Paranal Science Operations Revisited (SciOps_{v2.0})





Paranal Observatory





Paranal and its instruments

16 instruments in operations



FORS









SINFONI





VIMOS



KMOS



VISIR



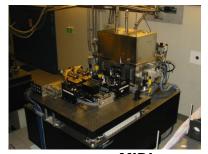
AMBER



NACO



HAWKI

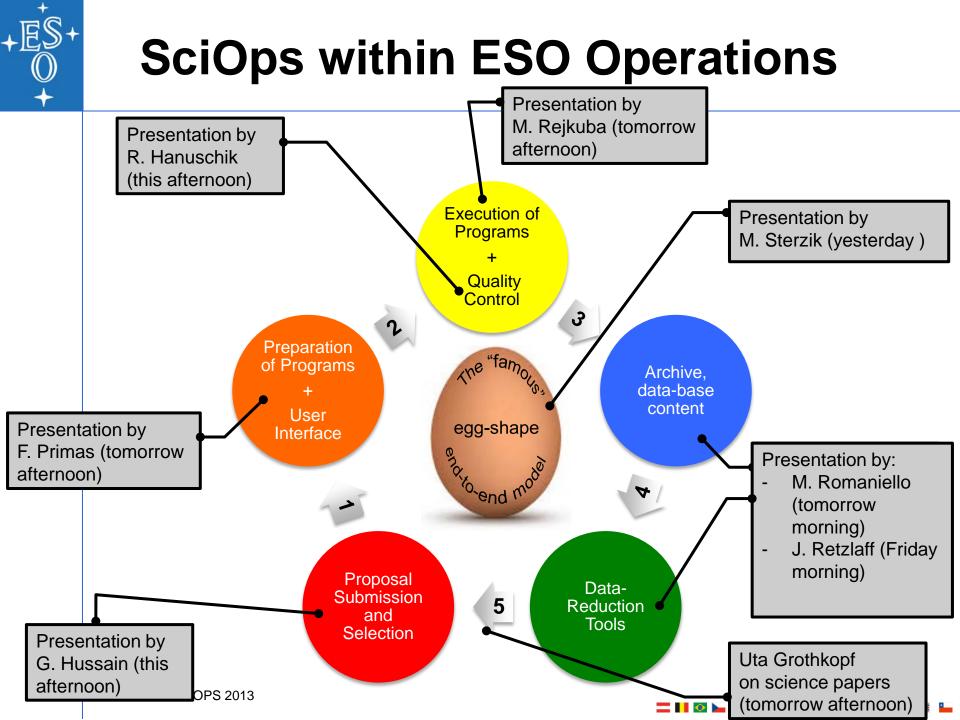


MIDI



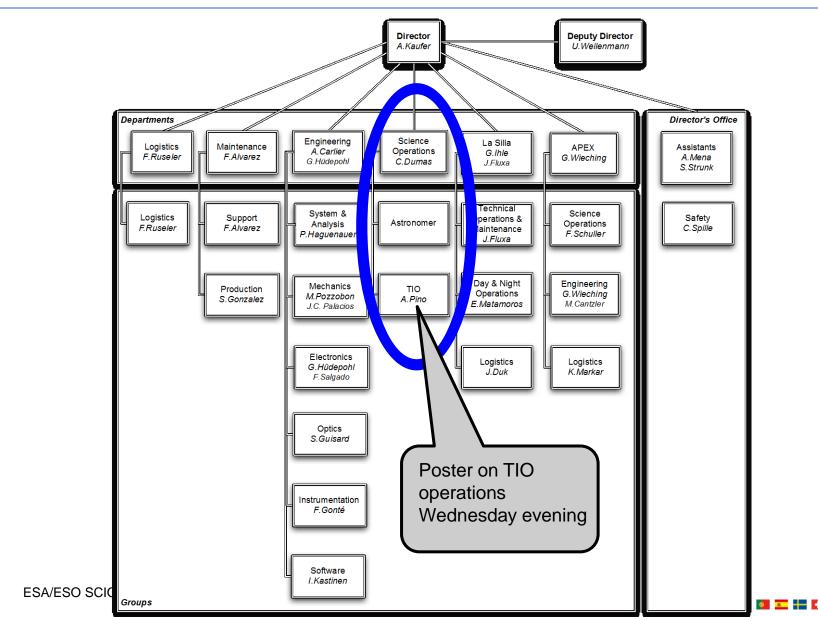
VIRCAM + **OMEGACAM**







LPO organizational chart

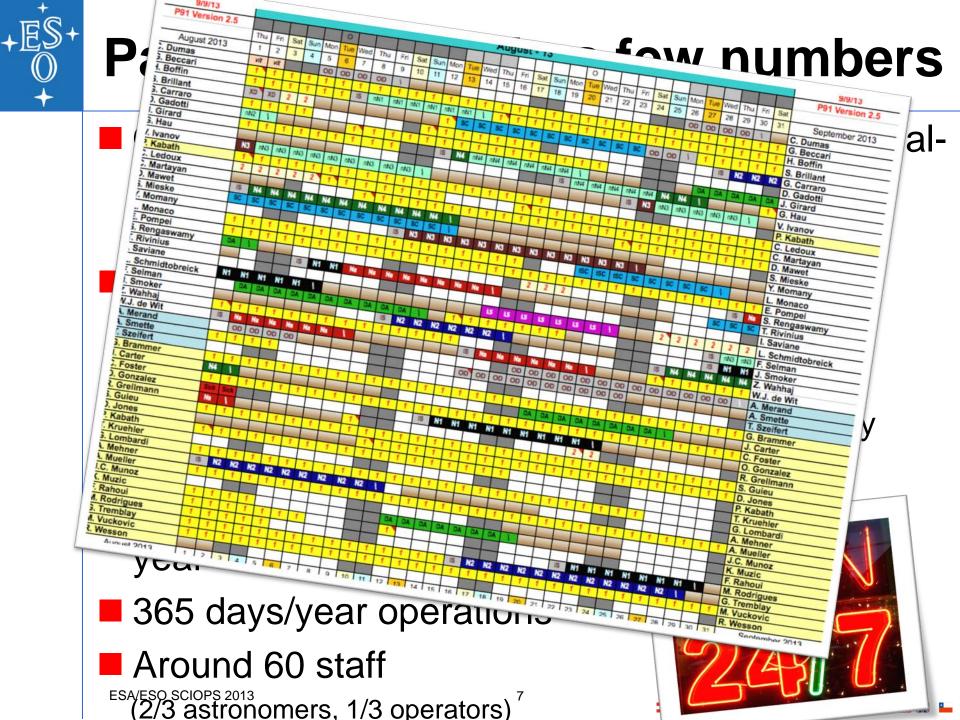




Paranal SciOps in a few numbers

- One of the largest department of LaSilla-Paranal-Apex Observatory (along w/ Paranal engineering)
- Telescopes:
 - > Four 8m telescopes (w/ up to 3 instruments each)
 - Two survey telescopes: VISTA (4m), VST (2.6m)
 - Four auxiliary telescopes for use in interferometry mode
- More than 20,000 hours of telescope to year
- 365 days/year operations
- Around 60 staff

(2/3 astronomers, 1/3 operators)





Paranal SciOps: Objectives

- Produce astronomical data of the highest quality
- Maintain (at minimum) & enhance (desired) instrument scientific capabilities:
 - science modes, performances, pipeline products, calibration plan
- Improve operational efficiency to increase time available for science
- "Educate" users community to VLT(-I) operational requirements



Paranal SciOps: Tasks

Daytime support

- Science + calibration QC
- Preparation for observing night
- Visitor support + SM support (with USD)
- Work w/ engineering/maintenance (troubleshooting, instrument characterization)

Night-time

- Execute SM and VM programs
 - Adapt strategy & priorities with changing meteo conditions
 - Use of new generation observing/ranking tool (talk by M. Rejkuba)
- > Apply calibration plan of each instrument mode
 - Data available in archive a few minutes later





Instrument Operations Teams

- Each astronomer is Instrument Scientist of a VLT(-I) instrument
 - ➤ S/He leads IOT
 - Responsibility shared with Engineer, depending on activity ("IS loans instrument, engineer owns instrument": M. Sterzik, 2009)
 - Other IOT members:
 - USD astronomer
 - Software/instrumentation engineer
 - Instrument fellow
 - QC/pipeline scientist
 - Garching IS



