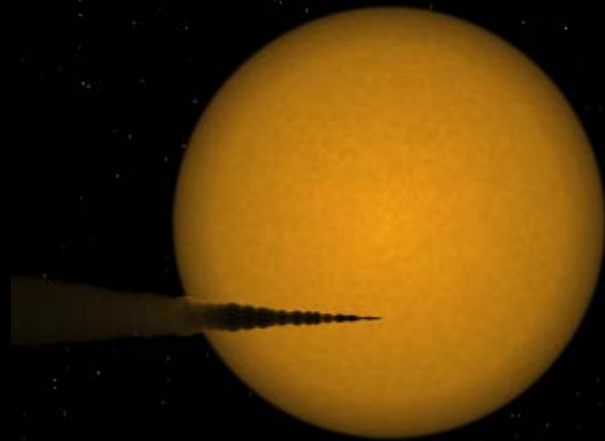
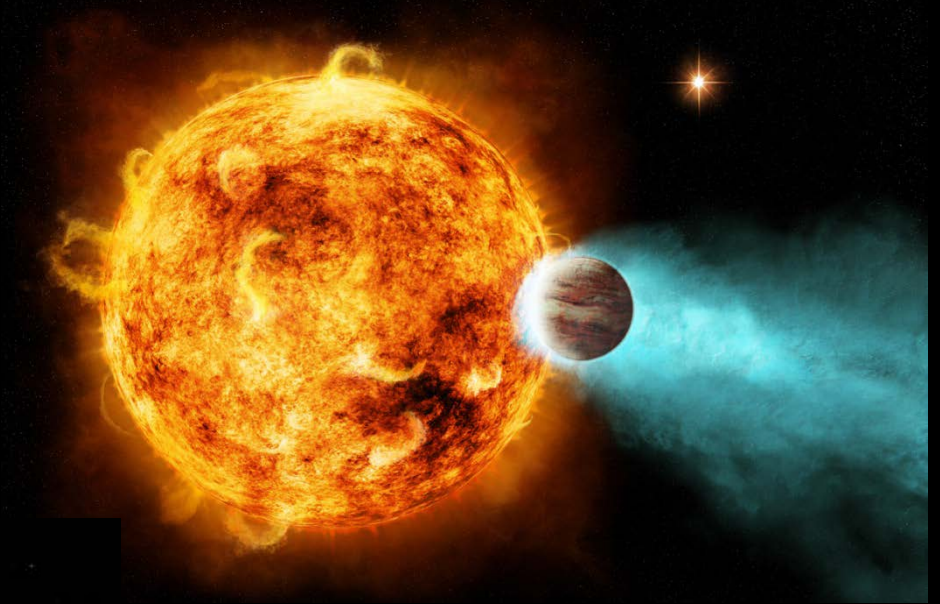
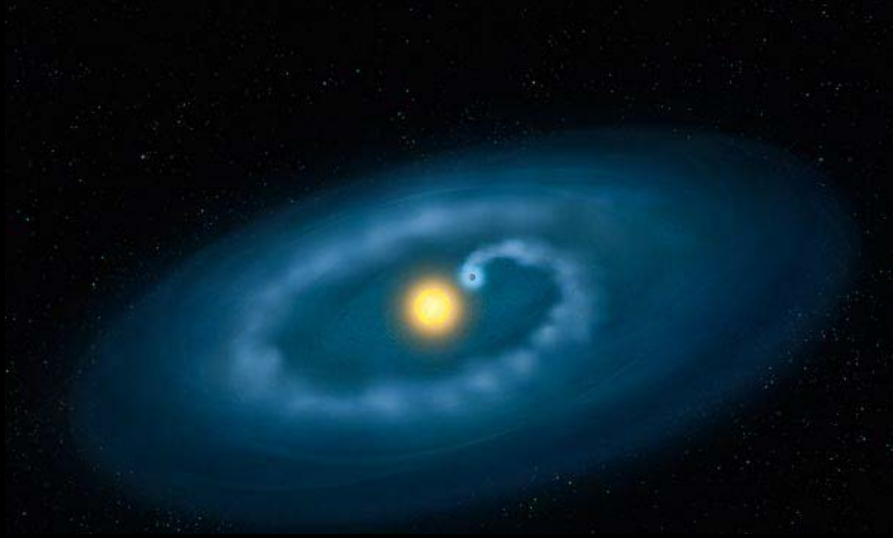


Enshrouded close-in Exoplanets



Carole Haswell, The Open University

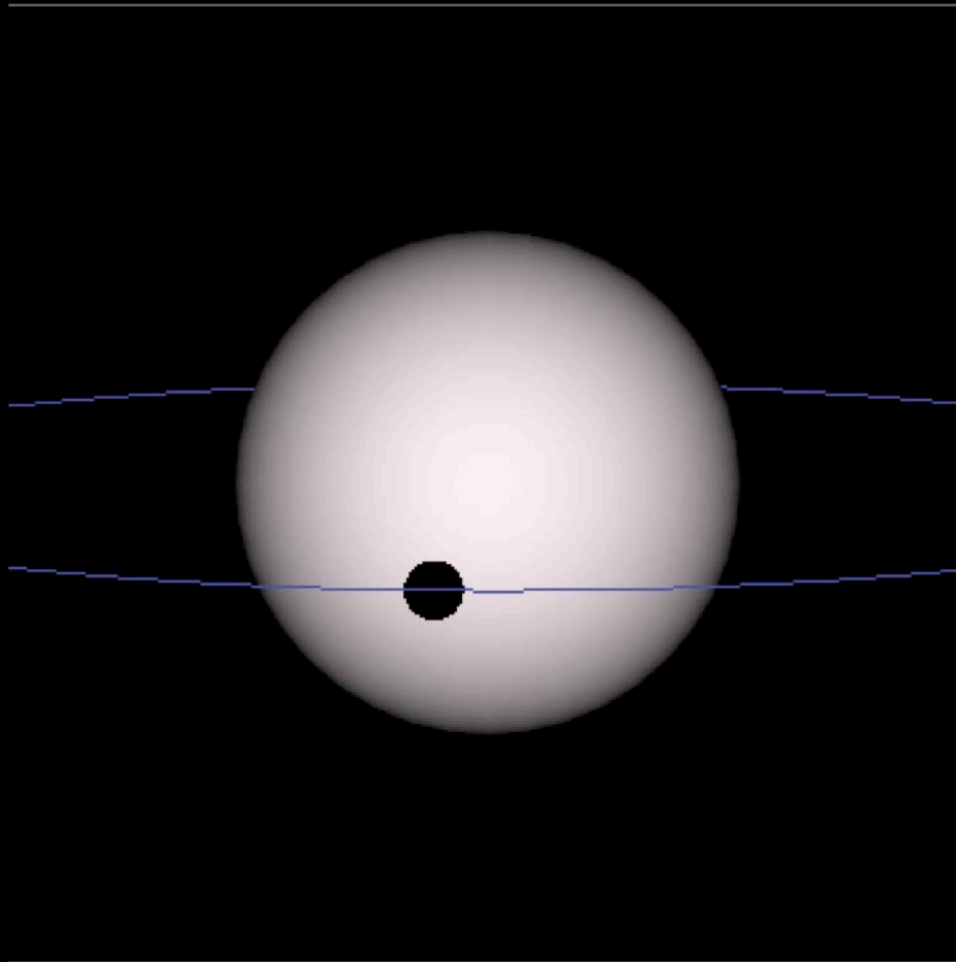
Principal Collaborators: Luca Fossati, Tom Ayres, Jakub Bochinski

Outline



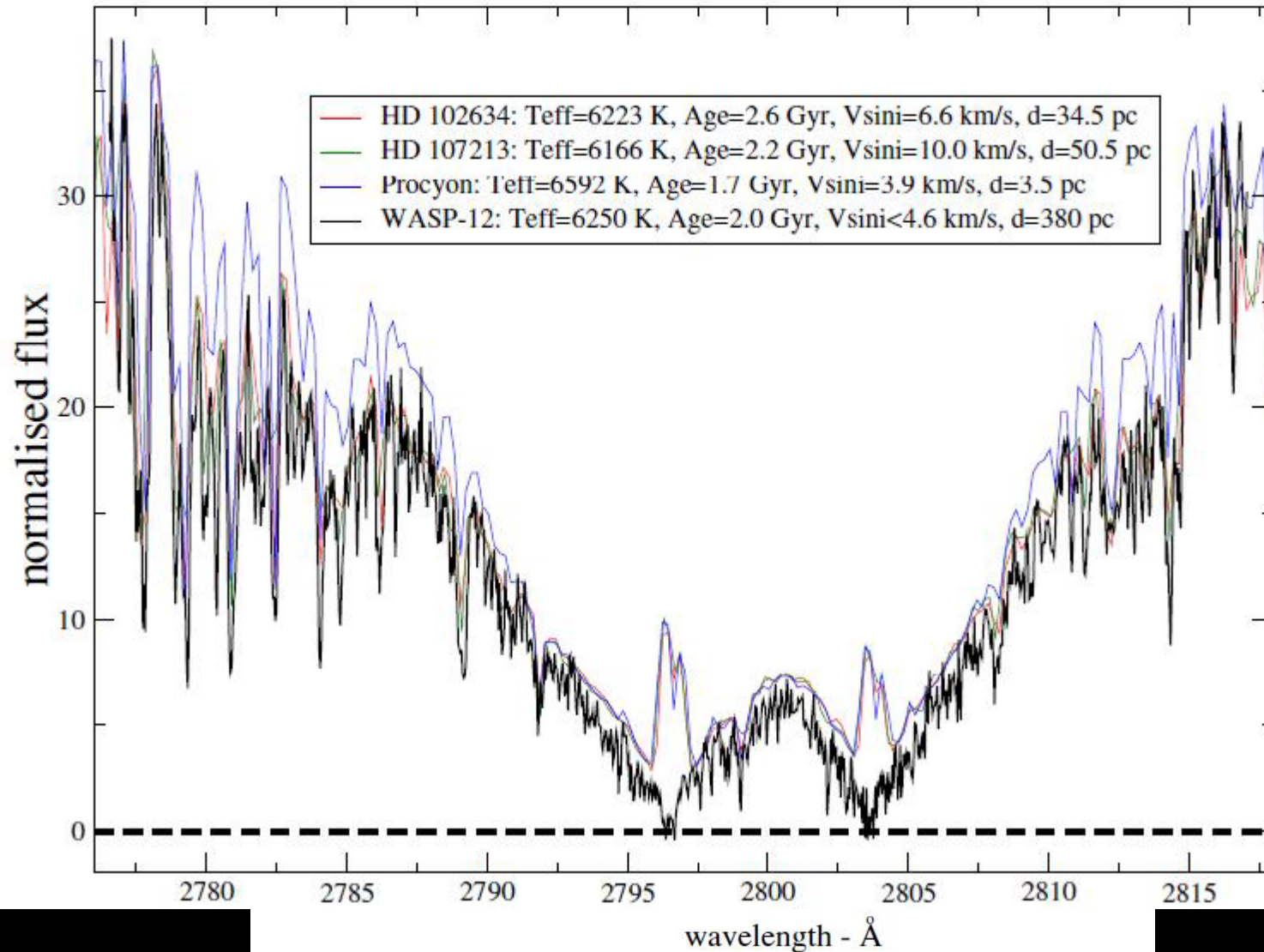
- motivation: Mg II line profiles
- optical activity indicators
 - comparison with survey data
 - archival Keck/HIRES data on transiting exoplanet host stars
 - several enshrouded hot Jupiter systems
- KIC 1255
 - Close-in rocky planet
 - Enshrouded in dust & metal-rich vapour
 - Short-lived catastrophic end-point
- population of KIC 1255 precursors?
 - Detectable by enshrouding of system?

