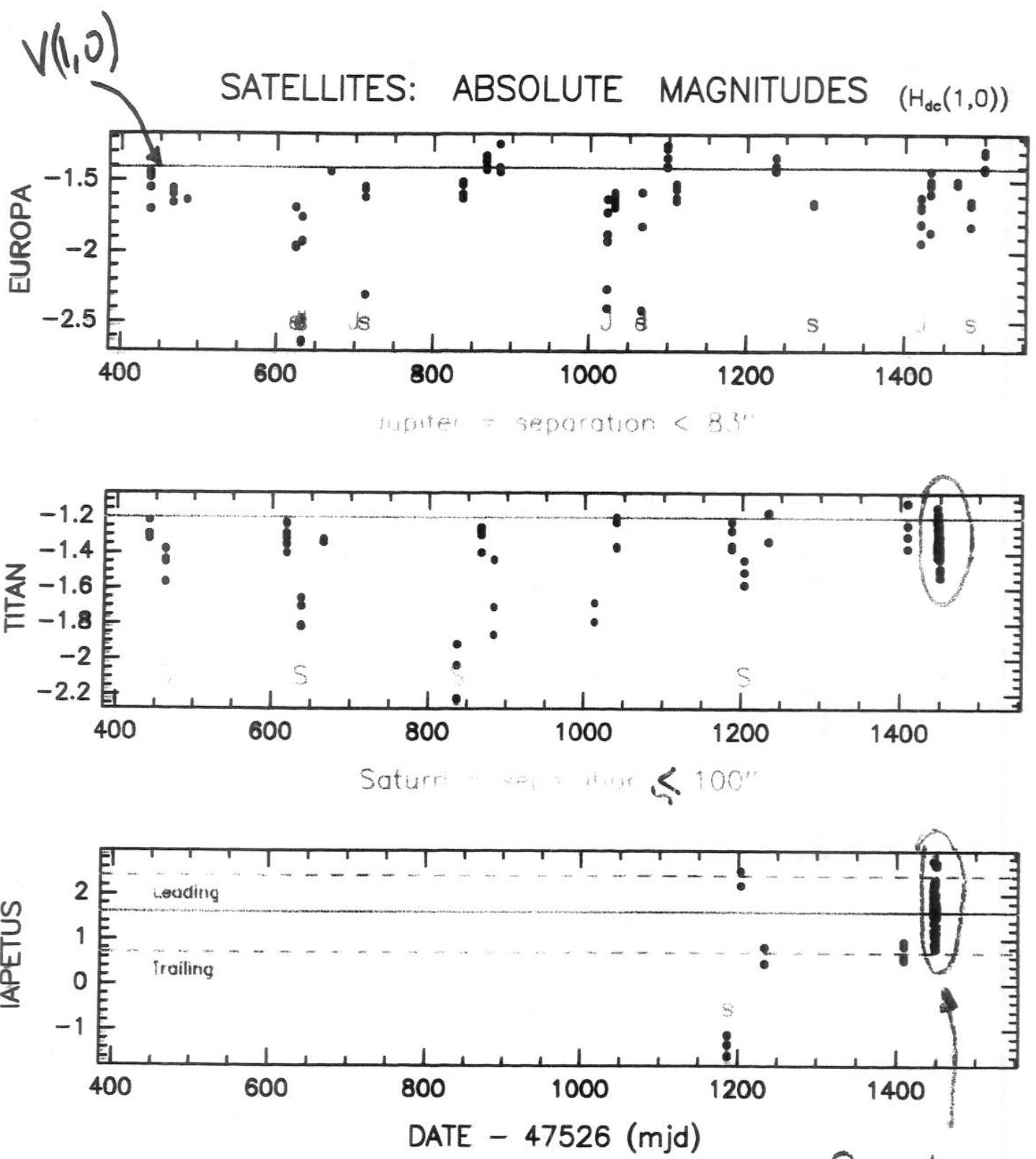


$$r\phi = \sqrt{1+R^2} \cos(\phi + \beta) + R \cos(\phi - \alpha)$$

$\pm \Delta p$

ASTROMETRY OF IAPETUS for DATE in [1446; 1451]