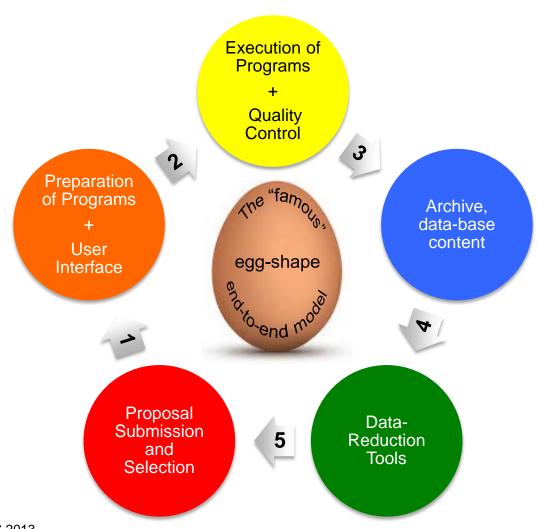


SciOps: Fast rotating world

- 6-month cycle driven by OPC (aka TAC) review of science proposals
 - ➤ Service Mode programs: SM account for ~70% time
 - Visitor Mode programs: VM ~30%
 - delegated VM (dVM) programs (some restrictions apply on run duration and technical complexity)
 - ▲— dVM is different from "Remote Observing"
 - Science programs are consolidated before start of period, but flexibility injected via:
 - Target of Opportunity programs (ToOs)
 - Rapid Response mode programs (RRMs)
 - Director Discretionary Time programs (DDTs) (unlike ToOs & RRMs, those are evaluated internally)
 - Target and instrument set-up changes approval



SciOps within ESO Operations



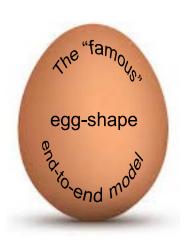


Why changing model?



Why changing model?

Without breaking the egg!





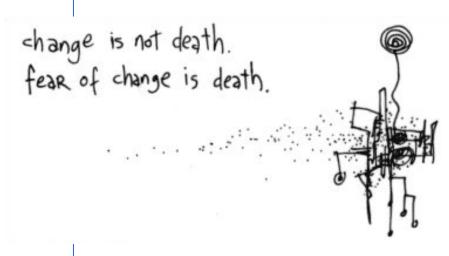






Why changing model?

- Cost improvement
- Job satisfaction
- Ops efficiency







Paranal SciOps: Before and Now

- Goal 1: Reinforce instrument + operations teams
- Goal 2: Improve job satisfaction and staff engagement



Goal 3: Streamline operations, improve interfaces and use of resources

Goal 4: Improve communication and team-work

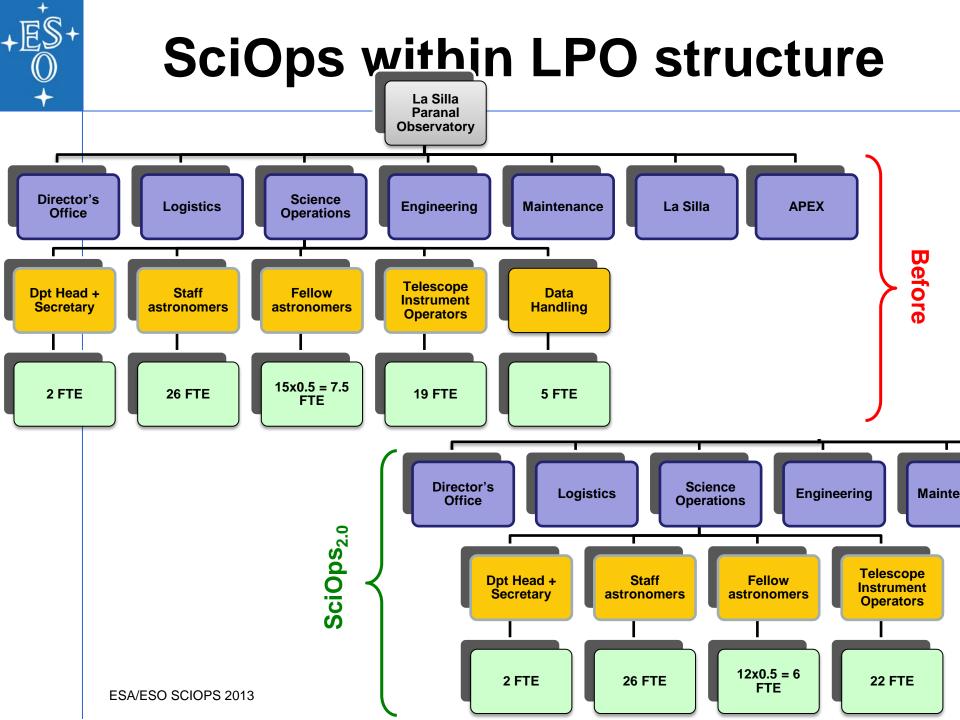
■ Goal 5: Improve synergy science-operations/engineering