WASP-12 b – an extreme hot Jupiter



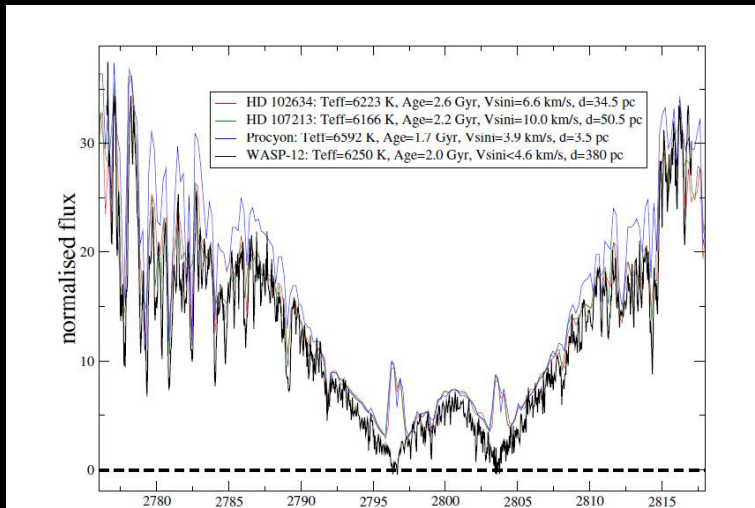
Hebb et al 2009

Near-UV Mg II Line Profiles



Haswell et al 2012

Near-UV Mg II Line Profiles



Haswell et al 2012

No known dwarf star as inactive as WASP-12

Below basal activity level which is independent of age and rotation



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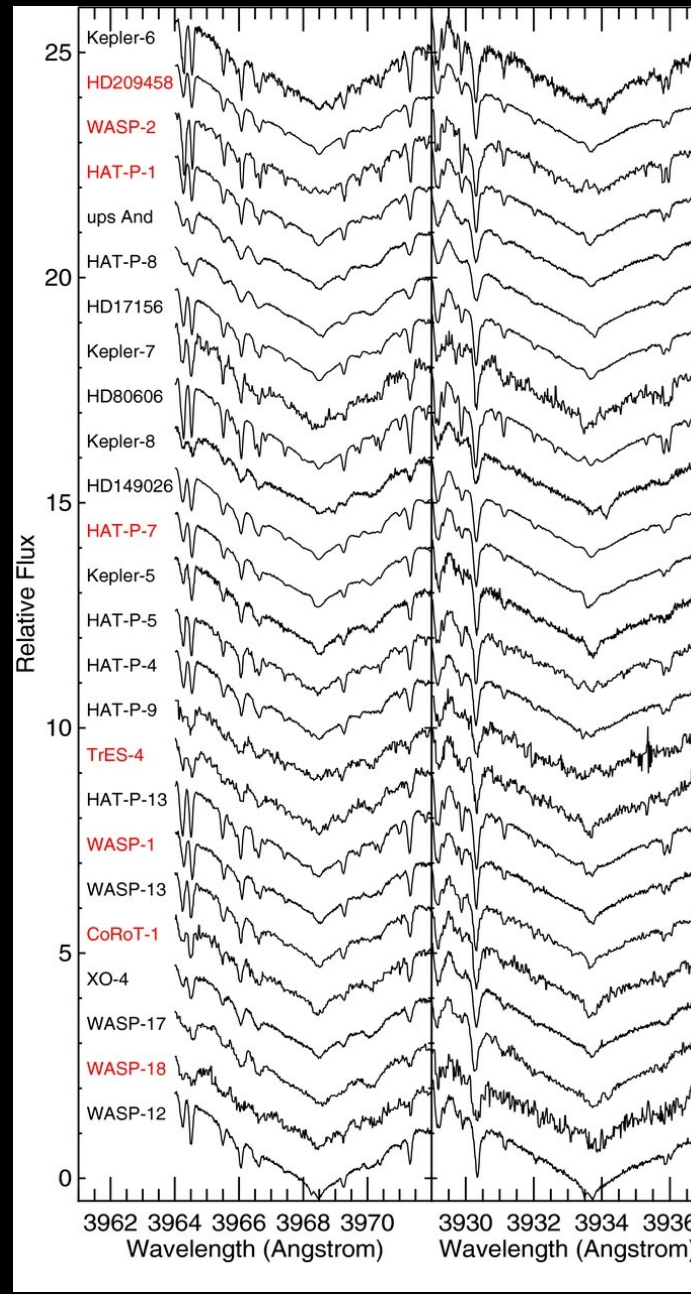
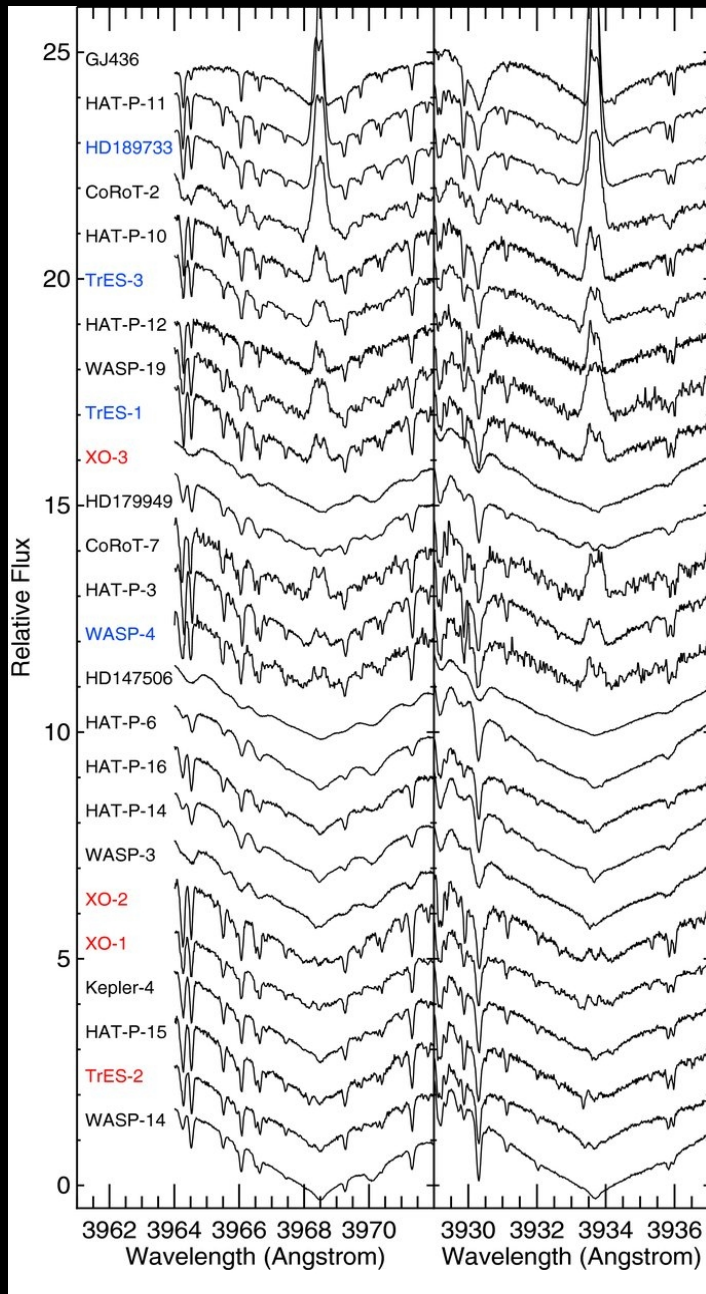
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Giant Planet Being Blown Away Behind a Cloudy Veil

A gas giant's atmosphere is turning into its own death shroud.