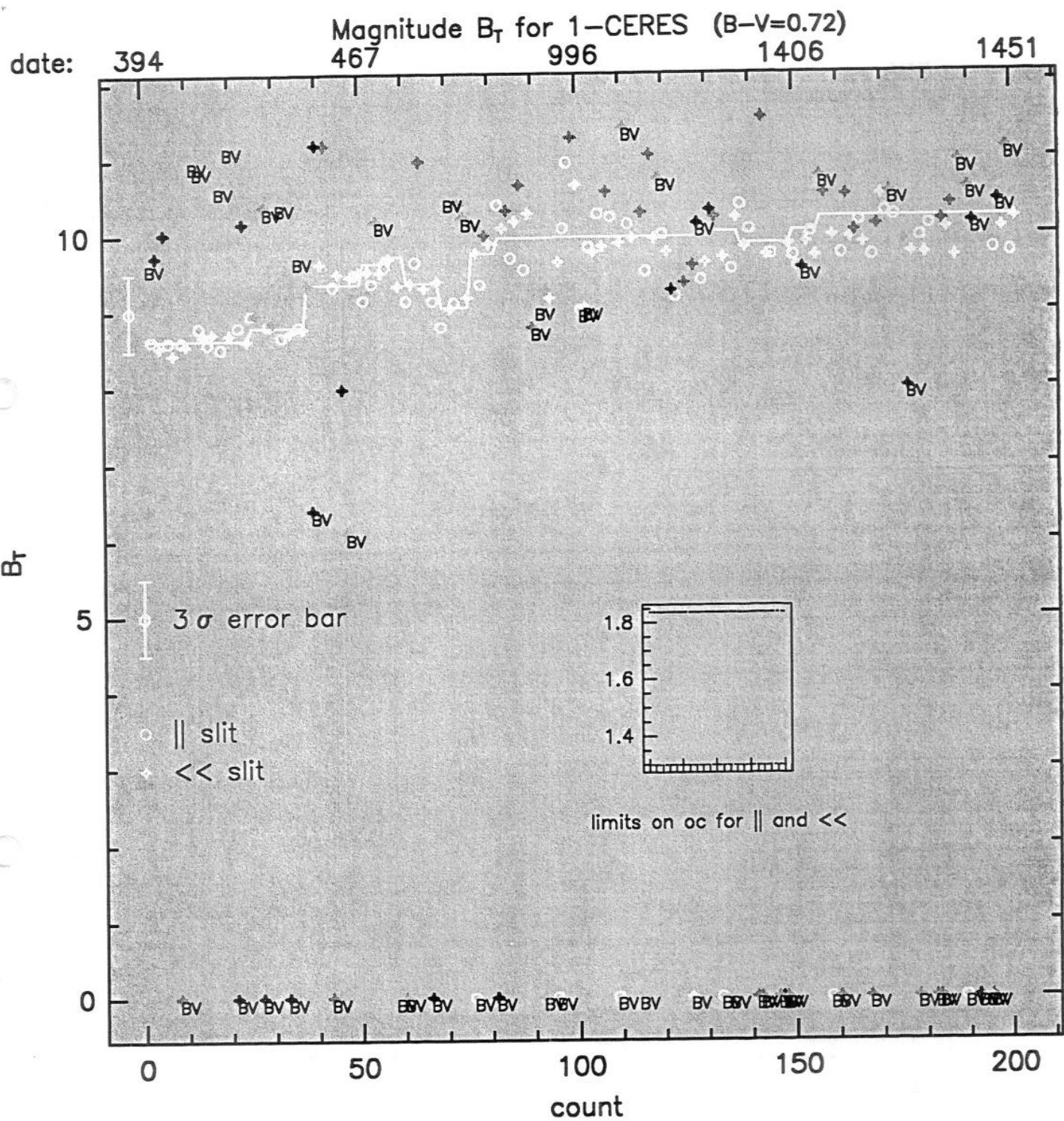


Europa:
 • no occultation
 • no astrometry

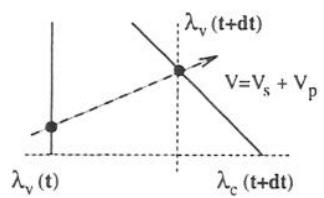
Parasit
 light

III TYCHO

- Limit in magnitude $B \approx 10.7$ ($V=10$)
- Limit in size $\rho \approx (3''.3; 6'')$
- False/Real data
- Normal point $(\alpha; \delta)$ / FOV transit
- Objects