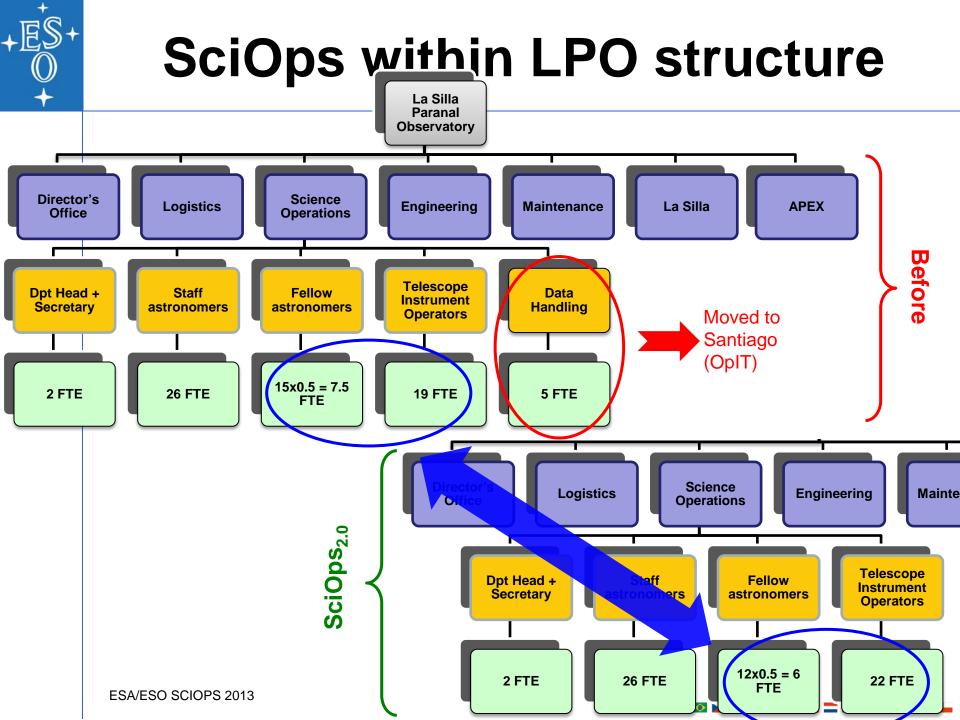


Paranal SciOps: Before and Now

- Goal 1: Reinforce instrument + operations teams
 - > Stronger department + team structure
- Goal 2: Improve job satisfaction and staff engagement
 - Re-organize activities to free-up time for high quality tasks
 - Explore creation of <u>new staff categories</u> and improve job prospects
- Goal 3: Streamline operations, improve interfaces and use of resources
 - Terminate visitors' backup, relocate some activities to Santiago, implementation of new/revised operations tools
 - Implement SciOps project-team
- Goal 4: Improve communication and team-work
 - Quarterly all-hands meetings
 - Build-up mutual trust, engage staff in decisions
 - Team-building training
- Goal 5: Improve synergy science-operations/engineering
 - Start new morning operations-meeting
 - Establish <u>remote access</u> facility (RAF) in Santiago to increase interdepartmental staff cross-section