Optical Ca II H&K Line Profiles

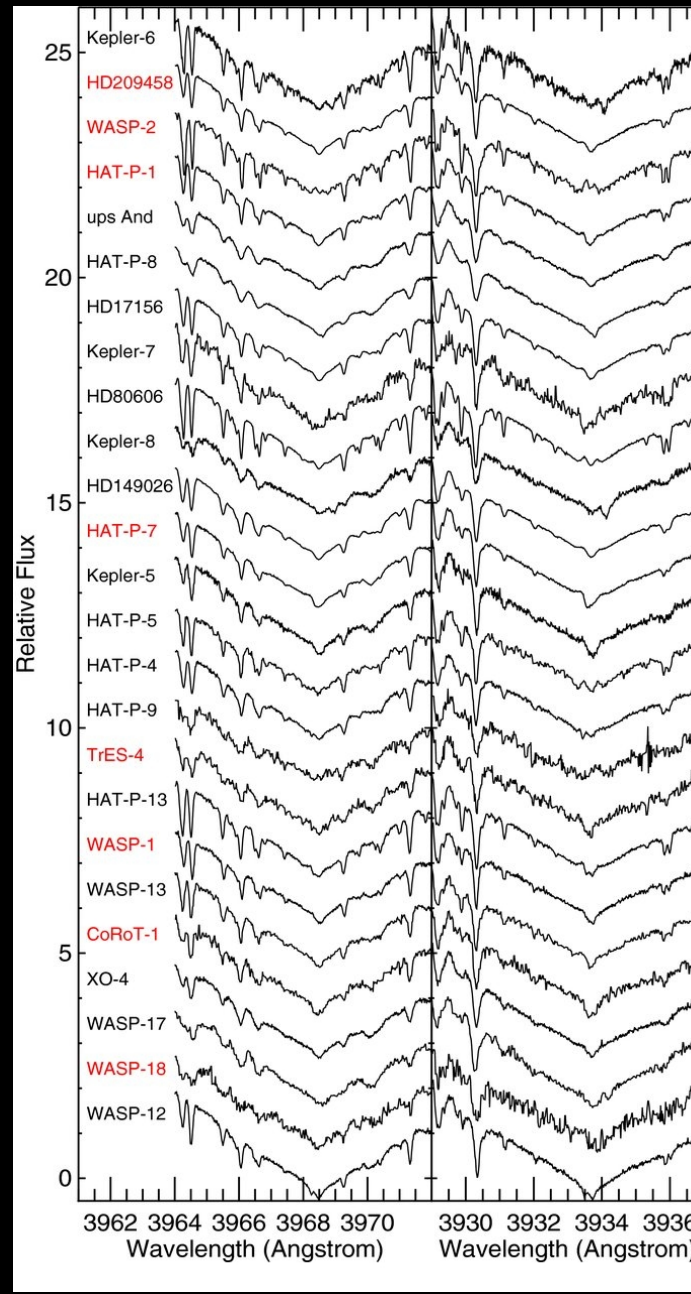
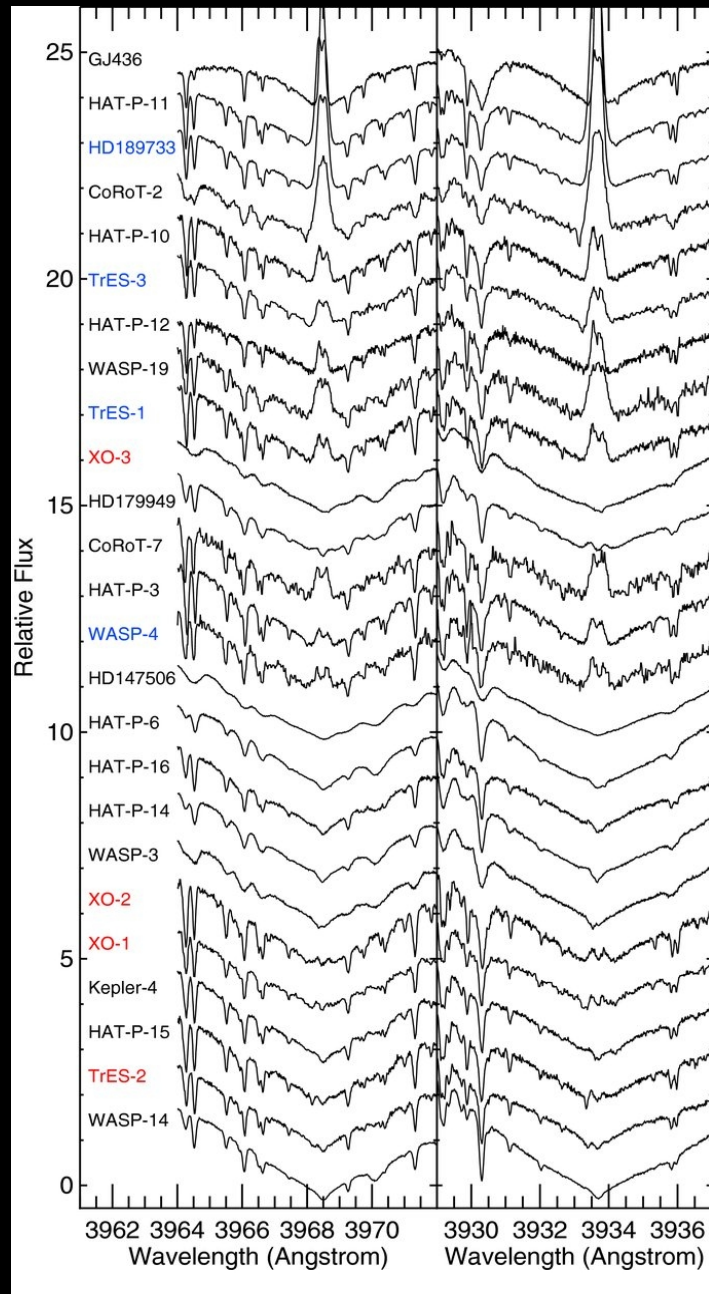


Knutson et al 2010

correlation
between
stellar activity
and hot Jupiter
atmosphere
type.

Stellar
irradiation
affects planet
atmosphere?

Optical Ca II H&K Line Profiles

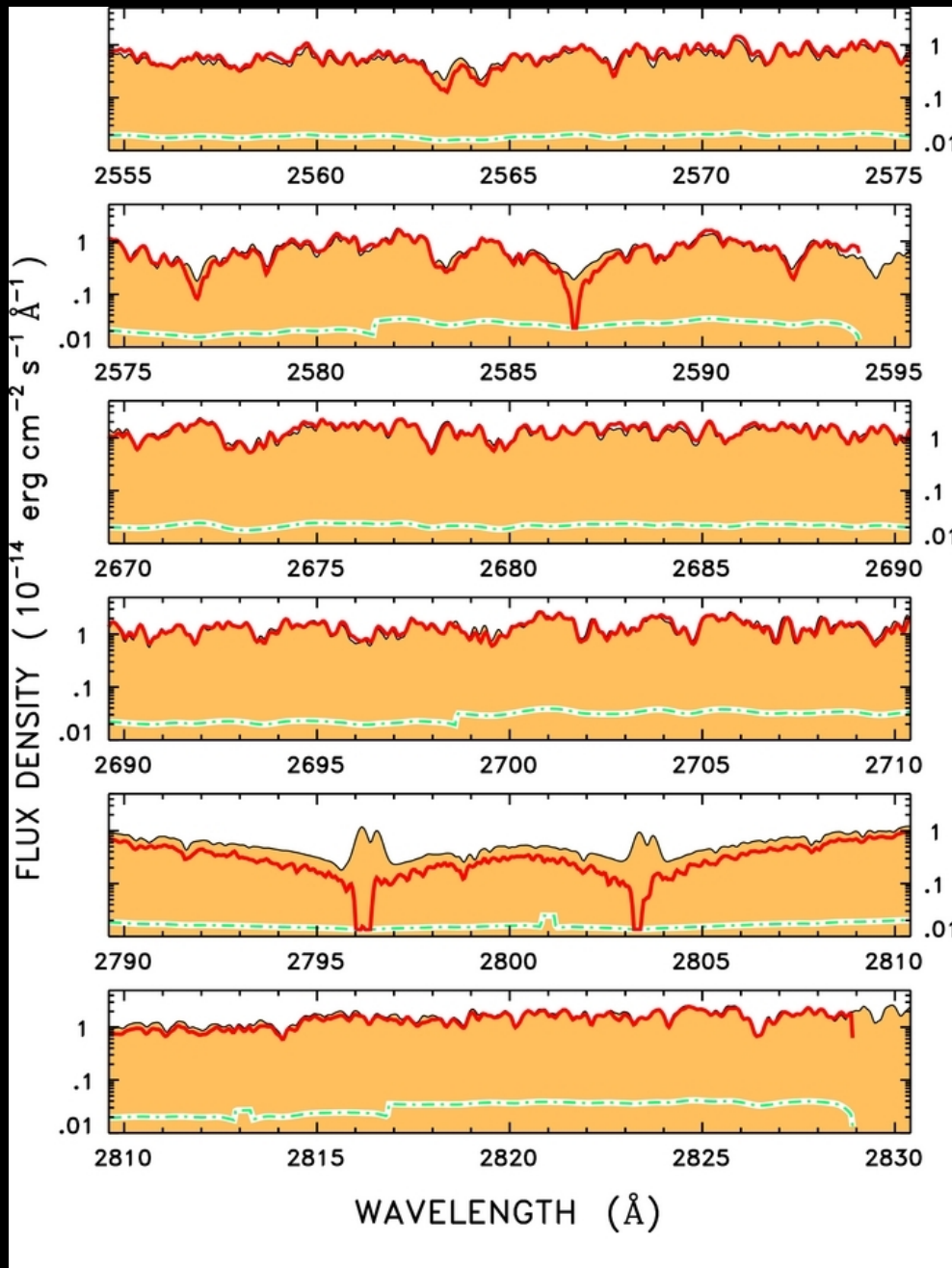


stellar activity
and hot Jupiter
atmosphere
type.