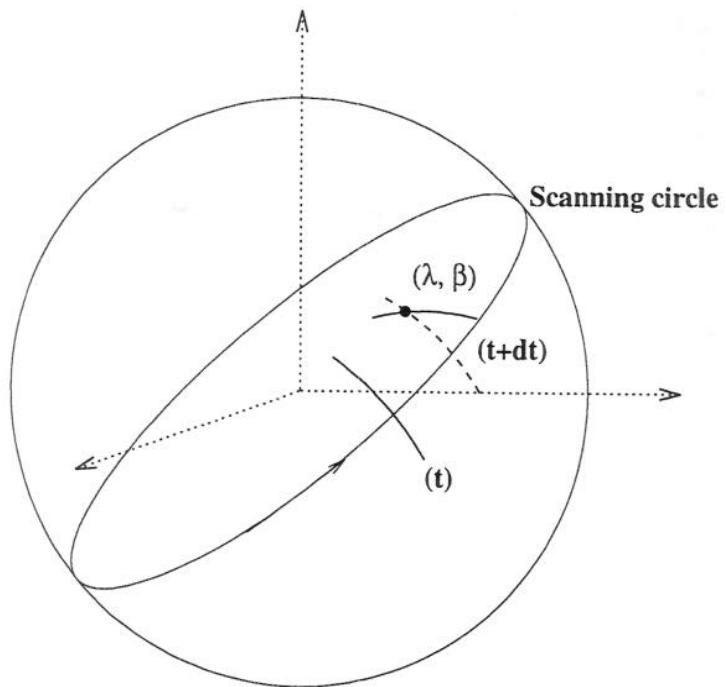


TYCHO NORMAL POINT



1 || & 1 >> for each FOV crossing

$$\lambda_v(t+dt) = \lambda_v(t) + \frac{\delta \lambda_v}{\delta t} dt$$

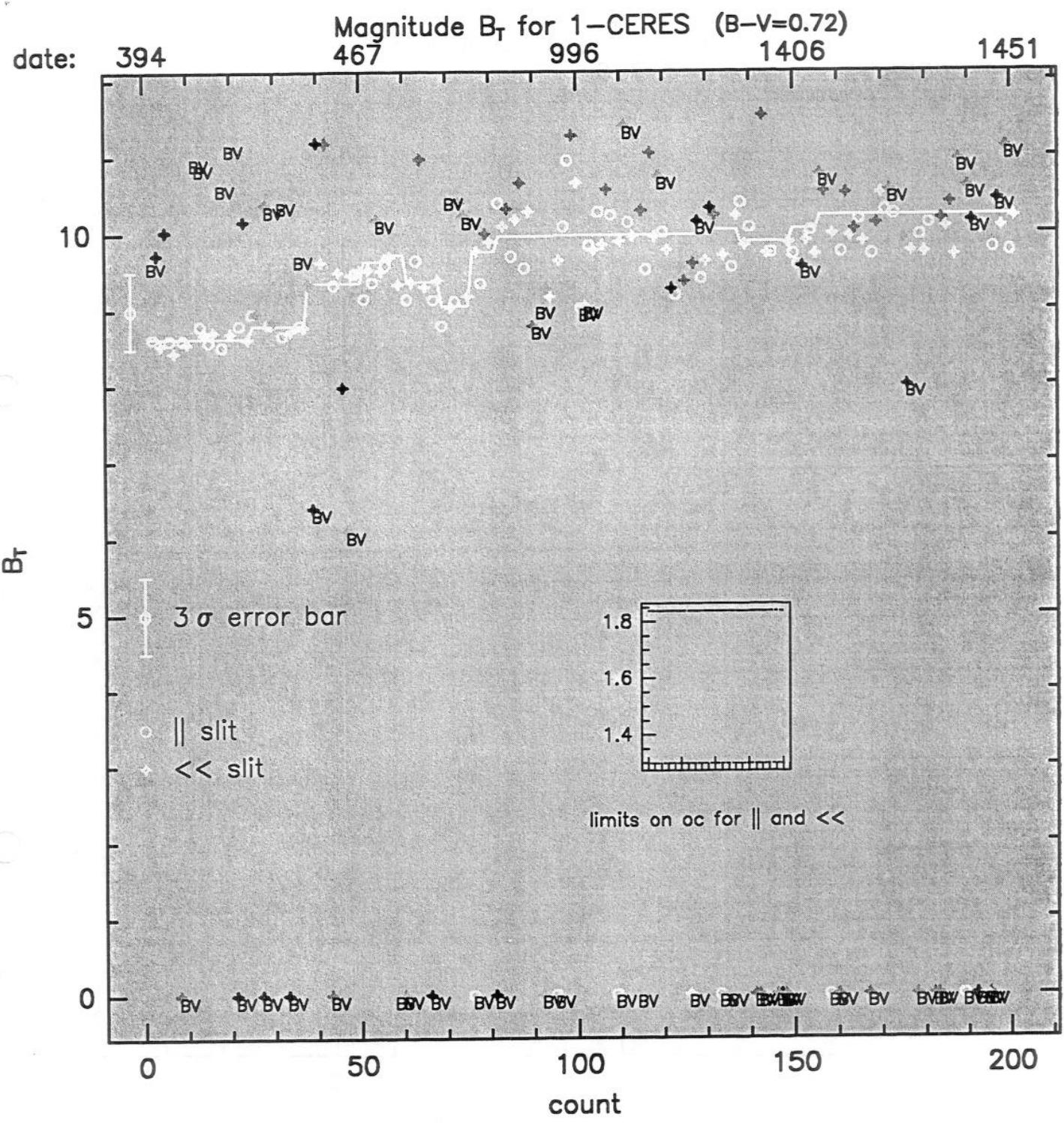


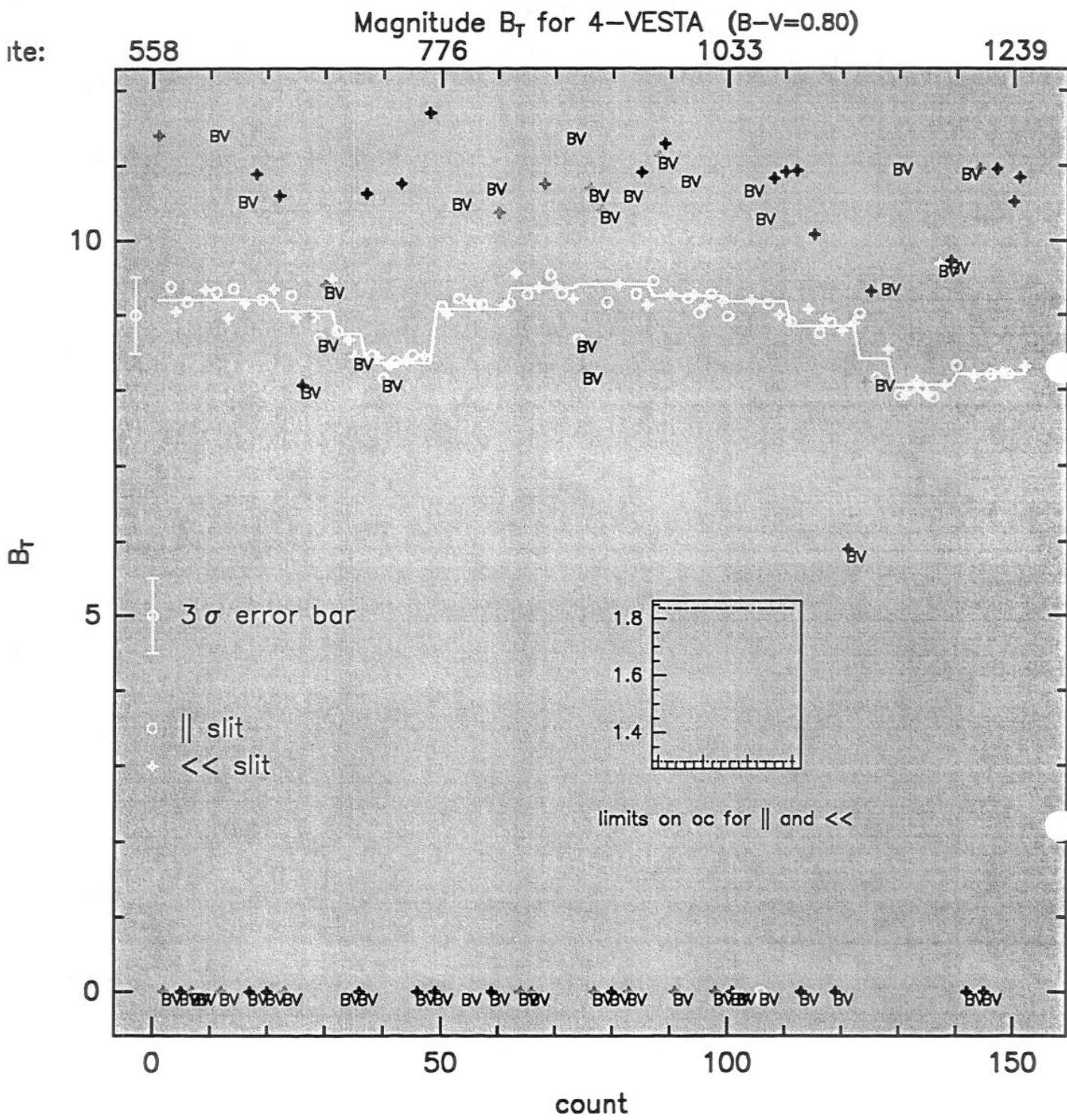
PUBLICATION – SCHEDULE

- Hipparcos (1 FOV)
 - Photometry → FAST ($H_{dc}; H_{ac}$)
 - Astrometry → Astrometric $\tilde{\lambda}(t)$ [TT]
% RGC in Hipparcos (\sim ICRF)
- * NDAC/FAST : minor planets (48); Iapetus
- * NDAC : Europa, Titan, (Ceres)
- ◊ January 1996