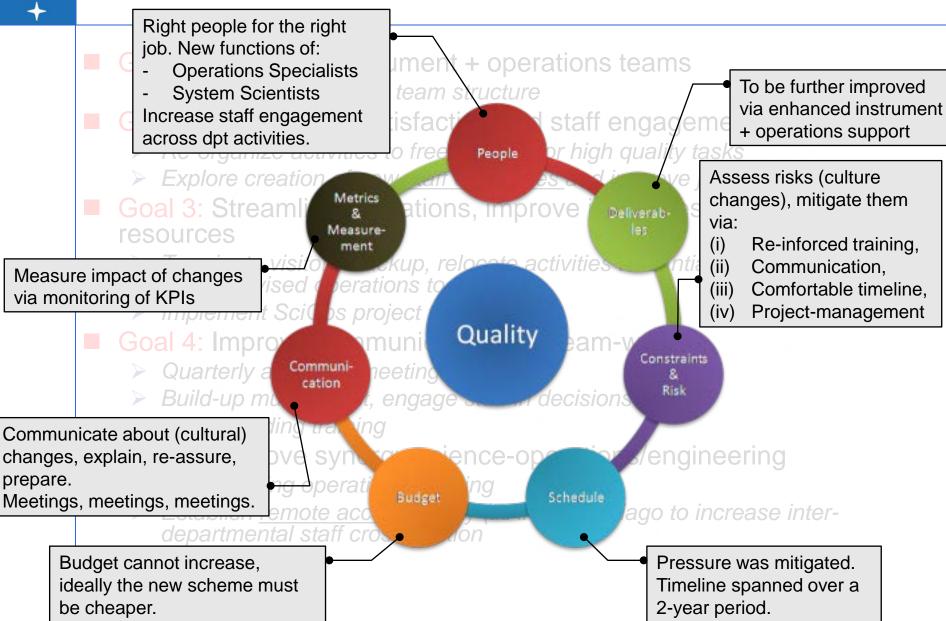






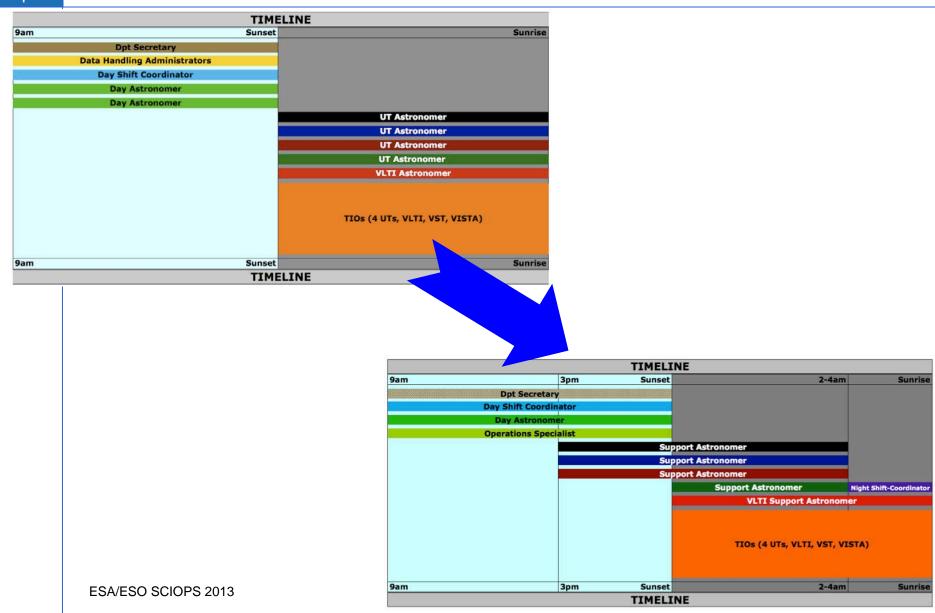


Paranal SciOps: Before and Now





Tasks re-organization





Timeline

- Process kicked-off in summer 2011
 - > experimenting "classical-shift"
- Full deployment reached 2 years later

		P87	P88	P89	P90	
			Hiring of 3 TIOs			
TIOs				Training + certification of ne	w TIOs	
		Certif	ication of current TIOs			
Operations Specialists		Advertisement>	Selection < Announcement of C	OS Partia	al OS coverage + training	Full OS coverage implemented
Astronomers Training of night shift-coordinator function						
Classical-	shift			al implementation of classical-shift	Classical-shift im	n Classical-shift implemented
SciOps		[JunJul. 2011]	[Sep.2011-Mar.2012] Development of operations perform	rmance metrics		