Haswell et al 2012

Planetary
mass loss
absorbs the
activity-
indicating line
core flux

Activity indicating Line Profiles



WASP-12 (red line)
 α Cen (black line)

Planetary mass loss absorbs
the activity-indicating flux in
WASP-12

Resonance lines:

Fe II 2586

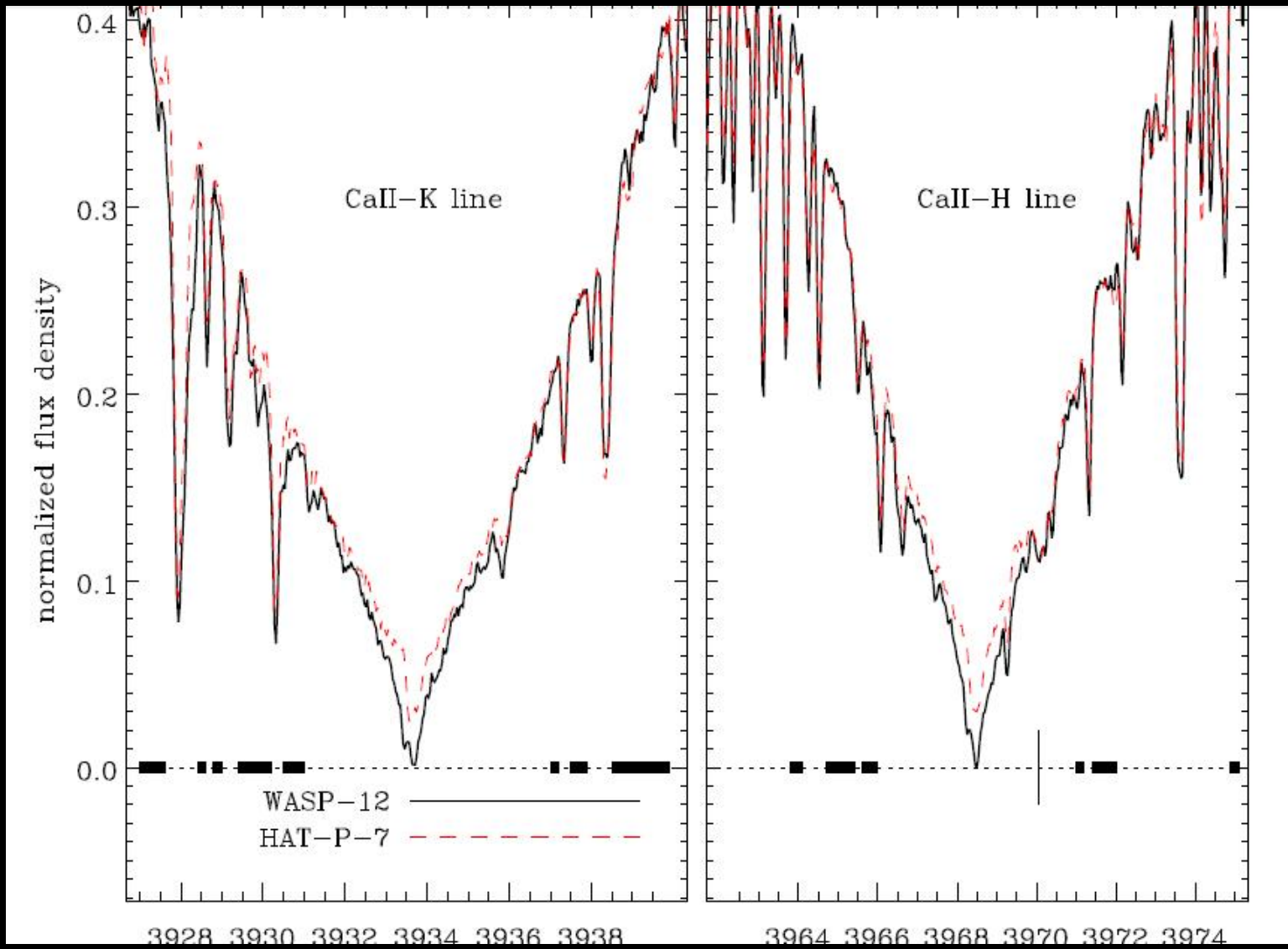
Mg II h&k

Mn II 2577

- absorbed in WASP-12
- introduce flare to light curves

Haswell et al 2012

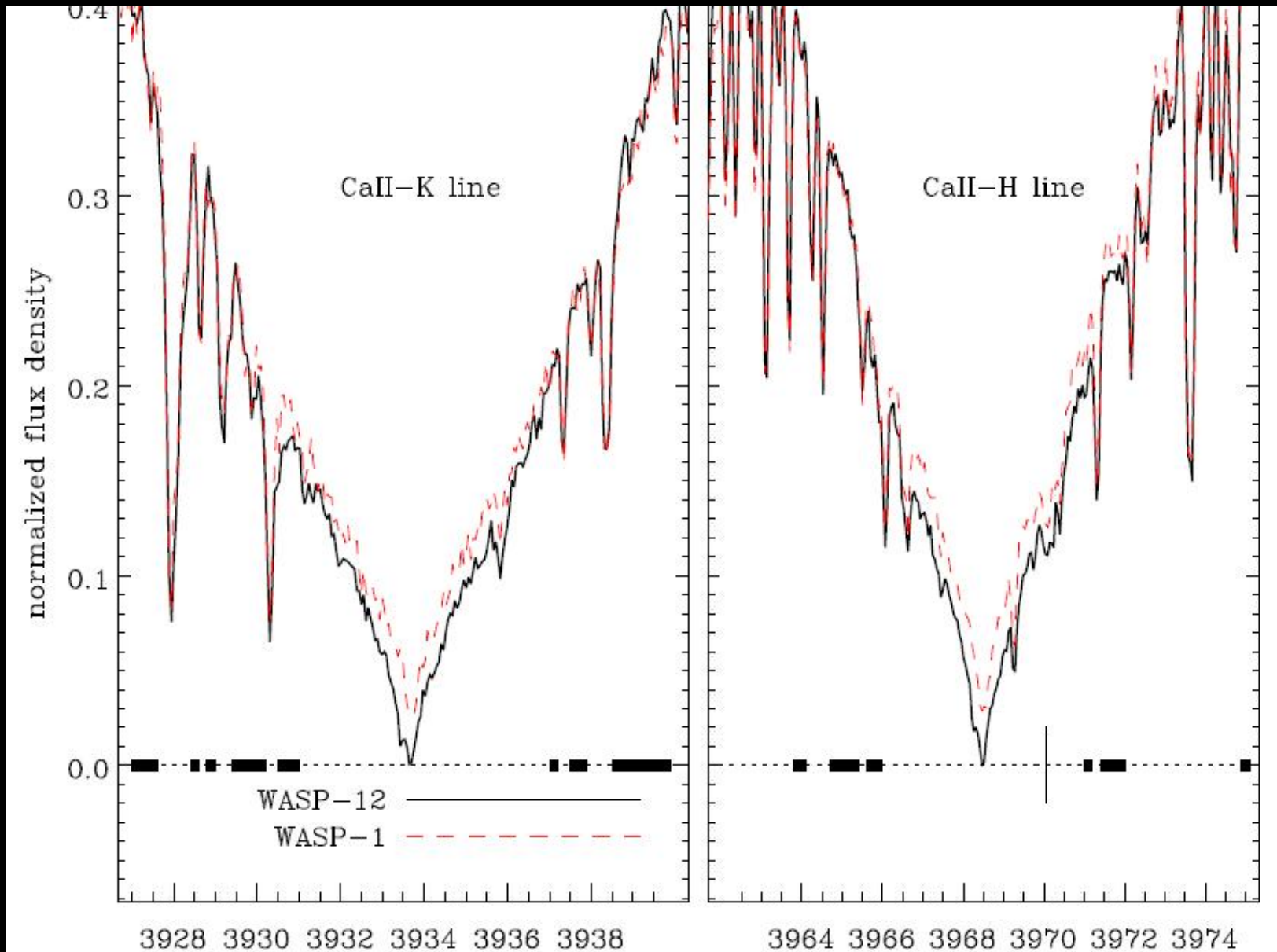
Optical Ca II H&K Line Profiles



Central 4A of
WASP-12 Ca
II H&K lines
depressed
below all other
stars.