PUBLICATION – SCHEDULE

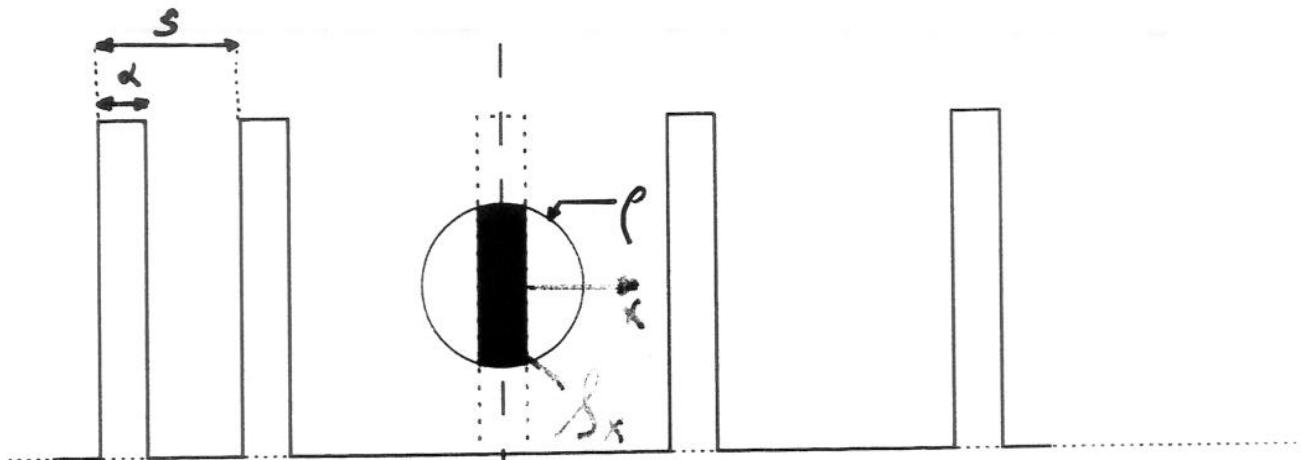
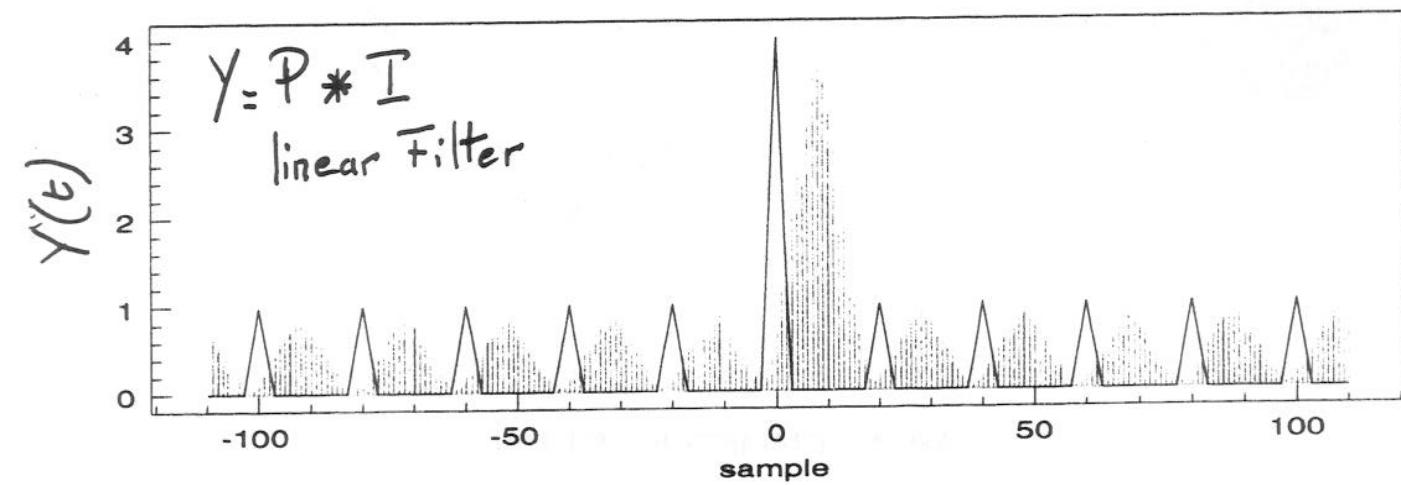
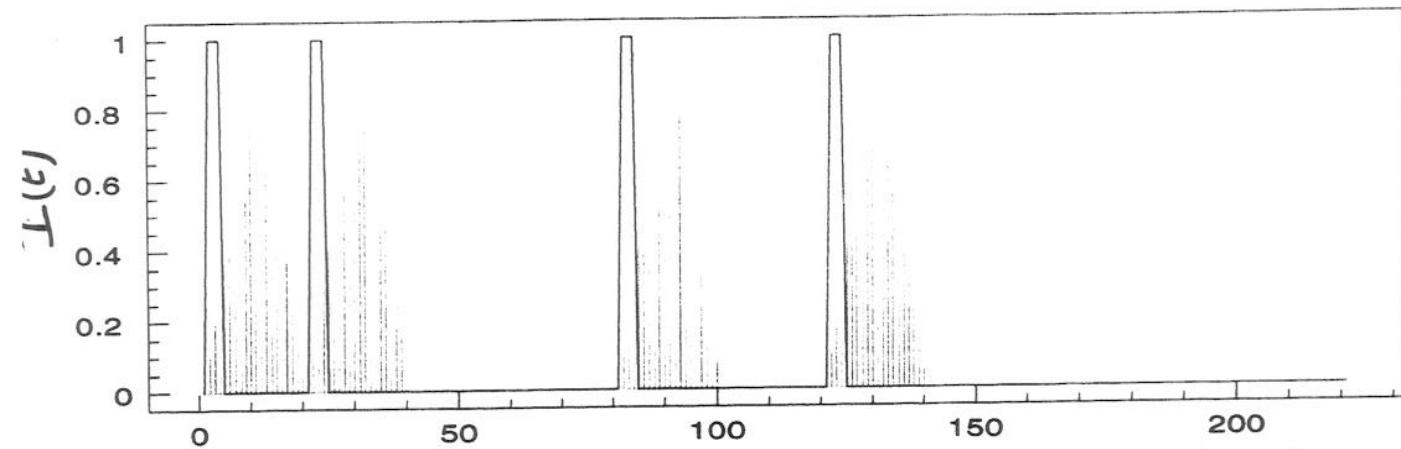
- Tycho (1 FOV)
 - Photometry \rightarrow (B,V) small objects (Europa ?)
 - Astrometry \rightarrow Astrometric (α_H ; δ_H) % Hipparcos
 - ◊ February-March 1996
 - Tycho
Hipparcos photometry of Europa