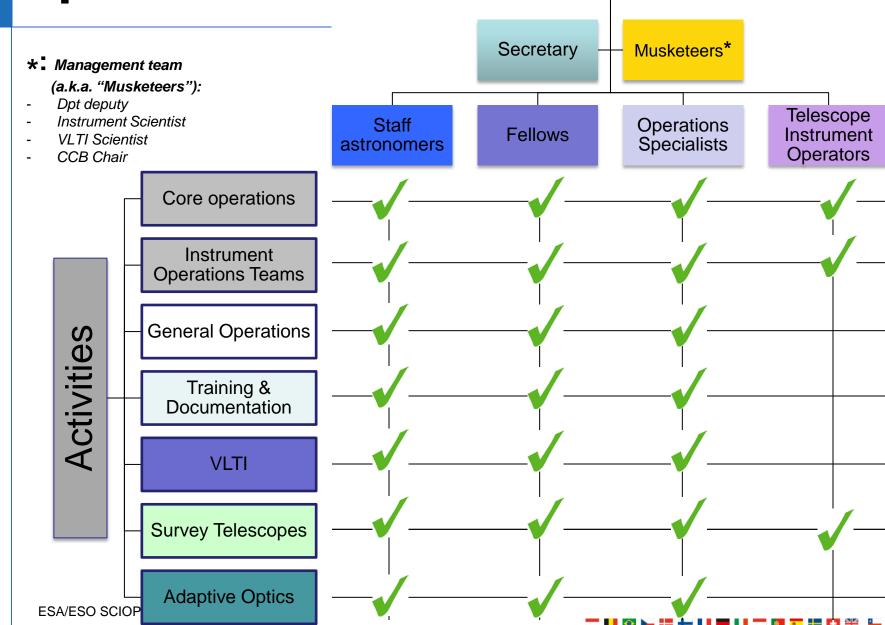
<-- Update <-- OT3/NLT installed at UT2</p>

<-- Full deployment of Next Generations Operations Tools (NGNL, OT3) completed</p>



Dpt structure

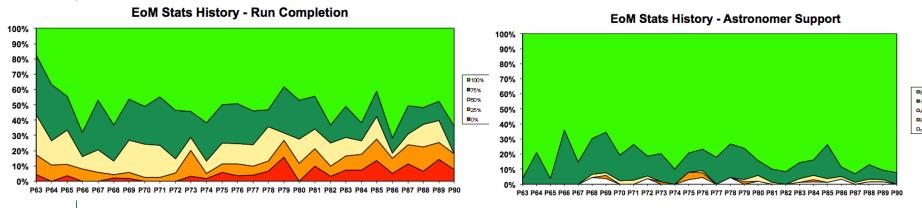
Head of SciOps



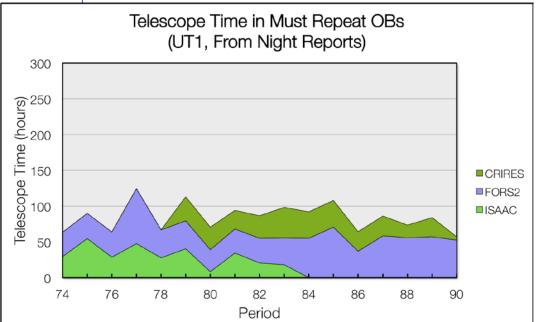


Metrics/KPIs

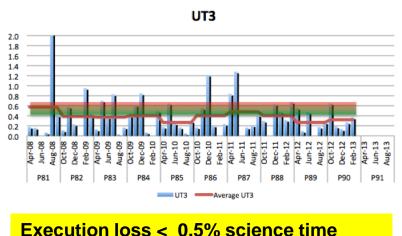
From VM reports:



From SM reports (see F. Primas talk):



From operations statistics (night report):





Remote Access Facility (RAF)

- Why?
 - Needed for DHA (relocated to Santiago)
 - Support of SciOps:
 - technical time, emergency support, additional support for commissioning, special programs, etc
 - Improve team-work with engineering
- Potential for future evolution and expansion
 - Garching support
 - Remote observing ?





Evaluating changes

- Currently: Phase of consolidation, evaluation, adjustment
 - Engagement is high (LSM, ISM)
 - Review planned for mid-2014 (one year into new scheme)