Diffuse gas
absorbs line
core flux

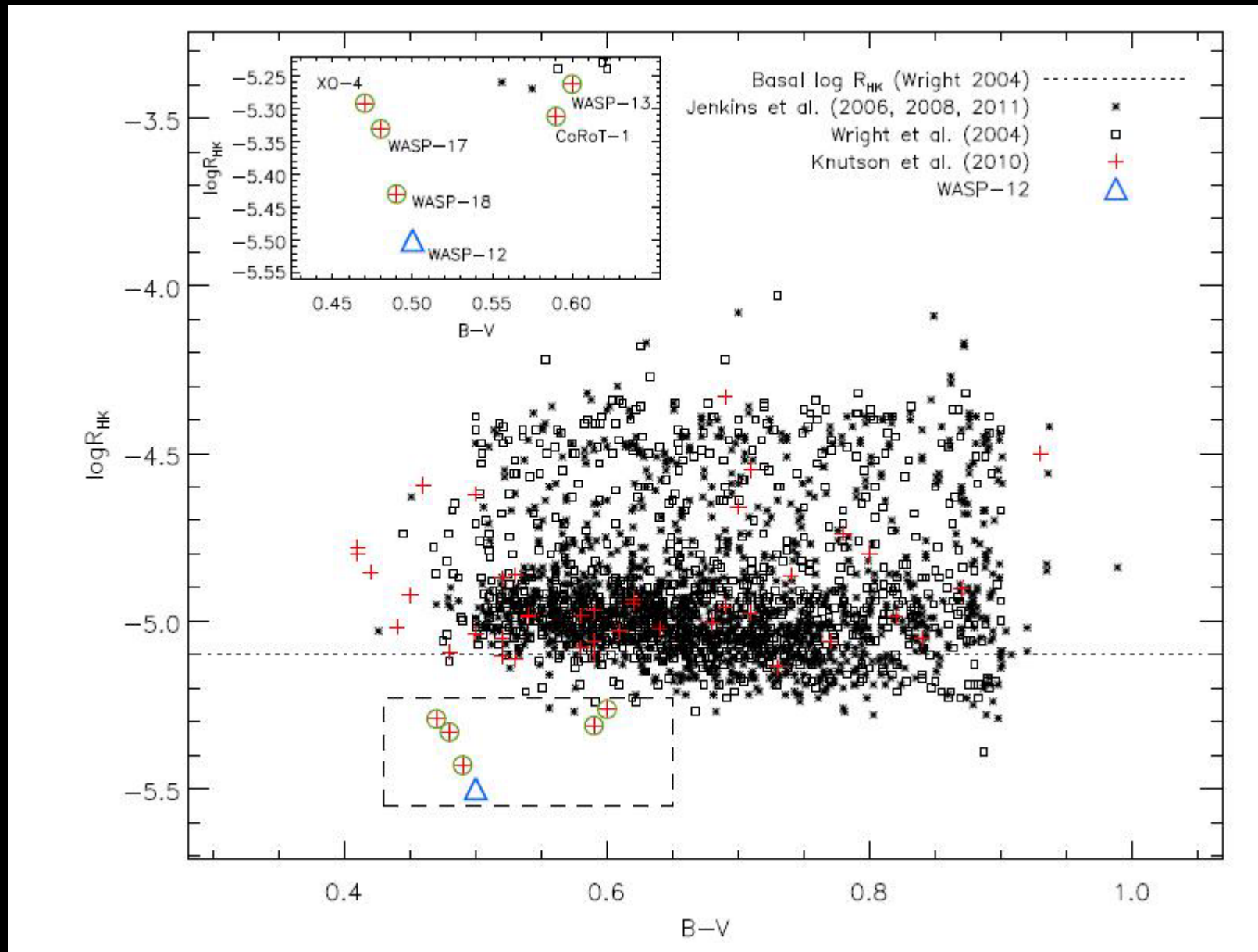
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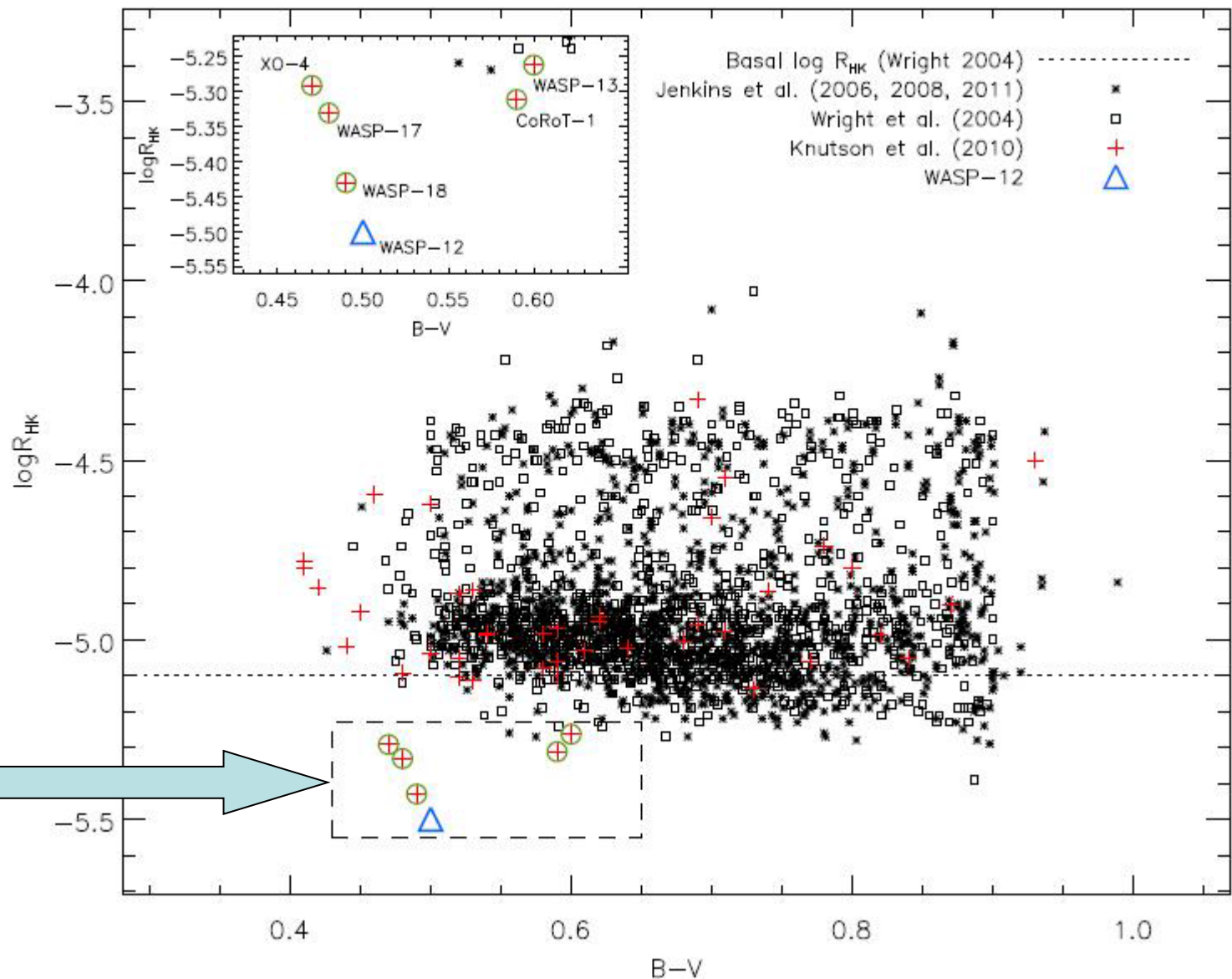
Diffuse gas
absorbs line
core flux

Activity: characterised by R_{HK}



Fossati, Ayres, Haswell, Bohlender, Kochukhov & Floer 2013, ApJLett

Activity: characterised by R_{HK}



Fossati, Ayres, Haswell, Bohlender, Kochukhov & Floer 2013, ApJLett

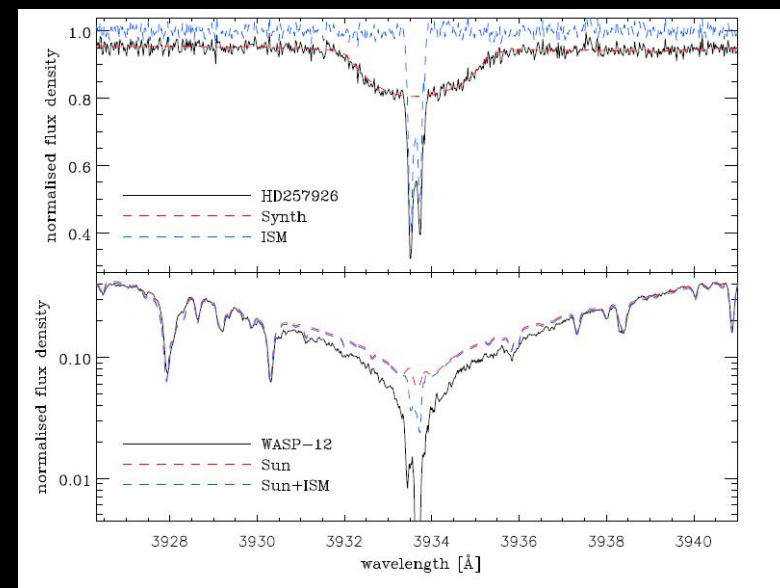
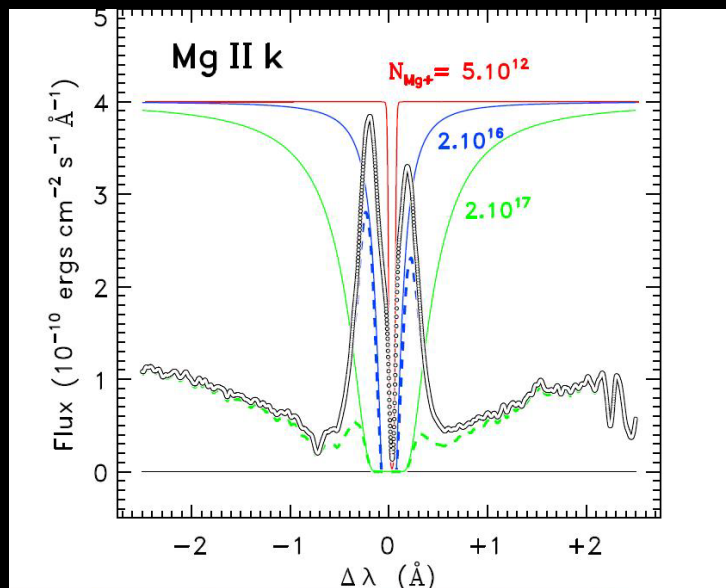
Could the absorption be interstellar?

No!

ISM would need to be 10x denser than usual

ISM along WASP-12 sightline is too diffuse.