TYCHO OBSERVATION OF A PLANET

Filtered signal for an extended source ($\phi=4''6$)

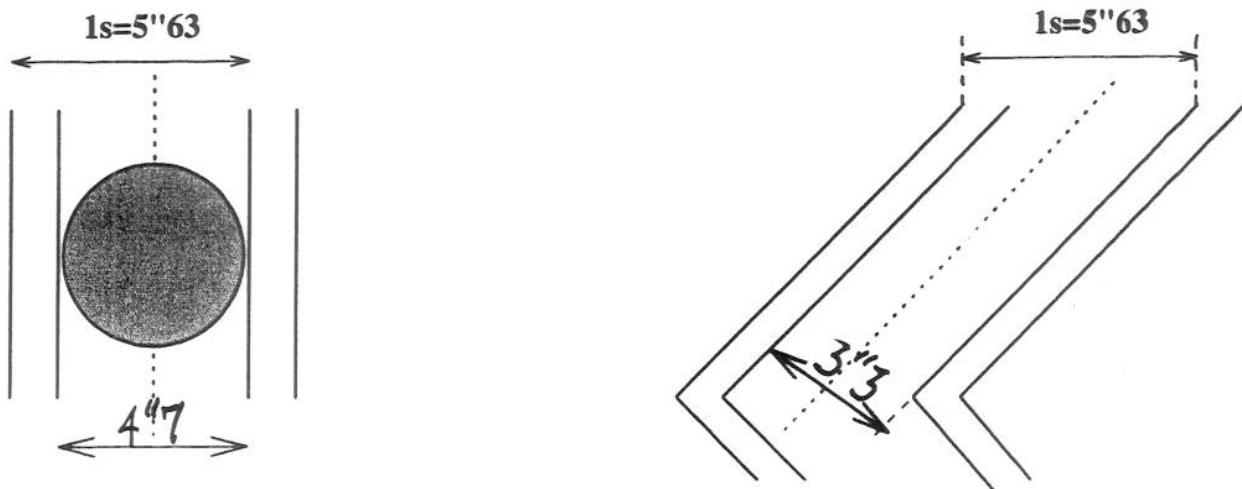


$$\cdot r < \alpha : \text{photocenter} \leftrightarrow \iint I(u,v) \vec{r}_x du dv$$

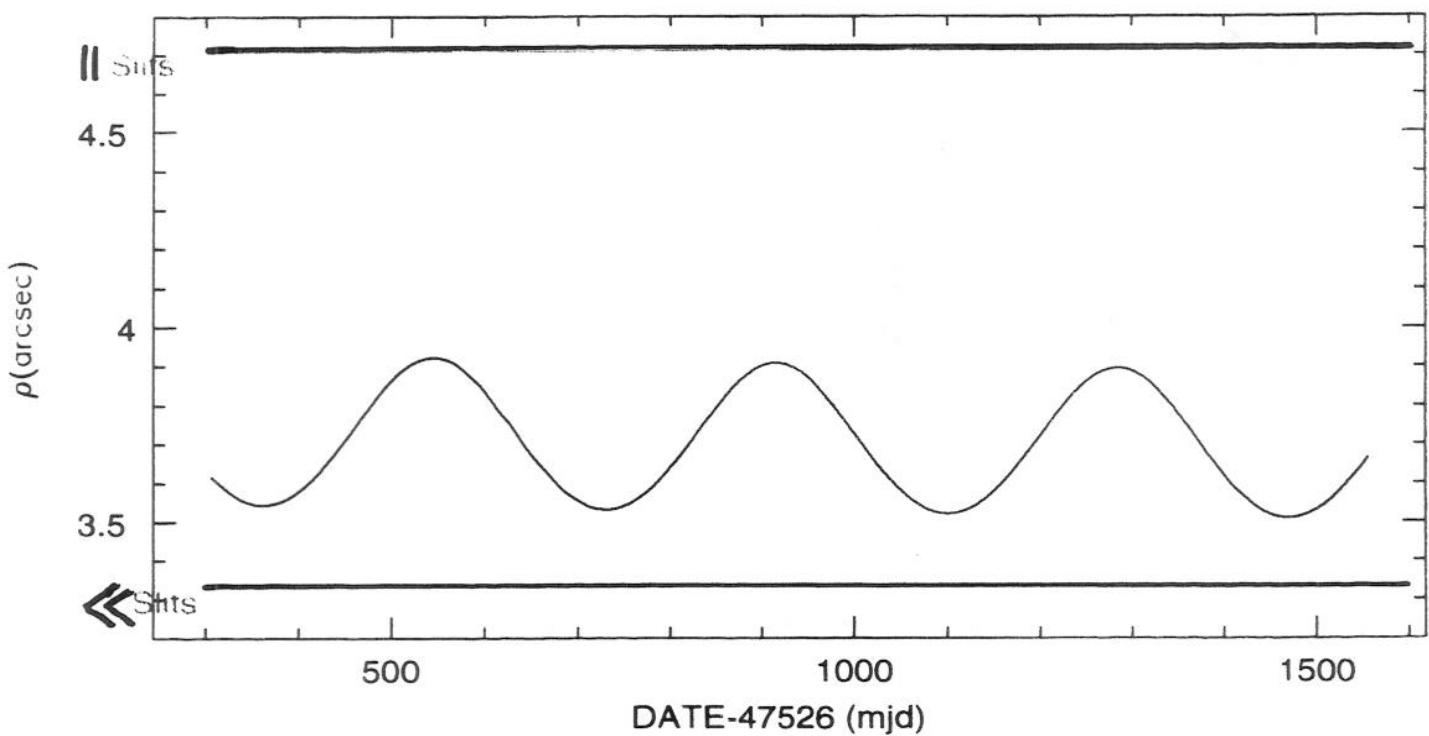
$$\cdot \alpha < r < ? : N \text{ photocenter} \leftrightarrow \text{Mass } x \left\{ \iint I(u,v) du dv \right\}_{\vec{r}_x}$$

TYCHO LIMIT IN SIZE

(1st step)