ISM absorption is in sharp components

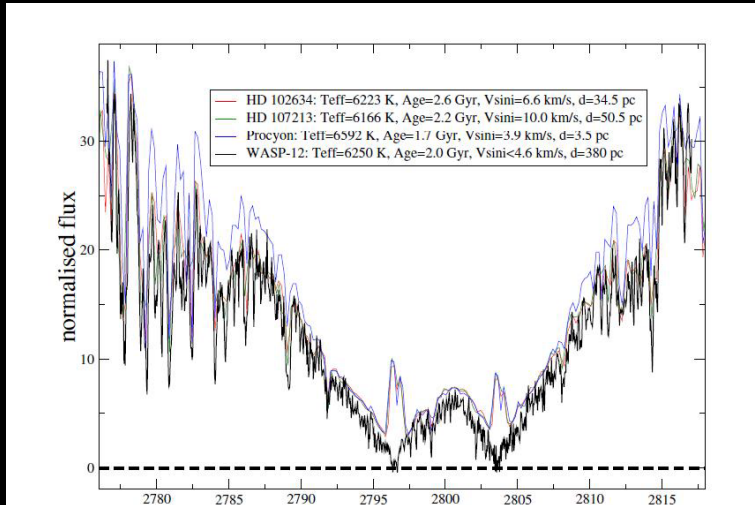


Haswell et al 2012, ApJ, 760, 79

Fossati, Ayres, Haswell, Bohlender,
Kochukhov & Floer 2013, ApJLett

Carole Haswell The Open University PLATO 2.0 mtg July 2013

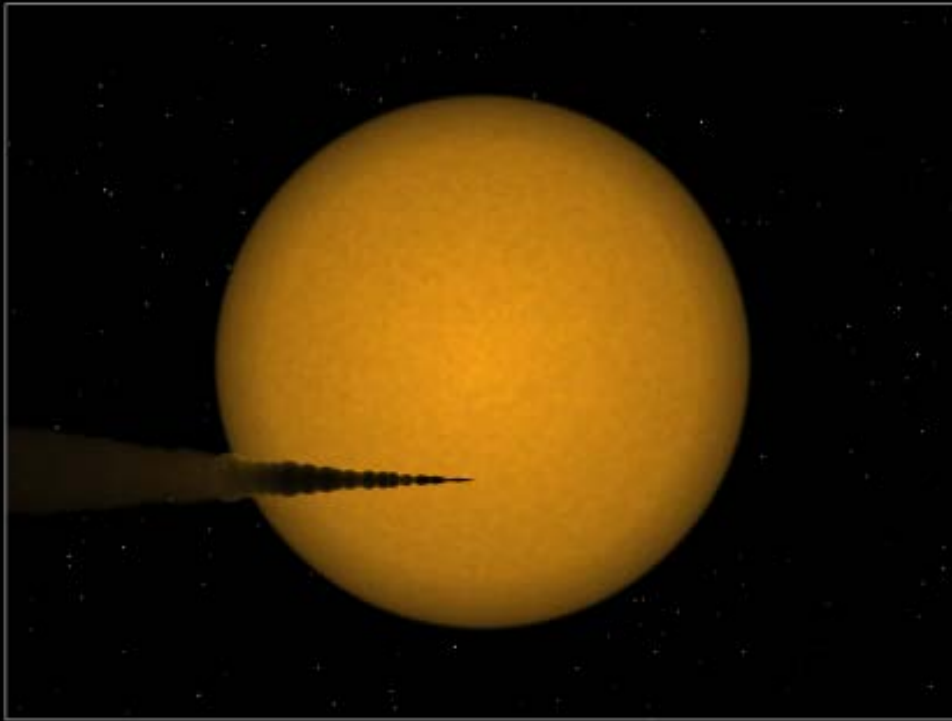
The WASP-12 system is shrouded in diffuse gas



Haswell et al 2012

The stellar disc is obscured at all observed phases.

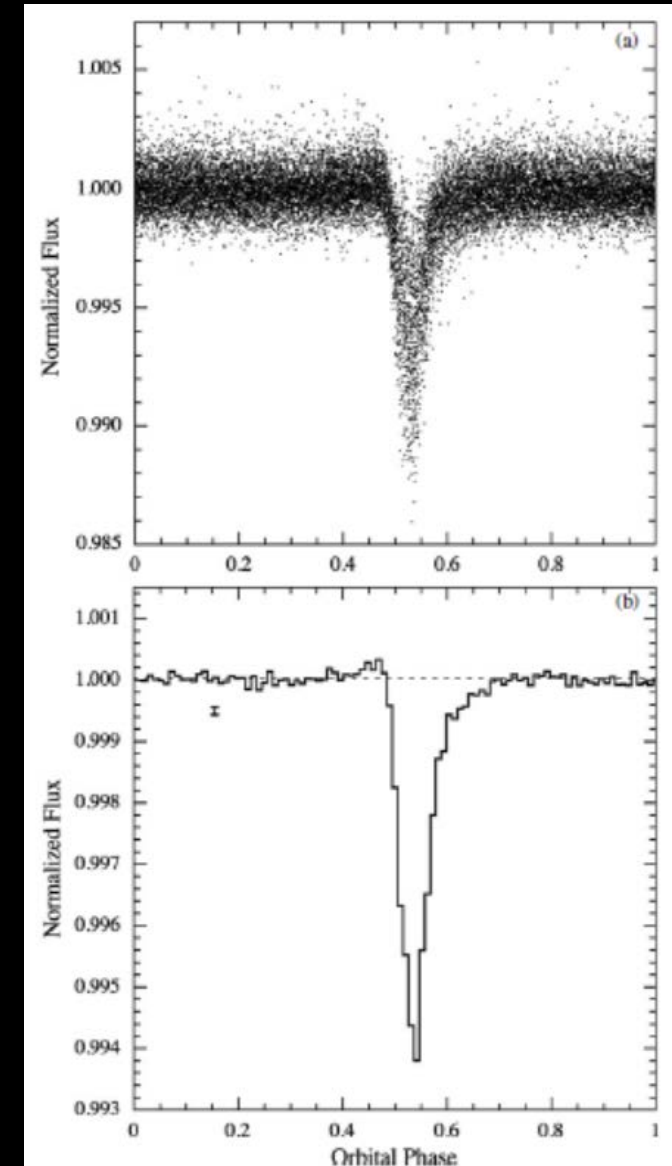
A disintegrating close-in rocky planet KIC 1255



Artist's Impression of Disintegrating Exoplanet KIC 12557548 (Brogi et al. 2012)

Image credit: C.U.Keller (2012), Leiden Observatory, Leiden University, keller@strw.leidenuniv.nl

- 0.1 Earth mass transiting planet, 15.7 hour orbit around a KV star
- $T = 2100$ K, direct sublimation and/or explosive volcanism
- Large cloud of metal-rich vapour and entrained dust lost from planet



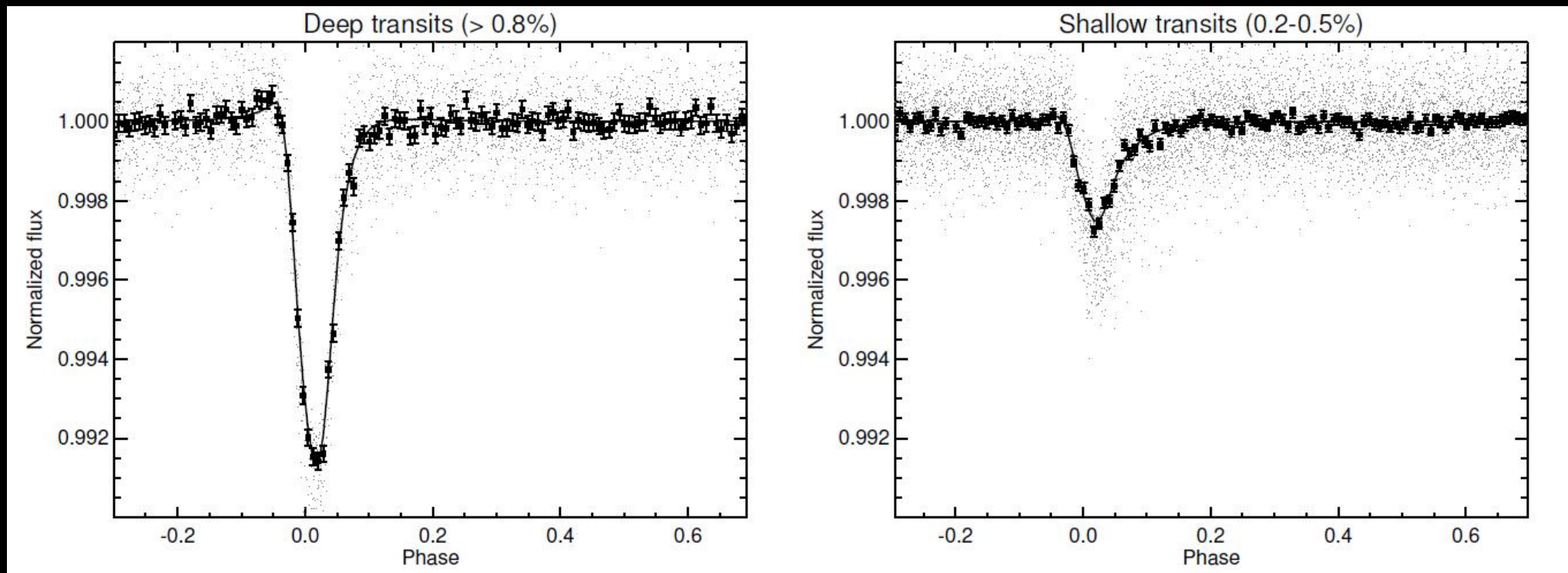
Rappaport et al 2012, ApJ, 752, 1

A disintegrating close-in rocky planet

KIC 1255



- 0.1 Earth mass transiting planet, 15.7 hour orbit around a KV star
- $T = 2100$ K, direct sublimation and/or explosive volcanism
- Large cloud of metal-rich vapour and entrained dust lost from planet
- Limit cycle: dust forms, τ raised, surface cools, sublimation slows, less dust, τ decreases, surface heats, sublimation increases, dust forms, ...