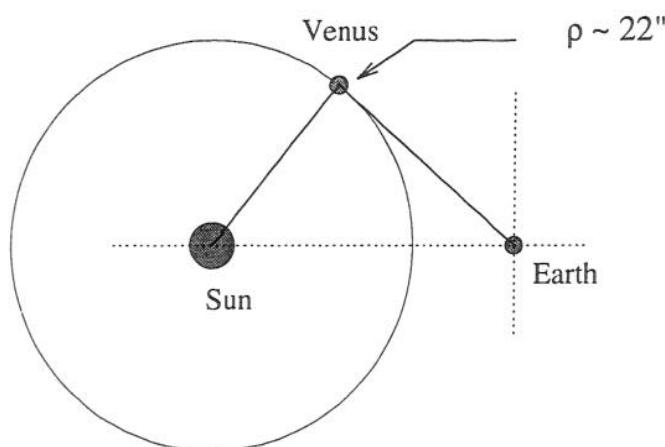
APPARENT DIAMETER OF URANUS



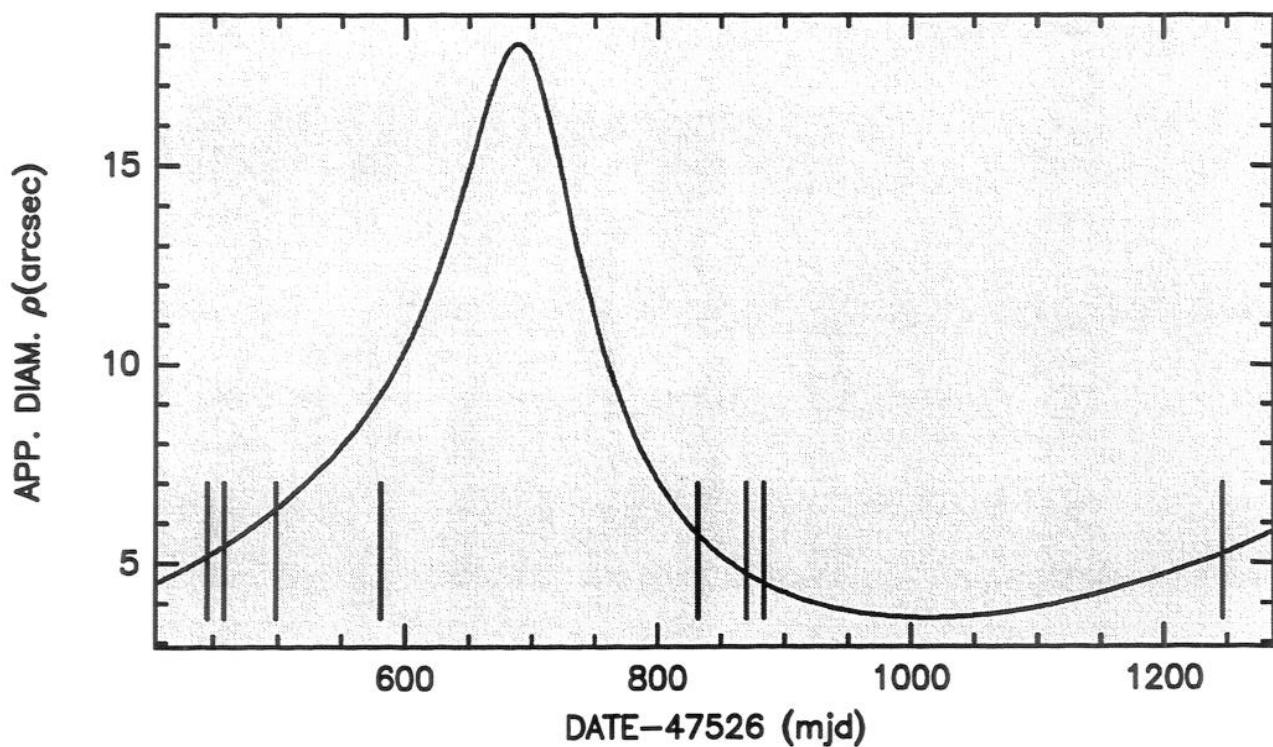
TYCHO – LIMIT IN SIZE (2nd step)

- Chevrons slits
- Linear filter P central peak
→ tails corrupted
- Antisymmetric filter Q
 $\rightarrow \rho < \frac{2s - 3\alpha}{\sqrt{2}} \simeq 6''$
→ Uranus: OK ; Mars: limit (+ phase)

TYCHO – VENUS AND MARS



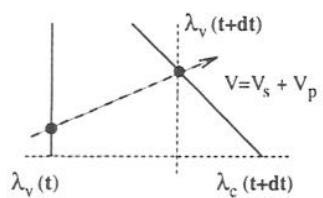
TYCHO observation of MARS



TYCHO OBJECTS

Name	Photo	Astro	Name	Photo	Astro
Ceres	Y	Y	Io	N	Y
Pallas	Y	Y	Europa	?	Y
Vesta	Y	Y	Ganymede	N	Y
Uranus	N	Y	Callisto	N	Y
Neptune	N	Y	Titan	Y	Y

TYCHO NORMAL POINT



$1 \parallel \& 1 >>$ for each FOV crossing

$$\lambda_v(t+dt) = \lambda_v(t) + \frac{\delta \lambda_v}{\delta t} dt$$