A disintegrating close-in rocky planet

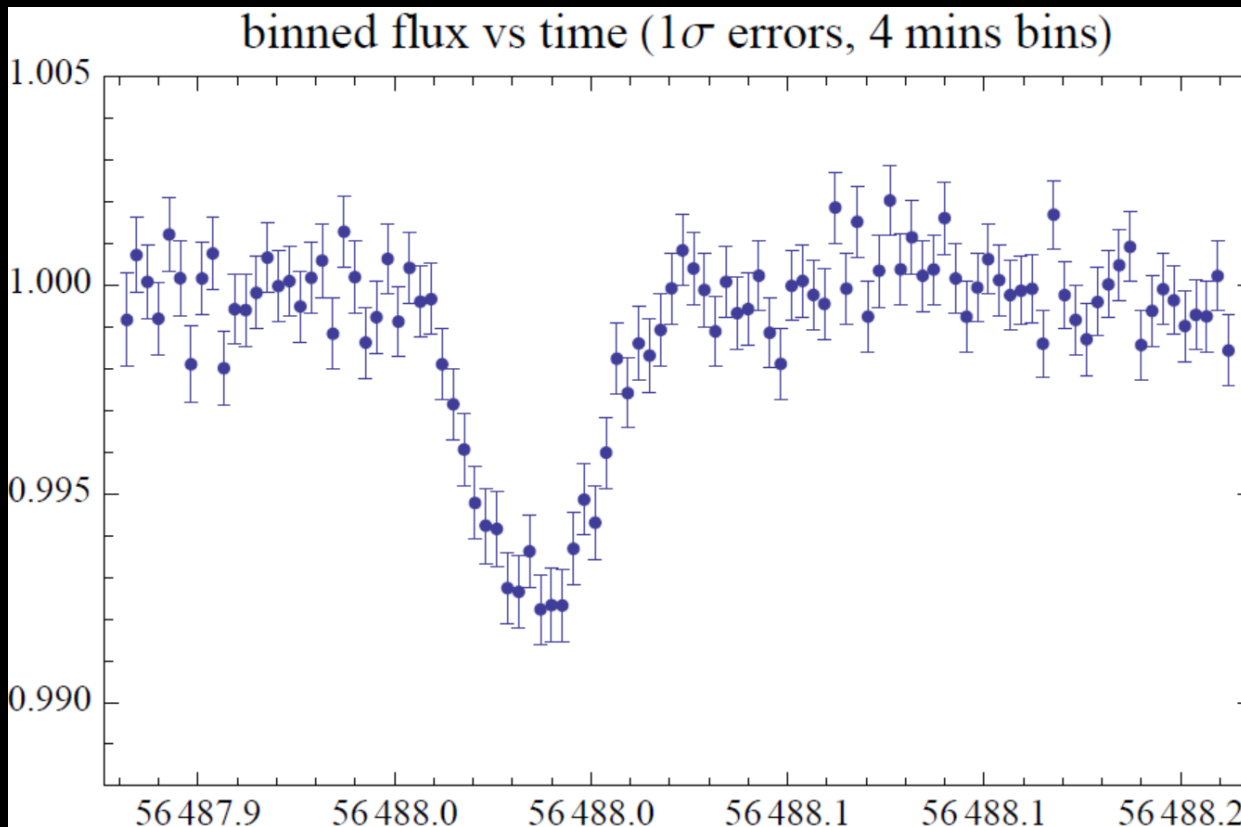


- WHT/ULTRACAM observations (now!)

KIC 1255

- High time-resolution simultaneous 3-colour optical photometry
- constrain dust scattering function: grain size, composition
- deep & shallow transits in u' , g' , z' ; shallow transits in u' , g' , i'

Bochinski PhD thesis, supervisors Haswell & Kolb and informally Fossati



WHT/ULTRACAM data, July
2013

In collaboration with Marsh &
Dhillon

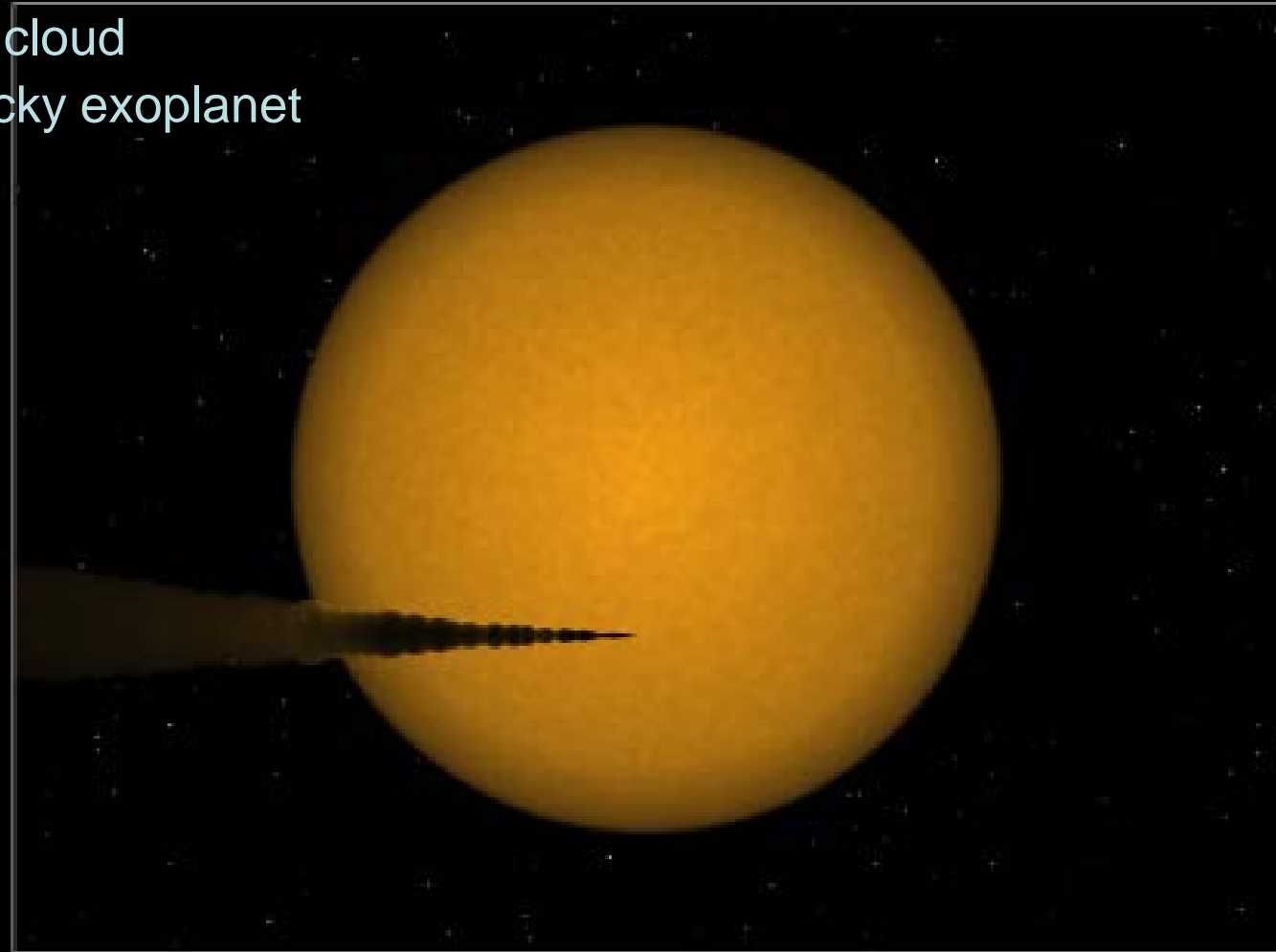
A disintegrating close-in rocky planet



KIC 1255

- CFHT/ESPaDoNS data in hand
 - High resolution optical spectra for transmission spectroscopy
 - Detect metal atoms/ions in cloud
 - Measure composition of rocky exoplanet

Bochinski PhD thesis,
supervisors Haswell &
Kolb and informally
Fossati



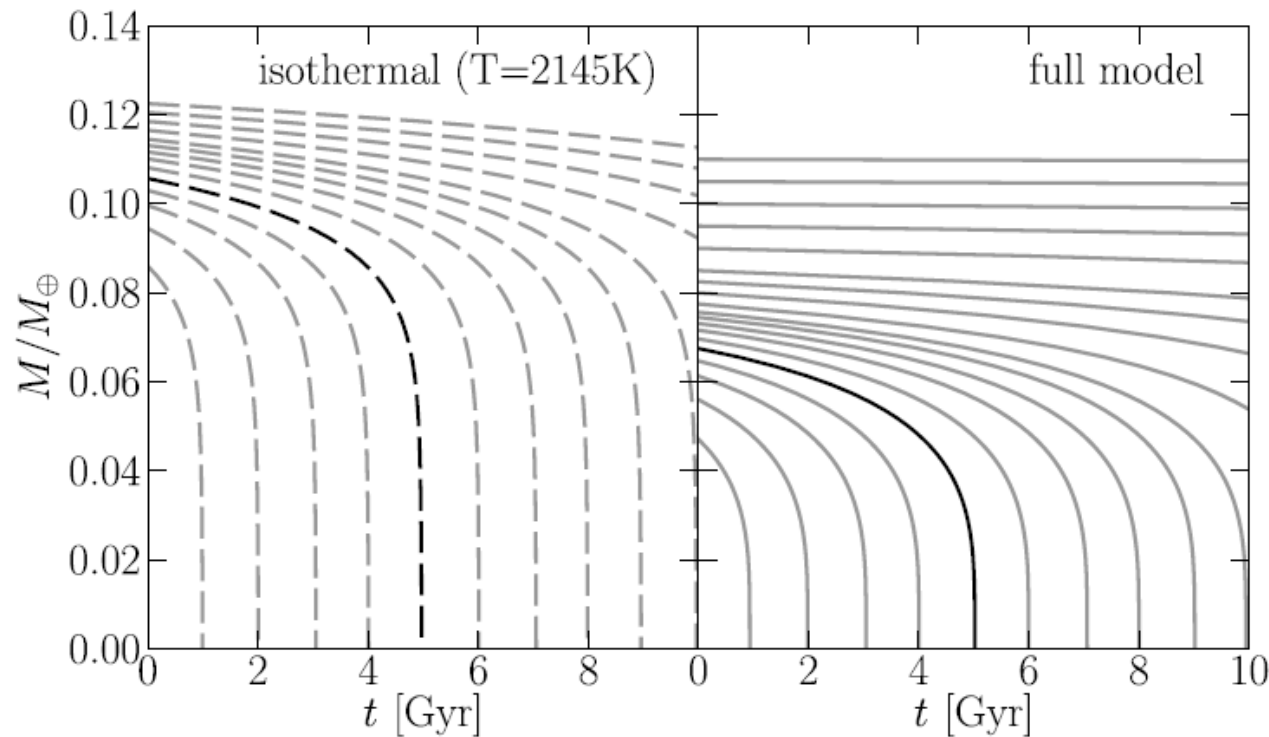
Artist's Impression of Disintegrating Exoplanet KIC 12557548 (Brogi et al. 2012)

Image credit: C.U.Keller (2012), Leiden Observatory, Leiden University, keller@strw.leidenuniv.nl

Catastrophic Evaporation of Rocky Exoplanets



- $T > 2000\text{K}$: rock vaporizes, thermal wind driven.
- Radiative-hydrodynamic modelling with dust-gas energy exchange
- Small planets evaporate completely
- Mass loss rate depends strongly on planet mass
- KIC 1255 ~ 0.1 Earth mass, \sim mass of moon
- KIC 1255 in final short-lived catastrophic phase, $\sim 1\%$ of planet life
- many progenitor low-mass short period rocky planets should exist.

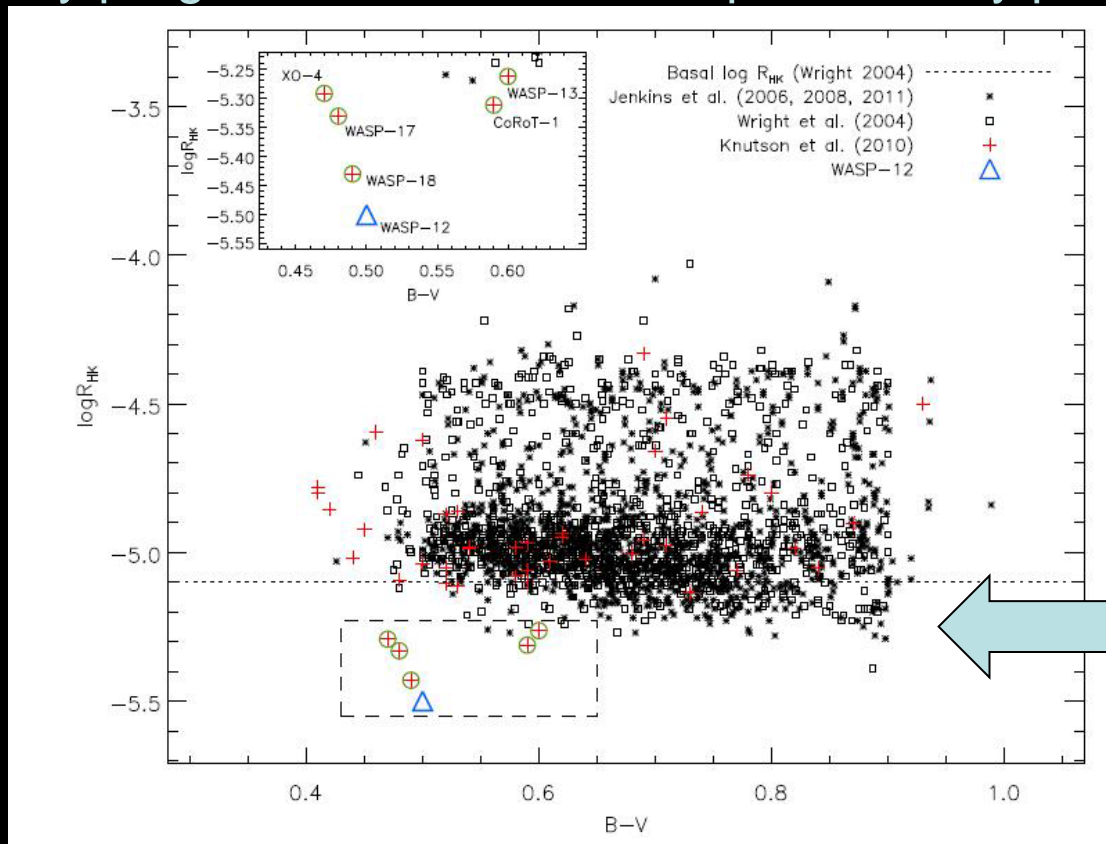


(Perez-Becker & Chiang,
2013, arXiv:1302.2147
(ApJ),

Catastrophic Evaporation of Rocky Exoplanets



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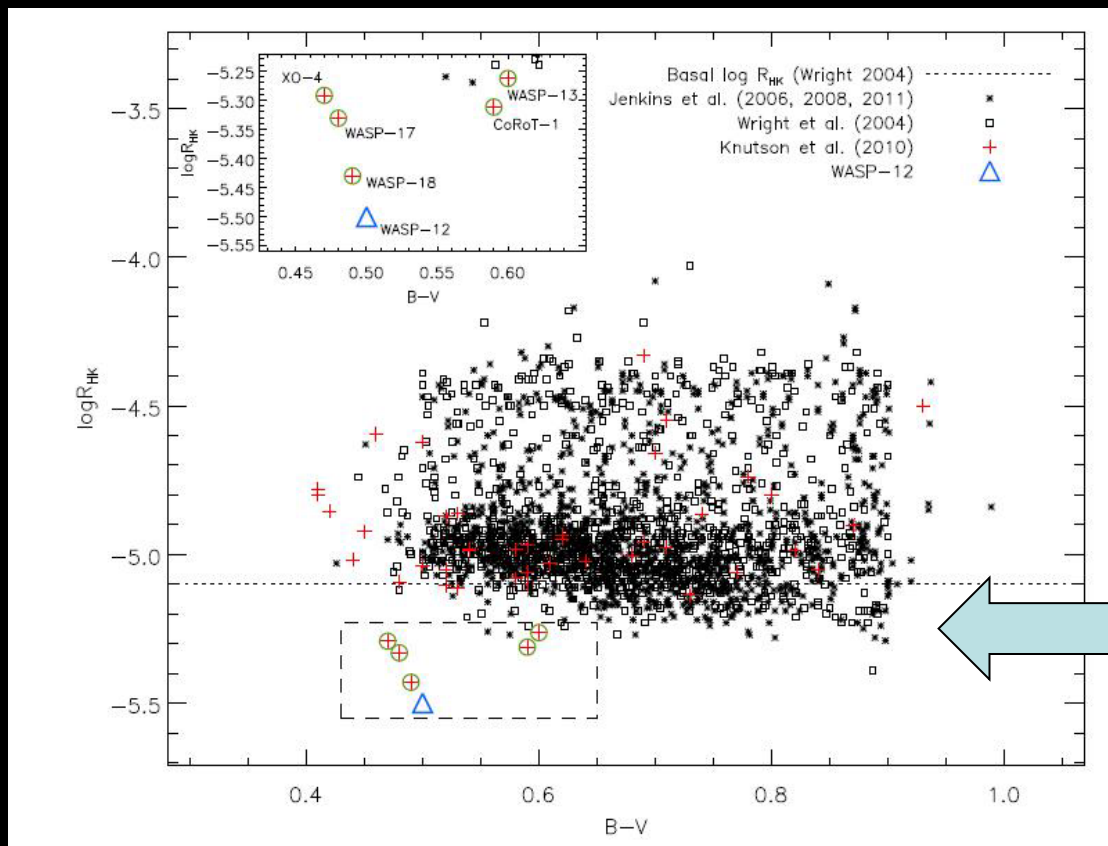
Fossati, Ayres,
Haswell, Bohlender,
Kochukhov, & Floer
2013, ApJLett, 766, 20

Hosts of mass-losing,
low-mass, short period
rocky planets?

Many low-mass short period rocky planets?



- Kepler-37: moon-sized
- KIC 1255: ~ 0.1 Earth mass, \sim mass of moon, 16 hr orbit
- Kepler 78-b: Earth sized, 8.5 hour orbit
- KOI 1843: $0.6 R_{\text{Earth}}$, 4.2 hour orbit



Fossati, Ayres,
Haswell, Bohlender,
Kochukhov, & Floer
2013, ApJLett, 766, 20

BRIGHT hosts of mass-
losing, low-mass, short
period rocky planets?

Staab PhD thesis

Conclusions



- WASP-12 system enshrouded in diffuse absorbing gas
- Other v. close-in hot Jupiters have anomalously depressed CaII H&K lines
- KIC 1255 in short-lived phase, producing copious metal-rich vapour
- There are several other small v. short-period Kepler planets
- Anomalous CaII H&K line cores indicate bright host stars of other extreme close-in planets?
- Possible opportunities to probe planet composition through transmission spectroscopy
- Targets for CHEOPS, PLATO & ECHO?